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In short, the decrease in the price of coal, etc., is considerably more than 35 per cent. (Wages stationary in important instances.) Here, then, is the second conclusion, viz., the continued chespening of coal in the British markets. Yet another item claims examination, viz., the probability of Great British sparing her coal for the markets in which the Cape Breton mon operate? Most assuredly she can. The lack of markets is an important factor in the decline of prices and surfeit of tonnage noted, and of course there was a surplus of coal on the market. Obviously, the rise in industries in even remote quarters of the globe once tributary to Britin's factories and the development of great Asistic, American, Australian and continental coal fields, must react scutely upon British coal producers who in proper time will therefore be ready to pour hundreds of thousands of tons of coal into Canadian markets. I think several important points are now elucidated:

1. The impossibility of Canadian tariff makers preventing the fall in value of British coal and tonnage to a level lower than the tariff 2. The unprofitable nature of British freights. 3. The tremendous drop in value and surplus of British coal. The lest important point, is the possibility of return freights to Europe for such English vessels as might be tempted by the exigencies of circumstances to co-operate with the British coal producer in efforts to explois western markets. The root of this matter of return freights is the stage of development of the Canadian farm; back in the Hinterland of the Dominion of Canada the restless energy of the race is steadily augmenting the volume of Europeward trade. In Winnipeg districts and in districts tributary to that city I find that the following progress has been made:-

Wheat yield	5.000	250,000	.20.000,000	busb.
Other crops	7.000	. 270,000	28,000,000	**
Acres under crop	000,00	. 210,000	1,500,000	
Elevator capacity				bush.
Railroad Milosgo				
Coal Consumption				tons.
Population				
Value of commercial bus	iness\$150,00	00 \$2,000,000	\$40,000,000)

This, the growth of 16 years, is an argument in favor of return freights, still further emphasized in the fact that grain shipments from the port of Montreal are so far in excess of many previous years, and more com-pletely indicated in the following figures vide Montreal Star. "The number of vessels in the St Lawrence is constantly increasing. From the opening of navigation up to July 1, 1890, there arrived 197 steamships and 21 sailing vessels total, tonnego 288,599 tone, and from opening of navigation to July 1, 1893, 227 steamships and 25 sailing vessels, total tonnego 350,556 tone. Similar figures apply to in and navigation into the port."
Twenty years ago the Americans exported 40 per cent. of their wheat; to day, they export 22 per cent. In the to-morrow of another decade the United States will commence to import ahead on the grain trade to Canada. All these make for return freights for the ships which can bring British coal to compete with the Capo Breson men in these markets. Surely, we are thus assisted to the conclusion that the late feverish opposition to the Whitney Syndicate, of which "Monopoly" was the main plank, has been irresponsible and ill-advised. The "Syndicate" is so unique in its status that the country may safely lay it in Nature's lap—Nature's laws in this instance are an efficient safeguard when uncontroverted by the machinations of petty factions. Canada may rost sesured that the factionism which still constitutes the travail pains of the coal corporation will be swept away, and true conomy prevail.—C. Ochiltree-Macdonald in Montreal Shareholder-Revised for The Critic.

DRAUGHTS-CHECKERS

All communications to this department must be addressed directly to the Checker Editor, Mr. W. Forsyth, 36 Grafton St.

To Correspondents

" BRIDGEWATER CLUB."-Your sohas much in it to commend it. You have struck the right line of play, but your first moves are faulty as you will eco on going over the following :--

SOLUTION.

PROBLEM 350 .- The position was: black man 1, kings 7, 25; white men 9, 13, king 17; black to play and win.

25 - 30	3127	12 8	7—10	ŀ
17 22	31—27 18 14	18 15	9 6	ŀ
7-11	11- 7	8 3	18—14	ľ
22 18	14 18	15 18	17 21	ı
30 26	27 - 21	7—11	14-9	ľ
18 14	a 18 23	18 14	6 2	l
11-7	24 - 20	3-7	1 6	l
14 18	b-23 18	c-14 17	21 25	
26 - 31	20 - 16	11-15	9 5	ŀ
18 23	18 15 d	l·e17 21	2 9	l
7-11	16-12	15-18	5-14	ŀ
	15 18			

a Beware of 18 15 as 1-5 wins for black.

h If 23 19, black will win by 7-

c If 14-18, black wins by 7-10, 9 6, etc.

d 17 14 here loses by 15-10. c From this point to the finish the lution to problem 350 is received, and play is identical with that of " Bridgewater C.ub."

f "Bridgewater Club" auggests a variation here in the play as follows: 17 22, 7—10, 9 6. 15—18, 22 15; 10—19; 6 2; 1—5 and black wins.

GAME 235-" BRISTOL CROSS."

We have much pleasure in presenting the following, which was the eighth pleyed in the recent match at Toronto for the Checker championship of Canada, between Mesers Foreyth,

ı	who play	ed black,	and Kelly.	•
l	11-16	16 - 23	7—10 25 21 10—14 32 27 14—18	15-19
)	23 18	27 9	25 21	23 10
3	811	5 - 14	10-14	12-19
3	18 14	25 22	32 27	6 :
5	9-18	2 6	14-18	10-18
5	22 8 4—11	29 25	21 14	13
3	4-11	11-15	18 - 25	30 - 20
1	21 17	25 21	26 23 25—30	9 (
	60	1417	95—30	110

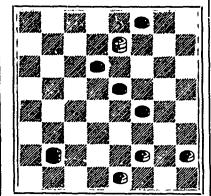
21 14 14 9 b· 2 10-17 -10 24 19 a·30 25 9 6

a Mr. Kolly here set a trap which he hardly hoped that the veteran would fall into.

b Black eventually wins, but we leave the play here for the present, taking the position at this stage to

PROBLEM 352.

Black men 3, 10, 15, 13, King 25.



White men 27, 28, 31, king 7. Black to play and win.



 ${f Make New Rich Blood}$ "Best Liver Pill Made."

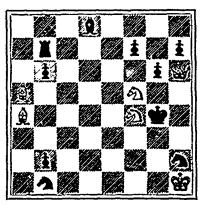
They positively our SICK HEADACHE, and PULIOUS SESS, all Here and Howel Complaints. In Glass Vials Thirty in a buttle, one a Jose. They expel all impurities from the blood. In death women find great benefit from using them, Sold everywher or sent by mail for Sicts, in stamps of the bottles \$1.00, Full particulars free L.S.J. N.N. N.& CO., 22 octom HouseSU, Ruston Mass.

CHESS.

SOLUTION TO PROBLEM 203. P-R4, etc.

SOLUTION TO PROBLEM 204. R-KR4

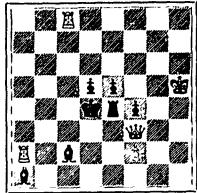
> PROBLEM 207. Black 10 pieces.



White 6 pieces.

White to play and mate in three moves. I

PROBLEM 206, Black 7 pieces.



White 5 piecos.

White to play and mate in two moves. GAME 185.

A hard fought correspondence game between Col. Noyes, R. A., formerly of Halifax, and Mr. J. W. Shaw of Montreal.

IRRECULAR OPENING.

READE

WHITE

WHITE.	BLACK.
Col. Noyes.	Mr. Shaw.
1 K+_KR9	PK3
2 P—Q4 3 P—QB4 4 P—K3	Kt—KB3 B—K2 P—QKt3 B—K·2
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	B-K2
4 P—K3	P-QK13
5 Kt—QB3	B-K-2
6 B_K2	Castles
7 Castles	P-Q4
8 Kt—Ken	Kt—K5
8 Kt—Ksq 9 P—KB3	Kt x Kt
10 P x Kt	K_1-Q_2
11 P x P	PxP
12 P-QB4	P-OB4
13 Kt_B2	P-QB4 P-KB4
14 BP x QP	BxP
15 P x P	Kt x P
16 Kt-Q4	B-KB3
17 Q-32	R-Bsq
18 B—R3	Kı—Kı6
19 Q-Qsq	KtxR
20 B x R	KxB
21 Q x Kt	P-B5
22 R - Qsq	PxP
23 Kt—K6ch	K-K2
24 Q x Bch	K×Q
25 Kt x Q	RxKt
26 B-B4	K-K4
27 R—Q3	R-Q3
28 Bx B	RxB
29 R x Pch	K-B3
30 K-B2	R_07ch
31 R interposes	R —Q7ch $R \times Rch$
32 K x R	K—K4
33 K—K3	K _ 04
34 P—KR4	K-Q4 K-K4
35 P—KK14	P-KR3
Joo I —WILL	T - TU2

The position is interesting at this point, and 'White remarked-' Why not 35 P-KR4 !

200 00 2 22202.	
36 P-KB4ch	K-K3
37 P-R5	K-B3
38 K—K4	K-K3
39 K—Q4	K-Q3
40 K—B4	P-R3
41 K-Q4	K-K3
42 K—K4	K-Q3
43 K-B5	KK2
44 K-K5	K-Q2
45 K-Q5	K-B2
46 P—K·5	K-Q2
47 P x P	PxP
48 P—B5	KK2
49 K-B6	Resigns

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