DAILY PICTURE PUZZLE.

Find the farmer, who is accompanied by his daughter.

SOLUTION OF YESTERDAY'S PUZZLE—One is on the bank, another in the foliage, the third among the weeds in rear of boat.

THE MARKETS

THE LOCAL MARKET.

Friday, Aug. 22.

Hay was the principal offering on the market here today. Twenty-two loads were on the stand, selling at $8 to $9 per ton. A couple of extra choice loads sold at $9 25 and $9 50 per ton. Sales were fair.

Grain—One load of new wheat sold at $1 25 per cwt. One load of new oats brought $1 02 per cwt., and one load of old oats sold at $1 35.

Wheat, white, per bu	81c to 81c
Oats, new, per bu	34c to 35c
Oats, old, per bu	45c to 46c
Corn, per bu	44c to 45 2-10c
Peas, per bu	75c to 90c
Barley, per bu	53c to 60c
Beans, per bu	70c to 80c

SALT Liverpool, Windsor, Goderich.
Sacks, Barrels, Bags.
Dairy, Packers', Ice Cream, Ordinary.
A. M. HAMILTON & SON,
Wholesale and Retail.

HAY MARKETS.

Toronto, Aug. 21.—Baled Hay—Is in fair demand only and there are large offerings of poor hay, so that prices are easy at $9 for No. 1 timothy on track here. Straw—Is steady and nominal at $5 to $5 50 on track here.

AMERICAN MARKETS

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Aug. 21.—Today was a wild one in grains. The return of manipulation which began to make itself felt a week ago made all the pits a storm center. Corn shorts suffered worst, September gaining almost 5c at one time. September options in every pit felt the effect of the scarcity of contract grades. Wheat got a shake up, shorts in oats saw no hope of contract stocks and the big packers put their shoulders under provisions. As usual the fortunate longs unloaded some of their holdings for profits, and there were slight recessions from top prices late in the day. At the close, however, everything was strong. Septepber corn closed 4½c higher, September wheat ⅝c up and September oats 1c to 1½c higher. September provisions closed 22½c to 70c higher. Local receipts of wheat were 306 cars. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 194 cars, making a total for the three points of 500 cars, against 432 cars last week and 649 cars a year ago. Estimated receipts for tomorrow: Wheat, 195 cars; corn, 30 cars; oats, 200 cars; hogs, 23,000 head.

The leading futures close as follows: Wheat—Sept., 71½c to 71⅝c to 71⅝c; Dec., 67⅞c; May, 69½c. Corn—Aug., 80c; Sept., 57c; Dec., 43c; May, 40c. Oats—Aug., 28⅛c; new, 35⅝c to 35½c; Dec., 26⅜c; new, 30⅞c; to 31c; May, 30⅞c. Pork—Aug., $16 80; Sept., $16 85; Oct., $16 97½; Jan., $14 72½; May, $14 77½. Lard—Aug., $10 90; Sept., $10 97½; Oct., $9 95; Nov., $9 35; Dec., $8 99; Jan., $8 45; May, $8 12½. Ribs—Sept., $10 12½; Oct., $9 72½; Jan., $7 65. Rye—Sept., 50c. Barley—Cash, 42c to 65c. Timothy—Sept., $4 27. Clover—Oct., $9. Cash quotations: Flour quiet and steady; No. 2 spring wheat, 72c to 73½c; No. 3, 69c; No. 2 red, 70¼c to 72c; No. 2 yellow corn, 61½c; No. 2 oats, 30c to 32c; No. 3 white, 30½c to 38c; No. 2 rye, 51c to 51½c; barley, fair to choice malting, 55c to 63c; No. 1 flaxseed, $1 39; No. 1 northwestern, $1 45; prime timothseed, $5; mess pork, $16 75 to $16 80; lard, $10 85 to $10 87½; short ribs sides, loose, $10 to $10 10; dry salted shoulders, boxed, 8⅜c to 8⅝c; short clear sides, boxed, $10 75 to $10 87½; clover, contract grade, $9; eggs, steady, fresh, 17½c.

Receipts—Flour, 23,000 barrels; wheat, 265,000 bu; corn, 58,000 bu; oats, 287,000 bu; rye, 33,000 bu; barley, 17,000 bu.

Shipments—Flour, 160,000 barrels; wheat, 120,000 bu; corn, 99,000 bu; oats, 172,000 bu; rye, 22,000 bu; barley, 10,000 bu.

DETROIT BEAN MARKET.

Detroit, Aug. 22.—No change in beans. Quotations: Cash, Sept., and Nov., $1 63; Oct., $1 68 bid; prime spot, $1 53.

OIL MARKETS.

LONDON.

London, Aug. 21.—Petroleum, American, refined, 5 13-16d; spirits, 7½d.

ANTWERP.

Antwerp, Aug. 21.—Petroleum, 18 francs.

BREMEN.

Bremen, Aug. 21.—Petroleum, 6 marks 35 pfennings.

PITTSBURG.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 21.—Oil closed at $1 22.

OIL CITY.

Oil City, Pa., Aug. 21.—Credit balances, $1 22.

SUGAR MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

New York, Aug. 21.—Sugar—Raw steady; fair refining, 2⅞c; centrifugal, 96 test, 3⅜c; molasses sugar, 2⅝c; refined, steady. Molasses, steady.

LONDON.

London, Aug. 21.—Close: Raw sugar, Muscovado, 7s; centrifugal, 7s 6d; beet sugar, Aug., 6s 2½d.

THE DAIRY MARKETS.

BROCKVILLE.

Brockville, Ont., Aug. 1.—At the meeting of the cheese board held here today 2,858 boxes were boarded, of which 1,360 were white, balance colored; no sales on board; 9⅜c bid.

TWEED.

Tweed, Ont., Aug. 21.—At the cheese board today 735 boxes were offered; 620 were sold at 9⅜c; balance refused 9¼c.

KINGSTON.

Kingston, Ont., Aug. 21.—At the cheese board held here today 975 white and 960 colored were offered; bid, 9½c. Sales, 985 boxes. Buyers were MacKinnon, Bissell, Thomson, Alexander, Crawford and Murphy.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Aug. 21.—Butter weak; creameries, 14c to 18½c; dairies, 13½c to 17c. Cheese, easy, 10c to 10¾c.

WINCHESTER.

Winchester, Ont., Aug. 21.—At the meeting of the cheese board held here this evening 1,179 boxes were registered, of which 923 were colored; balance white; price bid for both colored and white, 9½c; 400 colored and 197 white were sold at 9½c. Buyers present: Birdsell, Logan, Weir, Ault and O'Connel.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

TORONTO.

[Special to Advertiser.]

Toronto, Ont., Aug. 22.—Sixty loads in today, including 1,631 hogs, 1,440 sheep and lambs, 24 calves and 2 horses. Export cattle, choice, $5 50 to $6; export cattle, medium, $4 75 to $5 25; export bulls, $3 50 to $5; export cows, $3 50 to $4 25; butchers' cattle, picked lots, $4 50 to $5 25; butchers' cattle, medium, mixed, $3 80 to $4 50; butchers' cattle, common, $2 80 to $3 50; feeders, short keep, $4 25 to $5; feeders, medium, $3 80 to $4 25; stockers, $2 75 to $4; milk cows, $25 to $45; export ewes, per cwt., $3 40 to $3 60; export rams, per cwt., $2 50 to $2 75; culls, $2 to $3 each; lambs, per cwt., $4 to $4 35; calves, per head, $2 to $10; hogs, singers, $7 25; fat and lights, 7c, off cars. Trade bad for export cattle and milk cows, choice butchers selling fair; common or medium bad trade.

TORONTO.

Toronto, Aug. 21.—There was a heavy run at the cattle market today and business was slow. Prices were considerably off, in part due to the large quantity of very poor cattle offering and the correspondingly small number of good cattle. There were very few export cattle ready for immediate shipment, and too many inferior butchers' cattle that ought to go on grass for some time yet. There is some trade doing in feeders and stockers, but today's supply in this class was too large for present requirements. Export cattle were selling at $5 50 to $6, top prices; light export, $5 25; picked butchers and light shippers, $4 40 to $5; picked butchers, $4 65 to $5; medium to fair butchers, $3 75 to $4 40; rough cows, $2 75 to $3 25; stockers and feeders, $3 15 to $4. Lambs were a quarter easier; sheep steady, and hogs were an eighth easier, with a market weakening. Wm. McClelland bought three loads of butchers and shippers, 960 to 1,250 lbs, at $3 85 to $5 60. Crawford & Co. bought and sold a few loads of mixed butchers and shippers at $3 50 to $5 90. C. Woods bought ten butchers, mixed, 825 lbs, at $4; sold 70 lambs at $4 25; bought butchers' cows, 1,100 lbs, at $3 25; bought half a dozen bulls, about 1,660 lbs, at $4 75 to $5 25. Corbett & Henderson sold ten steers, cows and heifers, at $3 50 to $4. Charles Maybee & Son bought a load of feeding stocks, 800 to 1,000 lbs, at $4 25. C. Zeigman bought about 100 steers, 750 to 950 lbs, at $3 15 to $4 25. Wm. Levack bought 300 head of cattle, mixed butchers and shippers, at $5 25 to $5 50; picked butchers, $4 65 to $5; medium to fair butchers, $3 75 to $4 40. Wesley Dunn bought 457 lambs at $4 15; 120 sheep at $3 50. C. McCurdy bought 30 mixed cattle, 700 to 1,200 lbs, at $3 25 to $3 75. James Collins bought 60 mixed cattle, 950 to 1,100 lbs, at $3 30 to $4.

Export, heavy	$5 00	@	$6 00
Export cattle, light	5 25	@	5 30
Bulls, export, heavy, cwt	5 00	@	5 25
Bulls, light	4 25	@	4 75
Feeders, light, 800 lbs and upwards	3 25	@	4 00
Stockers, 400 to 600 lbs	2 75	@	3 00
Butchers' cattle, choice	5 00	@	5 25
Butchers' cattle, medium	3 00	@	4 00
Butchers' cattle, picked	5 00	@	5 00
Butchers' cattle, bulls	3 25	@	4 00
Light stock bulls, cwt	2 25	@	3 00
Milch cows	30 00	@	50 00
Hogs, best	7 25	@	7 25
Hogs, best	7 00	@	7 00
Sheep, export, cwt	3 50	@	3 60
Bucks	2 50	@	2 75
Culls, each	2 00	@	3 00
Lambs	4 00	@	4 25
Calves, each	2 00	@	10 00
Common rough cows and bulls	2 50	@	3 00

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Aug. 21.—Cattle—Receipts, 10,000, including 400 Texans and 5,000 westerns; dull and lower; good to prime steers, $8 to $8 75; poor to medium, $4 25 to $7 25; stockers and feeders, $2 50 to $5 25; cows, $1 50 to $5 50; heifers, $2 85 to $5; canners, $1 50 to $2 50; bulls, $2 25 to $5; calves, $2 50 to $7; Texas fed steers, $3 to $5; western steers, $4 50 to $6. Hogs—Receipts, 20,000; mostly 10c higher; mixed and butchers, $6 50 to $7 35; good to choice, heavy, $7 to $7 55; rough, heavy, $6 40 to $6 90; light, $6 50 to $7 25; bulk of sales at $6 80 to $7 10. Sheep—Receipts, 13,000; steady; lambs lower; good to choice wethers, $3 50 to $4; fair to choice, mixed, $2 50 to $3 50; native lambs, $3 75 to $6.

EAST BUFFALO.

East Buffalo, Aug. 21.—Cattle—Receipts, 150 head; easier; veals strong; 10c to 25c higher; tops, $7 75 to $8 12½; few at $8 50; fair to good, $6 75 to $7 50; common to light, $5 50 to $6 50. Hogs—Receipts, 1,400 head; active; heavy, $7 35 to $7 37½; mixed $7 30 to $7 35; Yorkers, light Yorkers and pigs, $7 20 to $7 30; roughs, $5 50 to $6; stags, $4 75 to $5 25; grassers, $7 to $7 15; closing firm. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 1,650 head; sheep dull; lambs firm; top lambs, $5 75 to $6 15; fair to good, $5 50 to $5 65; culls to common, $4 50 to $5; yearlings, $4 25 to $4 60; wethers, $4 to $4 50; sheep, mixed, $2 75 to $4; fair to good, $3 25 to $3 65; culls to common, $1 75 to $3; ewes, $3 25 to $3 75.

NEW YORK.

New York, Aug. 21.—Beeves—Receipts, 472 head; dressed beef steady; cables last received quoted American steers at 13c to 14c, dressed weight; refrigerator beef at 11½c to 12c per lb. Calves—Receipts, 67; buttermilks at $4 25 to $4 50. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 5,095; sheep fairly active but averaging slightly easier in prices; lambs firm; others steady; supplies of lambs light; sheep sold at $1 50 to $3 40 per 100 lbs; a choice deck at $3 75; lambs, $5 to $6 65; dressed mutton, 5c to 7c per lb; dressed lambs, 8c to 11c. Hogs—Receipts, 685.

OLD COUNTRY PRICES.

London, Aug. 21.—Today cattle are unchanged at from 13c to 13½c per lb; refrigerator beef is 11c to 12c per lb.

NEVER HEARD OF A WORSE CASE

Napanee Man Who Was a Cripple for Years Tells How He Was Cured.

Napanee, Ont., Aug. 18—(Special).—Everybody in this neighborhood knows Simon Warner, and all who know him know that for a long time he was a helpless cripple with Lame Back.

He was so bad that his wife had to lift him in and out of bed for months.

A neighbor who had been cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills recommended this remedy to Mr. Warner.

They cured him completely and he says:

"My wife and I have used in all about 25 boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills, and I can certainly recommend them very heartily as a cure for lame back for they cured me, and I never heard of a worse case than mine."

KID GLOVE BARGAINS

To start the season early we put on sale the most remarkable lot of Kid Gloves at the lowest price ever offered by us; 89 dozen in all, in sizes from 5¾ to 7¼; regular prices of these Gloves are 75c and $1 00; during the sale your choice at

59c

Can be had in all desirable shades; amongst them—Modes, browns, oxblood, wood and tans, together with some grays. They are composed of various lines, but not one pair worth less than 75c, and by far the greater part worth $1 00.

BAYLEY'S.

REITZ IS IRRECONCILABLE

Expresses Confidence in Freedom of Colonies.

Boer Generals Urge Return of the Obstinates—Hope to Succeed.

The Hague, Aug. 22. — Gen. Louis Botha went to Brussels yesterday afternoon on private business. He and his wife subsequently will go to visit members of their family at La Panne.

Before leaving, Gen. Botha and his two colleagues gave a luncheon to Messrs. Wessels, Fischer, Wolmarans, and Leyds, and the owners of the steamship Batavia, which brought them from England, some other persons who participated in the reception given to them on their arrival being also present.

Messrs. Dewet, Botha and Delarey have since they have been here persistently but courteously refused to give any form of interview to representatives of the press.

It is understood that they will, on their return to London, endeavor to induce Mr. Chamberlain to grant permits for the return to South Africa of some of the "undesirables," who were banished. Gen. Lucas Meyer tried to obtain similar concessions, but failed. The date of the generals' return to London is still unsettled.

NO EMBEZZLER.

Amsterdam, Aug. 21.—Mr. De Bruyn, secretary to the Boer delegates in Europe, has written to a Haarlem newspaper categorically denying that Mr. Kruger brought to Holland large sums of money belonging to the two South African Republics.

PROMINENT PICNICKERS

Distinguished Party Attend the R. C. Outing at Ingersoll.

Ingersoll, Aug. 22.—The annual picnic under the direction of Rev. Father Connolly and his congregation was held at Victoria Park yesterday, and was a huge success. Distinguished politicians and other prominent personages were present, and lent assistance to the programme. The countryside and townspeople, who always look forward to the occasion, never turned out better, and the attendance is estimated at 2,000. Both dinner and supper were served by the ladies, the tables being laid in the commodious agricultural palace.

Speeches by many prominent gentlemen marked the opening of the programme, and were heard by a large audience. Sheriff Brady, of Woodstock, formerly a resident of Ingersoll, made an excellent chairman, and gathered around him on the platform were the following: Hon. Charles Fitzpatrick, minister of justice for the Dominion; J. J. Foy, K. C., member of the Legislature for South Toronto; Capt. Thomas Robson, of East Middlesex; E. Meredith, K. C., of London; Donald Sutherland, M. P. P., South Oxford; Dr. Andrew McKay, ex-M. P. P., of Ingersoll; S. H. Janes, of Toronto, and R. Shaw-Wood, of London. All of these gentlemen delivered stirring addresses without political bias. All the speakers were enthusiastically received.

Other interesting features of the afternoon were a ball game, Ingersoll Colts vs. Tilsonburg, and a tug-of-war, the Noxon Company vs. the Condensing factory. Ingersoll won the ball game by a score of 16 to 1, and the Noxon Company won the tug-of-war after a 30-minute pull. A band concert was held at the park at night.

Struck by a Meteor.

San Antonio, Tex., Aug. 22.—Ramon Cruise, a Mexican shepherd, was struck on the head and killed by a fragment of a meteor while herding his flock near Ellis, in Edwards County. Cruise was seated on a large flat boulder, watching his sheep, when the meteor fell. It struck the boulder and was shattered. A fragment hit the herder on the temple and penetrated his head, causing insant death. The largest piece of the meteor found weighs about four pounds.

Aeronaut Fell at Illinois Fair.

Danville, Ill., Aug. 21.—At the Homer Fair this afternoon 12,000 people saw the aeronaut, L. W. Sartell, of Fairwell, Mich., fall 1,200 feet. When he cut loose from his balloon his parachute failed to open. His feet were driven into the earth six inches and there was a compound fracture of both legs. He may recover.

Sartell's wife was killed two months ago by a fall from a balloon near Cairo, Ill., the parachute refusing to open.

Killed in Drunken Row.

Gloucester, Ohio, Aug. 22. — Perry Oxley, of Lysander, and Charles A. Brown, of Gallipolis, were shot and killed in the street shortly after midnight by Frank Smith. The men quarreled. Smith, who had a shotgun, ran to the middle of the street. The others followed and he shot them both. Smith gave himself up. Brown and Oxley were painters at the tipples.

A RECOGNIZED REGULATOR.—To bring the digestive organs into symmetrical working is the aim of physicians when they find a patient suffering from stomachic irregularities, and for this purpose they can prescribe nothing better than Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, which will be found a pleasant medicine of surprising virtue in bringing the refractory organs into subjection and restoring them to normal action, in which condition only can they perform their duties properly.

THE BOND-BLAINE CONVENTION

Premier Bond Is Empowered to Reopen Negotiations.

THE ELECTION IN SEVENOAKS

Cut of Almost Seven Thousand in Government Majority—Sir Thos. Lipton Hurt.

London, Aug. 22.—H. W. Forster, Conservative, has been re-elected to the parliamentary vacancy in the Sevenokes, division of Kent, caused by his appointment to the lord commissionership of the treasury. His majority was 891 votes over the Liberal candidate, Beaumont Morice. The contest centered on the education bill.

At the last election in the west, or Sevenokes, division of Kent, Mr. Forester defeated his Liberal opponent by 4,812 votes.

THE BOND-BLAINE SCHEME.

Sir Robert Bond, the Premier and Colonial Secretary of Newfoundland, sailed from Liverpool yesterday for Montreal on the Allan Line steamer Pretorian, on his way to Washington with full powers from the Imperial Government to reopen the negotiations through the British charge d'affaires for the ratification of the Bond-Blaine convention.

The Newfoundland premier has declared himself in favor of free trade with the United States as against a union of the colony with the Dominion of Canada. His success in obtaining imperial sanction for his present American visit is the culmination of twelve years' persistent effort, and only this week was he able to convince the government of the injustice done to Newfoundland by the non-ratification of the convention, and able to secure its consent for the resumption of the reciprocity negotiations.

The Premier of Newfoundland will lose no time in getting to work, and the British charge d'affaires will communicate with the State department shortly after the premier's arrival in America.

SIR THOMAS HURT.

Sir Thomas Lipton was in an automobile accident today while coming to town from his country house. His twelve-horse car, which he was driving himself, skidded on the street car rails at Woodgreen and crashed violently into the iron railing bordering the road. The car was wrecked and the railing was smashed for a considerable distance, but Sir Thomas escaped with a shock and a few bruises.

A special dispatch from Madrid says that advices received there from Tangier announces that the Sultan of Morocco had a dangerous accident while automobiling near Fez yesterday. The driver lost control of the car, which dashed into a stone wall. As the vehicle was not going fast the sultan escaped with a shaking up and a fright.

WILL VISIT CANADA.

A deputation from the Congregational Union left this country yesterday to inquire into the condition of Congregational churches in Canada. The deputation will travel across the Dominion to Vancouver.

The American Line steamer St. Paul, which will sail for New York via Cherbourg, will take the remains of Charles L. Fair and Mrs. Fair, which will be forwarded to Cherbourg from here today.

COMMERCE WITH FRANCE.

Le Temps says Sir Wilfrid Laurier and M. Delcasse, minister of foreign affairs, will together examine several commercial conventions which might be concluded between France and Canada.

REBUILDING THE CAMPANILE.

Sir Edward Poynter, president of the Royal Academy, has opened a subscription list in England in behalf of that institution to assist in the building of the Campanile at Venice.

REMARKABLE FIND.

Some Sicilian fishermen while fishing with drag nets a few days ago near Cannitello, in the Straits of Messina, discovered at the bottom of the sea the existence of the forepart of a large Spanish galleon, dating from the seventeenth century.

Two cannon have already been brought to the surface. They weigh nearly two tons each, are made of bronze, and covered with rich Arabesques. One bears the inscription: "Philip, King of Spain, 1640," and the other, "Don Diego Philip de Guzman, Marquis of Artillery, 1632."

The after part of the vessel is partially buried in sand, but the whole galleon is said to be in excellent preservation, and an attempt is going to be made to bring it to land. It is believed to contain much treasure.

SITUATION IN VENEZUELA.

Washington, Aug. 22.—The state department is in receipts of a cablegram from Minister Bowen, at Caracas, saying that he could spare two of the war vessels in Venezuelan waters. This information is taken to mean that the situation in Venezuela has improved.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHEA. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's" Soothing Syrup.

IT WILL PROLONG LIFE.—De Sota, the Spaniard, lost his life in the wilds of Flordia, whither he went for the purpose of discovering the legendary "Fountain of perpetual youth," said to exist in that then unknown country. While Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil will not perpetuate youth, it will remove the bodily pains which make the young old before their time and harass the aged into untimely graves.

Lady clerks and typists are forming a club at Newcastle, England, and have appointed a man as their acting honorary secretary.

Hood's Pills

Do not gripe nor irritate the alimentary canal. They act gently yet promptly, cleanse effectually and

Give Comfort

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

COAL GUARDS NUMBER 5,000

In the Four Pennsylvania Anthracite Counties.

HAVE BEEN PAID $1,800,000

Coal Bosses Scared—Troops Called Out to Suppress Celebrating Huns—Labor Notes.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Aug. 22.—It is estimated that the coal and iron policemen now guarding the idle collieries in four counties of the anthracite region number 5,000. The employment of so many special guards has necessitated an expenditure by the companies to date of $1,800,000. Besides paying the special policemen a daily wage the companies supply them with food and lodging.

Every coal company in the anthracite district and nearly every washery has its quota of police. The commissions are all granted by Governor Stone at Harrisburg, and they cost the companies $4 for the granting and recording of each. Of this sum $2 goes to the state and $2 to the county.

SCARED THE BOSSES.

Shenandoah, Pa., Aug. 21.—At midnight Supt. Hayes, of the Pennsylvania colliery at Morea, called up headquarters and asked Gen. Gobin to send troops to that place. He said that the foreigners were on the streets discharging firearms and that he feared an attack on the non-union firemen and engineers was contemplated. The governor's troop was dispatched to that place, but investigation showed that the Hungarians had been celebrating a christening since Sunday and that on their way to their homes the men were giving vent to their enthusiasm by yelling and shooting off revolvers.

THE LONGSHOREMEN.

Detroit, Aug. 22.—Secretary-Treasurer Barter, of the International Longshoremen Marine and Transport Workers' Association, has just issued a charter to the freight handlers and grain scoopers of Montreal. There are about 3,500 men in the organization, and Barter has been working for several years to have them affiliate. The same class of labor at Quebec is expected to join within a short time.

CHINESE SAILORS SHUT OUT.

San Francisco, Aug. 22.—Advices from Washington say that the treasury department has countermanded the order permitting the landing of the 300 Chinese sailors on the steamer Gaelic, which, it is alleged, are to be transferred to the Korea. Collector of the port has been instructed to make a full investigation of the matter. On receipts of his report the treasury department will take further action in the case.

A CAPTAIN OF INDUSTRY

E. B. Eddy, the Great Manufacturer, 76 Years Old Today.

Short Sketch of a Busy and Useful Business Career.

Today, Aug. 22, E. B. Eddy, the head of the great Eddy industries at Ottawa, celebrates the 76th anniversary of his birth. Despite his years, Mr. Eddy is still the shrewd and ambitious business man he has always been and he seems likely to live many years more to control the destinies of the huge concern he has built up from the humblest beginnings.

A short sketch of Mr. Eddy's remarkable business career will not be out of place. Mr. Eddy went to Ottawa in 1851 and established a match factory of modest pretensions on the site the paper mills now occupy. In 1856 he commenced to manufacture woodenware, for which the firm from the first became famous. He rented a small mill which stood beside his match factory and employed about 100 hands. Four years later he added other woodenware branches to his evergrowing industry. During the stirring time in the middle of the last century, the great lumber industry of the Chaudiere sprung up, and it was not surprising the pioneers in the trade numbered Mr. Eddy among their competitors. In eight years after starting business he branched into lumbering in a small way, but narrow limits were not designed for men of the indomitable spirit and strenuous ambition of Mr. Eddy. It was not may years until he became king of the trade. The little mill soon became the big mill, and the output reached 80,000,000 to 85,000,000 feet of lumber annually. Continuing along these lines newer and larger factories and mills began to arise in rapid succession. In 1886 the concern became a limited joint stock company, at which time Mr. Eddy associated with himself the board of directors which still rule the affairs of the company with marked success. In 1889 the manufacture of sulphide pulp was commenced. The mill is in the eastern section of Hull and is the only part of the Eddy works not destroyed in the disastrous fire of April 6, 1900. A few years ago the company abandoned the saw-milling business and commenced the manufacture of paper. The inexhaustible spruce forests revealed a source of wealth which with characteristic decision and enterprise was at once utilized, and the result is the existence today at Hull of the leading paper mills of Canada. The capacity of these mills today is 85 to 100 tons of paper daily, which is gradually being increased. Comparing the factories today with those of 1851, Mr. Eddy then had a little match factory and part of an old cement mill, employing about 100 hands. Today the payroll contains over 2,500 men and the mills are among the largest in the world. The match factory turns out over 3,000 gross of matches a day, while the fiber output alone is over 40,000 pieces a day. It must not be imagined that Mr. Eddy has enjoyed uninterrupted progress. Fire has pursued him with relentless activity and no less than 23 times have his works been scorched more or less seriously. Two of these conflagrations were almost deadly in their destruction. The catastrophe of 1900 is too fresh in the minds of Canadians to require lengthy review. Few men at Mr. Eddy's age would have survived the shock, but the smouldering flames were not subdued before he had commenced plans for restoring the mills. In less than six months from the date of the fire he was making more matches per day than ever, and in nine months two paper mills were in operation, since increased to six. The saw mills were restored simply for the use of the mills, for they require 25,000,000 to 30,000,000 feet of lumber annually. That the plucky prince of industry may be saved from another visitation of fire is the wish of everyone who admires courage.

THERE is no law requiring coffee to be sold under seal, but Chase & Sanborn (the largest distributors of high-grade coffee in the world) voluntarily place a seal on their best coffee and guarantee every pound. This seal has become famous, and it guarantees three things to you, — full weight, extra strength, and rich aromatic flavor. It is of great importance to you to be thus protected by seal. Ask for Chase & Sanborn's Seal Brand Coffee.

"SEAL BRAND" in 1-lb. and 2-lb. Tin Cans (air-tight).
Other high grades in richly-colored parchment bags (moisture-proof).

KINDLY STORY OF GREAT EVANGELIST

Dwight L. Moody Befriended the Widow and Fatherless.

An aged woman, lying critically ill, wept as her pastor spoke words of comfort to her. "You are not afraid to trust God?" he asked.

"Oh, no," she replied, surprised that he should have asked it. "I cry only because I am weak. I have trusted him for many years, and if I could have chosen my life, I could not have made it more abounding in assurances of his love. Some time I'll tell you about it if I live." She did live, and this is the story which she and her daughter told:

Just after the civil war there came to Chicago a widow with a family of six daughters. Six years she had struggled with poverty, and her occupation at that time was in a factory which had just moved to Chicago, and had brought her and her children with it. All, even to the youngest, who was 8 years old, worked in the factory. The first man to cross their threshold in Chicago was Dwight L. Moody.

"You must come to Sunday school," he said, in his blunt, commanding way, and on the next Sunday he called for them. "Come, girls, get on your things and come right over" So at the outset they found a home in his school.

At the end of two years the factory moved again, and this time the family resolved to remain behind and seek other work. It was slow in coming. They were in want before they found it. One day the mother gathered her daughters about her for the daily prayer without a cent in the house, but as she opened the Bible to one of the psalms of trust, a ten-dollar bill dropped out, the presence of which in that place the family ascribed to Mr. Moody. Not a week went by but that he came in. He asked the girls about their companions, and gave them blunt wholesome advice. He flung open the cupboard doors to see what they had to eat. He kept them in his Sunday school and employed many of their evenings. At length he found work for them all.

"I've got them on my hands," he said to a wholesale chemist. "You've just got to find work for all six of them."

The firm had employed only boys for their labeling, bottling and wrapping, but they took the six girls and kept them till the firm went out of business. During this period the mother stayed at home and kept house while the daughters earned the living. When this employment ceased the family were again in want. Christmas found them with 3 cents on hand, but the morning's mail brought seven letters—one for each girl and one for the mother, and each contained $5 from their late employers.

There were ups and downs not a few, times of employment and times without work. After a time he secured something for them to do in a seed house. "You have got to take them, Mr. Fogg," he said, "and you must let me have two of them whenever I need them to sing at funerals. They're my best singers, and good girls." So there they worked down to the time of the great fire.

It would take a book to tell of all their trials and triumphs, but through it all they kept together, and continued to struggle through many changes, and the years were full of unexpected joys. A hundred times Mr. Moody befriended them, and to the end of his life held them dear. One by one the daughters married and went to comfortable and useful homes. In one of these homes, relieved from care, the mother has spent her last twenty years. Not long ago before his death Mr. Moody spent a night in this house.

"Well, grandma," he said, "when I see you and the girls here, and think of what you have been through, I can't help thinking that you've learned what it is to trust the Lord."

Indeed, she has learned; and her recent sickness proved another lesson. Restored to health again, she still rejoiced in the help that did not fail in all her struggles, and which abides in her old age.

DREADED ENEMY OF TERRIBLE OCTOPUS

Huge Devilfish Flees in Terror From Rock Eel.

"Treacherous and murderous thug of the sea as he is, the octopus has one dreaded foe before whom he flees in terror, and compresses his body into the narrowest and most inaccessible cleft, or endeavors to bury himself in the loose, soft sand—and that foe is the orange colored or sage green rock eel," says Louis Becke, the Australian writer, in his new book, "By Rock and Pool." "Never do you see one of these eels in the open water; they lie deep under the stones or twine their lithe, slippery bodies among the waving kelp or sea weed. Always hungry, savage eyed and vicious, they know no fear of any living thing, and seizing an octopus and biting off tentacle after tentacle with their closely set, needle-like teeth and swallowing it whole, is a matter of no more moment to them than the bolting of a tender young mullet or bream. In vain does the sea thug endeavor to wrap himself round and round the body of one of these sinuous, scaleless sea snakes and fasten on to it with his terrible cupping apparatus of suckers—the eel slips in and out and 'wolfs' and worries his enemy without the slightest harm to himself. Some of them are large—especially the orange colored variety—three or four feet in length, and often one will raise his snaky head apparently out of solid rock and regard you steadily for a moment. Then he disappears. You advance cautiously to the spot and find a hole no larger than the circumference of an afternoon teacup, communicating with the water beneath. Lower a baited hook with a strong wire snoodling, and 'yellow skin' will open wide his jaws and swallow it without your feeling the slightest movement of the line. But you must be quick and strong of hand then, or you will never drag him forth, for slippery as he is, he can coil his length around a projecting bit of rock and defy you for perhaps five or ten minutes, and then when you do succeed in tearing him away and pull him out with the hook buried deep in his loose pendulous, wrinkled and curduroyed throat, he instantly resolves himself into a quivering Gordian knot, winding the line in and about his coils and knotting it into such knots that can never be unraveled."

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Buy your Trunks and Bags at Tackaberry's, and get your old ones repaired. All work called for and delivered. Phone 866. 364 Richmond street.

Notice—Large stock of goose feathers sold by the pound, iron bedsteads, mattresses, springbeds, children's iron cots, pillow and down cushions, furniture and stoves at the Feather Bed and Mattress Cleaning Factory, 593 Richmond street north. Telephone, 997. J. F. Hunt & Sons.

Household Maps.

The map of the United States which the New York Central Railroad passenger department has been publishing in the various newspapers of the country, showing important places of interest on its lines, is indeed a happy thought as well as a gilt-edged advertisement. We are reliably informed that the map, which is 11x16 inches, is now being distributed free to any address. We are reliably informed that the rural districts as household maps, and as a rule is the only map about the premises.—Jersey Shore, Pa., Herald.

Among the Stars.

Every American in Central New York should read The Four-Track News for August. It will contain a wonderful article on Dr. Brooks and his family of comets—the article is entitled, "A JOURNEY AMONG THE STARS," and is from the pen of one of New York's gifted sons — Mr. Frank W. Mack — for years eastern manager of the Associated Press. It is full of dramatic interest, is illustrated, and tells a marvelous story.

Commissioner Ross left White Horse on Wednesday for Victoria. In a telegram to Ottawa he reports that his health has much improved.

A MEDICINE CHEST IN ITSELF.—Only the well-to-do can afford to possess a medicine chest, but Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, which is a medicine chest in itself, being a remedy for rheumatism, lumbago, sore throat, colds, coughs, catarrh, asthma, and a potent healer for wounds, cuts, bruises, sprains, etc., is within the reach of the poorest, owing to its cheapness. It should be in every house.

THE IDEAL BEVERAGE.

A Pale Ale, palatable, full of the virtues of malt and hops, and in sparkling condition, is the ideal beverage. And when chemists announce its purity, and judge its merit, one needs look no further.

ASK FOR Labatt's (LONDON)