EDMONTON NEWS

TWO YEARS AT PENITENTAIRY.

Geo. Thompson, of Wetaskiwin, was sentenced to two years at the Alberta penitentiary on Monday for stealing a fur cap and several other articles from a Wetaskiwin store. The evidence brought out the fact that Thompson had previously served time at Brandon for theft.

AT IMMIGRATION HALLS.

At the immigration halls, thirty-five immigrants were received during the last seven days, while fifty-four left during the same time. Twenty-four immigrants are still on the register. The majority of the immigrants received were Americans from the Western States, who expect to file on land in the district.

ASK TO APPEAL RYLEY CASE.

The right of appeal from the judgment of Justice Harvey, cancelling the license of the Ryley hotel on the ground of an insufficient number of residents, was argued before the Supreme court en banc on Monday. C. A. Grant, of Bishop, Grant and Delavault, represented the respondents and H. H. Parlee, of Boyle & Parlee, the appellants. Judgment was reserved.

KILLED AT MILLET.

Word has reached the city of a fatal accident which took place near Millet on Friday afternoon, whereby a farmer named Phillip Formley lost his life. The deceased was coming into the town and when about four miles out his horse ran away, having shied at an object on the road. The man was thrown under the wheels of the wagon and the heavy load crushed out his life. He leaves to mourn a wife and two small children.

SOME WEEKS BFORE DECISION.

It will be some weeks before the railway commission hand out their decision on the request of the street railway department to authorize crossings over the C. N. R. at the junction of Edward street and the Stony Plain trail and at Stephen avenue.

The proposed crossings will first be looked over by the engineer of the commission, Mr. Drury, and he will then report to Otiawa. The order of the commission will be issued following his report.

TO INVEST IN REALTY.

Messrs. W. H. and H. B. Perrine, two wealthy Americans from Chicago and Seattle respectively, are at present in the city with a view to investing in Edmonton city property and are registered at the King Edward Hotel. W. H. Perrine purchased a lot in Edmonton some eight years ago which has almost tripled in value.

Both gentlemen are very favorably impressed with the city and surrounding district.

"I am delighted with Edmonton and the possibilities for good real estate investment which exist here," said Mr. W. H. Perrine, "and I intend to invest in considerable Edmonton property."

EXHIBIT FOR COAST CITY.

One of the finest exhibits ever sent out of Edmonton was despatched Saturday to New Westminster. The material of the exhibit, which was prepared under the direction of Messrs. J. L. Porte and West, representing the boards of trade of the Twin Cities, was selected with great care and at an expense considerably in excess of that incurred in the preparation of former exhibits. The exhibit will occupy a floor space measuring 96 feet by 16 feet.

It would be difficult, if not impossible, to gather from any one district in Canada, other than that in which the Twin Cities are situated, so fine a collection of grains, grasses and vegetables as that which will testify to the dwellers on the Pacific coast the fertility of the soil of Central Alberta, the richest section of the premier prairie province.

The possibilities of this section as a manufacturing centre will be represented by fine samples of domestic coal, cement blocks for building purposes and samples of bricks from the Edmonton brickyards.

LLOYDMINSTER.

Bulletin News Service.

The Roman Catholic church for Lloydminster is almost completed, the building operations are finished and when the necessary fittings and accessories are installed the date of consecration will be announced by Father Gautier, the priest in charge. The building is a lumber one, and will cost, completed, one thousand dollars, the dimensions being 20x 30. The list of donations to the building fund includes the notable names of the premier Catholic peer of the British Isles, the Duke of Norfolk, and the railway magnate, J. J. Hill.

J. Stone, aged fifteen years, was arrested this week by Constable Fripp, of the R. N. W. M. P., and brought before the Streamstown magistrates, F. E. Law and S. Harrington, charged with stealing a Stetson hat, the property of a local farmer. Youth and the extenuating fact of a first offence moved the magistrates to leniency and the proven charge was followed by a sentence of ten dollars and costs.

Colin Campbell was brought up from Battleford by the Mounted police, on a charge of obtaining money under false pretences in connection with a very complicated hay deal in Lloydminster last October, resulting in much litigation at the time, between two business firms in the town, and the final result of the charge preferred against Campbell this Saturday. The presiding magistrates were A. C. Forster and J. Whitbread, H. C. Lisle, M. L.A., acting for the prosecution, and J. D. Munro, for the defence.

In the course of hearing the long, conflicting evidence Magistrate Forster fell foul of the two lawyers and the atmosphere of the court room was in a highly explosive condition during the better part of the hearing. The magistrates finally came to the decision that no criminal intention on the part of Colin Campbell was proven, and dismissed the case with costs against Clifford and Davis, the informants. The hearing was a lengthy one, lasting late into the evening.

The municipal convention at Saskatoon this week was attended by H. C. Lisle, M.L.A., as the Lloydminster delegate, and the school convention at Vegreville by four teachers representing the two Lloydminstr schools.

THE PACKING PLANT.

The oher day a representative of the Bulletin visited the packing plant of J. Y. Griffin Co., at North Edmonton, and was courteously shown around the establishment by one of the officials, who took great pains to explain everything and to answer all questions.

At the rear of the large building are the stock yards, with pens of cattle, hogs and sheep in corrals, so arranged that the animals can be easily driven up a long slope to one of the upper stories of the big brick building. The sheep being very timid animals, a trained goat is used to lead the way up the incline. When the goat reaches the top he is turned aside and used over again to lead the next flock.

A Valuable Pay Roll.

This plant is a great thing for the business of Edmonton and the surrounding country. The pay-roll of this company amounts to a very considerable sum. They employ 250 men in the plant, about 30 in the offices and eight salesmen are kept busy travelling throughout Alberta and British Columbia, disposing of the products of the packing plant.

Business has increased to such an extent that the large building is still too small, although it has already been enlarged since it was built. Still more enlargements are contemplated. A new office building has just been built and part of it already occupied. The old office quarters in the large building will now be used for new freezer rooms. The business of the packing plant is handled in a systematic way by the superintendent of office staff, the office manager, credit department, beef department, provision department, produce department, purchasing department, accounting department, railway department and claims department.

Under Government Inspection.

Then, besides the employees of the company, there are the government inspectors, who inspect every carcass as killed, and assistant inspectors, who affix the stamp or seal of government approval upon the finished product. The words "Canada Approved, Est 18 B," gives a government inspector's guarantee of quality and shows the number of the establishment from which it came.

The Killing Floor a Busy Scene.

As we stood on the killing floor we saw the gang of 20 men all busy in the various operations of butchering the fine lot of big fat cattle. At the end of the room on a shelf-like platform, behind a screen, stood the cattle which had descended the incline previously mentioned. Over their heads, upon a bridge, stood or walked the executioner, with killing axe in hand, giving each animal a tap on the head, stunning or killing it outright. The platform screen is raised and the stunned animal slides out upon the floor. The next man fastens a chain around its heels and starts the electric hoist till the animal's nose swings clear of the floor. One man sticks its throat and skins its head. He removes the head of the dead animal, which but a few seconds before had been butting its neighbors as it ascended the inclined chute up from the corral.

The carcass is lowered and rests on its back on the floor, to allow for the removing of the entrails and the skinning of the hide. The latter operation is not completed till the carcass is again hung up by the heels. Skinning is completed and the carcas cut in half. From now on the carcass travels on a rail, or overhead track, from which it hangs attached to a hook and roller, which runs on a suspended track. Thus the procession of carcasses rolls along in and out of the cooling refrigerator rooms, till in a few hours the panting, sweating animal which climbed the incline has become two solid ice-cold sides of beef, hanging in the storage room, where the electric light reflects on thet cold beef and the frost on the ammonia pipes used for chilling the room. The moisture condenses on the ceiling, where it has collected like snow. On each door is a sign, "Please shut the door," for no chinook breezes are wanted in this "Iceland" room, where the temperature is from 5 to 10 degrees below zero even on the hottest summer day in Sunny Alberta.

A Question in Arithmetic.

The output of the plant in one day is about 350 cattle, 1,200 hogs, 500 sheep and lambs and 500 calves. Multiply these numbers by 300 for one year and where would such a herd of animals come from? Multiply again by the average weight of each animal and again by the average price per pound and you could soon calculate the vast sum of money which this company distributes among the farmers of Alberta in a year. We use the word "farmers" advisedly, for with the encroaching settlements curtailing the open ranges of the old-time ranchers in various parts of Alberta, it will not be long till the large majority of the animals will come from the farms of the settlers who are following mixed farming.

Butcher One Every Two Minutes.

On the killing floor about twenty men are employed, and each man has his own detailed task to do and nothing more. Many are experienced butchers, but some of the men have learnt their trade at this plant. Thirty cattle are killed in sixty minutes by this gang of twenty men. Each man has a two-minute task on each animal as the procession moves along. The sheep are killed and dressed so that they never touch the floor. Plenty of hot or cold water as required is used in flushing during the various processes of butchering.

Condemned a Big, Fat Steer.

While we were looking on we noticed what appeared to be a fine big fat carcass. It was one of the heaviest, but the sharp eye of the government inspector had detected some sign of disease and so the big fat beef had to carry the "condemned" tag, which was a signal to the man at the switch to turn it on to the track leading to the vats where soap is made. Perhaps an ordinary butcher might have killed and sold such a carcass and the eaters might have been none the wiser. But the government seal of approval on meat products means something.

The principal diseases which cause the condemnation are cysticerci bovis in cattle and cysicerici cellulosea in hogs, and also occasionally a case of tuberculosis. Where disease is found in an animal the whole carcass goes to the grease vat and not even the head or the entrails are left behind.

Sheep and Poultry.

The sheep are rapidly butchered and in such a way that the carcasses never touch the floor, but from when the animal is killed it travels from place to place suspended from an overhead track.

A visit to the poultry department was left till another time, for they were not killing any birds just then and a description of their modern method of killing will be left for another article.

So many rooms were visited as we dodged in and out of doors, up and down the elevator and through passageways and between long rows of beef hanging in the storage rooms. How the guide knew his way was almost a mystery. A stranger could easily get lost. But the company very courteously sends a guide along with any visitors. During exhibition week notices were posted in the city inviting visitors to the plant and large numbers of exhibition visitors took advantage of the opportunity at that time.

An Extensive Cold Storage.

The guide showed us through the various storage rooms where on a regular railway system fastened to the ceiling the heavy sides of dressed beef are pushed along from room to room till the animal heat has disappeared and the dressed meat has rested forty-eight hours in the freezers before it is moved into the shipping department. Here each quarter that bears the government seat of approval is wrapped to keep it clean in transit. There are separate freezers or cold storage rooms for butter, beef, veal and fish. In the egg storage room eggs are candled and sorted. In the cured meat department the fancy meats are cured in vats and the heavy ones in dry salts. The hams when cured and smoked are sacked and weighed and only those bearing the seal of government approval are allowed to be shipped.

The Manitoba Farm Sausages are made from selected meats and are done up daintily in one-pound cartons stamped with the seal of government approval. In the offal department the same government inspection and approval continues over the products offered for sale such as hearts, liver, tongue, brains of hogs and beef tongue, kidney and tripe. The tongue is cooked in gelatine and put up in tins. The shin bones are sawn with a circular saw and put in a vat and cooked and used for making neat's foot oil.

The power for the plant is generated in the engine-room by steam boilers burning coal. From the ensine room electricity for power and light is distributed through the building and each department have separate motors to run its machinery.

The plant is conveniently located with sidings so as to allow for shipping over either the Canadian Northern or Grand Trunk Pacific. The Edmonton Radial Railway is a convenience for visitors to the plant and also for any of the workmen who may live in the city, but North Edmonton at the plant has already several residences and places of business.

A Steady Cash Market.

At the packing plant the farmers find a ready cash market for cattle, sheep, hogs and poultry. The company also keep eggs and butter in cold storage. Two cars of meats are shipped per day, besides supplying the local demand. Five "peddler cars" are used on regular routes to ship the products of the packing plant to the various towns on the branches of the railways of Alberta. One car travels west from Calgary on the main line of the C.P.R. to Revelstoke, B.C. Another peddler car travels over the Crow's Nest Pass route into B.C. As the business develops with the development of the country following the progress of the new railways westward from Edmonton, peddler cars will no doubt be operated on the G.T.P., C.N. R. and C.P.R. to supply meats to feed the miners of the towns yet to be among the mountains westward from Edmonton. When these transcontinentals reach the Pacific there is bound to be still greater development in the business of the J. Y. Griffin packing plant.

Supply Not Now Equal to Demand.

This development will react and cause a greater demand for all kinds of live stock. Can the farmers of Edmonton district and Central Alberta or even the whole province supply this increased demand for live stock, poultry and dairy products? Time will tell. Are the farmers keeping pace with present developments? Even now the J. Y. Griffin Company have to import from two to three cars of poultry and three carloads of eggs because the Alberta supply is short of the demands of the market.

Improve the Quality.

They want all the live poultry that they can get. They prefer No. 1 plump birds. In cattle, sheep and hogs they want the finished product. They desire the farmers to improve the quality of their products. Naturally the better quality will bring the higher price. Calves and sheep are shipped in from Southern Alberta to the packing plant at Edmonton and possibly part of the very same animal again rides on the train down to Southern Alberta and westward into British Columbia.

Encouragement to Mixed Farming.

Why, then, is this packing plant located at Edmonton? The locators had a far-seeing eye of faith in the future when the district northward from Edmonton will help furnish its supply of live stock and the citizens of the future in the mountains of northwestern Alberta and northern British Columbia will demand to be fed. The locators of the packing plant recognized Edmonton as a strategic commercial and railway centre. The plant is in operation now only about two years and the rapid development is but an index of the greater development to come in the next five years in the territory to which Edmonton is the trading centre. Thirteen cattle were killed on September 14th, 1908, the first day of operation and the output for a day is already 350 head of cattle. The packing plant offers encouragement to mixed farming. Edmonton and surrounding district with its rich soil and rank growth of grass and grain offers advantages for mixed farming. The J. Y. Griffin Co., Ltd., acted wisely in locating at Edmonton.

WETASKIWIN FAIR OPENED TUESDAY

Attendance Reached the Thousand Mark—Fine Exhibits of Stock, Cattle and Poultry, Grains and Vegetables.

Wetaskiwin, Sept. 27—Ideal weather greeted the opening of the annual fair of the Elevator City today. The attendance reached the thousand mark. A large band of Indians from the reserve were present and mingled with the crowd. There was a fine exhibit of stock in the large, new building which gave ample accommodation. The horses shown were of a good class, and showed a marked improvement over former years. The cattle exhibits were good. The poultry exhibit was the feature of the fair. Experts pronounced it to be even better than that at the Edmonton fair. Grains of all varieties were shown and there was a good exhibit of vegetables. Dairy products made a rather poor showing but graded well.

There was no harness racing. The results of the races run off today were as follows:

Quarter-mile run—1st, Lady Bowie; 2nd, Dirty; 3rd, Nichie.

Half mile run—1st, Kandy Kid; 2nd Billy Bryan; 3rd, Tug. Missourian and Auctioneer were left at the post.

REDMOND ATTACKED.

Greeted in New York by Declaration That His Party is Governed by Mercenary Aims.

New York, Sept. 27—The arrival here of Mr. John Redmond and his party, of Irish Nationalist parliamentarians, has been the occasion of an attack by the Sinn Fein, which has issued a statement printed in the Times, which says: "No accounting has ever been made of the funds subscribed for Mr. Redmond and his party. This money is controlled by two or three members of the party, and any member who will not do their bidding or who has the temerity to ask for an accounting is expelled from the party and deprived of his salary. The present English government came into power by reason of the support given it by Mr. Redmond's party, and could not hold office without the aid of that party.

For the first time in many years, the Irish party holds the balance of power and could make or unmake the English government at will. They could have forced the present government to pass a home rule bill if they were really in earnest in their desire for home rule. They did not break with the Liberals because they were tied by monetary and other considerations to the Liberal party, as the check for $10,000 from Lord Tweedmouth shows."

Redmond Addressed Irish League.

Buffalo, Sept. 27—The fifth biennial national convention of the United Irish League opened today at Buffalo with Irishmen from all parts of the United States in attendance. John E. Redmond spoke on national independ-

MORE FIGHTING IN BERLIN.

Police and Strikers Clashed Again With Greater Violence.

Berlin, Germany, Sept. 27.—Even greater violence than that of last night characterized the collisions between police and rioters this evening. Many were injured on both sides. The district presented the aspect of a besieged city. Thousands of strikers and their sympathizers gathered in the streets as soon as darkness fell. A strong force of police, numbering one hundred mounted and five hundred foot, armed with revolvers and swords, were stationed at various quarters. They were under orders from the commissioner to exercise severe measures and to use the sharp edges of their swords, instead of striking with the flat side. The rioters about nine o'clock in the evening began the trouble, which increased as night advanced. Excited men and women dashed from place to place smashing street lamps and the windows of stores. Several stores were sacked of valuable contents, but the tradesmen for the most part had taken the precaution of lowering their iron shutters and thus prevented extensive damage.

31 Firemen Injured.

Houston Texas, Sept. 27—While fighting a fire in the debris of the Houston Transfer Building thirty-five firemen were today badly burned and scalded by an explosion of carbide. It is not thought any of them are fatally injured.

Silk Lined All Over Net Waist for $2.95

Bought in the usual way and sold in the usual way this Waist would be considered exceptionally good value at $3.95

We are, however, in a position to buy large quantities right from the factory and for this reason are able to buy rock bottom prices. Add to that our policy of a reasonable profit and you have the solution of the problem how it is possible for us to sell a net waist recognized and admitted to be good value at $3.95, for One Dollar Less, $2.95.

No. 980 as Illustration

This is a very dainty waist of Bretonne Net, lined with Jap Silk, front of embroidered, guipure net medallion and trimming. Tucked net in yoke, and cuffs, making a very pretty effect. Has long sleeves. Colors, Ivory or Ecru. Sizes 32 to 42.

W. J. Walker Price.....$2.95

W. Johnstone Walker & Co.

263-267 Jasper Avenue East Phones 1351, 2932

Fort William Freight Checker Injured

Fort William, Sept. 27—Serious injuries were inflicted on S. H. Packman in the Canadian Pacific railway yards this morning at ten o'clock by yard engine No. 2314. The unfortunate man, who was checker in the freight office and living at the Ogden Hotel, had his left leg cut off, the little finger of his left hand amputated, and sustained a number of concussions and cuts. He slipped on the wet rails and fell under the engine.

RHEUMATIC PAINS

Not Due to Cold, Wet Weather—The Trouble is Rooted in the Blood

Many people believe that the twinges and tortures of rheumatism are due to cold, damp, or wet weather, and treat themselves by rubbing with liniments and lotions. This is a serious mistake, and one which allows the disease to progress to such an extent that it is often impossible to get it out of the system. Rheumatism comes from poisonous acid in the blood, and it must be cured through the blood. All the liniments, and rubbing, and so-called electrical treatment in the world will not cure rheumatism. This is a medical truth which every sufferer from this excruciating trouble should know. Rheumatism can only be cured by driving the poisonous acid out of the blood, and enriching and purifying it. There is no medicine will do this so speedily and surely as Dr. William's Pink Pills. They actually make the new rich, red blood, which drives out the poisonous acid, upbuilds the system, and makes the sufferer well and strong. It is because they do this that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have cured thousands of cases of rheumatism after all other treatment had failed. As proof, we give the case of Mrs. F. X. Boisseau, St. Jerome, Que., who says: "Almost two years ago I was a terrible sufferer from rheumatism. The trouble first located in my right leg, rendering all work impossible, and walking excessively difficult. I tried to cure myself by means of all sorts of liniments and lotions, but without avail. The trouble was constantly growing worse, and the pain more and more unbearable. Finally the disease spread to my other leg, and I was all but helpless, and I was completely discouraged, thinking I would be a sufferer for the rest of my life. At this time I read an advertisement in our home paper, of this trouble being cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I decided to try them. I first got four boxes of the Pills and after using them for several weeks I could see that the painful rheumatism was gradually disappearing. I continued taking the Pills however, until I had used about a dozen boxes, when every symptom of the trouble had disappeared, and I could walk as freely as ever I did, and do my housework without the least trouble. I have no hesitation in recommending Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to every rheumatic sufferer."

Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box, six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

100 Tons

Of Blue Joint Hay for Sale, or, am prepared to winter horses. The Hay is situate in the Paddle River Flats, 24 miles north of Entwistle, on G.T.P., also on Sturgeon Lake Road, now in course of construction to Grande Prairie. This Hay should interest Contractors that would have teams to remove it to the Railroad during the winter. There is a Government graded road of 26 miles from location to Entwistle. The entire quantity can be sold at $8.00 per ton by

C.F.W. Rochfort

Roydale P. O

Alberta

Prosecuted for Manifesto.

Bilbao, Spain, Sept. 27—The president of the Catholic committee of this city has been prosecuted for his violent manifesto in connection with the proposed demonstration next Sunday.

DEATH.

WHITTAKER—At Edmonton, on September 28th, James H. Whittaker, aged 44 years. Funeral Friday, September 30th at 2 p.m., from Andrews' Undertaking Parlors, Namayo avenue.

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Small Tin 50c

2½ lb. Tin $2.50

A great healing ointment for Galls, Scratches, Cuts, Sores, etc., in Horses and Cattle.

Jasper Veterinary Remedies are the best.

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AUCTION SALE

OF

650 SHEEP

At the Western Canada Land Wabamun Farm 5 Miles west of

Wabamun

Wednesday, October 12th

Commencing at 12 o'clock

650 Shropshire Merino crossbred Sheep largely 2 year old Ewes, will be sold to highest bidder in any number to suit purchaser.

Terms of Sale - - Cash

It is expected that a number of Cattle and Horses will be offered for sale on terms of credit.

Free lunch will be served. Rigs will meet G.T.P. train

Any Sheep purchased will be cared for at the farm for a reasonable time.

Hay, Oats or Green Feed will be taken in exchange.

Western Canada Land Wabamun Farm

W. C. DUNN, Manager