

AUTO BANDITS ESCAPE WITH \$14,000 FROM BANK OF TORONTO, WYOMING

Police Think Robbers Are Same Band That Entered Bank of Hamilton in Toronto and Stole a New McLaughlin Car in Thorndale the Same Night.

A despatch from London, Ont., says:—Walking into the Bank of Toronto at Wyoming, a village 45 miles west of London, on the G. T. R., on Thursday afternoon, four auto bandits held up Manager H. E. Lambert and his staff and made their escape with \$14,000 in cash in a high-powered car, the motor of which a fifth thug had kept running while the robbery was taking place. The hold-up occurred at 2.50. Ronald Brown, one of the clerks, slipped out the back door and gave the alarm, firing five shots at the robbers as they jumped into their car and drove away. The bandits, who were all armed, fired at everybody they saw, compelling many people who sought to give chase to seek cover behind telephone poles or in doorways.

W. Garlick, a traveller for the Ingersoll Packing Company, was passing the bank at the time, and two of the staff, E. S. Taylor, teller, and Thos. Scharf, hastily procuring revolvers from a hardware store, jumped into the traveller's car and started in pursuit. The bandits, however, had a new McLaughlin, and, though hampered by greasy roads, managed to distance their pursuers, until finally, at Fernhill, north of Parkhill, Taylor and Scharf were compelled to give up the chase.

It is thought that the robbers were the same men who robbed the Bank of Hamilton in Toronto on Tuesday last, and also that they are the thieves

who stole a new McLaughlin car from Wright's garage in Thorndale, 10 miles from London, on the same night. When the London police received word of the hold-up Chief Birrell at once despatched a powerful car loaded with detectives and police to join in the hunt for the criminals. As the bandits had headed toward London when they left Wyoming, the local officers went out the Sarnia gravel road in the hope of meeting them. They say that at one time they must have been within a couple of miles of their quarry, but the latter were on a road paralleling the Sarnia gravel road and easily avoided their pursuers.

St. Mary's, Stratford and Guelph police were at once warned to be on the lookout for the gunmen, as it was thought they were heading back toward Toronto.

Recent bank hold-ups in Ontario were:

Bank of Hamilton branch at Locke and Herkimer streets, Hamilton, in June; robber got \$4,500.

Bank of Hamilton branch at Sanford avenue and King streets, Hamilton, Oct. 13; robber got nothing.

Union Bank of Canada, Locke and Main streets, Hamilton, Oct. 14; robber got \$2,000.

Bank of Hamilton branch at College street and Ossington avenue, Toronto, Tuesday, Oct. 18; robbers got \$2,990.

Bank of Toronto branch at Wyoming, Ont., Oct. 20; robbers got \$14,000.



WHO WON THE WAR?
The man who thinks he did. The man who guesses he did. The man who knows he did.

FAIL TO AVERT U.S. RAILWAY STRIKE

Brotherhood Leaders Claim Nothing Accomplished by Conference.

A despatch from Chicago says:—Efforts by the Railroad Labor Board to avert the threatened railroad strike through conference with heads of the five unions which have ordered a walk-out, effective October 30, failed when the meeting adjourned on Thursday night with the announcement, by the board, that "while the discussions were beneficial, no definite results were obtained."

"There has been a full and frank discussion of the situation," said a statement given out by Ben W. Hooper, Vice-Chairman of the board. "The Labor Board and the Brotherhood chiefs exchanged views in a perfectly pleasant way. The interview was beneficial, but we cannot say that any definite results were obtained."

"The adjournment is final," Chairman R. M. Barton of the Labor Board announced. "We do not plan any further conferences with the Labor leaders, nor do we plan, at present, to call in the railroad Presidents. I cannot say what our next step might be."

Union leaders said the board had not presented anything which they looked on as in any way a tangible proposition.

"It's somebody's next move," said the head of one of the larger of the five organizations. "Whether it is ours, the board's or the roads', I do not know. I only know that the board brought us here and talked four hours without presenting anything which we could even consider as a compromise. The meeting was absolutely without results."

"We are going back to our headquarters. There is nothing scheduled immediately except to go right ahead with the plans for a strike."

MAY DEFER TARIFF REVISION IN U.S.

Leaders in Harding Government Strive to Postpone Action Till Nov., 1922.

A despatch from Washington says:—Some of the strongest leaders of the Harding administration are working quietly but persistently and effectively, it is stated, to prevent revision of the tariff for another fifteen months. It is their plan to throw tariff revision over until the congressional elections of November, 1922, have been decided.

The impression is steadily growing in Washington that the prospects for passing a tariff bill this winter are becoming remote. The resolution to extend the emergency rates on agricultural products will pass.

Ludwig III, former King of Bavaria, dies in Hungarian exile.

Some 8,000 spectators watched the international plowing match at Woodstock, Ont.

Upper Silesia Boundary Line Fixed

A despatch from Paris says:—The Silesian boundary, as decided by the Council of the League of Nations, follows the River Oder from Oderburg as far as Nibotschau, then runs north-easterly in an irregular line as far as Hohenlinde; thence running between Rosburg and Birkenheim, it turns north-westward as far as Lissau. North-west of the latter place it follows the old frontier of the German Empire to a point where the latter reaches the frontier already established between Germany and Poland under Article 87 of the Treaty of Versailles.

The Rich Northwest.

The reported discovery of an extensive deposit of iron of high quality on the shores of Lake Athabasca, in the sub-Arctic region of our great Canadian Northwest, follows rather closely upon the account of the oil strike near Fort Norman, on the Lower Mackenzie, west of Great Bear Lake.

The first lure that attracted pioneers to the region was the beaver. The prosperity of the Hudson Bay Company was founded on fur trade with the Indians. The Eskimo had a little copper at the mouth of the Coppermine River, and the Indians took it from them in occasional raids. But the mineral and metal resources of Canada outside of the valley of the Upper Yukon in the neighborhood of Dawson until lately have been comparatively neglected. The great work of the Canadian Ministry of Mines and the reports of the Geological Survey of Canada of an exemplary thoroughness, are publishing to the world the assurance of large returns for sound investment and strenuous toil in a land that Nature never meant for the dilettante, which the homing and comfort-loving portion of mankind regards indeed as the abomination of desolation.

Napanee Visited by Bear and Two Cubs

A despatch from Napanee, Ont., says:—Napanee residents were startled and the female portion of the population badly frightened on Friday by the invasion of an old she bear and two cubs. The self-invited visitors made, however, no hostile demonstration, but wandered about the residential district, sitting on verandahs, which were promptly vacated in their favor, and comporting themselves after the manner of interested tourists. Finally one of the cubs wandered away from its mother and was captured, the other two disappearing.

In Holland a municipal gas plant is extracting illuminating gas from a peat and coal mixture.

NUMEROUS STRIKE-BREAKERS OFFER HELP

United States Citizens Apply for Positions in Event of Strike.

A despatch from New York says:—Employment departments of Eastern railroads are so flooded with applicants for jobs as strike-breakers that little difficulty is expected by railroad heads in this district if the threatened strike materializes, it was announced to-day.

"More than one-third of the number of men needed to keep our trains running applied for jobs here on Tuesday alone," said William G. Besler, President of the Jersey Central.

The same conditions obtain on railroads in New York State, according to officials of these roads.

The student body of Dartmouth College, through the official undergraduate paper, The Dartmouth, this morning offered its services to the railroads of the country in event of the threatened strike becoming a reality.

LINKS IN CHAIN OF EMPIRE'S CABLES

Canada, Africa, India and Australia Joined by Wire-less.

A despatch from London says:—F. J. Brown, Chairman of the Postoffice, Telephone and Telegraph Society of London, speaking before that body, discussed Great Britain's increased communications with the Dominions.

He said that the Imperial cable was a romance of the war. He said that, despite the submarine perils, the former German cable from Emden to New-York, via the Azores, was diverted to Penzance and thence to Halifax, and that it is now working from London to Halifax, carrying an average weekly load of 230,000 words.

Mr. Brown said the Postoffice wireless station at Leafeld, near Oxford, had just been completed, and a corresponding station near Cairo would be finished at the end of the year, thus forming a link in the chain to East and South Africa. Two more stations are to be erected in England and Egypt, forming the first link in a chain to India, Singapore, Hong Kong and Australia.

TWO MINUTES' SILENCE ON ARMISTICE DAY

Beginning at 11 a.m. on Friday, November 11.

A despatch from Ottawa says:—His Excellency the Governor-General has received a despatch from the Secretary of State for the Colonies proposing that on Friday, Nov. 11, the anniversary of the signing of the Armistice, there should be a complete suspension of business, so far as possible, beginning at 11 a.m., and continuing for two minutes.

The Canadian Government has adopted this suggestion, and, accordingly, the Secretary of State for External Affairs has issued a request that the rite be observed throughout the Dominion.

EXPLAINS ABNORMAL HEAT AND DROUGHT

French Astronomer Says the Earth is Tending Toward Perpetual Summer.

A despatch from Paris says:—The earth is rushing toward a period of perpetual Summer, according to a French astronomer, who offers this explanation of the present abnormal warm and dry weather. Oscillation of the inclination of the earth's axis is the cause of the upheaval of the seasons, he says, and this oscillation is between a 35-degree maximum and a 9-degree minimum every 31,756 years.

The last maximum was reached during the ice age, he contends, and the next minimum will come in the year 2296. Therefore, according to this astronomer, the earth's temperature zones will henceforth become progressively more tropical in the matter of climate.

Armistice Day is to be celebrated on Monday, Nov. 7, as a day of general thanksgiving for the bountiful harvest and other blessings with which Canada has been favored this year.

The Leading Markets.

Toronto.

Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.16½, nominal; No. 2 Northern, \$1.14, nominal; No. 3, \$1.10, nominal. Manitoba oats—No. 2 CW, 46½c; No. 3 CW, 43½c; extra No. 2 feed, 43½c; No. 3 feed, 39½c.

Manitoba barley—No. 3 CW, 63c. All the above, track, Bay ports. American corn—No. 2 yellow, 56c, nominal, Bay ports.

Ontario oats—No. 2 Winter, 40 to 42c.

Ontario wheat—No. 2 Winter, per car lot, \$1.05 to \$1.10; No. 3 Winter, \$1.02 to \$1.07; No. 1 commercial, 95 to 100; No. 2 Spring, 98c to \$1.03; No. 3 Spring, nominal.

Barley—No. 3, extra, 57 to 60c, according to freights outside.

Buckwheat—No. 2, 70 to 75c.

Rye—No. 2, 95c.

Manitoba flour—First pats, \$7.60; second pats, \$7.10, Toronto.

Ontario flour—\$5.50, bulk, seaboard. Millfeed—Del., Montreal, freight, bags included: Bran, per ton, \$21 to \$23; shorts, per ton, \$23 to \$25; good feed flour, \$1.70 to \$1.80.

Baled hay—Track, Toronto, per ton, No. 1, \$23; No. 2, \$21; mixed, \$18.

Straw—Car lots, \$11, track, Toronto.

Cheese—New, large, 20 to 21c; twins, 20½ to 21½c; triplets, 22½ to 23c. Old, large, 25 to 26c; twins, 25½ to 26½c; triplets, 26 to 27c; Stilltons, new, 23 to 24c.

Butter—Fresh dairy, choice, 33 to 35c; creamery, prints, fresh, No. 1, 42 to 43c; No. 2, 39 to 40c; cooking, 22 to 24c.

Dressed poultry—Spring chickens, 30c; roasters, 20c; fowl, 28c; ducklings, 30 to 35c; turkeys, 50 to 60c. Live poultry—Spring chickens, 20 to 25c; roasters, 16c; fowl, 16 to 24c; ducklings, 25c; turkeys, 50c.

Margarine—22 to 24c.

Eggs—No. 1 storage, 45 to 46c; select, storage, 50 to 51c; new laid, straight, 57 to 58c; new laid, in cartons, 60c.

Beans—Can. hand-picked, bushel, \$4 to \$4.25; primes, \$3.50 to \$3.75.

Maple products—Syrup, per imp. gal., \$2.50; per 5 imp. gals., \$2.35. Maple sugar, lb., 19 to 22c.

Honey—60-30-lb. tins, 14½ to 15c per lb.; 5-2½-lb. tins, 16 to 17c per lb.; Ontario comb honey, per doz., \$3.75 to \$4.50.

Smoked meats—Hams, med., 31 to 32c; heavy, 24 to 26c; cooked, 48 to 52c; rolls, 27 to 28c; cottage rolls, 30 to 31c; breakfast bacon, 33 to 37c; special brand breakfast bacon, 42 to 45c; backs, boneless, 42 to 47c.

Cured meats—Long, clear bacon, 18 to 21c; clear bellies, 18½ to 20½c.

Lard—Pure, tierces, 17½ to 18c; tubs, 18 to 18½c; pails, 18½ to 19c; prints, 20½ to 21½c. Shortening tierces, 18 to 18½c; tubs, 18½ to 19c; pails, 14 to 14½c; prints, 16 to 16½c.

Choice heavy steers, \$6 to \$7; butcher steers, choice, \$5.75 to \$6.50; do, good, \$5 to \$5.75; do, med., \$4 to \$5; do, com., \$3.50 to \$4; butcher heifers, choice, \$5.50 to \$6; butcher cows, choice, \$4.50 to \$5.50; do, med., \$3 to \$4; canners and cutters, \$1 to \$2; butcher bulls, good, \$3.50 to \$4; do, com., \$2 to \$2.75; feeders, good, 900 lbs., \$5 to \$5.75; do, fair, \$2.50 to \$3.50; milkers, \$60 to \$80; springers, \$70 to \$90; calves, choice, \$12 to 13; do, med., \$10 to \$11; do, com., \$8 to \$7; lambs, good, \$8.25 to \$8.35; do, com., \$5 to \$5.50; sheep, choice, \$4 to \$4.50; do, good, \$3.50 to \$4; do, heavy and bucks, \$2 to \$3; hogs, fed and watered, \$9; do, off cars, \$9.25; do, f.o.b., \$8.25; do, country points, \$8.

Montreal.

Oats—Can. west, No. 2, 52 to 52½c; do, No. 3, 51 to 51½c. Flour, Man. Spring wheat pats, firsts, \$7.60. Rolled oats, bag 90 lbs., \$2.90 to \$3. Bran, \$21.25. Shorts, \$23.25. Hay, No. 2, per ton, car lots, \$27 to \$28.

Cheese, finest easterns, 15½ to 16½c. Butter, choicest creamery, 40 to 41c. Eggs, selected, 47c. Potatoes, per bag, car lots, \$1.40 to \$1.45.

Canners, \$1.25 up; bologna, \$2.50 to \$3; very light yearlings, \$2.25; calves, \$8 to \$11; med. quality milk-fed calves, \$9 to \$9.50; lambs, good, \$8 to \$8.25; hogs, \$9.50.

King George Cuts Down Living Expenses

A despatch from London says:—Joining the world-wide movement for the reduction of the cost of living, King George has named a committee to investigate household expenses in the Royal Palace. Wages and other items in the maintenance of the palace will be included in the investigation.

The King also announced that he cannot afford to fit out the Royal yacht Britannia for the yacht races next year. "This is a great disappointment," His Majesty says, "as there is no sport the King enjoys more."

CAPTAIN OF GERMAN RAIDER IN MOVIES

To Play Role of Pirate in a Hamburg Film.

A despatch from Berlin says:—Captain Count Felix von Luckner, who commanded the German sea raider, the Seeadler, is about to appear in the movies. He will play the role of a pirate in a film called "Mabel and Sultor," produced by the Vera Film Company of Hamburg.

Certainly, Count von Luckner is well fitted to the role. For seven months the Seeadler roamed the Atlantic and Pacific oceans and sank no less than 25 Entente vessels, according to Von Luckner's claim. Finally, the Seeadler was wrecked in the South Pacific. Von Luckner was captured, interned in New Zealand, escaped, was recaptured and at last exchanged.

University Class for Industrial Workers.

Last week the Workers' Educational Association of Toronto commenced its classes for the season in one of the buildings of the University of Toronto. The subjects to be taught are economics, international finance, trade union law, political philosophy, British history, English literature and composition, psychology and logic, public speaking. The Workers' Educational Association of Hamilton has three vigorous classes in economics, psychology and logic, and English literature and composition. In Ottawa the W.E.A. has also three classes, one each in economics, history, English literature and composition.

In all three cities this instruction is provided for working men and women by the provincial university—another instance of the widespread activity of the University of Toronto in giving education to all people in the province who wish to take advantage of it. A prominent publicist said the other day, "The University of Toronto is leading the way in linking higher education to the world of affairs."

Method Discovered to Isolate Pox Germs

A despatch from Santiago, Chili, says:—Dr. Arturo Atria, chief bacteriologist of the Chilian Institute of Hygiene, announces that he has succeeded in discovering a method of isolating the bacteria of smallpox. Dr. Atria claims his discovery will permit the combating of smallpox by direct injection instead of through preventive vaccination.



Walter S. Allward
The Toronto sculptor whose design for a battlefield memorial was accepted by the government along with the one submitted by F. Chapman Cle-

1921 Apple Crop.

British Columbia—Total crop 100 per cent. in excess of last year, or approximately 1,009,000 barrels (3,027,000 boxes).

Ontario—Total crop 60 per cent. of last year, or approximately 960,000 barrels. Eastern Ontario, 45 per cent. of last year's crop. Spys heavy. Western Ontario, 45 per cent. of last year's crop. Practically all sold. Considerable scab and high percentage lower grades.

Quebec—Total crop is from 35 to 40 per cent. of last year, or approximately 35,200 barrels. Color and size fairly. Demand and prices good.

New Brunswick—Total estimate about 110 per cent. of last year, or 33,000 barrels.

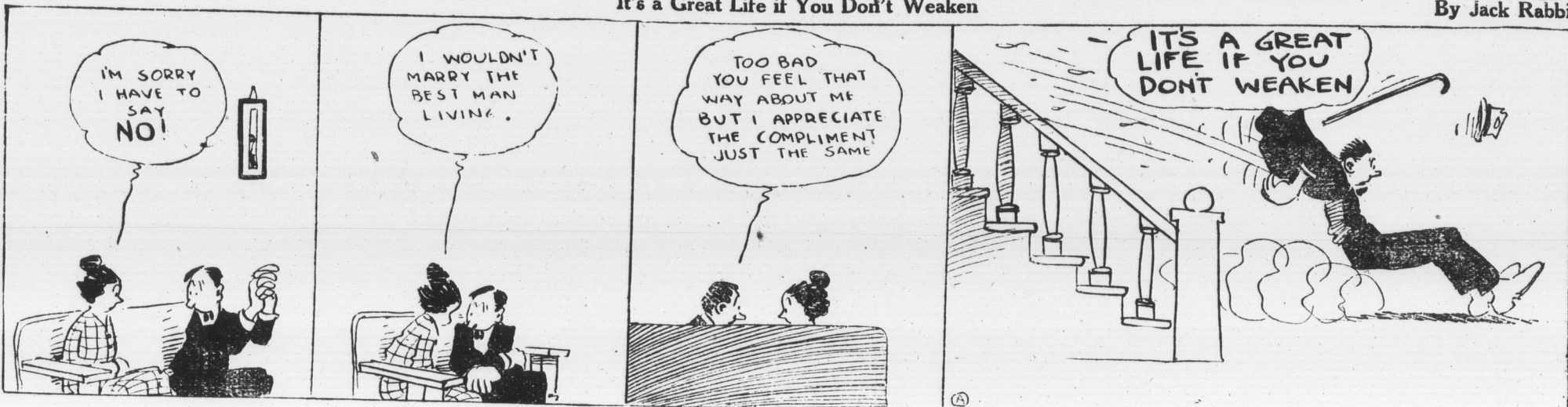
Nova Scotia—Total crop will be 110 to 115 per cent. of last year, or 1,300,000 barrels.

Cambridge Refuses Membership to Women

A despatch from London says:—Cambridge University has again voted against granting women membership in the University by a majority of 214. On December 8th last the University refused women membership by a vote of 908 to 1,712.

It was voted, however, to give women titular degrees by diploma. This recommendation was adopted by a majority of 642.

It's a Great Life if You Don't Weaken



By Jack Rabbit