## ITALIAN FLAGS WAVING OVER CITY OF GORIZIA The mine was to be spring at 8 p.m., and then the captain was to give the order for the rush across. As the minutes caught up to the hour and the last minute of all broke itself up into seconds there were many strained but eager faces staring

## Routed Austrians Are Being Hotly Pursued by the Victorious Forces

## Trieste and Even Vienna Menaced by the Victory of Italy.

terrible destruction, opening wide avenues for the Italian troops to pour

through in their charge."

The capture of Gorizia opens up

Isonzo line, as long as the Austrians held Gorizia, presented almost in-superable difficulties from a military

standpoint. Now, however, with the river front opened for the passage of

large forces, Gen. Cadorna can continue on the eastern bank his long-planned operations.

FIRE CHIEFS

Windsor Convention Sees

**Demonstrations and Tests** 

Windser, Ont., Report.-With prac-

tical demonstrations of automatic

alarm and sprinkler systems and pump

tests, the delegates attending the first

annual convention of the Dominion

Fire Chiefs went through their second

doy's programme to day.
Chief G. W. Graham, of Ottawa, pre-

sident of the association, delivered an address in the forenoon on "Fires and Their Causes," while a demonstration

of spontaneous combustion was given by F. W. Walker, chemist of the Can-adian Salt Company. 'The afternoon

was taken up by the alarm, sprinkler, and pump tests, a two-storey building erected on Auellette Square being set

sprinklers.

The feature of Thursday's pro-

gramme will be an automobile ride through Windsor and neighboring towns. At Walkerville the visitors

towns. At Walkervine the will be entertained by Messrs. Hiram Walker & Sons to a luncheon.

AN ENTERPRISE

Story of What Official Re-

ports Tell in a Line.

and Bomb.

a little enterprise in the neighborhood

-Official Report.

meaning of the word suggests. There

is no certainty that it will be success-

ful. Therefore to bring about the de-

sired result nothing is left out of the

calculations, if possible, to ensure suc-

Here is an account of what may be regarded as one of the typical common or garden "little enterprises"

A certain battalion, in rest for a few days behind the line, is selected to provide, say, a hundred men and

a party of bombers to make a raid

The point at which the enemy lines

in front of which five craters are al

ready material evidence of our hav

ing worried the enemy in that par-

Enterprises, it may be remembered,

are undertaken with the general idea of worrying the enemy and reducing

Unless large numbers of men were employed—and even then heavy loss-es would have been sustained— it

would have been almost hopeless to attempt to penetrate the hostile entrenchments without being aided by

It is really only a mine which can

successfully break a way through the otherwise impenetrable enmesn-

ments of wire.

The firing of a mine was therefore to open the ball and at the same time a way through the cunningly constructed wire entanglements behind which the Boche apparently felt

A GOOD DARK NIGHT.

The night sky on the date the enterprise took place was minus amoon, An advantage.

The night was consequently dark,

and it was but a slowly moving coil of men who, in Indian file wound their way stealthily through the

long, tortuous communication trench

to the front line.

This was to be their jumping-off place into "No Man's Land," and just

as probably into the "Great Un-

The front trenches were at intervals rendered visible by the enemy's "Very" lights, and the taking up of positions by the members of the radding party was consequently not

The captain in command of the operations walked along the line of

front trench where his men were

gathered to assure himself that they

that wire entanglement-destroyer

on the enemy trenches

his moral.

difficult.

An enterprise is just what the

**CARRYING OUT** 

fire to prove the value of the

what military experts declare is only practicable road to Trieste.

Rome Cable.—The flag of Italy tonight flies over the city of Gorizia, while from the lofty mountain heights which rise up from the Isonzo valley the same banner is floating. Italian troops entered Gorizia this morning, marking the first concrete step in the campaign against Trieste and the extension of the Italian borders once more to include the long-mourned Irredentist provinces.

To-night large bodies of Italian cavalry, infantry and bersaglieri on bicycles are pursuing the defeated Austrians. More than 10,000 prisoners have been brought in. The losses in dead and wounded are described as enormous. Whole lines of Austrian trenches were found choked with bodies, according to news from the front.

The capture of Gorizia followed a furious battle of three days, in which the concentrated fire of the Italian artillery shattered the powerful bridge-head positions of the Austrians on the western bank of the Isonzo, forc-

ing a retirement from the river line.
The campaign for the city has covof more than a year during which time fighting of more or less violence was practically con-tinuous. Gorizia is in a basin sur-rounded on three sides by towering mountains. The Italian advance up the slopes of these superb natural defences was naturally tedius and

A FRENZY OF PATRIOTIC JOY.

The capture of Gorizia has sent Rome and all Italy into a frenzy patriotic joy. "This morning patriotic joy. "This morning outroops entered the town of Gorizia," was the message from field head-quarters which brought to full staff every flag in Rome. The city to-night is a wild jumble of bunting in the national colors and the colors of the allies as a part of which general offensive Gen. Cadorna's powerful blow was struck. Pictures of the royal family and the victorious commander are displayed everywhere. In Florence, Bologna, Venice, Milen and Florence, Bologna, Venice, Milan and other cities the rejoicing is no less picturesque and vivid.

The capture of Gorizia is viewed in military circles here as the first step in a great campaign against the Austrian eastern wing, which will important the great campaign against the Austrian eastern wing, which will important the great campaign and the capture of the capture trian eastern wing, which will im-perial the great commercial port of Trieste and hold menace even to Vienna itself.

Following the first brief bulletin, the

War Office issued an official statement containing as many details as it was possible at the moment to obtain of

Gen. Cadorna's victory.

This statement gave credit to the noted Casale and Pavia brigades for the first crossing of the Isonzo under heavy artillery fire. Bridges were rapidly thrown across the stream by the engineers and the crossing in force then commenced. Immediately cav-alry and cyclist detachments in strong force were thrown out to pursue the Austrians, who retreated rapidly,

THE OFFICIAL STORY. The Rome War Office report of the

occupation of Gorizia follows: 'Inis morning our troops entered the town of Gorizia.

"Yesterday morning in the Gorizia area, after intense artillery preparation, cur infantry completed the occupation of the heights west of the town, driving out the last remaining hostile detachments. Trenches and degouts were found full of the bodies of the Austrian soldiers. The enemy, completely routed, had left behind quantities of arms, ammunition and material.

nightfall detachments of the Casale and Pavia brigades crossed the Isonzo and consolidated themselves on the left bank. A column of cavalry and Bersaglieri cyclists promptly launched a pursuit of the enemy beyoud the river. In the meantime our throwing engineers were bridges across the river and repairing these damaged by the enemy.

"On Carso plateau our troops re-pulsed several counter-attacks on the summit of Monte San Michele and captured more trenches in the neigh-berhood of the village of San Martino. "Up to the present time we have ken about 10,000 prisoners. More are coming in. The exact quantity of material taken by us has, not yet been ascertained, but is very considerable."

NEW WEAPONS' OF WAR.

Late news from correspondents at the front give additional details in graphic form of the manan triumph; The terrible drum-fire of the italian infantry dislodged the Austrians from their positions," says one of these accounts, "and the Italian in-fantry immediately swept through two

Austrian lines of defence. "Behind these men great reinforcements were rushed through subterranean tunnels, which had been dug to within less than 100 yards of the Aus-

trian first line. The Italians dashed forward, with such elan and so rapidly that in many

cases the Austrian guns shelled rositions two and three lines back of the Italian advance.

"One of the surprises of the attack which caused terror in the ranks of the Austrians was a new weapon of war a bomb of large size and fearful were correctly marshalled for the destructive properties, which, hurled coming attack. To his section cominto the Austrian trenches, wrought

and to each individual man a cheery

word.
The mine was to be sprung at 8 over the parapet.
THEN THE MINE.

Suddenly there was a rumbling, drum-like boom! drum-like boom!
An eruption of grey clay clods
showed in ghostly chunks against the
ill-lit sky. An earth tremor which
made men's knees tremble whether

made men's knees tremble whether
they wished or not.
For a dumb instant—silence.
Then with sullen thuds the great
clay-clods dropped to earth.
It was now the moment of all the

"Come on, the Little Potters!"

It was the captain's shout as he sprang over the parapet, An Australian, though serving in an English regiment, he was born thirty-three years before in the Antipodes to lead just such an enterprise as this.

just such an enterprise as this.

With that peculiar discrimination which a real leader of men shows in addressing his followers at the cru-cial moment, he hit upon the most inspiring phrase he could have used.

It was the "football battle-cry" of
the famous regiment to which he
and his men belonged.

and his men belonged.

No sooner had the words left his lips than there was a mumbled meuthing of complicated swearwords. Every man was endeavoring to scramble over the parapet in advance of his nearest friend.

Suddenly, as though electrified into inquisitiveness at the what was the parameter.

inquisitiveness as to what was hap-pening, the Boche from his support lines sent up hundreds of "shootingstar-like" lights.

It added almost a sense of gaiety to the otherwise sombre scene as the knaki-clad "Little Potters" dashed on towards their objective, through the lip of the newly torn-out crater which

provided a spongy-like entrance to the German trench.

There was a vicious rattle of the enemy machine guns, as they insist-ently flung out their streams of lead from points to the right and left of the newly born crater; the squeal of our own shells, which were more than "strafing" the enemy's near trenches.
Then came the booming burst of

our heavy bombs, flung from trench mortars farther down our lines. BOMBERS LED THE ATTACK.

And the enemy's "shooting-star-like" lights darted up in ever-increas ing numbers towards the sulky sky.

The bombers led the attack, yet

such was the intense enthuslasm in-spired by the chance of getting at the enemy that others who should not have done so sprinted up to them.

Those watching from the British ines were no longer able to discern what was happening at the Boche trench, which had now been successfully ontered.

The boom of hand grenades inter-mingled with the snap-like sounds of revolver and rifle shots. It was ch vious that a hand-to-hand fight was in progress, but only from the sounds dulled as they were by the half-sub-ternanean position in which it tool

Metaphorically, it was like the in describable noises which come in a sort of furry fury to one's ear when A Night Attack With Mine listening to a combat between a dog-ferret and a buck-rat in a confined space underground. Last night our troops carried out

A blazing light suddenly burst from the British trench, followed shortly by blasts of whistles.

It was the signal to return. Stolidly, with clay-cledden the raiders retrace their way. are fewer by some half-dozen than when they set out, but those who have been wounded and still have life in them are carried back tenderly across the bullet-swept zone to the across the bullet-swe safety of their lines.

Among the wounded was a German ergeant. He received his hurt while Among the wounded was a German sergeant. He received his hurt while being brought back as a prisoner. His knee was shattered, and as he was helped staggering along he pass

ed through a concentrateg machine gun fire.

#### AIDS AVIATORS.

#### Toronto to Pay Students Upon Passing Tests.

Tronto Report.-The urgency of training aviators for the firing-line was recognized for the first time by a municipality in that the City Council yesterday made a grant of \$8 per week each for students from this city preparing for the Royal Flying Corps.

Another feature in aviation train ing also met with recognition, which is of some interest-namely, that the grant operate only after the student has taken the Aero Club certificate, which up to the present has been the highest type of training given on this continent.

After this individual flying by the students under strenuous conditions marks a departure in higher flying education not hitherto undertaken and while of sensational interest, and not accompanied by danger, the Can-adian Aviation Fund has been informed by the War Office that this training is deemed necessary to make a man fit for the work at the front.

#### LABOR WANTS HOME RULE.

LABOR WANTS HOME RULE.

London, Cable.—The Parliamentary
Labor party at a meeting yesterday
adopted a significant resolution in connection with Irish home rule.

"The Labor party," said the resolution, "deplores the failure to give legislative effect to the temporary settlement of the home rule controversy grecently arranged by the Secretary for
War between the two chief Irish parties, and desires to express its entire
sympathy with the Irish Nationalist
party in the repeated postponement of
the plan intended to realize their national aims."

Blobbs-What sort of reputation has Bjones for veracity? Slobbs—I wouldn't believe him any more than I would the oldest inhabitant of manders he gave his final directions, small town.

## **SHORT ITEMS** OF THE NEWS OF THE DAY

French Warship Torpedoes and Sinks an Austrian Submarine.

## SIR GEO. PAISH ILL

Two Hundred German Soldiers Killed in Allied Air Raid On Metz.

Allan Robinson, Kingsten, died of bloodpoisoning, the result of a bite by a fighting dog.

The Ontario Military Hospital, in England, has been taken over by the Militia Department. Mrs. L. J. Tripp, of London, was fatally injured when run over by an automobile, before which she jumped

back when apparently confused. Employees of the Guelph Sewers and Public Works Department, who by a strike in May obtained an increase from 22½c to 25c an hour, have again struck, demanding 30 cents.

A private of the 156th Battalion, who had deserted five months ago, go-ing to Calgary, came back to Kingston at his own expense to give himself up; he was given a suspended sentence.

Captain Thomas Riley, who has just died in France from wounds, was minister in charge of Kennington Mission in British Columbia when war broke out.

Lloyd's Shpping Register shows that there were 440 merchant vessels of a tonnage of 1,500,000 gross under con-struction in the United Kingdom at the end of June.

Lieut. Duval, of the London Terri-torials, son of Dr. Duval, of Winnipeg who was wounded in war five months ago, will sail for Canada on two months' sick leave. A case of anthrax, the most dreaded

disease known to the cattle world, has been discovered in Michigan. An ani-mal near Fremont, in Newyago county, died last Saturday with it. An organization was formed to re-

ceive and administer relief for the sufferers by the northern Ontario fire, \$250,000 of the \$400,000 aimed at having already been subscribed. C. A. Hanson, alderman of the city of London, has been selected as the Unionist candidate in the Bodmin di-vision of Cornwall, in succession to Sir

Reginald Pole Carew, retired. No contest is expected. For their participation in the riot last Sunday night at Ford eight men, all of them foreigners, paid in the tidy

sum of \$900, following the hearing of their case before Police Magistrate Alfred Miers. In order to produce revenue from surplus water from artesian wells in winter months, and as a means of pre-serving the health of the community,

the Galt Water Commission is considering going into the business of making fresh-water ice. Hotels which have their bar licenses revoked before Sept. 16, when Ontario goes dry, will not be exempted from payment of business tax, according to judgment delivered by County Judge

Dromgole, at Sandwich. Sir George Paish, who is suffering from a nervous breakdown, is making such slow progress that there is little likelihood of his being able to go to Canada as a member of the commis-sion to investigate the railroad situa-

Two women, Mrs. Peter Nantzis and Mrs. H. D. Ferguson, of Walkerville, and Motorman Alfred Dovin were injured at Windsor, when an Oullette avenue electric car collided with a belt switch.

Two hundred German soldiers were killed or injured in the recent allied air raid on Metz, capital of Lorraine, according to word received at The Hague. The station and barracks were seriously damaged.

Word has been received at Ottawa that Sir Charles Tupper, Bart., is at present in England on sick leave, re-covering from an attack of trench fever. Sir Charles has been doing his bit at the front since April last. Lady Tupper is now with him.

An Austrian submarine has been torpedoed by a French warship, ac-cording to a Central News despatch from Corfu. Floating oil on the water near the place of attack confirms the submarine's destruction, the despatch adds.

#### RETAIL MEN.

#### Dominion Board Adopts Contract Selling Plan.

Winnipeg, Report.—Commercial pre-peredness was the keynote of the de-liberations of the Dominion Board of the Retail Merchants' Association of Can-ada yesterday, which closed its annual convention here to-day. What is held by the Executive officers

as being the outstanding feature of the day's activities was a "get-together" meeting of retailers, creditmen, salers and manufacturers, which neld last night.

A joint committee was appointed to

the mistakes of others.

A joint committee was appointed to which all matters pertaining to legislation affecting all parties concerned will be referred.

During the day the Dominion Board adopted a contract selling plan, which marks a new era in the retail trade of Canada. If the plan proves successful it will be carried out on a broad scale, and by this all "price cutting" will be eliminated. It is doubtful it even the man who refers home-made things would rather profits by his own mistakes than by

#### A DEADLOCK.

#### Great Railway Strike in U. S. Not Yet Averted.

New York Report.-"A deadlock on the face of it, was the way Judge Martin A. Knapp, Chairman of the United States Board of Mediation and Conciliation, to-night described the railways and their 400,000 union employees together and avert an nationwide strike.

"Whether we can change this condi-tion," he continued, "lies in the bosom of the future. Further meetings will be held, but whether we will next meet the men or the managers, I can-not now say."

not now say."

"Will you get in touch with President Wilson at once?" he was asked.

"That is not in present contemplation," Judge Knapp replied.

Judge Knapp refused to discuss the mediation problem farther, except to say that the board, including G. W. W. Hanger and Judge William L. Chambers, would thrash out their difficulties themselves.

To-morrow morning, he admitted, the board would probably call in one of the two would probably call in one of the two sides for a fourth effort at media-

Neither A. B. Garretson, President of the Order of Railway Conductors and spokesman for the "big four" bro-therhoods, nor Elisha Lee, chairman of the Railway Managers' Conference

Committee, would talk.

The Board of Mediation may be able to persuade both sides to accept arbitration in which each would choose to arbitrators, with these four to choose two more and thus sit as indeed in the cess. Failing arbitration judges in the case. Failing arbitration and a possible settlement through the mediators themselves, only action by President Wilson can avert a nation

# WELCOME THE

Gorizia Citizens Overjoyed at Their Deliverance.

#### Furious Fight Raged Till Last Moment.

Paris, Aug. . .- "Entering Gorizia by the Via Leone, the sight that meets the eye is most striking," telegraphs the Petit Parisien's correspondent on the Isonzo front. "It was here that a furious battle was fought for possession of the city. The houses are nalf destroyed by shells or riddled with bullets. The ground is strewn with bodies, uniforms, helmets and rifles. The artillery duel can-tinued above our heads, and enemy aeroplanes whirled across the sky, shot at by our gunners, while in the distance could be heard the furious clacking of machine guns.

"The spectacle before us was superb. Over an iron bridge our bat-teries passed at a trot. The Austrian artillery sent towards them whirlwinds of shells, the smoke from which completely blotted out our columns from time to time. When the smoke blew away one could see the batteries still prooceeding on their triumphant way. The men of the line regiments yelled, wept and clapped their hands in their enthusiasm. Some of the gunners fell wounded, but the bridge was passed, and our guns began to

get near the enemy.

"As soon as one passed the first house and got into the city, the aspect of things changed completely. Normal life was resuming its course, and if it had not been for the echoes of the struggle one would not have known that a battle was in progress nearby. In the Carso one of the principal streets, a big cafe was open, filled with officers, soldiers and civ-ilians, the troops and citizens fraternizing freely, in their joy over the Italian entry into the city. Our flags floated from the windows of all the "The population has almost all re

turned, for it had not fled. The Aus trians forced the inhabitants to leave the city itself but they remained scattered throughout the environs of the place, awaiting the retreat of the enemy to make their way back."

#### HUN GAME ENDED.

#### Conditions in Persia Satisfactory to Allies.

London Cable. The general con dition of affairs in Persia has re cently shown a decided improvement. said Lord Robert Cecil, Minister of War Trade and Parliamentary Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, in the Liouse of Commons to-day. The ar-rest or dispersal of most of the German parties and agents in the country, he added, gave good reason for hoping that the improvement would be main

Lord Robert said he hoped that arrangements on financial and other questions would shortly be arrived at with the Persian Government, Anglo Indian officers would be engaged in officering gendarmes in Southern

#### INDUSTRY FOR BRANTFORD.

Brantford, Report.—Another big industry, the Dominion Steel Products Company, Limited, is now practically assured for Brantford. The City Council, as a special meeting to-day, granted the company a fixed assessment of \$10,000, to run fourteen years. They will locate in Holmedale, where options have been secured on suitable available property. The end of Read Street runs through this property, and this will like ly be coused up, as council gave two readings to a by-law to close it.

## **STANISLAU** IS IN RANGE OF RUSS GUNS

Gen. Letchitzky Starts New Offensive North of the Dniester.

### **VON BOTHMER'S FIX**

#### His Forces Confront a New Peril—Lemberg to be Given Up?

London Cable.—A Budapest despatch to the Morning Post says that in order to calm the population in Galicia General Bardoloff, who is General Count von Bothmer's Chief of Staff, has issued a statement through the newspaper correspondents attached to the Austro-German Headquarters, that Lemberg "is not immediately menaced" by the Russians, and that whenever Lemberg is menaced the army authorities will take proper steps to care for the civilians.

The General conveyed the impression to the correspondents, according to this despatch, that the exacuation of Lemberg was not very distant.

London, Aug. 10.-A despach from

Perograd says: The town of Stanislau in Galicia is already within the range of the Russian guns. The Russian General Letchitzky, losing no time in follow-road, and in the latter direction has pushed westward along the railroad and northwestward along the wagon road, and in the latter direction has approached to within six miles of Stanislau. Simultaneously he has the nounced a drive across the Koropice River and the formation of a new of advance north of the Dniester.

Hitherto General Count von Both-mer had enjoyed more or less protection for his right on the Tarnopol position from the flooded Dniester. The appearance of an offensive north of the Dniester which has already carried the Russians as far west as the crossing of the railroad at Nizni-off, twenty miles east of Stanislau, injects an entirely new element into the situation. With Monasterzyski the situation. With Monasterzyski seriously flanked, General von Bothmer finds himself with General Letchitzsky in the rear of his advanced position along the Strypa and in close touch. The Austrians are evicently strying to stem this new advanced.

dently striving to stem this new addentify striving to stem this new advance by desperate counter-attacks in which the troops engage in hand-to-had encounters, but apparently with the net result always favoring the Russians. 15,000 PRISONERS IN TEN DAYS.

The totalling of General Letch-itzky's prisoners during the ten days' operations shows that he has taken upwards of 15,000, and it is estimated that 10,000 more men were put out of commission. This would bring the grand total of prisoners to General Brusiloff's credit since early in June

The Russian Emperor has presented The Russian Emperor has presented to Gen. A. A. Brusiloff a sword of honor of the Order of St. George, ornamented with diamonds, for his victories over the Austrians and Germans in Galicia and Volhynia, says a Reuter despatch from Petrograd.

The Russian night statement fol-

"On the River Sereth, between the villages of Metenizce and Nosovce fierce fighting is going on, the Austrians and Germans making a series of counter-attacks against the woods we occupy in the foreground of these villages. Up to now we have captured 20 officers and 1,300 men.

Monasterzyski-Niznioff Railway line our troops have made some progress in a westerly direction, and have forded the River Zlota Lipa at some points, as the bridges over the stream have all been destroyed." The day statement follows:

"Our troops, who have occupied the right bank of the River Koropice ir developing their success, have reached the Monasterzyski-Niznioff Railway, and advanced to the mouth of the Zlota Lapa River.
"In the region of Tysmienica our

brave troops, following hard upon the heels of the retreating enemy, continue their movement to the north and to the west, having occupied in a westerly direction the right lank of the right lank. of the river near Stricy-Nadvornaskol. On the Nadvorna-Stanislau line we aptured the joint railway station of Kryplin. All the bridges over the river have been blown up by the

enemy.
"In the region of Vorocht and the Rivers Bialy Cheremosh and Sushava cur troops made an advance of sev-

eral versts.
"On the Baltic Sea on Apg. 8 an acrial fight took place between two of our deroplanes and three enemy scapianes. Our Lieut. Garkoyenko, drawing near an enemy machine, fired at it with his machine gun, and forced the German to land on the We suffered no losses or

#### C.P.R. SHOP MEN GET RAISE.

Winnipeg, Report.— An agreement has been under consideration since June 15 has been concluded between representatives of the shop men of the C.P.R. and oficials concerned or a general increase in wages, which will apply on all of the three divisions from Fort William to the coast. Conditions of work and other points in connection with the operation of the railway shops are covered in the agreement.

Wife-I must send these back, Hubby-What's the matter, don't they fit you? Wife—Yes, perfectly but I ordered a size smaller.—Judge.