umber of bricks 2. Where judgment is regis- gage thereon for a balance of ured upon the of which might ge part of the tee against the contract, the vendor is not ene was held void. v. Beard, 380.

Galt v. Bush, 360.

3. If a vendor conveys land to a purchaser under an agreement that he will execute a mortgage to secure the purchase money, which agreement the vendor neglects to register; and judgments are subsequently registered against the purchaser, they will prevail over the agreement. Semble.-Ib.

4. The vendor of lands having taken a mortgage upon them for the purchase money, accepted from the purchaser a transfer of other lands, the price of which he endorsed on the mortgage; and the lands so transferred being subject to incumbrances, the vendor took from the purchasers their bond to discharge them, which having failed to do, the vendor was held entitled to claim under his mortgage against the lands sold by him, the amount of the incumbrances so left unpaid: the rights of no third party having in the meantime intervened.

Maulson v. Moore, 448.

VENDOR'S LIEN.

1. A purchaser of real estate executed to his creditor a mort-

tered against the vendee of lands unpaid purchase money, but prior to the conveyances being which was not registered until executed in pursuance of the after a judgment recovered against the purchaser had been titled to a rescission of the con- recovered and registered. Held, tract in default of payment, but that the judgment had priority may obtain a decree of foreclosure to the mortgage, although the deed to the purchaser had never been registered; and that under such circumstances the vendor . did not retain any lien for the unpaid purchase money.

WAY.

Burgess v. Howell, 37.

2. The lien of a vendor for unpaid purchase money is not waived by the fact of his suing and recovering judgment for the amount, although such recovery is subsequent to another judgment registered against the purchaser.

Flint v. Smith, 339.

See also "Vendor and purchaser," 4.

WAIVER OF TITLE.

Writing a letter apologising for non-payment of purchase money; accepting a release of dower from a person whose title is identical; or, giving a mortgage to secure the payment of the purchase money, are circumstances indicating that the title of the vendor is approved of.

McDonald v. Garrett, 290.

WAY.

(OF NECESSITY TO GRANTEE OVER LAND OF GRANTOR.) See "Right of Way." GRANT VIII.

ey and Client."

nce," 1.

Purchaser," 4.

Y. age," 7.

URCHASER.

d was bought vith a view to thereof into selling the ; for greater ie legal estate of them as r the several Subsequently sold out his yment notes vendee and her persons. lecree of the , that the er such cirany lien for remaining

oie, (in ap-