POOR DOCUMENT

MC 2033

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TRANSVAAL INCIDENT AFFECTS WALL STREET BUT SLIGHTLY,

As the Far-seeing Operators Believe There Will Be No War, But That President Kreger Will Come Down With the Requisite Concessions.

NEW YORK, Sept. 2—Conditions on the stock exchange show little change from our last advices. Some hesitation was produced by the unsettling effect of the Transvaal difficulties upon the London market; but as the best opinion inclines to the belief that there will be no war and that President Kruger will ultimately make concessions, no serious injury to confidence followed. This market is of course sensitive to foreign affairs and must always remain so in these days of close commercial and financial independence; yet were war to happen between England and the Transvaal it would find this country far better able to take care of its finances than usual; and no one anticipates that any flood of American securities could be returned to us, for the simple reason that the available supply over there has been so greatly reduced by shipments to the United States during the last two or three years. Any important declines in London would bring out eager buying on this side of the Atlantic.

The general tone of the local market continues good. Confidence in a broader and more active market during the autumn is almost universal. This, of course, is based upon the extraordinary wave of prosperity which extends over the whole country, and which as yet shows no signs of having spent its force. The iron and kindred industries are making a wonderful record; our whole history fails to show a parallel. Raw materials, such as pig iron, copper and tin, show advances from lowest prices of from 56 to 100 per cent. Finished products, of course, show no rise; but in many instances price is a secondary condition with buyers; delivery being the main want. So far, high prices do not seem to have checked business, and there has been a remarkable absence of speculative buying. Later on these conditions must check purchases and defer repairs, improvements and new enterprises until values recede to a normal basis; but this stage of affairs has not yet been reached. Until it approaches we are not likely to witness any important recession in the stock market.

Railroad earnings continue making satisfactory gains, giving rise to all sorts of hopes regarding increased dividends. Some of these are likely to meet with disappointment; for the present conditions mean increased costs in operating that will materially modify unreasonable expectations. A little skepticism regarding dividend rumors will do no harm. Some of the best railroad stocks are held at prices that offer slight chances for further profits. As already intimated in these advices, however, there are a number of low-priced issues of reorganized properties which had been more or less neglected and which must show large appreciation as they approach from a non-dividend to dividend paying basis.

The market is likely to have the support of big operators for some weeks to come; and as these return from summer resorts dealings will be resumed with greater activity. Comparatively little attention is being paid to crop reports. It is certain, however, that we shall have sufficient wheat and corn for home and foreign wants; and that our farmers will obtain reasonably good prices for their crops. Prosperity is shining upon the fields of the west as well as upon the mills of the east.

This Saturday's bank statement is not likely to be a good one, nor is there likely to be any increase in the bank reserves during the month of September, for the reason that it is the principal crop moving month of the year, and money, therefore, is more liable to be drawn from this centre than returned to it from the various sections of the country. What will make the bank statement worse than otherwise is the payment which was made to the government by the City Bank for the purchase of the custom house, the amount being $3 265,000. The small surplus reserve of the banks at this season of the year, when the natural current is against this money centre, is of course a reason for conservatism, and should be a wholesome check against excessive buying on borrowed money, and this is calculated to dwarf the business of the "street" for the next two or three weeks at least. I therefore advocate quick in-and-out transactions, as temporary higher rates for money may be used at any time to force lower prices.

Books and Reading.

Ruskin's present manner of life at Brantwood, with the fire burning low and failing fast, is described by a correspondent of the London Daily News. It is the life of an old and feeble man, past eighty, whose mind as well as body has been weakened by age:

Mr. Ruskin's day begins about half-past nine or ten o'clock. After breakfast he sits and rests in his own room, sitting by the window when the morning is warm and the prospect is fair. Mr. and Mrs. Severn still live with him, and they, with their five children, complete the household. Mrs. Severn reads all Mr. Ruskin's correspondence, and may be said to act as his private secretary. Mr. W. G. Collingwood, who wrote his 'Life,' lives at Lane Head, a house on the same side of the lake as Brantwood. He is a frequent visitor, and often advises Mrs. Severn on matters arising out of the correspondence.

About eleven o'clock Mr. Ruskin is taken out in the bath-chair by his valet. This takes the place of the morning walk, which he used to enjoy so much, and which was only abandoned about a year ago. The route taken is invariably the same. From the lodge gate the road runs to within about a hundred yards of the lake, and it is along this that the bath-chair is wheeled. As a rule, some one has come out from the village to obtain a glimpse of the invalid. The hour when Mr. Ruskin may be expected on fine days is well known to the villagers, and tourists and pilgrims, taking advantage of the information, post themselves along the road at points where they hope to have their desire gratified. As Mr. Ruskin passes they lift their hats. Sometimes one of their number will make bold to voice the sentiments of all, and offer their respectful greetings to the master. Mr. Ruskin invariably returns these greetings with courtesy.

If the day is very fine and warm, and he feels tempted to stay outside awhile, Mr. Ruskin is taken to his favorite place of retreat. This is a seat which he himself had constructed on the shore of the lake. It is on a slight eminence, in a little cove or bay, and commands an extensive prospect. Looking north, over the lake, Helvellyn is plainly discernible, unless the clouds are resting their laboring bosoms upon its lofty summit. To the south, a jutting point just shuts out the view of Fir Island, but, looking straight across this point, the only other island on the lake, named Peel Island, is seen with great distinctness. Mr. Ruskin has enjoyed the view from this seat times without number. When he was able to walk it was his favorite retreat. Now that he has to be wheeled to it and lifted in and out of his chair he loves it as much as ever. It is still the fairest spot round Coniston, and the view it affords is still the finest of all views in Mr. Ruskin's eyes.

After luncheon Mr. Ruskin may take a second short ride in his chair, or he may sit out on the lawn for a short time. Otherwise he will stay in his own room until dinner-time, dozing or being read to by Mrs. Severn or his valet, Baxter, who has been his body-attendant these 20 years or more. The daily papers are read to him, and he still manifests an interest in topics of the time. Beyond this he has no other form of relaxation. He used to play chess with Mrs. Severn and other members of the household, but he abandoned the game some time ago. He dines alone in his own room about 8 o'clock. An hour later he seeks his couch.

CRUEL FRENCH OFFICERS.

TWO OF THEM WERE GUILTY OF BARBARIOUS ATROCITIES

In the French Soudan—They Behead Natives, Burn Large Towns and Execute Their Own Men Without Trial—Officers Sent to Relieve Them Also Killed.

PARIS, Sept. 1—The Matin today publishes details of the investigation into the conduct of Captain Voulet and Captain Chanoine, charged with barbarious cruelties to the natives in the French Soudan, which led to the sending of an expedition, under Liet. Colonel Klobe, after them. According to the paper the two officers mentioned, who were in command of a column of troops, began their work of barbarity by beheading a native, who had declared he did not know a road about which he was questioned. Subsequently, it is declared, Voulet captured 80 natives, of whom he killed 20 of the women and children, shot a soldier and burned a village of ten thousand inhabitants. Chanoine, it is added, shot two of his men without trial, for not pursuing a native who had wounded a soldier. He also burned a village, and having lost six men in an engagement, rushed a village and captured 20 of the inhabitants, of which number he killed ten, placing their heads on pickets. It is further charged that Chanoine allowed his men to mutilate the bodies of the natives, who were killed, by cutting off their hands.

All these facts, according to the Matin, occurred in January last.

A despatch to the Associated Press from Paris, August 20, said intelligence had been received from the Soudan indicating that Lieut.-Col. Klobe and Lieut. Meunier, who were sent to take command of a column of troops there, had been assassinated. They had been sent out to replace Capt. Voulet and Capt. Chanoine, who were recalled for cruelly maltreating the natives.

Chatham News.

CHATHAM, Sept. 1—Mr. Henry Morris had his foot badly injured on Friday by a gangway in Richards' mill falling upon it

The annual Harvest Home, under the auspices of St. Andrew's church, was held at Gilead Grove, Napan, on Wednesday. It was well patronized and the cash receipts were large.

Rev. Mother Cleophas of Bermuda, and Sisters of Martina, and Mary Vincent are guests at Hotel Diew. Mother Cleophas was formerly Miss Connors of Chatham, and Sister Mary Vincent is a sister of His Lordship Bishop Rogers.

A Death at Norton.

NORTON, Aug. 31—Mrs. M. A. Humphrey, who has been suffering from the effects of having a cancer removed, died at the residence of her brother, T. B. Bassett, this afternoon. The funeral will take place from the residence of her brother on Saturday at 2 p. m. Her remains will be interred in the old River burying ground.

Before. After.

Wood's Phosphodine,

The Great English Remedy.

Sold and recommended by all druggists in Canada. Only reliable medicine discovered. *Six packages guaranteed* to cure all forms of Sexual Weakness, all effects of abuse or excess, Mental Worry, Excessive use of Tobacco, Opium or Stimulants. Mailed on receipt of price, one package $1, six, $5. *One will please, six will cure.* Pamphlets free to any address.

The Wood Company, Windsor, Ont.

Sold in St. John by responsible druggists and in W. C. Wilson's, St. John West.

R. M. C. A.

THE CONVENTION BROUGHT TO AN END LAST SUNDAY.

Well Attended and Interesting Meetings Were Held Saturday and Sunday—The Delegates Yesterday Assisted in the Services in Many City Churches.

The R. M. C. A. convention met at 6.30 o'clock Saturday morning, when a sunrise prayer meeting was conducted by Mr. John Kennedy, of Truro.

At 9.30 a devotional half hour was led by Mr. Alfred Stevens, of Truro. About 75 were present and derived much spiritual benefit.

The convention proper opened at 10 o'clock, President Devereaux in the chair. The delegates were almost all present.

Mr. G. H. McKinlay, of Halifax, read a forcible and carefully prepared paper on the question: "Can our work be extended to other lines of road in the maritime provinces and how?" There was evidently no question in Mr. McKinlay's mind as to whether the work could be extended or not. Taking as an illustration the construction and extension of a railroad, he showed how by careful organization, financing, and by prayer and faith the work could be spread to greater spheres of work. One of the best ways to extend the work was to solicit aid from railway men not associated with the R. M. C. A., and thus to interest them in the work.

A lively and interesting discussion followed, which was participated in by Messrs. Upham, Morrison, Ellis, of Truro, J. McPherson, of P. E. I., J. Kennedy, of Truro; W. Kingston, of St. John; W. Dickson, of Truro; J. Gass, of Shubenacadie, and others.

It was moved by Mr. Ellis, seconded by Mr. Jno Kennedy, that Mr. McKinlay's paper be referred to the executive committee. The motion was carried.

Mr. W. Ellis, of Truro, then introduced his subject, Our System of Securing Support; Its Errors and How to Remedy Them.

One of the chief errors, Mr. Ellis pointed out, was lack of interest on the part of those who have the work in hand. Everybody's business was nobody's business. Then another confusing feature was that the year was cut up. It must commence and end at some proper date. At the present time it is very unsatisfactory. He suggested that the association pay a man to go over the railway systems and collect contributions and pledges toward the travelling secretary's salary. A fault with people who pledge amounts is that they were very slack in paying up. This hampers the treasurer, who should have a good balance in hand to meet all obligations, especially the travelling secretary's salary. People will not believe in their Christianity if they did not pay their bills.

The paper was discussed at some length and much favorable and unfavorable opinion was expressed as to the extent to which the question of finance was being brought into the meetings of the convention. The delegates generally spoke on this subject, which occupied the remainder of the session. The discussion was resumed after the delegates returned from their excursion to Westfield.

The excursion train left the Union depot at 1.30 p. m. with a large number of the railway men and their friends on board. The train was put at the disposal of the convention by the C. P. R., whose courtesy was much appreciated.

The evening meeting was opened by a service of song, led by Mr. J. E. Brittain, and addresses were delivered on "The Delights of Bible Study" and "The World Wide Awake." The meeting was well attended.

At 9.30 a. m. on Sunday a consecration service was held at Zion's church, led by Mr. McLellan of Sydney.

At 3 30 p. m. an open air meeting was held at the foot of Garden street hill, and Mr. John Kennedy, of Truro, conducted the service.

At 4 o'clock there was a large attendance of men at Zion's church when R. v. A. L. Giggie made an excellent address. A meeting for women was held in Stanley street hall and was largely attended. Mrs. Gunn, of Belmont, N. S., and Mrs. Upham, of Halifax, conducted the service.

In Fairville Methodist church Sunday afternoon Mr. J. J. Chappell, of Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Mr. Stevens, of Truro, preached. At Milledgeville Mr. Devereaux, of Campbellton, and Mr. Wilson, of Truro, conducted services.

Mr. Morrison conducted a service at Brookville and Mr. Devereaux was at the Seaman's Mission. A number of the city churches were also filled yesterday by delegates to the convention.

Last Sunday at St. David's church there was a large congregation. The sermon to railroad men was ably preached by Rev. A. L. Geggie. At 8 o'clock a farewell service was held. The singing was led by a quartette composed of Messrs. Brittain, Wilson, Stevens and Gass, delegates to the convention.

Stirring addresses were delivered by Mr. J. Devereaux, president of the convention; Mr. C. Upham, traveling secretary; Mr. Morrison, secretary R. M. C. A., Montreal, and Mr. Wm. Ellis, of Truro. The delegates will return home today.

INFANTICIDE.

The Body of a Strangled Child Found in Rockwood Park.

The police were stirred up Saturday afternoon by a discovery at Rockwood Park. The body of an infant was found covered with a piece of wearing apparel, while tightly wound round the child's neck was a piece of cloth, with which there is every appearance that infanticide had been committed.

About 3 o'clock a Mr. Bridgdon, of Toronto, who is visiting at Mr. C. W. Bell's, Hazen street, was out for a stroll in the park, accompanied by Mr. Walker Bell. He made the discovery of the child's body by some bushes at that part of the park near the Gilbert Lane entrance, between the road and the embankment. They looked up Mr. Henry, the park keeper, and then the news of discovery was telephoned in to Dr. Berryman.

Accompanied by Police Officer Burchill, Coroner Berryman went to the park and viewed the body. He had it placed in a box and taken to the dead house. Dr. Berryman informed Coroner Walker, who took charge of the case, it being in his district. The police went to work and Detective Ring, Capt. Jenkins and Capt. Hastings went out to the park.

There is little to work upon. The child is a male, large and fully developed. The body, as found, was covered with two portions of a white underskirt. The cloth tied round its throat is brown silesia, a narrow strip, the knot is a single one and leaves two ends of the cloth hanging. There were no signs of decomposition, and from all evidences it is concluded that the child was born sometime Friday night in the park close by where its body was left after life had been shut out by strangulation.

Coroner Walker has not decided on his course yet, but a post-mortem examination will probably be the first step.

AN AWFUL TRICK.

A Sailor Cuts the Thumb from a Six Year Old Boy.

Louis, the six year old son of Mr. Louis Lechaine, of 220 Sydney street, was the victim Saturday night of a shocking piece of cruelty. His parents went out for a short time after the evening meal, leaving the boy and his two sisters at home. The little fellow, about 7.45 o'clock, was sitting at the window which looks on Sydney street, amusing himself with a long piece of string. This he would let out of the partially open window till it touched the ground and would then draw it up, winding it about his left hand. He would unwind it again and repeat. He was passing the time thus when, the string being near the ground, there was a sudden jerk from below. The twine was then wound about the little fellow's thumb just at the joint. There was force to the pull and the string cut into the flesh.

The pain, and the sight of blood which spurted over the little fellow's hand, caused the boy to cry in agony. His sister, who is 12 years old, saw three men below the window, one having the end of the string. She called out to let go, that the boy was injured by what had been done, but the despicable wretch pulled the string twice more, the final wrench cutting the top of the thumb completely off at the joint. There are marks on the window sill showing where the twine as it was pulled cut into the woodwork.

The cries of the lad had attracted some of the neighbors and one woman, running out of her house, collided with one of the three men, who were proceeding up Sydney street. The boy was cared for by neighbors until Mrs. Lechaine returned. She and her husband had been at the market and he had stopped at a grocery store on their way home. When he came, he carried the boy to James McKinney's drug store, and then to Dr. Daniels. The physician had to cut off a small portion more of the thumb in order to properly dress it. The boy stood his sufferings manfully. The piece of his thumb torn off by the string was found under the window.

It is unfortunate that no one appears to have taken sufficient notice of the three men as to be of material assistance to the police in running them down. The best that could be learned was that they were apparently seamen, wearing sailors' caps. Some say they were under the influence of liquor. One was shorter than his companions, and it is said he it was who pulled the string. It is hoped they will be discovered.

The Letter Carriers' Convention.

HALIFAX, Sept. 1.—The Letter Carriers' convention, which opened here yesterday, was resumed this morning. Several important changes were made in the constitution. The office of treasurer was abolished, and hereafter the secretary will perform the treasurer's duties. The age limit for joining was increased from 45 to 50 years, to take effect Dec. 31st. This afternoon the following officers were elected: Past president, Edw Roleton, Hamilton, Ontario; president, J J O'Donnell, Halifax; vice-president, H Chamberlain, Ottawa; 2nd vice-president, Thos Quinn, Toronto; 3rd vice-president, R Wilkinson, Quebec; 4th vice-president, M J Theakston, Halifax; 6th vice-president, H T Bush, Winnipeg; secretary-treasurer, A McMordie, Toronto. The convention finished its business this evening. Ottawa was decided upon as the next place of meeting.

"I reckon the most useless man in this world," said Uncle Allen Sparks, "is the fellow who has played just enough lawn tennis to spoil him for a harvest hand." —[Chicago Tribune.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

For Bilious and Nervous Disorders, such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Fulness and Swelling after meals, Dizziness and Drowsiness, Cold Chills, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations, etc. These ailments all arise from a disordered or abused condition of the stomach and liver.

Beecham's Pills, taken as directed, will quickly restore Females to complete health. They promptly remove any obstruction or irregularity of the system. For a

Weak Stomach, Impaired Digestion, Sick Headache, Disordered Liver, etc.,

they act like magic—a few doses will work wonders upon the Vital Organs; Strengthening the Muscular System, restoring the long-lost Complexion, bringing back the keen edge of Appetite, and arousing with the ***Rosebud of Health the whole physical energy*** of the human frame. For throwing off fevers they are specially renowned. These are "facts" admitted by thousands, in all classes of society, and one of the best guarantees to the Nervous and Debilitated is that ***Beecham's Pills have the Largest Sale of any Patent Medicine in the World. This has been achieved without the publication of testimonials, the fact being that Beecham's Pills recommend themselves.***

Beecham's Pills have for many years been the popular family medicine wherever the English language is spoken, and they now stand without a rival.

25 Cents at all Druggists.

Annual sale 6,000,000 boxes.

FIRST SERMON.

THE REV. J. A. RICHARDSON PREACHED IN TRINITY SUNDAY

At Both Services to Very Large Congregations—A Report of the Morning Sermon, which was a Brilliant Effort, both Logical and Eloquent.

Rev. J. A. Richardson preached his first sermon as rector of Trinity church Sunday morning. He conducted and preached at both services. The congregation in the morning was very large and none but must have been impressed with the young rector. He preached a most eloquent sermon in clear pleasing tones and with the most distinct enunciation. It was a pleasure to listen. His text was from the 16th chapter of Paul's Epistle to the Romans, 24th verse: "The grace of our Lord Jesus Christ be with you all, amen."

There were certain words and sayings, he said, which became perhaps bereft of their magnificence and force on account of our familiarity with them. From being accustomed to them we did not to an adequate extent appreciate the full meaning underlying them. We listened to and sang the beautiful words of the national anthem somewhat in this way. So, too, we were accustomed to hear at our services the benediction, "The grace of our Lord Jesus Christ be with you," and did so in vague, unmeaning sort of way, witho a realizing the full meaning it conveys. But to Paul he was sure they were deeply fragrant with force and power and this was evidenced by the frequency with which they appear in his writings. No less than seven times do they appear in his epistles and he closes his last message to the church with words of exactly similar import.

The preacher contrasted the present age with that when Rome was the power dominating the world, and asked his hearers to realize something of the change. Looking back, he saw cruelty, shame, oppression, lust and pride under Rome's name and now over the world Jesus Christ ruled and war has given way to peace and where was the realm of satan now bears the banner of the Saviour, proclaiming lasting peace and righteousness. This could only be accounted for by saying that the grace of the Lord Jesus Christ had come to the world.

So also in our own lives. If he were to tear back the veil and reveal the history of this church, where anything had been effected resulting in blessing had been accomplished by the grace of the Lord. Were he to dare look forward as he stood for the first time speaking as rector of Trinity, he would find that only as he looked to the grace of the Lord Jesus Christ, would anything be effected worthy of perpetuation. He told of Paul's realization of his call by God, and prayed that the grace of God's call be in the heart of every one of his hearers. Was it their experience, looking about, to fail discern His voice. Understand it plainly, said he. God reveals himself to us in our recreations, in our business, in church, through the voice of nature, through the voice of mother church bringing the words of some preacher for righteousness, and so through the voice of sorrow. We stand by the grave of a friend and gaze into the future to the brightness beyond. There God's call enters. So, too, on the last day of our lives as waning faces and forms grow fainter; at the last dread moment God is calling us, and even this morning as he bid them look to the Lord Jesus Christ, to look to the consequences of sin and the torments of hell, they could hear the voice of God "My child, come home." Everywhere God was calling us to Himself.

For our soul's salvation, however, more than God's call was needed. There was also the grace of God's forgiveness. The story of the cross was an old, old one, but the story of the life and passion of Jesus Christ was the sum and substance of the whole gospel He came to reveal. The grace of forgiveness was instantaneous. Repent and, in that instant, the grace of God's forgiveness comes, and the soul is even then redeemed. The instant the penitent cry is heard, the answering cry comes, "My son, be of good faith, thy sin is forgiven thee."

Secondly the grace of forgiveness is a complete act. God forgives and never recalls it. There may be more sins requiring more forgiveness, but the sins washed in Christ's blood are sins no more. Thirdly, this grace is bestowed on us in answer to our faith. How familiar is the word and yet how unfamiliar is its meaning.

It is illustrated in an attitude of confidence towards God and the translation of that attitude into our every day life. We sing credo and we should do so putting full trust in God. It was possible for all. Did we not know that God is great, that Jesus Christ came to die for our sins, and do we not know enough to lay the safety of our souls in His hands, in whom our safety is assured? Our faith must contain the ingredients of every day life. We say the creed at service on Sunday. On Monday we should show this is a reality and should live out our faith.

The preacher said Paul also must have meant the grace of God's service. It was a great thing to realize the grace of God's call and God's forgiveness, but not till we realize the grace of His service do we understand the essential richness of the soul. Has it seemed to any that in a life full of material things the service of God is an impossibility? Is it so with a man of business! A priest's life in the shadow of the holy temple is not always necessarily the service of God, and a man of business, filled with the cares thereof, does not always fail in God's service. This service is imperceptible and is not determined by the nature of man's work, but by the spirit with which he undertakes it. Name a lawyer, a doctor or a priest. It could not be told if they were serving God. Only by the inner life could this be known. God can be served just as truly by living out the gospel of Jesus Christ and trying to interpret it into daily life, as by preaching the gospel.

He prayed the grace of God's call would be with all. He calls with love and bids us come home. Ere the echos die away we should answer "Father, I come!" He also prayed that the grace of forgiving love would be with his congregation, that they would realize its boundless character, and also realize the grace of God's service not merely by outward appreciation of the church and its grand service but as the main stay of life. What better prayer could he pray with his congregation than "May the Grace of our Lord Jesus Christ be with you." Might it be their prayer and his and, by that grace might they work hand in hand in the harmony and peace of Christian love for the upbuilding of Christ; the strengthening of our souls, and for the pleasing of God who has so blessed us in the past.

Soak the hands thoroughly, on retiring, in a HOT lather of CUTICURA SOAP, the most effective skin purifying soap, as well as purest and sweetest for toilet, bath, and nursery. Dry, anoint freely with CUTICURA Ointment, the great skin cure and purest of emollients. Wear old gloves during night. For sore hands, itching, burning palms and painful finger ends, this *one night treatment* is wonderful.

Sold throughout the world. POTTER D. AND C. CORP., Props., Boston. "How to have Beautiful Hands," free.

FOR BELLEISLE.

Steamer Springfield

having been rebuilt under the supervision of the most practical government inspectors, will leave North End, Indiantown, every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 12 o'clock, local time, until further notice, for the BLUE WATERS of the BELLEISLE, scenery unsurpassed, calling at the intermediate points on the river and Belleisle, returning on alternate days at 1 p. m. Freight and fare low as usual. Good accommodation. Meals at all hours. Waiters in attendance and a good time may be expected.

All orders attended to with promptness. Thanking our patrons for past patronage and hoping for a continuance of the same.

J. G. DOWNEY, Manager.

P.S.—Excursion through tickets are issued on Saturdays, good to return until Wednesday following.

No other Man

in New Brunswick can claim the honor of starting so many young men on successful careers as the Principal of the St. John Business College. Almost every clerical position here, worth having, is held by his graduates.—Daily Telegraph.

Catalogues containing terms, courses of tudy, etc., mailed to any address.

Now is the Time to Enter.

S. KERR & SON.

DOMINION REGISTRATION

Endorsed by Medical Association—What Would Result—Dr. G. A. B. Addy Chosen Secretary for This Province.

TORONTO, Sept. 1—The Dominion Medical Association today elected these officers: President, R W Powell, Ottawa; vice-presidents—P E Island, S R Jenkins; Nova Scotia, W J Putnam; New Brunswick, Dr Myers; Quebec, A Marsallais; Ontario, A Jukes Johnson; Manitoba, W J Neilson; Northwest Territories, Hugh Bain; British Columbia, O M Jones; local secretaries—P E Island, H J W Johnston; Nova Scotia, G M Campbell; New Brunswick, G A B Addy; general secretary, F N G Starr, Toronto; treasurer, H B Small, Ottawa.

It was decided to hold next year's meeting in Ottawa. The association indorsed a scheme presented by Dr. Roddick, of Montreal, providing for dominion registration. Parliament will be asked to create a dominion council consisting of three representatives from each province, and this council will set the qualification entitling holders to dominion registration. The standard so set may or may not be accepted by the provinces, but it is believed the result would speedily be uniform qualification throughout the dominion, permitting physicians possessing it to practice in any part of the country.

Tight clothes and indigestion caused red noses.

SKIRT SAVER

S. H. & M.

Bias Brush Edge Skirt Binding

protects the skirt—makes it wear longer—the indestructible brush edge is woven with long and short sides, the velveteen cut on bias is inserted between sides of head, making the famous Natural Skirt-Fitting Curve—no other binding can smoothly fit the skirt, no other is half so handsome, so dressy, so durable—Next time you go shopping ask to see our binding and the best other binding, and you'll see the difference, and you'll also be convinced that velveteens cut from the piece are nowhere near suitable. S. H. & M. binding-stock is made exclusively for binding, and is the only binding durable, dressy, handsome and economical.

S. H. & M. is stamped on every yard. If your dealer will not supply you, we will.

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