to the Provincial Government and the Government had helped them. He believed that the Synod should have the privilege of going to the Provincial Government to have the laws enforced.

Dr. John Pringle, of Sydney, called attention to the fact that the representatives of the General Assembly lobbied in Ottawa to get right laws and proper enforcement.

A motion for an immediate vote was put and lost.

At this point the debate became spirited and interruptions were frequent.

Should Not Go To Extremes.

Rev. Mr. Ireland said the question might easily become one of party politics. He did not believe the church should go to extremes. The church should not go too far in dealing with political measures. He believed that moral suasion would cure some of these evils, such as the white slave trade. He said that the clergymen had not courage to speak on social vice, and that it was a cheap and easy way to obtain good by legislation.

Judge Forbes said that no person in the Synod had more experience with the danger of the liquor traffic than himself. He was anxious to see the laws in force. He was afraid they were leaning too much on the arm of the law. They were leaning on a broken reed. They must get down to morality. They must reach the people from the pulpits.

Rev. Dr. Pringle interrupted to say that there was an implication that the people were not being reached from the pulpits; the resolution was merely that they might use all sources of aid.

Lobbying a Disgrace.

Judge Forbes—I am pleased to hear Dr. Pringle, but if we depend upon a lobby at Ottawa, God help the church and people. I say that the statement that there is a lobby is a disgrace!

A voice—"This is unseemly."

The Moderator—"Order! Order! Hear Judge Forbes."

Judge Forbes—"I have a right to speak. We have been calling too long on these brazen gods to help us! The people must be reached individually."

Senator McGregor said he was a strong supporter of law, but he did not believe in putting on others what he could do himself. If the laws were not carried out the people were not behind the municipalities, and the ministers were responsible for the people.

Shouldn't Mix in Politics.

Rev. J. J. McCaskill, who had seconded Dr. Sedgewick's amendment, siad there had been considerable feeling in the court. He did not believe in any lobbying. He did not believe in the church mixing up in politics. They would have to go back to the sentiments and morals of the people for the enforcement of laws. The resolution was a departure from the old way and he hoped it would be withdrawn.

Rev. John Hawley spoke in favor of the resolution.

Rev. A. A. Graham asked if it was for them to vote down what the General Assembly had already approved? He favored the resolution. He believed that the provincial government should be appealed to when the municipal officers failed to enforce the laws. The provincial government had power to enforce the laws in St. John. The government appointed the chief of police. The laws were enforced better in St. John than any other place in New Brunswick.

Dr. Sedgewick's amendment was here put and lost. The recommendation of the committee on moral and social reform was put and carried by a large majority.

The session then adjourned.

Afternoon Session.

At the opening of the afternoon session Rev. Dr. Smith moved his resolution, notice of which was given in the morning and after some discussion, on the suggestion of Dr. Sedgewick it was remitted to the Committee on Bills and Overtures to try and carry out its provisions.

Rev. J. A. Rogers called attention to Rev. Gregor McKay, one of the oldest members of the Synod being present and moved that he be given a seat on the platform.

The motion was carried amid much applause.

Rev. Mr. McKay said he felt very flattered for his reception and gave a brief address in which he referred to the community in which he was born and brought up.

Rev. Mr. Anderson submitted the report of the committee on Sabbath schools. So far as statistics went the schools showed satisfactory progress. The gains of last year had more than made up for the loss during the past seven years. The number of communicants in the Sunday schools had increased by 1106. There were 754 elders engaged in the work.

In seconding the adoption Rev. Mr. Nicholson criticised the work of the ministers. He did not think they were doing their duty in many respects. He had seen things that would be a disgrace to anybody. Each minister should endeavor during the coming year to make an advance along Sabbath school work. The report was adopted.

Young People's Work.

The report of the committee on Young People's Work was read by Rev. Mr. Ramsey. The report showed that the work was not making good progress. He submitted a number of recommendations and moved the adoption of the report.

The motion was seconded by the Rev. H. J. Fraser, of Loggieville. He said he would hesitate to say that the outlook was encouraging or very bright and gave the reasons for this state of affairs. In conclusion he asked for the pastors' tolerance and sympathy in the work.

Rev. James Fitzpatrick read the following resolution on the coming jubilee of Rev. Dr. Sedgewick, senior clerk: Whereas the Rev. Dr. Sedgewick will attain his jubilee in the ministry before the next meeting of the Synod and whereas the Presbytery of Wallace have appointed a committee to perfect arrangements for the proper celebration of this event, therefore resolved that a committee of the Synod be appointed to co-operate with the Presbytery's committee and to represent the Synod on this important occasion.

Rev. J. A. McKenzie seconded the resolution. Dr. Murray on behalf of the elders also spoke to the motion, which was carried.

Unfinished Business.

The unfinished business of the Moral and Social Reform committee was next taken up. The following section provoked considerable discussion: In view of the great evils that arise from the use of alcohol as a beverage the Synod would respectfully ask the Parliaments, Provincial and Federal, not to provide intoxicating liquors for state functions.

Senator McGregor arose and asked what the section meant.

Judge Forbes wanted to know what evidence they had of the fact intimated in the resolution.

Rev. Charles Grant said Lieut. Governor Fraser of Nova Scotia served liquor at the Government House.

Senator McGregor said there should be moderation not only in drinking but also in making charges. He asked Rev. Mr. Grant if he knew it to be so for a fact.

Rev. Mr. Grant—"Yes."

Senator McGregor—"That is more than I do then."

Rev. Dr. Sedgewick stated that he was very sorry that the Lieut. Governor's name had been mentioned. It was improper he thought. He did not think that they had any right to say what the Governor should do in his own house because his salary was paid by the people. It was right to recommend total abstinence but if the advice was not taken they had no right to compel them. The Governor had a perfect right to have it on his table if he so wished. They should not transfer the church into a temperance society.

Rev. Dr. Grant said the question resolved itself into whether or not the Synod approved of the serving of liquor at Government house.

An Impertinent Intrusion.

Rev. Dr. Pringle agreed with Dr. Sedgewick and Senator McGregor. It was an impertinent intrusion into the private life of the lieutenant governor. Until total abstinence was made a requirement of communion, until the taking of a glass of liquor was made a sin in itself, they had no right to pass on such a matter.

Judge Forbes objected to the statement that because the governor's salary was paid by the Government his household should be controlled.

The section was finally agreed to.

Urging Prohibition.

Sub-section 2 of recommendation 10, which reaffirmed the previous declarations of the Synod in favor of provincial prohibition and which urged the legislatures of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia to place prohibitory legislation upon their statute books, was opposed by Dr. Sedgewick in a very able speech. He had not spoken on the matter before, he said, because to do so was almost to take one's life in one's hand (cries of no, no,) and his statements were apt to be perverted and abused. He had sympathy for almost all the objects of the moral and social reform, but objected to some of the methods. When they were unable to deal with a problem they went to the state and asked them to make it a crime.

Continuing he said he did not believe because the government had adopted a certain course the Synod had a right to say they were wrong. The government was now given over to the evil one but worked through the Divine Spirit. By accepting the recommendation they were constituting themselves a political party in opposition to the Liberal party of Nova Scotia (Cries of no, no).

Dr. Sedgewick read an extract from an article by Rev. Dr. Denney, of Glasgow to the effect that to legislate was to take the sword. Rev. Mr. Grant, he said, had a perfect right to try and displace the government of Nova Scotia, but he should not try to do so in the present court. The church would do its duty best if it would leave the matter of legislation to the place where it belonged.

Congratulated St. John.

Rev. Mr. Grant stated that by licensing the liquor traffic they were making legally right what was morally wrong in practice, because it had failed and had increased crime, drunkenness and corruption. He congratulated the authorities on the way the liquor laws were enforced in St. John. In Halifax the white slave traffic and the liquor traffic were one and the houses of ill fame were supplied by certain liquor houses which the speaker named. It was not true that some had gone into this movement for political reasons.

Rev. Dr. G. B. Calkin was surprised to hear Dr. Sedgewick say they were placing themselves against the Liberal party but if it was so, the worse for that party. The church was merely telling the legislature what their duty was and this was what they should do.

Dr. Sedgewick then moved an amendment in opposition to the sub-section. Although a number wished to speak the moderator put the amendment which was voted down.

The sub-section of the recommendation was then carried.

House of Commons Bar.

Sub-section 4 which stated that notwithstanding the orders of 1906 to abolish the bar of the House of Commons liquor was still sold there and which pressed for a discontinuance of the sale was about to be put when Senator McGregor asked if it was correct that liquor could be obtained in the House of Commons. He knew that liquor was not to be obtained in the Senate and although he was often in the House of Commons he did not know where it would be obtained there.

The section was withdrawn on Senator McGregor's statement.

Recommendation 17 was next taken up. It stated that the Synod deplores and condemns the evils prevalent in our municipal and political life and urged the members to try and eradicate the evils.

Senator McGregor objected to the sweeping charges contained in the words "the evils of municipal and political life." Man for man, he said the public men were as good as the elders of the church.

Judge Forbes—"Or the ministers either."

Senator McGregor—"There are black sheep among the ministers as well as among public men."

Rev. Dr. Pringle did not think the section was an attack on public men. The softening of resolutions had gone too far. He was ready to show by specific instances if necessary that the evils existed.

Evils in the Church.

Rev. James McCaskill asked that to the words "the evils existing in public and municipal life" there might be added "and the evils prevalent in the church" (Cries of oh! oh!)

The recommendation was finally agreed to.

Rev. Dr. Sedgewick thanked the meeting for the kind manner in which the resolution in connection with his coming jubilee had been adopted.

Rev. Mr. Rogers asked that no reference be made in the press to the name of Lieut. Governor Fraser which had been mentioned during the afternoon's proceedings.

Dr. Sedgewick thought that those who made the statement should have no objection to having it published.

Rev. Mr. Grant said he had no objections to having his remarks published.

The session then adjourned until the evening.

Evening Session.

At the evening session a committee consisting of Dr. J. McMillan, Dr. J. Forrest, Dr. C. McKinnon and Rev. James Sinclair were appointed in connection with Dr. Sedgewick's jubilee.

The report on church life and work was read by Rev. Mr. McArthur. Intemperance, love of pleasure and lack of family worship were the chief problems to be solved in the home.

The question of making better homes in the tenements was discussed and the relationship between the home and public school was taken up. It was recommended that domestic science be taught in the schools.

The attendance at the churches was reported to be fairly satisfactory. Improvement in the matter of systematic and proportionate giving had been made. Sufficient attention was not given to the matter of communicants. Enough attention was not given to many places to obtain volunteers for the church. Mixed marriages were found to be undesirable and the history of the church should be taught as a means of preventing it. An effort should be made to prevent the evils of the billboard, the play house and the saloon. It was recommended that family worship be more closely studied. The reports in this connection it was stated, were made on inadequate information.

The report on motion of Rev. Mr. McArthur, seconded by Rev. Mr. Jones was adopted.

References from the Presbytery of Pictou, N. S., asked information regarding the requirements of students for the ministry.

The report of the committee on the method of appointing standing committees recommended among other things that the committee to nominate standing committees be made a standing committee. The report was adopted.

It was recommended that the Synod authorize the publication of a special issue of the Witness and that the committee be re-appointed to make the arrangements.

The report and recommendation were adopted.

Professor Falconer reported on the Presbyterian Witness, the circulation of which was increasing.

Rev. Mr. Forbes read the report on the Synod funds. The total contributions from congregations this year were $1,363.83.

The expenses for travel this year had been more than formerly and amounted to about $1350. The small balance was owing to the increased expenditure. This meant an increased attendance. It was recommended that the allocation for next year be $2,000.

The report was accepted.

The report on the Hunter Church Building fund which was in good condition was adopted.

The Century Church and Manse fund report was made by Rev. James Ross. The fund was for the provinces of New Brunswick, P. E. I., and Newfoundland. The building of a number of churches and manses had been assisted by the fund. The sum of $600 had been granted during the year.

The report was adopted on motion of Rev. Mr. Dickie seconded by Rev. Mr. McCaskill.

Judge Forbes stated that the trustees in control of the fund should take a security on the buildings assisted. The motion was seconded by Rev. James Ross and carried.

Rev. Dr. McMillan read the report on the tenure of church property. It was accepted on motion of Dr. McMillan seconded by Mr. W. M. McCallum.

Report on Public Education.

The report of the committee on public education called attention to a joint meeting of the Protestant churches which had been convened by the Anglican church. This was a cheering feature as that church had sometimes held a little aloof from the dissenting bodies. The clergymen should take a greater interest in the public schools. It was felt that the school law in relation to religious instruction in Nova Scotia was very fair. It was advised that the matter of cigarette smoking be looked into. The health of the pupils should be carefully looked after. It was desirable that there should be better religious instruction in the schools of New Brunswick.

Systematic Benevolence.

The report on systematic benevolence was read by Rev. A. D. Archibald. The returns were not as complete as was wished. About 100 congregations had adopted the method of weekly offering by the envelope system, and fifty congregations had adopted it for missionary contributions. Progress along this line was slow. The Presbytery of Halifax has felt the effect of the layman's missionary movement more than any other.

Rev. Mr. McLean seconded the resolution. Systematic giving he said would not be obtained until the people were willing to give according to their prosperity. About six and a half cents per week would be sufficient. It was the duty of the members of the Synod to go back and educate their people to adopt this system.

Judge Forbes, the representative of the layman's missionary movement, said he believed the envelope system was the best, the difficulty was to see the members of the congregation and get them to agree to contribute by that means. The church should provide the envelopes and every member should be pledged to contribute. At the end of the quarter each member of the congregation should be seen if necessary and the amount paid. It was a large trust and he hoped the members of the Synod would see it was carried out.

Mr. Andrew Malcolm on behalf of the elders, also spoke. Though a member of the Synod, he said, for twelve years, this was the first time he had addressed the gathering. They were in God's presence and should give as He had prospered them.

To Teach Bible History.

Judge Forbes seconded the adoption of the report. The committee in New Brunswick, he said, have practically adopted a sybillus for the teaching of Bible history in the schools which was sadly neglected. They proposed to ask the Government to introduce the teaching and to ask the Roman Catholic bishop for his consent. It was a delicate subject but they hoped to accomplish something before the next meeting of the Synod.

The statement of the committee on the aged and infirm ministers fund, read by Rev. Mr. Rogers, showed the fund was in a satisfactory condition and that there was a balance of $2,400 instead of a deficit as last year. In all sources of income there had been an increase. The eastern section had more annuants than they were entitled to, and have received $6,774, when they were only entitled to $6,200. He urged the young ministers to unite with the fund while the rate was low.

Judge Forbes in seconding the motion said he had hoped the last had been heard of the invidious distinction between the east and the west.

Rev. Dr. Sedgewick then read the report of the committee on the widows and orphans. The receipts had amounted to $6,282.34 and the expenditures had been $2,378.94.

Rev. Mr. Fraser advised that all the ministers when they were ordained be informed of this fund.

Rev. E. A. McCurdy of the augmentation committee asked that the sum in the resolution of the morning of $5 be reduced to $4.85. This was agreed to.

Rev. J. A. Rogers reported for the committee on memorial and communion services. The committee was continued for another year.

On motion of Senator McGregor the agent of the church, eastern section, and the recording committee were requested to retur nto the old method of recognizing receipts to the funds of the church.

Church Union.

Rev. Mr. Sutherland reported for the committee to co-operate with a committee of the Methodist church on church union. He stated that little had been accomplished and asked that the committee be reappointed.

Rev. Gordon Dickie and Rev. F. W. Murray of New Brunswick, and Rev. Mr. Fuilerton and Rev. Mr. Strathon of P. E. Island were added to the committee.

The report of the nominating committee appointed to select standing committees was received and adopted as a whole.

The clerk reported a total attendance of 259, divided as follows: Clergy, 185, Elders, 74. The usual vote of thanks was tendered by Rev. J. D. Sutherland, and seconded by Elder Comeau. The moderator declared the Synod closed and pronounced the Benediction.

Home For Incurables.

The October meeting of the board of management of the Home for Incurables was held yesterday afternoon, Dr. Walker in the chair. Two patients were admitted during the month. Two had died Mr. Harrison and Miss Lewis, and one had been removed to the Provincial Hospital. There are 25 in the home. Mrs. W. D. Foster was elected to fill the vacancy in the board caused by the death of Mr. H. C. Tilley. The following ladies were elected to serve with the visiting committee and ladies aid: Mrs. Geo. Wetmore, Mrs. W. A. Lockhart, Jr., Mrs. W. R. Turnbull, Mrs. W. D. Foster, Mrs. G. A. McAvity, Mrs. J. V. Ellis, Mrs. H. A. Powell, Mrs. Harrison, Mrs. John Thomson, Mrs. G. F. Smith, Mrs. G. K. McLeod, Mrs. Landeau, Miss Reynolds, Mrs. W. C. R. Allan, Mrs. Herbert Schofield, Mrs. S. Girvan, Mrs. G. West Jones, Mrs. Jas. Robertson, Mrs. L. P. D. Tilley, Mrs. Stanton.

The Burgomaster a Big Hit.

The Burgomaster made another hit last evening in the Opera House and was played to an audience as large and enthusiastic as on the opening night. The jokes and witicisms kept the house in roars of laughter.

The chorus work was particularly good. "I Drink From My Heart to You," and "We're Civilized Now," made great hits. Miss Euphemie Lockhart and Miss Marie Grandpre were also heartily enchored, and the "Tale of a Kangaroo" was especially well received. The chorus in this song was exceptionally good.

The piece was a success from start to finish, and it would be hard to say just which part was the best, although perhaps the gem of the evening was Miss Silvie de Pinkie's song, "I Love You." There is no doubt The Burgomaster will draw crowded houses tonight and tomorrow when the last performance will be given.

WILL DR. ELIOT ENTER DIPLOMATIC SERVICE

With The Retirement Of Harvard's Late Head The Rumor of His Succeeding To The London Post Is Revived.

Washington, Oct. 7.—With the retirement of Dr. Charles W. Eliot from the presidency of Harvard University the report has been revived that Dr. Eliot will be urged to accept the offer of Ambassador to the Court of St. James's. In the absence of President Taft and Secretary of State Knox no authoritative information on the subject is available, but other officials called attention to the fact that when Whitelaw Reid was in this country a few weeks ago it was arranged that he should remain in London as the American Ambassador for another year.

Shortly after Mr. Taft's inauguration as president, Dr. Eliot was asked to accept the English diplomatic mission. He declined the offer during a personal visit to the White House, although it was said at the time that President Taft had asked him to give further consideration to the matter.

LARGE ATTENDANCE AT THE SACKVILLE FIAR

Special to The Standard.

Sackville, N. B., Oct. 7.—Horse racing and the judging of farm products, horses and public school work were the features of the day at the Sackville Agricultural Fair. Three classes of horses competed for prizes amounting to $200.

The Premier took the three-year-old race, Royal Clayson the four-year-old, while The Governess captured the free-for-all.

The judging of farm products by Mr. S. L. Peters showed that Westmorland county can take care of her own in raising vegetables and apples.

Dr. Standish of Woodstock, Ont., judged the horses, of which there were a large number, especially of the general purpose horses and heavy draft classes. A large number of young colts were also on exhibition.

The attendance at the exhibition today was almost twice as large as that of yesterday, and it is hoped a large amount will be cleared this year. The night exhibition is a new thing which has been found to work successfully.

CRAIG COMPANY GETS 14-YEAR LEASE OF GREEN HEAD LOTS

General Committee Of Common Council Yesterday Decided To Grant Mr. David Craig Eevrything He Asked For—Manufacture Of Cement To Be Only a Side Line—Some Of The Aldermen Raised Objections—Ald. Belyea Voted Nay.

At a meeting of the general committee of the common council yesterday afternoon, the recommendation of the safety board committee to grant the application of the David Craig Company for a lease of certain city lots at Greenhead, 454 1-2 acres in all, was adopted and the Recorder was instructed to prepare a lease. Mr. Craig was given what he asked for in his original application with the privilege of right of way accross the Morris lots in addition. He agreed not to enter into any combine by which the product would be lessened and also to forego any claim to boom privileges along the shore.

The decision of the aldermen was not reached without much discussion and some objection. Mayor Bullock favored leasing only a portion of the property. Mr. Craig when this was suggested said he wanted all or none. Ald. Belyea stoutly opposed the granting of the lease and in the end was the only one to vote against the motion. Mayor Bullock presided and Ald. Likely, Hayes, Vanwart, Holder, Codner, Sproul, Belyea, Potts, Wilson, Baxter, Kelley and McGoldrick were present with Director Wisely, the city engineer and common clerk.

The mayor stated the object of the meeting and said whatever decision was reached would be practically conclusive.

Director Wisely said the only property which could be leased was the Armstrong property as the other lots were tied up until next spring. He advised leasing lots No. 11 and 13 to Mr. Craig's company at once and allowing the remainder to stand for the present. The total area of the property applied for was 454½ acres.

Ald. Vanwart said that in conversation with Mr. Craig, the latter had asked for a right of way across lots 2 and 3, under lease to Dennis Morris. Otherwise he was entirely satisfied with the property. Mr. Craig was not interfering with booming rights, but only asked landing privileges. Ald. Vanwart added his own opinion that Mr. Craig should be given the lease of the property. He moved that the recommendation of the sub-committee of the safety board to lease the property from May 1st next be adopted.

Make Lease Fourteen Years.

Ald. Holder advised making the lease for fourteen years instead of twenty-one. Mr. Craig had said he was willing to accept this change.

Ald. Vanwart was willing, but the recommendation should be changed in this respect.

The mayor pointed out that lot No. 11 was now under lease. He wanted to know where the industry was to be situated.

Ald. Vanwart said the plant was to be built at Green Head.

Engineer Murdoch gave it as his opinion that there was considerable clay at Cape Bald at Green Head.

Ald. Potts seconded Ald. Vanwart's motion it was not for the council, he said, to consider Mr. Craig's plans, but simply to consider his offer for rental of the property. The city could make 12 per cent. on the investment and at the end of fourteen years the rental could be based on the value of the property. Under the present regime the city was only getting $280. It appeared to him that the only one getting stuck was the applicant for the lease. After the limestone was exhausted lumber would grow on the property.

Not Limit Improvements.

Ald. Baxter said it was true that the property could be valued for rental but it was not advisable to limit any improvements which might be made. To protect the city, however, a clause should be inserted in the lease providing that the city should not take over any buildings not actually used for manufacturing purposes.

Ald. Kelley said mechanics employed by Mr. Craig should not be held responsible for the rental if the industry failed.

Ald. Belyea: "It is nice to have lawyers at the Board."

Ald. Potts: "But in this case, I would rather not take their advice, but let the city have everything that is there."

Ald. Belyea suggested that the land between the Green Head road and the shore be leased instead of the unbroken lots. He was surprised, after his visit to the property, to see "the bunch of stuff" that Mr. Craig wanted. The sugar refinery was not in it. He had promised Mr. Craig a square deal, but had to do the same for the city. Ald. Potts had said one acre had been used up in the making of lime by the Armstrong Company, and as much as $250,000 had been cleaned up. He moved in amendment that the Craig Company be given one-quarter of the amount of land asked for at the same rental offered.

Should Take the Engineer's Advice.

Ald. McGoldrick said that the city engineer was conversant with the property and his advice should be taken. There was no use talking about the lime business, as the present makers had enough right in Stanley Ward to supply the market for 100 years. The $15,000 plant would not amount to very much and probably a portion of the property would be sufficient. As some of the lots were leased this might be the safer solution of the difficulty. He suggested that Mr. Murdoch be heard.

The city engineer said that the first lease of the Armstrong property was granted early in the last century. The lime business was thriving until about twenty years ago, when the price dropped $2.20 a barrel, owing to the American duty and the introduction of a new style of lime kiln. The only use for the Green Head property was for cement making, and to establish a suitable plant an expenditure of $500,000 would be required. It was no use in talking of turning out forty or fifty barrels a day. The product should be hundreds of barrels. To make cement by the German method the limestone must be crushed, mixed with clay and further reduced. If the property were given over to a cement industry the city should not expect to control the property again. The cement industry was too large to be taken up as a municipal undertaking. As for Mr. Craig's proposition he had other lines and was not depending on the manufacture of cement.

Ald. Baxter said the root of the whole matter lay in the question whether Mr. Craig was able to make the cement without the expensive plant and the elaborate process described by the engineer.

Mr. Craig Gives His Views.

Mr. Craig was called in at this point and in reply to the mayor said that eventually he intended to manufacture his own cement, though at first he might bring enough to build the houses. He wanted to make it clear that his principal project was the building of the houses and other activities outside of cement making.

To Ald. Baxter, Mr. Craig said that he had figured on making enough cement for his own purposes with a $15,000 plant. The company's capital was large enough to broaden out into cement manufacture. He could not set any definite time for taking up the manufacture of cement alone, but he would be willing to fulfill any conditions with respect to the number of barrels to be produced if given until May 1st next. He predicted that he would produce the cement houses cheaper than could be done by any other process.

Mr. Craig added, rather warmly, that the aldermen seemed to want him to drop the Craig proposition, and make him into a manufacturer of cement. He would make the cement, but he wanted the lease before he left. The mayor asked Mr. Craig if he would be willing to accept the two Armstrong lots on the point and the large 75 acre lot, with a right of way over the remaining lots.

Wanted the Whole or None.

Mr. Craig said he would rather withdraw his proposition than consider any other offer. He was satisfied with his inventions and would produce them in competition with the world.

Ald. Likely said the discussion was beside the question. The city should be interested in the $850 rental and the standing of the company.

Ald. Belyea asked if Mr. Craig knew that houses were being built of cement blocks in the west.

Mr. Craig said that he knew this, and was prepared to make cement house cheaper than any man alive.

Ald. Sproul spoke in favor of granting the lease.

Ald. Kelley said that he had satisfied himself that the 75-acre field was not valuable for farming purposes and he was heartily in favor of leasing the property asked for. At first he had not favored the house proportion but had come around to Mr. Craig's way of thinking.

Mr. Craig said he was not averse to the section guarding against the company entering a combine and if it would be any comfort to the aldermen, he was agreeable to it being in the lease.

Ald. Hayes supported granting the lease.

Ald. Baxter.

Ald. Baxter said it was to be regretted that any aldermen who asked questions and sought to obtain information, was antagonistic to the project under discussion. He found no fault with the rental, but when the lease for a long term of years had been signed, some other concerns might appear and offer much better terms. When the engineer had said cement could not be made with a plant costing only $15,000 some explanation should be made. Mr. Craig had removed the difficulty by explaining that at first he would purchase his cement and would manufacture cement later, by adding to the plant. He advised that a clause be inserted in the lease, stipulating that in case of failure of the industry Mr. Craig should at once be relieved of his responsibility and the city take over the lots. He referred again to the limiting of the liability of the city for improvements for buildings not intended for manufacture only.

Mr. Craig thanked the aldermen for the attention they had given him. As a native of St. John, he said, he was proud to come back and talk to representative citizens of the city.

The Report Accepted.

Ald. Kelley moved the report should be received and that the Recorder should draw up a lease embodying the recommendations set forth in the report and such other measures as the Recorder might consider necessary in the interests of the city.

The motion was carried, Ald. Belyea dissenting.

Ald. Kelley brought up the matter of auctioneers' licenses. Every man had to pay $85 a year and no provision was made for an assistant or substitute. He suggested that licenses be issued to deputies at a cost of about $25.

Ald. Baxter said the provision could be made for a deputy acting if the auctioneer did not sell at the same time.

Ald. Potts said if he were not an alderman he would have violated the present by-law. He favored issuing license for $25 to employes who would appear for the auctioneers.

After further consideration the matter was referred to the Bills and By-Laws Committee.

On motion the committee adjourned.

Rehearsal Of a Fool For Luck.

A full rehearsal of a "Fool For Luck" will be held in Castle Hall this evening. All those taking part are requested to attend at 7.30 o'clock.

LATE MARINE NOTES.

British Ports.

Manchester, Oct. 7.—Arrived—Str. Caledonia from Boston.

Liverpool, Oct. 7.—Sailed—Str. Corsican for Montreal.

Queenstown, Oct. 7.—Sailed—Str. Merion for Philadelphia.

Queenstown, Oct. 7.—Sailed—Str. Cymric for Boston.

Avonmouth, Oct. 7.—Arrived—Str. Manxman from Montreal via Liverpool.

Queenstown, Oct. 7.—Sailed—Str. Majestic for New York.

Glasgow, Oct. 6.—Sailed—Str. Carthaginian for St. John's, Nfld., Halifax and Philadelphia.

Truro, Oct. 6.—Arrived—Str. Crown of Arragon from Quebec via Queenstown.

Liverpool, Oct. 6.—Arrived—Strs. Silverdale from Darien via Sydney, CB; Oct. 7—Manchester Spinner from Montreal for Manchester; Ribston from Campbellton, NB.

Middlesborough, Oct. 6.—Sailed—Str. Cairndon for Montreal.

Portland Bill, Oct. 7.—Passed—Str Norden from Queensboro for Chicoutimi.

Foreign Ports.

New York, N. Y., Oct. 7.—Arrived—Str. Ancona from Naples.

Havre, Oct. 7.—Arrived—Str. Corinthian from Montreal for London.

Antwerp, Oct. 6—Sailed—Strs. Lake Michigan for Montreal. Oct. 7—Marquette for Boston and Philadelphia.

New York, N. Y., Oct. 7.—Arrived—Schr George F Philps from Little River, NS.

Salem, Mass., Oct. 7.—Arrived—Schrs Sarah A Townsend (Br) from Liverpool, NS for orders; Constance (Br) from Weymouth, NS for orders; Minnie T., (Br) from Bonaventure for orders; Bobs (Br) from St. John, NB for Danversport.

Foreign Ports.

Portland, Me, Oct 7—Cld sch Mildred May, Meteghan, N S.

Boston, Mass, Oct 7—Arr strs Calvin Austin, St John, N B, via Eastport and Portland; Prince Arthur (Br) Yarmouth, N S; schs Arizona, (Br) Plympton, N S; Fanny, (Br) Point Wolfe, N S; Annie (Br) Salmon River N S.

Sailed str Prince George (Br) Yarmouth, N S.

Vineyard Haven, Mass, Oct 7—Arr schs Abbie and Eva Cooper, St John, N B, for New Haven; Mrytle Leaf (Br) Nova Scotia for Providence and all sailed.

Arrived schs Annie A Booth, Parrsboro, N S for New York; John G Walter (Br) Dorchester, N B for do; King Josiah (Br) Windsor, N S for orders.

Sailed schs Mary F Barrett, from Port Tampa, Boston; Rewa (Br) St. John, N B, for New Bedford.

AT THE HOTELS

Royal.

W. B. Mowatt, Montreal; W. R. Miller, Montreal; W. J. Stewart, Toronto; W. A. Mulligan, Toronto; H. I. Wellner, Halifax; F. H. Hazlewood, New York; H. C. McIntyre, Newark; J. J. Tomkin, New York; H. M. Kittaley, Montreal; E. M. Jewett, Boston; Jas. Knowles, New York; Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Hicks and wife, Sackville; Mr. and Mrs. C. Cooper, Springhill; Raymond S. Archibald, Montreal; Mrs. A. G. Buffurn, Boston; W. M. Ackhurst, Halifax, N. S.; Mr. and Mrs. G. H. King Chipman; Dr. and Mrs. D. P. Webber New Bedford; Miss Graham, Pittsburg; M. G. Selil, Chicago; H. S. Feuris, Springhill, N. S.

Victoria Hotel.

C. H. Lynott, St. George; J. D. Coffin, M. D., Plaster Rock; J. H. Reid and wife, Boston, Mass.; F. H. Ross, Andover, N. B.; A. R. Babbitt, U. N. B., Fredericton, N. B.; John W. Kirkup, Montreal; R. C. Simpson, Boston; C. N. Bell, Montreal; W. A. Pearson, Boston, Mass.; H. N. McLeod, do.; M. Atkinson, Fredericton; W. P. Williams, Beverley, Mass.; A. C. Davis, Beverley, Mass; U. S. Lantz and wife, Taunton, Mass.; H. C. Price and wife, Boston; Geo. N. Watson, Boston; Chas. F. Fogg, New York; Geo. Y. Codner, Belfast.

Lost—Last night near Coburg Street, small white wire haired puppy bitch six weeks old, black spot on one eye. Finder rewarded. H. Wilson.

AMUSEMENTS

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70—CHORUS—70 PEOPLE—70
22—ORCHESTRA—22—PIECES—22
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For the St. John K. of P. Milwaukee '10 Club.

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HARRY HERMSEN
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