

SIX

THE STAR, ST. JOHN, N. B. WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 27, 1909

## TRAIN STRIKES A TEAM, KILLING FATHER AND SON

Two Awful Tragedies  
in Ontario

Six-Year-Old Girl Burned to  
Death—Priest's Terrible  
Ride

KINGSTON, Ont., Jan. 26.—A frightful catastrophe occurred at the G. T. R. Junction at 7:15 this evening, when a local passenger train from Brockville struck a team of horses and wagon in which William Spooner, his wife and ten-year-old son, Wilfrid, were seated, and instantly killed the father and son. Mrs. Spooner was badly injured, but may recover.

Another Horror

LAVALET, Ont., Jan. 26.—Another horror was enacted near here last night when the residence of S. Shino, mail carrier, was burned to the ground, and his little six-year-old daughter, Gertrude, perished amidst the flames. The flames had enveloped almost the entire central part of the house before they were discovered and spread with alarming rapidity. The family of four boys and one girl were sleeping upstairs and were awakened with difficulty. The boys made their escape through a window into a shed roof and it was then noticed that their sister was missing. The interior was then a mass of flames which made her rescue impossible and she had to be abandoned to her fate. Shino was handicapped by the fact that he had only one arm. The family are left practically destitute, as everything they owned was burned. Only the fact that a large gathering was celebrating at the Burns' concert nearby prevented the flames from endangering the entire village.

Priest's Terrible Ride

MACKLIN, Sask., Jan. 26.—Rev. Father Porter, while driving over the prairie south of this place, visiting homes of his parishioners, got lost in the storm and drove for two days and two nights without finding food or shelter. On the morning of the third day he sighted the residence of Wm. Scott, after he had given up all hope of reaching any place or of living through the ordeal.

## Taste is Sure Stomach Guide

A Barometer Which Never Fails  
Though Seldom Believed

"Taste is the direct guide to the stomach, and the taste buds are connected by the nerves with the stomach itself so that they represent its health or disorder. If the stomach or its juices are out of tone, the nerves tell of it by a change in the alkaline or acid condition, and these reach the mouth both directly and indirectly.

"When you taste these buds rise up and absorb the liquid; inform the nerves; the nerves tell the stomach, and the food is acceptable or not, just as the stomach feels."

The above remarks on taste comes from an eminent authority and simply explains why when one smells cooking or sees food one thinks he can eat, but when he tastes he learns the stomach is out of balance.

To the person who cannot taste right, who relies on food and simply forces himself to eat, Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets hold the secret of enjoyable eating, perfect digestion and renewed general health.

Most men wait until their stomachs are completely sickened before they think seriously of assisting nature. "When your taste for food is lost it is a certain sign the stomach needs attention. Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets cure such stomachs. They restore sweetness of breath, renew gastric juices, enrich the blood and give the stomach the strength and rest necessary to general duty.

Forty thousand physicians use Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets and every druggist carries them in stock; price 50c. per box. Send us your name and address and we will send you a trial package free by mail. Address: Dr. A. Stuart Co., 150 Stuart Bldg., Marshall, Mich.

## POLICE ARREST FORMER BANKER

MONTREAL, Jan. 26.—W. Graham Browne, who was manager of the Montreal branch of the defunct Sovereign Bank during the period in which Duncanson M. Stewart was the general manager, was arrested today on a warrant sworn out by a clerk of the finance department, Ottawa, charging him with swearing to false returns of the position of the bank supplied to the department. Mr. Browne gave bonds for his appearance. Duncanson M. Stewart, who is wanted on a similar charge, is believed to be in Mexico.

## M. T. PARLEE TO GO TO OXFORD

Captures Kings  
Rhodes Scholarship

Several Times at Head of  
His Class—Popular  
Athlete

HALIFAX, N. S., Jan. 26.—The Rhodes scholarship for Kings College was on Monday awarded by the committee to Melville Kingston Parlee, a third year student, son of Rev. H. T. Parlee, rector of Aylesford, N. S. Mr. Parlee is a native of New Brunswick and was born at Stanley in 1888. He came to Halifax for his preparatory training in 1902 and had a remarkably successful school career here. In August, 1902, he entered the academy at the top of a list of 174, and at the end of his first year he won a silver medal for aggregate marks for the year's work, standing first in a class of 137.

Similar success attended him in his second year and again at the close of his third year at the academy he came in second in a class of 59 in the aggregate, but first in the average of eight subjects, and so obtained the Governor General's bronze medal. He has continued his good work at Kings, being an excellent student in all respects. He was Almon-Woodford prize at the end of his first year as first in his class, and his second year he obtained a Stevenson scholarship. He has also a good athletic record as a runner and football player and is very popular with his fellow students.

## ARE ADVERTISING TO MAKE BOSTON GOOD

Women's Clubs Start Campaign for Virtue  
by Means of Posters and  
Cards.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 26.—To make Boston people good by the gentle art of suggestion is the object of the very latest in the series of advertisements of the Boston women's clubs, are back of the project.

Advertising, they have decided, is the best and most up-to-date way to keep the Boston people in the straight and narrow path, and Bostonians are soon to be greeted by posters calling on them to start for a higher moral plane. They believe it to be very much worth while to provide impulses to be good in competition with the impulses to be bad. Already cards containing "virtue advertisements" have made their first appearance.

Mrs. Clara Bancroft Bentley, of No. 11 Wabash street, Roxbury, whose husband has been elected to the chairmanship of the committee, as chairman of the committee has had active charge of the advertising. "Suppose some man burdened with troubles or in a depressed frame of mind or filled with anger or in some way out of the healthy normal state, while riding down to work in the morning sees one of our cards, for instance, the one which reads:—

THE GREATEST POSSESSION  
IS  
SELF-POSSESSION.

"May this sentiment not make a deep impression and perhaps cause for the better the whole day's work?" explains Mrs. Bentley.

"One of the best cards we have reads:—'We gain the strength of the temptation we resist.' In this there is a certain sign the stomach needs attention. Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets cure such stomachs. They restore sweetness of breath, renew gastric juices, enrich the blood and give the stomach the strength and rest necessary to general duty.

## NEARLY RUNS DOWN ST. JOHN DERELICT

BOSTON, Jan. 26.—The steamer Olivegrove reported a narrow escape from running down a derelict schooner when she arrived here today from Marcellus. Captain Malby said that on January 15 he barely missed a collision with the wreck of the schooner John M. Brown when in latitude 23 degrees, 20 minutes, and longitude 70 degrees west. The lookout chanced to see the stump of the schooner's bowsprit protruding from the water's surface immediately behind the steamer and just managed to give warning in time to divert her course.

The schooner John M. Brown was abandoned on October 30 during a passage from Brunswick, Ga., to St. John, N. B., with a cargo of lumber. Although not in the path of trans-Atlantic shipping at present she has drifted considerably since her abandonment and may soon be a menace to the shipping.



**Johnny Knows What's White.**  
Teacher—"Now, children, do any of you know anything as white as this beautiful snow we have this morning?"  
Little Johnny—"I do, Teacher. It's our white clothes when mama washes them with Fels-Naptha. They're just as white as white can be."  
Anty Drudge—"I guess Johnny is right, Miss Teacher. Washing with Fels-Naptha in lukewarm water will make white clothes as white as snow and it saves his mother loads of work."

Fels-Naptha acts on dirt like sunshine on a bank of snow—only quicker.  
Fels-Naptha actually dissolves the dirt while soaking in lukewarm water.

Boiling only softens dirt and leaves it for you to hard-rub out on the washboard.  
That's one reason why Fels-Naptha is so much superior to the wash-boiler way of washing.

Another reason is that you have no steam in washing with Fels-Naptha. No steam to fill your kitchen like a Turkish bath and give you a bad cold if you step outside for a minute. No steam to redden your face and chap your hands.

Still another reason is that the Fels-Naptha way saves your clothes. Boiling weakens woollens, cottons or linens and hard-rubbing wears them into holes.

None of this when washing with Fels-Naptha. Clothes last twice as long.  
Use Fels-Naptha for flannels, woollens and colored goods as well as white clothes.  
Be sure to get the genuine Fels-Naptha, use only lukewarm water, and follow directions on the red and green wrapper.

## FINDS PLACE WHERE GIRL HID FOR MONTHS

Little Boy Chasing a Cat Discovers the  
Odd Retreat of Grace Powers  
in Peekskill.

PEEKSKILL, N. Y., Jan. 26.—Still weak and emaciated from her five months' residence under a stump in constant fear of arrest and continually half-starved, Grace Powers, fifteen years old, learned today that her father, John Powers, is also a patient in the Peekskill Hospital where she was taken. She is well on the road to recovery and is rational, but refuses to discuss her strange adventure.

She attended school until a year ago, when she was employed as a maid by J. H. Dressner, a grocer, who lives at Grant avenue and Main street. In August a watch was missed and she was accused of the theft, she confessed, it said, that she had given it to a stranger in a moving picture theatre. It was recovered and no action was pressed against the girl, although she was frightened by a threat of arrest as a check upon further misappropriation. A few days later she disappeared and she was not seen again until yesterday by one so far as can be discovered.

It was thought that the innocent, with the error that the suggestion of arrest aroused, unbalanced her mind. She found a shelter under the stump of the old Fischer house, which stands directly opposite that of her former employer. Four families lived in one wing of the structure, but the stump was hidden and not used, she made an entrance through the latter work of one and made a nest of burlap bags on the ground.

Frequent petty thefts of food from residents have annoyed residents in the neighborhood all fall, and it is thought that the girl supported herself by foraging for supplies at night. Her condition when found indicated that she had been on short rations of late. As her clothes fell away she revealed thin white skin and the burlap bags.

## THAT THIN SKIN

On top of your head, will soon be covered with thick, healthy hair if you use Luby's Hair Renewer. You will be glad you tried it when you see how quickly and thickly it makes the hair grow. At all Druggists 50c. per bottle. R. J. DEVINS, Agent, Montreal.

## PREDICT THE END OF THE TRIPLE ALLIANCE

Believed That the Establishment of Italian  
University at Vienna Would Have  
Grave Results.

ROME, Jan. 26.—Italy has made no official representations to Austria in regard to the University question, but Signor Tittori, Minister of Foreign Affairs, personally informed Baron von Aehrenthal, who has promised him that the seat of the University should be Trieste, of the surprise and anxiety of his government.

The excitement throughout the country is greater than ever. Though many people are disappointed that Signor Tittori should have been twice deceived no one calls for his resignation, as this might be construed by Austria as a defeat for the Minister and the renunciation of his policy.

Politicians whom I interviewed unanimously express the view that the triple alliance would be at an end if the University bill were passed by the Austrian Reichsrath.

ALL DETAILS ARRANGED.

"Dear," whispered the cloping lover, "what shall we do with the rope ladder? We shouldn't leave it hanging there."

"Oh, that's all right," replied the cop dunnit. "Pa said he'd pull it up again so we couldn't get back."—Philadelphia Press.

## PA TIES THE WEDDING KNOTS; SON UNTIES 'EM

"You Keep Business in Family," Says  
Judge in Divorce Case.

PELOUCHKEPSE, N. Y., Jan. 26.—Joseph C. Thompson was granted a divorce yesterday. It was shown in a proceeding before Supreme Court Justice Morschauer that his wife had been infidel.

In his testimony Mr. Thompson said that he was married by the Rev. Dr. Van Kleeck, rector of the Second Church in White Plains, on October 7, 1902.

The court asked Frank Van Kleeck, the lawyer for the plaintiff, "Is he (the clergyman) a relative of yours?"

"He is my father," replied Van Kleeck.

"He ties the knots, Judge, and I untie them. This is the second one of his kind that I have untied."

The judge smiled as he remarked: "I see, it's all in the family."

## TO OPEN VAST BELT OF MINERAL WEALTH

New Railway Lines Will Add  
Great Stores to Canada's Assets.

View of Mr. E. S. Osborn, English Journalist, Just Returning From  
Tour of Inspection.

(Montreal Herald.)

Mr. E. S. Osborn, the special correspondent of the English illustrated weekly, Canada, after having travelled over the National Transcontinental and Grand Trunk Pacific systems, where the line is in operation and where construction work is going on, predicts that the biggest surprise that will come to the old Dominion from the new route will be the great mineral area it will open up—an area whose very riches he learned by the road from its junction with the Northern Ontario and Temiskaming Railway as it is known to the world through what has been considered the barren lands north of Lake Superior.

Mr. Osborn, who is staying at the St. Lawrence Hotel, told a Herald representative that he had been convinced as well from his own observations as from the reports of geologists and practical miners that a vast mineral basin existed there containing not only large beds of magnetite and hematite beyond the reach of any present existing road, but incalculable stores of precious metals of which the mines at Sudbury and Cobalt were but fractional although evidential parts.

THROUGH VAST SOLITUDES.

"The C. P. R., as the pioneer road," said Mr. Osborn, "followed the course of least resistance as the old route, and the new line is in operation and where construction work is going on, predicts that the biggest surprise that will come to the old Dominion from the new route will be the great mineral area it will open up—an area whose very riches he learned by the road from its junction with the Northern Ontario and Temiskaming Railway as it is known to the world through what has been considered the barren lands north of Lake Superior."

RAPIDITY OF SETTLEMENT.

The astonishing rapidity of settlement along the route of the G. T. P. between Winnipeg and Wabawright, they caught a man looking and brought him before the midshipman, who calmly ordered the men to empty their pockets. The sailors did so and found them full of money and jewelry. Then the midshipman spoke three words, evidently the only ones he knew in Italian. "Ladro" (thief) he asked the prisoner, who, trembling with fear, looked in the rush for the conquest of the prairies by the farmer would leap forward. Watrous, for instance, a body of salt water fifteen miles in length, three miles wide and three miles distant from the railway station. To its saline and alkaline waters in the old days the Indians had resorted from thousands of miles away.

WORK BEFORE GEOLOGISTS.

Mr. Osborn thinks a great deal of work yet remains to be done by the geologists in the location of the mineral patches that exist all over the West. One fact that struck him with great force was the different opinions entertained today regarding what were called the "bad lands," as compared with the general view held respecting them when he was living in Saskatchewan in 1895. The "bad lands" were the immensely fertile district surrounding Saskatoon for a radius of a hundred miles. These lands were avoided a dozen years ago for the reason that the soil contained a large proportion of alkali which was not considered favorable to the production of crops. They were regarded as generally speaking, worthless. It was only when the wide-awake American settler came along that these so-called "bad lands" were found to be among the most fertile and the richest in the West.

When the sun had set and the squad was returning on board, the correspondent asked the midshipman how many looters had been shot. The latter pointed to his empty cartridge pouch and said: "Before I handed today I had 21 cartridges here and six more in my revolver. I shot them all at short range."

## Weak, Sickly People Will Find New Strength Through the Use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills

A great many young men and women are suddenly seized with weakness. Their appetite fails them; they tire on the least exertion, and become nervous and thin. They do not feel any specific job—just weakness. But that weakness is dangerous. It is a sign that the blood is thin and watery, that it needs building up. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will restore lost strength because they actually make new, rich blood—they will help you. Concerning them Mr. Alfred LePage, of St. Jerome, Que., says: "For several years I have been employed in a grocery and up to the age of seventeen I had always enjoyed the best of health. But suddenly my strength began to leave me. I grew pale, thin and extremely weak. My family doctor ordered a complete rest and advised me to remain out of doors as much as possible, so I went to spend several weeks with an uncle who lived in the Laurentides. I was in the hope that the bracing mountain air would help me, but it didn't, and I returned home in a deplorable state. I was subject to dizziness, indigestion and general weakness. One day I read of a case very similar to my own cured through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I decided to give them a trial. After taking four boxes of the pills I felt greatly improved, so continued their use for some time longer and they fully cured me. I am now able to go about my work as well as ever I did and have nothing but the greatest praise for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

"The blood is the secret of health. If the blood is not pure the body becomes diseased or the nerves are weakened. Keep the blood pure and disease cannot exist. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills make rich, red blood—that is why they cure anemia, rheumatism, indigestion, headache, backache, kidney trouble and the secret ailments of childhood and womanhood. Sold at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, by all medicine dealers or by mail from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

## SCORES OF LOOTERS ARE SHOT DAILY

Appalling Reports Reach London From Messina.

With the General Considerations Concerning  
Valuable Outrank Questions  
of Rescue.

LONDON, Jan. 26.—Appalling reports reach London from Messina regarding the latest condition of the stricken city. The miseries due to the fire and flood of the past few days are augmented by the incredible mismanagement of the military authorities, so that now, 55 days after the earthquake, the plight of the survivors is worse than it was a fortnight ago when the writer left. Gen. Mazza's attempt to starve the refugees into leaving of course, had to be abandoned for the protests of the inhabitants almost caused a mutiny of his own troops.

Consideration concerning valuables, of which vast quantities are still in the ruins seem to outrank questions of rescue and the comfort of the survivors until it is a common description of the military commander that Mazza is a second earthquake. Nothing is done without criminal delays through the enforcement of paralyzing bureaucratic formalities. All sorts of orders are issued and often countermanded within an hour of the Italian Red Cross are equally criticized and it is certainly an utterly disorganized institution. Its members reply that it is not its function to act in public calamities, but only in time of war. The writer's personal observation at Messina compels him to say that the work of this institution seemed lacking in the first rudiments of order, system and common sense. The Duke D'Alenella, vice-president of the Red Cross, challenged a newspaper critic to a duel, which was fought at Palermo this week. The duke was wounded in the arm. It is not likely his example will be followed by his colleagues.

SHORT SHIFT FOR LOOTERS.

A French correspondent who has returned describes how the Italian naval officers dealt with looters the first week after the earthquake. He says the midshipman commanded a squad of blue-jackets who had been landed for rescue work. On New Year's Day I followed the party for an hour and saw them saving a score of survivors. When we reached a solitary street in the upper part of the town, they caught a man looking and brought him before the midshipman, who calmly ordered the men to empty their pockets. The sailors did so and found them full of money and jewelry. Then the midshipman spoke three words, evidently the only ones he knew in Italian. "Ladro" (thief) he asked the prisoner, who, trembling with fear, looked in the rush for the conquest of the prairies by the farmer would leap forward. Watrous, for instance, a body of salt water fifteen miles in length, three miles wide and three miles distant from the railway station. To its saline and alkaline waters in the old days the Indians had resorted from thousands of miles away.

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BRUNSWICK, N. B., Jan. 26.—Jasper J. Stahl, of Wadsworth, tonight won the annual contest for a prize of \$40 offered by the church of 1883 for the best written and spoken essay by a Bowdoin College senior. There were five other seniors competing with as many different topics. The subject of Stahl's prize winning paper was "The Effect of Italy Upon the German Temperament."

## BUSINESS CARDS.

M. T. KANE  
Dealer in Granite Monuments  
Opposite Cedar Hill Cemetery  
West St. John  
Telephone 1154  
House West 1541  
Work West 1177

Hamm Lee Laundry  
Tel. 1739. — 45 Waterloo St.  
Tel. 2064-21. 122 Union St.

Goods called for and delivered

TO LET.

Office 82 Prince William St.  
Ground floor. Rent \$350.00.  
Apply  
A. E. HAMILTON.  
Phone 1678

## PEOPLE'S CIGAR STORE.

I have the finest stock of  
Cigarettes and Tobaccos  
in the City.

News Depot—I handle  
all the local and foreign papers,  
all the American and English  
periodicals, with all the current  
magazines and novels.

Cor. Main St. and Paradise Row

## RUSSIAN WOMEN'S CONGRESS

Position of the Feminist Question in the  
Czar's Empire.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 26.—In spite of bureaucratic statements to the contrary, Constitutionalism is really permeating Russian life, as has been proved by the Women's Congress, which has just closed after a week's session. Every effort was made by the members not to make it a "feminist affair," although in the end a group of working women, led by two or three Socialists, who had throughout the Congress done their best to subordinate party considerations to the interests of women generally, won a vain battle over the wording of a resolution and then demonstratively seceded from the main body.

All the resolutions bore a democratic character, and were brought to a head in one affirming that the final result of the proposed reforms would only become feasible with the introduction of universal suffrage without distinction of sex or nationality. It was also enthusiastically announced that there was no longer a woman's movement in Finland.

The woman's question in Russia was opened about thirty years ago. Since then women have organized with the consent of the state institutions providing almost a full university course, while in St. Petersburg there is a woman's medical institute. Although the women have received many concessions, they have not ceased working for more. In 1905 all progressive parties included women's suffrage in their programmes. In a Constitutional Democratic Congress, held in the spring of 1906, many males fought against this point, but the women carried the day. In the First Duma some deputies opposed the inclusion of women's suffrage in the address in reply, but the noted Russian jurist, Prof. Pashukov, spoke in its favor, and the proposal was carried by a large majority.

Nevertheless there are many who are beginning to doubt the advisability of giving women the suffrage, just as some in Germany, the United States, England and France are doubting. And the women are becoming more and more uncertain of their position, which up to very recent times they thought was so secure as to be envied by the foreign suffragettes. But they are hopeful that the Congress just held will again revive interest and support.

## GERMAN AGNOSTICISM.

Prussians Secede From State Church—  
Revolt Against Clergy.

BERLIN, Jan. 26.—According to the Constitution of the German Empire, the people enjoy entire liberty of conscience and complete social equality among all denominations. Since 1871 the State Church of Prussia has consisted of a fusion of the Lutheran and Catholic bodies. Many of the members of these have lately become dissatisfied, and the latest reports say that the application to terminate their membership now, number 300 to 400 a day.

Not only are the Lutherans severing their connection with the church, but the numbers of communions, baptisms, and church marriages are also diminishing. This state of affairs is noticed especially among the working classes, and particularly those of the Social Democratic party. The clergy themselves are in part to blame for the situation, for they have lost touch with the people, and have been unsympathetic to democratic wishes, always siding with the powerful class when any conflict arose between the poor and rich, peasants and possessed. Disaffection is also felt with the methods employed by the ecclesiastical authorities in electing and assigning to them by law, for defaulters' chapels are often sold to church deacons.

The chief cause, however, is the spread of agnosticism among all classes of the population, and the fact that even in those universities where until very recently an orthodox theology was taught there are now few chairs from which ultra-Liberal views are not proclaimed.

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