STORMY SCENES IN THE COUNCIL

WARM WEATHER GETS ON ALDERMANIC NERVES

City Engineer's Authority is Again a Matter of Heated Discussion

(From Saturday's Daily.)

Every now and then the city council cuts loose and last night would appear to have been one of these occasions, for throughout the entire session the atmosphere was heavily charged with explosive elements which went off with a bang now and then.

The submission of the tenders for the new paving contract was the innocent means of introducing a controversy which developed later into a cross-fire.

The bids submitted proved to be little short of a revelation in the matter of local prices, with the Canadian Mineral Rubber company showing to advantage on the whole of the proposed work, their figure averaging between $1.36 and $1.40, the lowest figure ever rendered for work of the kind on the continent of America. Unfortunately the circumstances were not auspicious for the consideration of such details. In the end the only possible thing to do was done; the tenders were referred to a committee which will not only adjudicate upon them but at the same time consider the advisability of letting the contract at all or in such sections as will enable the present work to be completed without hazard. The tenders are as follows:

John Haggerty & Co: $1.47 per square yard; excavation of earth, eighty-seven and a half cents; rock $2.40; curb and gutter, fifty-eight cents.

Worswick Paving Co.: $1.35 per yard; earth excavation; sixty cents; rock, $2.50; curb and gutter fifty-two cents; gutter, twenty-eight cents.

T. R. Nixon & Co.: $1.69 to $1.73; earth excavation, eighty-five to ninety-five cents; rock, $2.50; curb and gutter, seventy cents; gutter, thirty cents.

R. G. Stevenson, $1.53; earth excavation, seventy cents; rock, $2.50; curb and gutter, fifty-three cents; gutters, twenty-three cents.

City Engineer: $1.60; earth excavation eighty cents; rock, $2.50; curb and gutter, fifty-five cents; gutters twenty-eight cents.

Canadian Mineral Rubber Co.: $1.36 to $1.43; earth excavation, seventy-five cents; rock, $2.50; curb and gutters, fifty-four cents; gutters, thirty-six cents.

The mayor suggested that the bids should not be opened, as the council had decided since advertising to increase the amount of the contract from 75,000 yards to 150,000 yards.

Alderman Humber was not only opposed to the opening of the tenders; he was opposed to the letting of any more contracts for paving at this time. They had enough work on their hands now without any more. Half of the streets of the city were blocked up, many of them had been blockaded for months, and he was certainly opposed to anything that would tend to continue this nuisance. Once the present contract was through he would be prepared to consider the letting of another one.

Alderman Langley did not think there was any hurry for this additional paving. In the Fairfield estate several streets had been blockaded for months and therefore he thought it would be advisable to have the present mess cleared away before adding to their troubles by letting more contracts. There was plenty of time in which to let new contracts. He did not know that any of the streets to be paved were in a condition requiring urgent treatment.

The opposite view was voiced by Ald. H. M. Fullerton, who contended that many of the streets in the district where he was compelled to live were in urgent need of paving. More than that, the residents had petitioned for work, were ready and willing to pay their just share of the cost, and therefore he could not see why they should not have it.

City Engineer Smith explained that the specifications were drawn up in sections, so that it would be possible for the city to let the contract in that way, or, for that matter, to let just whatever sections it cared to.

Alderman Peden was anxious that the work in the Fairfield district be gone on with, as he had been relying upon the excavated material being in readiness for use in the Ross Bay sea wall.

The mayor pointed out that to let more contracts at this time would carry the work into the rainy season, and he therefore agreed with Ald. Humber that if the contract was let work should not be started for, say, six months. There was another matter in connection with such contract which he wished to bring out. It was costing the city something in the neighborhood of $7,000 a month for inspection and he declared that that inspection was being carried on by men who knew as much about the work as a coster driving a wheelbarrow in Mile End road. He had seen this thing going on for some time but his patience was nearing exhaustion. He would himself have taken action long ago but for the fact that his hands were tied by a by-law which the council had been pleased to pass, taking the power entirely out of his hands. He would insist upon that matter being considered before any more contracts were let this year.

Alderman H. M. Fullerton wanted to know exactly what the mayor meant by his "insinuations."

His worship replied that he had explained enough. He had said exactly what he meant. He claimed that on the one contract the city was paying between $40,000 and $50,000 for inspection over and above the contract price, and that inspection was absolutely of no use. That was not all; that was merely an incident in the system of things which had been practised since the beginning of the year. He referred to the Ross Bay sea wall and the appointment of Mr. Case, both of which propositions had been carried through without his cognizance. In further regard to the sea wall he stated that Mr. Winkle, who had been appointed inspector, had 'phoned him, saying that Mr. Case refused to recognize him.

"Now, gentlemen, I am executive head of this city and it is only right that I should be consulted in these matters and not left in the dark to find them out myself," concluded his worship.

Alderman H. M. Fullerton — When you heard of the complaint why did you not go to the city engineer for an explanation

Mayor Morley—What? Go to the city engineer? I am the executive head of the city, and I think it is his place to come to me.

Alderman H. M. Fullerton—I don't think so, at least under the circumstances. Besides, you are not slow to run after other people when they come to you with their complaints.

City Engineer Smith then addressed the council, stating that if Mr. Case had done as the mayor had said he had exceeded his orders. In regard to the other charges of ignoring the authority of the mayor, Mr. Smith said his worship was overdrawing the case.

His worship met this with a denial.

"Now it is all coming out," interrupted Ald. Humber humorously, and the remark seemed to have some effect in bringing the council back to good humor.

Ald. Langley, who had not yet spoken on the subject at this point reminded the house that last year there was no one more anxious than the mayor that the engineering department should be kept absolutely free from aldermanic interference. He regarded the present attitude of the mayor as an indirect attack upon the city engineer, and as such he was bound to resent it. When it was necessary to attack an official properly he would not be averse to it, but when it came to a side attack such as the mayor's grievances represented, then he was sternly opposed to it. The by-law giving the city engineer full power was passed unanimously, and further than that he could not for the life of him see why it should be incumbent upon that official to consult with the mayor in regard to engineering work or even appointments in the engineering department.

Ald. Humber asserted strongly that there was a change in the system whereby the "whole works" were placed in the hands of Ald. Gleason, the mayor and the city solicitor. When the system was inaugurated it was all right, but now that another election was in sight they had had to bring along this attack upon the engineer to cover up the mess which had been made by themselves.

Ald. H. M. Fullerton objected to that suggestion, and declared that he was so well satisfied with the work that the mayor had done during the year that he intended to vote for him at the next election.

When the matter was finally dropped and the council's attention diverted to another subject, the atmosphere still remained, and the inevitable climax burst at last during the discussion upon the question of printing the assessment roll, over which there has already been trouble. First Ald. Humber protested against the mayor addressing the council from the chair, and then Ald. Okell, who had apparently—he admitted it—been smouldering in wrath, burst forth in a violent protest. He declared that the mayor talked more than all the other aldermen put together, and wasted more time than anybody. Night after night he (the alderman) had sat there silently indignant at the procedure of the house until he could stand it no longer. He had had more than enough of it; in fact he was sick of it.

A motion giving Mr. Scowcroft the right to print the roll as heretofore was adopted. The mayor, however, reiterated that such a motion amounted to a subversion of his authority.

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HAIR TONIC
and Dandruff Cure

Removes dandruff, keeps the scalp in a healthy condition, and stimulates the growth of the hair.

A Delightful Hair Dressing

Cools, refreshes and invigorates. A little applied to the roots of the hair daily prevents baldness, by keeping the glands of the hair in a perfectly healthy and antiseptic state.

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PICKPOCKETS BUSY.

Vancouver, Sept. 2.—The Vancouver exhibition now in progress seems to have brought to the city a larger number of pickpockets than usual. Last night the police received half a dozen complaints from men who had their pockets picked as they were boarding street cars at the exhibition gates. One man lost $140, another reported losing $40 and the police patrol driver, while crowding on a car at the entrance had $55 taken from his hip pocket.

Yesterday afternoon and last evening the detectives and police were active and seven men charged with the offence of vagrancy but suspected of belonging to the light-fingered fraternity, were locked up. They came up in court this morning, but the police were not ready to proceed with the cases and all seven men were remanded until Tuesday.

FREIGHT RATES.

Railway Commission Is Hearing Complaint Against the C. P. R.

Vancouver, Sept. 2.—The freight rates complaint against the C. P. R. raised by the Vancouver board of trade was opened at noon to-day before the railway commission. The first witness examined by W. A. Macdonald for the board of trade, was G. L. McCrea, local freight freight agent of the C. P. R. who gave details respecting the annual freight shipments out from the Vancouver sheds for several years past. The case is now proceeding.

No action was taken on the complaint of the Nelson board of trade this morning against the Great Northern Railway for alleged unsatisfactory train service, as Inspector McCall is to make a report for the commission.

E. K. Beeston, secretary of the Nelson board, stated that it would be perfectly satisfactory to the board for the inspector to make an official trip to Nelson prior to an order on the part of the commission.

Assurances that a new railway building will be constructed at New Westminster were given by A. H. MacNeill, K. C., of the G. N. Railway, following the receipt of a complaint from Mayor Lee of New Westminster. The application was allowed to stand for the present.

The queerest church in the world is in Bergen, in Norway. It is completely made of paper, and rendered waterproof by an application of quicklime with curdled milk and white of eggs. Over 1,000 people may be seated in its interior.

SIXTY AT CEDAR HILL APPLAUD RALPH SMITH

Candidate for Nanaimo Enthuses Audience With Forceful Speech on Reciprocity

(From Saturday's Daily.)

At the Cedar Hill hall last night there were sixty voters who gathered to hear Ralph Smith, Liberal nominee for the Nanaimo district in the Dominion election. Enthusiasm marked the meeting and the candidate was given a vote of thanks, and applause was interjected after his remarks very frequently. There were three times as many present as at F. H. Shepherd's meeting in the same place the night before.

The farmers in the Cedar Hill district, after the meeting, talking among themselves and with Mr. Smith, whom many of them had not personally met before, said that reciprocity now appeared to them in a new light; and it is certain that a very large majority in that district will be polled for him.

Mr. Smith's address dealt with reciprocity as it affects the farmers in British Columbia. The fearful anticipations of the farmers that reciprocity would hurt them were removed by the enlightenment thrown on the conditions of the pact, and the members of the audience afterwards readily admitted they had not previously known really what reciprocity meant. Mr. Smith convinced his hearers of the benefits of reciprocity to the whole of the community, and it being the first time the pact had been presented to them in its true light it came to them in the nature of a revelation, and the last atom of fear of the "bogey" put out by the opposition was dispelled.

Mr. Smith shortly dwelt upon the record of Sir Wilfrid Laurier's government and the means taken by the government to bring Canada to its present remarkable state of prosperity. Mr. Smith reminded the electors that his services had been at their disposal in the House of Commons for eleven years and mentioned that the rural postal delivery service had been obtained by him for them last year. He ridiculed the provincial premier's suggestion that annexation would follow reciprocity. Mr. Smith said he had always stood for a reduction upon agricultural implements and had stood for it on the floor of the House when the reciprocity question was being argued. Referring back to Premier McBride, the candidate branded him as the most guilty of provincial premiers in giving to speculators from America the natural resources of the great province. Mr. Smith closed in saying that Sir Wilfrid Laurier would be triumphant and that he was sure of his own re-election. Vigorous cheering followed the candidate's speech.

The traffic east and west was the subject matter of an address by Walter W. Baer, who upset the Conservative argument that with reciprocity the Canadian railway corporations will be injured. The purchase of the Wisconsin Central and Erie railway by the C. P. R. to acquire a short north and south outlet to the Atlantic seaboard was cited by the speaker as demonstrating his argument. His argument for reciprocity was that the railroads have the people tied and that reciprocity is the remedy for the present condition of hardship caused by railway freights.

The national aspect of reciprocity was spoken of by the chairman, who desired that electors should overlook temporary or local points and take the broad view of Canada as a whole. He felt that should reciprocity pass there would be bound to be some minor inconvenience, but as soon as trade conditions were readjusted, the pact would be of benefit to all.

Mr. Smith will speak to the electors of Gordon Head this evening in Gordon Head hall.

RALPH SMITH

Who has been member for Nanaimo constituency since 1900 and is the Liberal candidate at the coming election.

LIBERALS WILL FORM ASSOCIATION

Settlers on Porcher Island Will Work on Behalf of Duncan Ross

Prince Rupert, Sept. 1. — Porcher Island Liberals are to establish a Liberal Association, as a good proportion of the settlers there are anxious to lend their whole-hearted support to the Dominion government in its work for the district, and the province. Many of the Porcher Island settlers have had considerable experience of conditions in this province and other places, and realize the undoubted advantage of reciprocity. These settlers are staunch supporters of Duncan Ross, and are arranging to get together now to form a Liberal Association which will help along the cause of reciprocity and the development of Porcher Island. A meeting of settlers to form the Liberal Association is called for Saturday evening.

Progress with the wagon roads under construction on Porcher Island was being made very steadily until recently, when the gangs of road builders have been taken off, with the appropriation from the provincial government exhausted, and the wagon road between Refuge bay and Spiller river still unfinished. There is a gap of several miles in the middle of it.

Recently the Dominion government post office inspector paid a visit to Porcher Island, and made arrangements for postal facilities to be increased, and a regular mail service established as soon as possible to meet the needs of the growing community of settlers there. Another improvement very much to be desired across at Porcher is a wharf at Refuge bay. In this connection, too, the Dominion government has been early on the job, for the department's engineer has only recently completed his survey of the waters and shore sites for wharves in this district, and the appropriations are announced.

REALTY MARKET IS DULL AT PRESENT

Seems Finally to Have Fallen to Its Usual Summer Degree of Slackness

(From Saturday's Daily.)

At last the local market seems to have fallen to its usual summer degree of slackness. Previous to the last week or so it held up in a manner heretofore unequalled in the city. Among the reasons given by the real estate men for its present slackness are the damaging reports concerning the crops in the middle west and the uncertainty of the date when the Old Songhees reserve will be placed on the market. In regard to the first investors would otherwise buy in the hope of turning over at a profit in the winter months, when money commences to flow in from the prairie provinces, are chary about investing in view of the reports of poor crops on the other side of the mountain.

Amongst the most important of the deals completed before the market became dull were several negotiated by Landsberg, of the Empire Realty company. He sold half of lot 2 on Pandora, close to Douglas for $30,000, and lot 228, block 13, on Fort street, for $36,000. Monk and Monteith lately sold 2 lots on Belleville street, near Pendray's Soap Works, for $16,000.

The dealers do not expect the market to remain dull for very long. In fact all signs point to a rapid rise within the next few weeks when the holiday season is over.

The sales completed within the last week or so follow:

Monk and Monteith, 2 lots Belleville street, near Pendray's Soap Works, $16,000; 8 lots Shoal Bay park ranging in price from $650 to $850; 1-3 acre, Cecilia road, $15,000.

Empire Realty Co.—Corner Craigflower and Burleith roads $1,500; lot John's street close to Government $5,400; half of lot 2 Pandora street close to Douglas $30,000; lot 238, block 13, Fort street, $36,000; half acre Burnside road, $1,100; house and lot, Third street, $1,900; house and lot Taunton street, $2,000.

Currie & Power—2 lots Prior street; 1 lot Graham street; house and lot Fernwood road; house and lot Douglas street; double corner Kings and Blanchard streets.

T. P. McConnell reports having sold lot 7 Douglas street, just above Burnside road, for $15,000 besides several other pieces of property.

Moore & Johnson have sold a house and lot on Hillside avenue for $5,000, a lot on Queen's avenue for $2,100 and a piece of land on Dallas Road for $3,500. They have made several smaller sales.

OUR LETTER BOX

A CONSERVATIVE'S VIEWS.

To the Editor.—This letter is from a bonafide Conservative, not "made in the Times overnight," to make use of the Colonist's elegant language, we have become so accustomed to.

But I cannot, with a clear conscience "vote Conservative" with Mr. Barnard as candidate.

I cannot forget the moral filth he deliberately went down into in 1908, hand in hand with the Colonist, a depth of depravity I must say, in justice to the Liberals, they never have sunk to.

There are men who are capable of "running their faces" under any difficulties, and when caught find it safest to "admit nothing and deny nothing," as a lawyer once instructed his son before sending him out into the world to do for himself—and his clients.

Here in Victoria we have had a repetition of this history. "You are in a hole," said our greatest lawyer to the editor of the Colonist in 1908. "Now, above all things, admit nothing, deny nothing. The people will get tired of it all before the next elections; and we will have the advantage of appearing to treat the unfortunate affair with silent contempt. Leave the muzzling to me. Keep your eye on the Times. God is good." (fact.)

I take it I am quite as loyal as the Colonist although I do not blow so much over optimism, etc. There is nothing dirogatory in looking eagerly for cheap food whilst waving the Union Jack, especially as I look upon all this talk of annexation as the most unmitigated bosh, as an electioneering cry. The Colonist now wants us to believe that his friend, and great father of "arbitration,, intends annexing us by force if necessary!

Back in the sixties the wretched fiasco of a few ragged blackguards under the star spangled banner, caused great amusement to loyal Canada (and I should think to all respectable Americans) when they made their historic attempt at annexation! Perhaps it would be wiser not to try it again on a larger scale, there might then be more trouble than in the sixties, north and south of the line.

The Colonist has it that during the "infringement" of the alien Labor law a thousand men in Victoria and Vancouver were unable to obtain employment. But you know, sir, how often during the two years mentioned, the Colonist has emphatically stated that every man, willing to work could at all times get a job in Victoria. To use the language of the day, in broad especially, "which is the lie."

CONSERVATIVE.

TAYLOR MILL.

The management of the Taylor Mill Company announces that the company is now, and has been, regardless of the recent fire which destroyed the mill, in a position to take care of orders for builders' materials and to fill all ordinary orders.

THE CITY MARKET

Oils.	
Pratt's Coal Oil	1.60
Eocene	1.75
Meats.	
Hams (B. C.), per lb.	.20@ .25
Bacon (B. C.), per lb.	.25@ .28
Hams (American), per lb.	.25
Bacon (American), per lb.	.35
Bacon (long clear), per lb.	.22
Beef, per lb.	.10@ .30
Pork, per lb.	.10@ .25
Mutton, per lb.	.15@ .30
Lamb, hindquarter	2.60@ 3.00
Lamb, forequarter	1.75@ 2.00
Veal, per lb.	.10@ .30
Suet, per lb.	.15
Farm Produce.	
Fresh Island Eggs	.50
Butter, Cowichan	.50
Butter, Victoria	.50
Butter, Salt Spring	.45
Butter, Eastern Townships	.35
Lard, per lb.	.20
Western Canada Flour Mills.	
Purity per sack	1.80
Purity, per bbl	7.10
Hungarian Flour.	
Ogilvie's Royal Household, per sack	1.80
Ogilvie's Royal Household, per bbl.	7.10
Robin Hood, per sack	1.85
Robin Hood, per bbl.	7.10
Vancouver Milling Co., Hungarian, per sack	1.80
Vancouver Milling Co., Hungarian, per bbl.	7.10
Lake of Woods, per sack	1.80
Lake of Woods, per bbl.	7.10
Calgary Hungarian, per sack	1.80
Calgary Hungarian, per bbl.	7.10
Enderby, per sack	1.80
Enderby, per bbl.	7.10
Pastry Flours.	
Silver Bell	1.65
Snowflake, per sack	1.75
Snowflake, per bbl.	7.00
Vancouver Milling Co., Wild Rose	1.75
Drifted Snow per sack	1.75
Grain.	
Wheat, chicken feed, per ton	35.00@45.00
Wheat, per lb.	.02½
Barley	40.00
Whole Corn	40.00
Cracked Corn	42.00
Oats	35.00
Crushed Oats	37.00
Rolled Oats (B. & K.), 7-lb. sk.	.35
Rolled Oats (B. & K.), 20-lb. sk.	.90
Rolled Oats (B. & K.), 40-lb. sk.	1.90
Rolled Oats (B. & K.), 80-lb. sk.	3.50
Oatmeal, 10-lb. sack	.50
Oatmeal, 50-lb. sack	2.25
Rolled Wheat, 10 lbs.	.65
Cracked Wheat, 10 lbs.	.55
Wheat Flakes, per packet	.12½@ .30
Whole Wheat Flour, 10 lbs.	.45
Graham Flour, 10 lbs.	.50
Graham Flour, 50 lbs.	1.75
Feed.	
Hay (baled), per ton	20.00@23.00
Straw, per ton	16.00
Middlings, per ton	33.00
Bran, per ton	32.00
Ground Feed, per ton	33.00
Shorts per ton	23.00
Poultry.	
Dressed Fowl, per lb.	.25@ .35
Ducks, per lb.	.25@ .30
Geese (Island), per lb.	.20@ .25
Garden Produce.	
Carrots, per lb.	.03
Onions, per lb.	.05
Cabbage, per lb.	.03
Fruit.	
Bananas, doz.	.35
Grapefruit, each, 10c., or 3 for	.25
Lemons, doz.	.30@ .35
Oranges, doz.	.30@ .50
Canteloupes, each	.10@ .15
Peaches, lb.	.08
Plums, lb.	.08
Watermelons, lb.	.02½
Apples, lb.	.05@ .08
Grapes, lb.	.10@ .15
Vegetables.	
Beets, lb.	.03
Cabbage, lb.	.03
Onions, lb.	.04
Turnips, lb.	.03
New Potatoes, 12 lbs. for	.25
Green Corn, doz.	.30
Carrots, lb.	.03
Green Peas, lb.	.06
Beans, lb.	.08
Potatoes (local)	2.00
Fish.	
Salmon, Red Spring, lb.	.15
Salmon, White Spring, lb.	.10
Halibut (local), lb.	.12½
Halibut (Vancouver), lb.	.10
Cod, lb.	.10
Herring, lb.	.10
Finnan Haddie, lb.	.15
Bloaters, lb.	.12½
Shrimps (alive), lb.	.25
Shrimps (imported), lb.	.25
Crabs (local), lb.	.12½
Crabs (imported), lb.	.15
Oolichans (salted), lb.	.15
Salmon Bellies, lb.	.15
Flounders, lb.	.10
Soles, lb.	.15

WHOLESALE MARKET.

Bacon	.21
Hams	.21½
Lard	.13½
Cheese	.16@ .16½
Creamery Butter	.31
Eggs (local)	.45
Eggs (California fresh)	.33
Eggs (Eastern)	.30
Bananas	.05½
Beets, per sack	2.50
Cabbage, per lb.	.03
Cauliflower, per doz.	1.75
Grapefruit, per box	4.25
Lemons	5.50@ 7.00
Lettuce, per crate	1.25
Oranges, Navel, case	4.50
Onions (Australian)	3.50
Onions (California)	.02½
Turnips, per sack	1.75
Haddies, per lb.	.10
Parsley	.40
Almonds, per lb	.20
Filberts, per lb.	.07
Peanuts, roasted	.10
Walnuts, per lb.	.16@ .21
Cucumbers (hot house), per doz.	1.00
Green Onions	.40
New Potatoes (local)	28.50
Canteloupes	4.00
Peaches	1.10
Plums	1.50
Watermelons, per lb.	.02
Pears, Bartletts	2.50
Grapes, Malaga	2.25
Grapes, black	2.00
Grapes (Tokay)	2.25
Apples (Cal. Gravensteins)	3.00
Apples (local)	1.50@ 2.00

SETTLEMENT PROBABLE.

San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 2.—The prospects for a peaceable settlement of the trouble between the shopmen and the officials of the Harriman lines took a more favorable turn to-day, when it was learned that union leaders had again got into touch with the railroad men. A brief conference between some of the international officers and E. E. Calvin, general manager and vice-president of the Southern Pacific, was secretly held and it was also learned that another brief conference was held with Mr. Kruttschnitt, prior to his departure for the east.

RURAL MAIL FOR ALL THE ISLANDS

INSPECTOR HERE TO MAP OUT THE ROUTES

Post Office Department Alive to Necessities of Country Population

(From Saturday's Daily.)

Action is being taken by the Post Office Department to extend the rural mail delivery system on Vancouver Island by enlarging the existing routes and establishing new routes. The result will be that the residents of every portion of the Island which is anyway well settled will have all the conveniences of an up-to-date rural mail delivery.

John R. M. Greenfield, post office inspector at Vancouver, arrived in the city last night to look into conditions and map out routes, this action having been taken in response to numerous petitions that have recently been received by the Postmaster-General for the extension of the free delivery system throughout the Island.

The Gordon Head route, which was considerably extended a short time ago, is about to be made what is known as a "star" route, which means that the whole route will be covered every day. The Saanich route will be very greatly increased, and so will the Metchosin and Colwood route,, all these serving a well-settled country which is rapidly increasing in population.

Saltspring and Pender islands will get rural free delivery routes and among others to be established by Inspector Greenfield will be one from Nanaimo to Duncans, including Cobble Hill, Cowichan Station, Westholme, Chemainus, Ladysmith, Cedar district, Oyster Bay district, Five Acre Lots and Chase River district and Northfield.

There will be others as the inspector finds the public convenience will be served.

NEGOTIATIONS WILL BE REOPENED

Officials of Bank of France Deny Payment of Gold is Being Limited

Paris, Sept. 2.—The French foreign office seemingly has not received any official information from Berlin to the effect that Germany has reduced her expectations in equatorial Africa as compensation for the absolute recognition of France's rights in Morocco.

Numerous German officers in civilian dress are reported to be "travelling" through the frontier towns and villages, principally by meaus of automobiles. La Patrie to-day asserts that German money is being used in stirring up the food riots in the northern departments. These recitals are being disregarded by serious-minded persons as is also the report that the Bank of France is limiting payment in gold and issuing bank notes heavily in anticipation of war. The bank's officials to-day gave authoritative denial to the story.

To Reopen Negotiations.

Berlin, Sept. 2.—There were no developments here to-day regarding the Morocco question. The meeting between the French ambassador at Berlin and the German foreign minister to reopen the Franco-German negotiations will take place on Monday.

RIDDLED WITH BULLETS.

Spokane, Wash. Sept. 2. — Peter Mallick, half-breed Nez Perce Indian and a graduate of Carlisle Indian school, was shot to death by an infuriated mob of Grangeville, Idaho, citizens as he lay asleep in his cell in the county jail in that town Thursday. Over thirty bullets entered his body. Entrance to the jail was gained by keys which had been taken from the guard who was bound and gagged by the mob. The inner door of the cell was battered down. No attempt was made to take the prisoner from his cell.

Mallick, who lived with his half-breed wife on a homestead near Grangeville, was arrested some weeks ago charged with savagely beating his spouse, while on a drunken spree early in July. Her ribs and collarbone were broken and her life was in danger for over a month. Since his incarceration threats were made to take his life.

The climax was reached late last night when about twenty citizens marched to the jail, bound and gagged the guard, seized his keys and entered the cell where the half-breed was sleeping. Nearly every man carried a gun and when they saw the wife-beater, they opened fire and a large number of bullets entered his body. Mallick died without uttering a sound.

The mob then marched from the jail, leaving the corpse in the cell.

TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIP.

M. E. McLoughlin Defeats B. C. Wright and Will Now Meet W. A. Larned.

Newport, R. I., Sept. 2.—The challenger of William A. Larned, of Summit, N. J., for the international lawn tennis championship will be Maurice E. McLoughlin, of San Francisco, who to-day defeated Beals C. Wright, of Boston, in the finals of the all-comers tournament, three sets to one. The scores were 6-4, 4-6, 7-5, 6-3. Except in the second set and for a few moments in the third set, McLoughlin was always master of the situation.

An analysis of the points shows 137 for McLoughlin to 116 for Wright.