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The Toronto World.

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28 King-street West, Manning Arcade.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR — TEN PAGES—WEDNESDAY MORNING APRIL 28 1897—TEN PAGES — ONE CENT

Rdg room house Com Pianos

GREEK CABINET RESIGNS!

That is the Report Which Comes From Paris.

A REVOLUTION IMMINENT AT ATHENS.

Very Bitter Feeling Against King George and His Government.

Reason to Believe That Greece Will Withdraw Her Troops From Crete and Appeal to the Powers to Settle the Disturbance—This Said to be Due to a Report That Edhem Pasha Intends to March on Athens—Announcement in the British House of Commons That the Powers Will Not Occupy Greek Territory—A Cabinet Crisis Feared at Athens—Turks Said to be Behaving Themselves Decently at Larissa — Russia Glad for the Defeat of the Greeks—Salonica in a State of Anxiety Because of the Approach of the Greek Fleet—Turkish Fleet Will Give Battle—Latest War News.

Athens, April 27, midnight.—The fall of the Ministry is now regarded as certain.

Cabinet Has Resigned.

London, April 27.—A despatch to The Daily Mail from Paris says that the Greek Cabinet has resigned.

Looks Like a Revolution.

Athens, April 27.—Popular feeling points to a revolution in favor of a republic. The citizens are greatly excited at the revelations made by former Minister Ralli as to the conduct of the campaign. To-day large meetings have been held in Constitution-square and other places of public resort and fiery harangues have been delivered by well-known orators in denunciation of "those who would betray Greece."

This afternoon 500 men formed themselves into a volunteer body, forced their way into the gunsmiths' shops, armed themselves with rifles and revolvers, and paraded the street in front of M. Ralli's residence. Several deputies addressed them, exhorting them to remain calm and to await the progress of events. Finally they proceeded to the Royal Palace, where, after making a demonstration, they dispersed without further disorder. But the incident has made a great sensation.

WAR NEARING ITS END.

Affairs in the East Indicate Early Intervention by the Powers.

London, April 27.—The Evening News this afternoon publishes a despatch from Athens, dated 10.30 p.m., and saying the people there are frightfully incensed at the retreat of the troops. The despatch further says that the bitterness against King George and his Government is intensified by the news that the Greek army in Epirus has been ordered to suspend operations, pending reconsideration of the situation by the Ministers. Continuing, the despatch says:

"Indeed, it looks probable that to-morrow will see the end of the whole business. There is reason to believe the Government is contemplating the withdrawal of the Greek troops from Crete, and an appeal to the powers to settle the troubles. This change upon the part of the Government is due to Edhem Pasha having intimated his intention of marching upon Athens."

Powers Will Not Occupy Greek Territory.

London, April 27.—In the House of Commons this afternoon, the Parliamentary Secretary for the Foreign Office, Mr. George N. Curzon, replying to a question of Mr. Henry Labouchere, advanced Liberal member for Northampton, said no agreement had been reached relative to the withdrawal of the Turkish troops from Crete. A majority of the powers, he added, were of the opinion that the Greeks must leave first. [Cheers.]

Continuing, Mr. Curzon informed the House that the admirals of the foreign fleets in Cretan waters had decided that the deportation of the Turks would imperil 49,000 Cretan Mussulmans in Candia alone. In conclusion, Mr. Curzon remarked that the powers had no intention of occupying any portion of Greek territory and declaring it neutral.

A Cabinet Crisis Imminent.

Athens, April 27, 3 p.m.—The Legislative Assembly in the absence of a quorum has postponed the extraordinary session until 10 a.m. to-morrow.

A majority of the deputies have signed a manifesto exhorting the people to be calm. Nevertheless, there are gatherings in various parts of the city, and especially on the square in front of the Palace, where M. Ralli and the other leaders of the Opposition are conferring with the King.

The organ of M. Ralli says that the meeting of the Legislative Assembly is the result of a conference of the leaders of the Opposition, Sotiropolo, Ralli, Moupolo, Stouloudis and Carapanos, with the King and his Ministers. These leaders had pointed out the necessity of preserving order and the necessary measures to meet the danger, and urged the immediate meeting of the Legislative Assembly as a possible solution. The King and his Ministers consented to this.

After the conference a representative of the Associated Press had an interview with M. Stouloudis, one of the Opposition leaders. He said the leaders of the Opposition had impressed the King with the fact that it was his first duty to organize the Greek forces. To this the King had assented. The leaders also pointed out that a new Ministry must be the product of a vote taken in the Legislative Assembly.

Russia Glad of the Greek Defeat.

St. Petersburg, April 27.—In political circles pleasure is experienced at the Greek defeat, as it is looked upon as calculated to avert dangerous complications in the Balkans, which might have jeopardized the peace of Europe.

Some Greeks May Stay.

Constantinople, April 27.—The Turkish Government, acting upon the recommendations of the Ambassadors of the powers, has authorized the Greeks in the service of the Consulates, hospitals, foreign missions and postoffices to remain in Turkey. All other Greeks, however, will have to leave the Empire.

Campaign Practically Ended.

Constantinople, April 27.—The campaign in Thessaly is considered practically ended. Troops from Anatolia are arriving at Rodosto en route for Salonica to reinforce the army in Epirus.

Popular Ferment Partly Allayed.

London, April 27.—The correspondent of The Times at Athens will say to-morrow:

The popular ferment has been partly allayed by the dismissal of Constantine's staff, though the most violent section of the press still demands that the Crown Prince and Prince Nicholas be recalled. These newspapers do not say what would be gained by inflicting such an humiliation upon the Princes. It could not have been expected that at their age and with their experience of actual warfare, they would suddenly display a heretofore unknown genius for strategy. The fault lies elsewhere, but it is not easy to say where. The number of scapegoats is certainly large enough."

What the King Says.

London, April 27.—The correspondent of The Daily Telegraph at Athens will say to-morrow:

"I am at liberty to affirm that King George emphatically repudiates all responsibility for the precipitate retreat

Continued on Page 2.

HON. W. S. FIELDING,

FINANCE MINISTER OF CANADA.

IN AN INQUIRING MOOD

Members Wanted a Heap of Information

IN THE HOUSE YESTERDAY.

All Sorts of Topics Covered in the Many Interpellations.

Dr. Reid Introduced a Bill to Regulate Freight Rates on Railways and Then, After the Questions and Answers, Controller Paterson Took Up the Budget Debate—Mr. Davin Followed, and After Him Messrs. Oliver, Craig and J. Ross Robertson—Mr. McMullen Moved the Adjournment.

Ottawa, Ont., April 27.—(Special.)—In the House to-day Dr. Reid introduced a bill to regulate freight rates on railways. He said the proposed measure was similar to the Interstate Commerce law of the United States. It is proposed to create a commission to settle all disputes between shippers and railways, and further that rates on short hauls should not be proportionately greater than the rates on long hauls.

Controller Paterson, answering Mr. Wood, said the tug Silver Spray and the schooner Mary Grover were seized in May, 1884, for not reporting goods landed at Michipicoten River. Messrs. Conmee and McLennan were the owners of the vessels.

Mr. Tarte told Mr. Monk the cost of the temporary roof over the Western block was $4500. The contract was let to Joseph Bourque of Hull without tender.

Sir Richard Cartwright, answering Mr. Casgrain, said the fortification walls at Quebec were in a bad state of repair, and the Government was taking steps to have them put into proper condition.

Mr. Davies told Mr. Casgrain that the appeal in the fisheries case would be heard in England during the coming summer.

Mr. Davies informed Mr. Casgrain that Dr. Lavoie of Quebec had been appointed inspector of the gulf fisheries during the absence of Commander Wakeham, who was to be in charge of the Hudson's Bay expedition. Dr. Lavoie's salary would be $1200 a year.

Mr. Laurier told Sir Charles Tupper that the main features of the agreement with the Grand Trunk Railway for the I.C.R. to enter Montreal were complete, but that there were important details still to be settled.

Mr. Mulock stated to Mr. Davin that Mrs. McManus, postmistress of Northfield, B.C., had been dismissed owing to the overbearing conduct of her husband. [Laughter.]

Mr. Fielding said that Charles Thibault, advocate of Waterloo, after 8 years and 9 months' service as secretary of the Board of Official Arbitrators, was superannuated in September, 1895, after paying $322 to the superannuation fund. Ten years had been added to his term of service. [Ironical cheers from the Government benches.] He had drawn as superannuation $6143 and as salary from 1886 to 1889 $16,272. [Ilderal cheers.]

Mr. Laurier told Mr. LaRiviere that shortly after the conclusion of last session the Government invited the Government of Manitoba to negotiate on the school question. Accordingly three members of the Manitoba Government came to Ottawa and had several conferences with the Dominion Government. That was the arrangement now before the country. [Hear, hear.]

Mr. McNeil asked what interpretation the Controller of Customs placed on the words "on the whole" in the reciprocal clause.

Mr. Paterson said, without wishing to be discourteous, he could only say the words carried their own interpretation.

Mr. McNeil asked whether the words "on the average" would be a fair equivalent.

Mr. Patherson: I do not understand that if a country admitted but one or two or half a dozen articles that that would come within the category. At this moment the only country I have decided as coming within the scope of the clause is Great Britain and Ireland.

THE BUDGET DEBATE.

Mr. Paterson, Controller of Customs, Defends the Government Policy.

Mr. Paterson, after an introductory reference to previous speeches, justified the delay that had ensued between the time when the new Government took office and the introduction of the new tariff, claiming that the Government had done in a few months what had taken the Conservative Government a year to do in 1894. He denied that business had been paralyzed by the delay. True, there had been uncertainty and some anxiety, but nothing unusual in the case of any impending tariff revision. As to the tariff itself, Mr. Paterson claimed it fulfilled to the letter the pledges in the platform adopted by the Liberal party in 1893. The taxes had been reduced on every article except ales, spirits and tobaccos, and no industry had been unjustly treated. The Government took the ground that the tariff should be a tariff for revenue, a tariff framed to raise the requisite revenue to carry on the government of the country; if there was any protection incidental thereto, as there must be, it followed as an incident and not as a principle. Hon. gentlemen opposite pretended not to be able to understand the reciprocal clause of the new tariff, albeit they denounced its provisions as unconstitutional. It was strange that these gentlemen, with the resolution in print in their hands, should not be able to comprehend it when newspapers thousands of miles away, receiving their reports by telegraph and cable, are able to understand it, and as The London Times did, comment favorably upon it and even commend it to the good judgment of the Opposition.

Favored Nation Treatment

Proceeding upon this point, Mr. Paterson read from Sir Charles Tupper's speech before the Second Congress of Chambers of Commerce of the Empire, wherein he, speaking to the preferential trade resolution, declared that while Canada's loyalty was not dependent upon commercial benefits, preferential trade would be a strengthening of the bonds. And Sir Charles further had announced that Lord Salisbury, as well as every statesman, Liberal and Conservative, in England, was pledged to the abrogation of these favored nation treaties, which stood in the way of carrying out a preferential trade arrangement between Great Bri-

Continued on page 2.

CLEANED OUT.

SIGNOR TUPPERI (the political fruit vendor): Dama! Not only dey upseta de carta, but dey graba all de banana

THEY ALL WENT LIBERAL

Government Winning All the Bye-Elections.

ONE-SIDED IN WINNIPEG,

Ex-Mayor Jameson's Opponent Will Barely Save His Deposit.

In Macdonald the Government Candidate Has a Majority of Between 500 and 600, but Returns Are Incomplete and the Figures May Be Reduced—The Battle in West Prince, Prince Edward Island, Was a Very Close One, but the Liberal Got There, According to the Returns Received.

Winnipeg, April 27.—(Special.)—In all the history of Winnipeg it never witnessed so tame and lifeless a Dominion election contest as that which took place to-day. The Conservatives kept out of it entirely, taking no part whatever, and the result was an utter lack of interest and a very one-sided affair. Indeed, scores of people overlooked the fact that an election was going on. While at the last Dominion contest there were nearly 6000 votes cast, this time there are only 3000. Of this number, however, ex-Mayor Jameson, the Government candidate, secured nearly 1200 majority and if Mr. Taylor, the Independent candidate, saves his deposit, it will only be by two or three votes.

In Macdonald.

In Macdonald constituency Dr. Rutherford, the Government candidate, is elected by a good majority, but the returns will be incomplete until to-morrow. With those incomplete returns Rutherford has between 500 and 600 majority over his opponent, Kenneth McKenzie. Returns from the rural districts, however, may reduce this majority, as the Patrons are strongest in the outlying points.

A Very Close Thing.

Charlottetown, P.E.I., April 27.—An election for the Commons took place to day in West Prince, to fill the vacancy caused by the unseating of Mr. Hackett, Conservative. The candidates were Mr. Perry, Liberal, and Mr. Hackett. At 8 p.m. Perry was seven votes ahead, with three places to hear from.

Wearing the Purple.

Apropos of the craze for purple, which was formerly the exclusive shade for emperors, kings and princes, Quinn of 115 King-street west announces that he is now showing the royal purple in strings and the neatest little bow ties that have ever been shown in this city. These are the popular ties of the moment, for both ladies and gentlemen, and the price, twenty-five cents, should make them universal this glorious Jubilee year.

Provident Savings Life Assurance Society of New York, established 1875. We have several good districts in Ontario for general agents. Gentlemen seeking remunerative business connections apply to R. H. Matson, general manager for Canada, 37 Yonge-street, Toronto. 136

Register for the Sunday Car Vote.

If you desire to vote for Sunday Cars and your name is not on the City Voters' List, fill in the following blank form and send or leave same at the Central Committee Rooms, No. 6 KING STREET WEST, where the City Voters' List can be seen and other information obtained.

You will then be notified when and where to register. See that your friends and neighbors also register.

Qualification of voters: Every male, 21 years old, being a British subject, who has resided in Ontario since April 27, 1896, and in Toronto since January 27, 1897, is entitled to be registered in the district in which he now resides, provided he is not already entitled to vote by reason of being on the City Voters' List.

NAME (in full).	RESIDENCE (not business address).

TOM QUIGLEY IS DEAD.

A Toronto Man Who Was in Jackson State Prison Fatally Stabbed by Another Convict Last Week.

Jackson, Mich., April 27.—Thomas Quigley, alias Campbell, alias Shannon, the Penitentiary convict, who was stabbed by Convict Thomas Cleary last Thursday, died yesterday. A brother and sister of the dead man came from Toronto, Ont., Saturday, and were with their brother at the prison when he died.

The remains will be interred here Prosecuting Attorney Kirkley says he will not entertain a complaint against Cleary for murder for the time being as the constitutionality of the law which allows trial of prisoners for crimes committed while serving time for another offense is in question before the court. When this case is decided, the Jackson County prosecutor will determine what to do.

Aids digestion wonderfully — Adams' Tutti Frutti. See that the trade mark name, Tutti Frutti, is on each five cent package.

Here From Ireland.

To-day we open one case of Irish hand-knit bicycle hose, with and without feet, in fancy knitted tops—something entirely different from the commonplace goods shown throughout the city. See these goods in our window. Sword, 55 King-street east.

Cook's Turkish Baths, 204 King W, evenings, 50c.

The Ottawa Decorative Art Society under the superintendence of Miss R. J. Barrett and a proficient staff of teachers, will give free lessons in art needlework for a limited time in Cumberland Hall, corner of Yonge and Cumberland-streets, starting on Tuesday morning the 27th instant, at 10 o'clock. All ladies interested in decorative art needlework are welcome.

When you ask for Adams' Tutti Frutti see that you get it. Some dealers, to obtain a big profit, try to palm off imitations.

HON. MR. FLYNN'S COUP

The Quebec Provincial Premier is Wide Awake.

WITH A STROKE OF HIS PEN

He Guaranteed Bonds of the Atlantic and Lake Superior Railway.

Now That Company Will Be Able to Complete the Baie des Chaleurs Road to Gaspe Basin and Connect Montreal and Point Levis by Another Link—The Belgian Consulate at Montreal Issues a Protest in Regard to Tariff Matters—James A. Cantlie & Co. Abandon Their Estate to the Bank of Montreal.

Montreal, April 27.—(Special.)—Hon. E. J. Flynn is an able man, and the Liberals are finding out that the Quebec Premier has always a firstrate card ready to play at the proper time. The Laurier Government announced that they had adopted the Drummond County Road as an extension of the Intercolonial, and to satisfy the Liberal kickers all along the south shore they promised a subsidy for an independent line from Levis to Montreal, following the river via Sorel. With a bold stroke of the pen Premier Flynn has guaranteed the bonds of the Atlantic and Lake Superior Railway to the extent of $8,000,000, which will enable that company to complete the Baie des Chaleurs road to Gaspe Basin and build the other link between Montreal and Point Levis. It is understood that the Quebec Government will retain the subsidies to prevent any possibility of loss, and on the whole it is looked upon as a great stroke of policy on the part of the local Premier.

Belgian Consulate Protests.

The following notice has been issued by the Belgian Consulate here:

"The Belgian Consulate in Montreal gives notice to importers of Belgian goods that a protest has been entered with the Imperial Government in London against the non-application by the Government of the Dominion of Canada of the Anglo-Belgian treaty of 1863, which guarantees, without any restriction, the most favored clause to Belgium in all the British colonies. In consequence, importers of Belgian goods will be instructed to pass their customs entries under protest, and to forward a copy of the same to the Belgian General Consulate at Ottawa."

Cantlie & Co Give Up Their Estate.

Some days ago The World announced that Rollo Simpson, for a quarter of a century confidential clerk with J. A. Cantlie & Co., had left the country, and that an examination of his books had revealed the fact that he was an embezzler to the extent of $60,000. The blow was too heavy for the firm, and to-day they decided to abandon their estate at the demand of the Bank of Montreal. Details will not be forthcoming until to-morrow, but the liabilities are expected to be large.

Why are there so vacant residences on St. Joseph Street? Because it is such a "hole" some locality.

Mr. Bruenech's Water Colors.

Messrs. Townsend & Co., 22 King-street west, have now on view a choice collection of water color sketches and paintings by G. Bruenech, A.R.C.A. They will be on exhibition to-day (Wednesday) until noon, when they will be taken off the walls and arranged for the auction sale, which takes place in the same locality at 3 p.m. This collection represents work of several years, comprising views, all taken from nature, in Canada, the United States, England, France and Norway, "The Land of the Midnight Sun." In the country the artist spent a couple of summers quite recently, and he was successful in securing a number of sketches of those gorgeous effects of the sun shining at midnight. These "Arctic" effects are well represented in No. 30, "Midnight Sun Effect in the Lofoten Islands, Norway"; No. 31, "Midnight at Bosekop, Alkenfjord"; No. 29, "Jostedalsbraen"; No. 46, "The Olden Fjord," and several others. There is also among the most noticeable pictures a view of "Hammerfest," North of Norway, the most northerly town in the world (70 deg. 40 min. north lat.), and is catalogued as No. 41. The Canadian subjects are taken in Muskoka, the Upper and Lower St. Lawrence, the Humber River, near Toronto, and the Niagara River. No. 15, "Windsor Castle," is a subject that will appeal to any Englishman, and is perhaps one of the gems of the collection. Among other English views are: "Trafalgar Square" and "St. Paul's Cathedral," London, and also a view of Gooderich Castle, Herefordshire. Several charming views of Brittany coast scenery are also among the most prominent pictures. These views were taken on the coast, near the historic and picturesque old town of St. Malo, where the artist lived several years.

Pember's Turkish baths, 129 Yonge.

Easy to order "Salada Ceylon Tea.

Direct Importations

of pocket cutlery, string tickets, shipping tags, whist markers; also our extra value in automatic inkstands at 25c each. Get particulars of this bottle. Blight Bros., 65 Yonge-street.

Baths, steam heated, 127 and 129 Yonge.

Grand & Toy's List of Cable Codes.

Moreing & Neal's Mining Code, Bedford McNeal's Mining Code; Clough's Mining Code, A.B.C., fourth edition; Slater's Code. Other Codes to order. If it is a good thing we have it. Grand & Toy, Stationers and Printers, Wellington and Jordan-streets, Toronto.

Cook's Turkish Baths, 204 King W., day, 75c.

BIRTHS.

ANDERSON—At 244 Markham-street, April 26, 1897, the wife of A. Anderson, of a daughter.

DEATHS

STEWART—At Orangeville, on Tuesday, April 27, 1897, Falkner Cornwall Stewart, in his 65th year.

Funeral Thursday, April 29, at 2 p.m.

FARQUHAR—At 48 Pembroke-street on the 27th inst., Elizabeth Barbara, wife of George Farquhar, daughter of the late James Farquhar of 11 Wilton Crescent, Toronto, aged 45 years.

Funeral Thursday, April 29, at 2 p.m.

THOSE TWO NATIONS

May or May Not Have Rights Under the Tariff

AS IT IS NOT YET SETTLED.

But the Colonial Secretary Has Not Refused the Reciprocal Clause,

As Was Rumored in Ottawa Yesterday—What Was Done at the Opposition Caucus in the Corner Room Yesterday—The Tobacco Men Are Not Satisfied, Neither Are Those Interested in the Iron Industry—Medical Instruments May Be Taxed—Uncle Ol Is Solid With His Colleagues—Ottawa Topics of Interest.

Ottawa, April 22.—(Special.)—A report was current round the lobbies today that the Government had received a telegram from the Colonial Secretary stating that the Imperial authorities could not accept the reciprocal clause. The rumor created much talk, but on the highest authority your correspondent is in a position to say there is not a word of truth in it. As regards the question of the admission of Germany and Belgium to the privileges of Schedule D of the tariff, I understand that the Government admits that the point is a debatable one as to whether or not the most favored nation clause will apply, but naturally they put the most favorable construction upon the matter, and, even supposing they are beaten, their action will have given a great impetus to the movement to get rid of these obnoxious treaties.

The Opposition in Caucus.

Major Beattie of London presided at the Opposition caucus held this morning. The tariff proposals were discussed at some length, and the majority were of the opinion that the destruction of Canadian industries is inevitable and the chance of obtaining preferential trade with Great Britain, which would be of such advantage to Canada, has been thrown away. The country stood face to face with the competition not only of Great Britain, but necessarily of all the countries which have the "most favored nation" clauses treaty with Great Britain. Sir Charles Tupper would not state whether any amendment would be moved to the tariff proposals, but it is probable that the fight will be made upon the proposals in the committee stage, and that no amendment will be introduced. Some members expressed themselves in favor of the Government's preferential proposals.

The Tobacco Men.

Representatives of the tobacco interests from Montreal, Toronto, London, Hamilton and Granby, who have been in town for a couple of days past, had another meeting this afternoon and to-night had an interview with the Ministers in Mr. Fielding's room. Mr. Sutherland, M.P., introduced the deputation, which was received by Hon. Messrs. Fielding, Paterson and Mulock. The spokesman of the deputation urged that the duty upon leaf tobacco remain as it is, as if it were raised the majority of the small manufacturers of the country would be compelled to close their doors. Should, however, the Government decide that it was impossible in view of the necessities of the revenue, they asked that the new duty be levied upon manufactured cigars, and not upon the raw leaf, but in the event of this second proposition being declined they requested that the duty should in future be levied upon the standard weight of the tobacco, and not upon the actual weight. In this way they would not be compelled to pay for the water in

Continued on Page 2.

A Pointer for Joe Tait.

There is a man who is against Sunday cars in Toronto, on account of the size of the city.

That man is Joe Tait.

Did anyone ever see this selfsame Joe Tait driving that spanking bread wagon team on Sunday?

No one would say that Joe Tait ever hitched the team on Sunday. No, that's the job of "my boy Jack"—Jack's a decent boy, too.

Joe does the driving, but Jack hitches the team.

It's dollars to doughnuts that Joe will be riding to church on Sunday in a street car to preach a sermon before the merry month of May has gone.

And Jack won't be sorry, either.

Mery Del Val's Visit

Mgr. Mery Del Val, the Papal ablegate now in Canada, will arrive in Toronto on Saturday, May 8, and will say mass in St. Michael's Cathedral on Sunday, May 9, at 11 a.m. He will attend vespers in the evening, when His Grace Archbishop Walsh will preach.

During the ablegate's visit he will be presented with an address by the clergy and laymen of the city, and also shown our educational and charitable institutions.

Citizens' Sunday Car Meeting.

A meeting will be held to-night in St. George's Hall, Elm-street, at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of completing the organization of the Citizens' Sunday Car Association. All who are in favor of Sunday cars are requested to attend.

Fetherstonhaugh & Co., patent solicitors and experts, Bank Commerce Building, Toronto.

"Salada" Tea is not nerve disturbing.

Turning Warmer.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Esquimalt, 34—54; Calgary, 30—40; Battleford, 32—44; Qu'Appelle, 34—50; Winnipeg, 46—66; Port Arthur, 32—54; Parry Sound, 26—42; Toronto, 32—52; Ottawa, 26—44; Montreal, 32—44; Quebec, 38—48; Halifax, 42—50.

PROBS: Winds mostly southerly; fine today, turning warmer; showery to-morrow.

Cook's Turkish Baths, 204 King W. Ladies 75c.

Steamship Movements.

April 27.	At.	From.
Circassia	New York	Glasgow
Cuba	New York	Liverpool
P'Oland	New York	Amsterdam
Adria	New York	Stettin
Laurentian	Portland	Liverpool
California	Naples	New York
Catalonia	Queenstown	Boston
Burgundia	Marseilles	New York