

The Toronto World

A Morning Newspaper Published Every Day in the Year.
MAIN OFFICE, 83 YONGE STREET, TORONTO.

A favor will be conferred on the management if subscribers who receive papers by carrier or thru the mail will report any irregularity or delay in receipt of their copy.

Forward all complaints to The World Office, 83 Yonge Street, Toronto.

NATIONAL FORESTRY POLICY.

At the Friday session of the Canadian Press Association the present position and future of the Canadian pulpwood resources was one of the subjects discussed, and a resolution was ultimately passed instructing the executive to appoint a special committee to watch the policy pursued by the federal and provincial governments and devise means for protecting Canadian press interests. This is all very well so far as it goes, but it is in the power of the press, if it will, to exercise a more powerful influence in assisting the movement for the adoption of a thoroly scientific and up-to-date forest policy by the Dominion, and those of its provinces that possess large timber reserves. The matter of a possible paper famine at no very remote date and the actual and great advance in prices already in evidence is important enough not only for newspapers, but for the public to whom they are a necessity. In its national aspect the proper protection and administration of our forests—a natural resource unsurpassed in present and prospective value—assumes higher proportions and the urgency of the question certainly gives it the leading place in the roster of political reforms.

Canadians are terribly slow in realizing the imminent danger impending over the forest wealth of the Dominion. There is no excuse for ignorance concerning it if the press does its duty and maintains a continuous and insistent campaign of education. It is the curse of the country that even really national questions, such as the forestry problem undoubtedly is, one, too, which can be met by the application of scientific methods already tried and proved, cannot be raised above and kept free from the influence of party politics. Were the newspapers of Canada, with any substantial degree of unanimity, to set about applying a stimulant to public opinion and in this way to bring pressure to bear upon parliament and the legislatures, governments would be more responsive and more alert in formulating a progressive policy, both in the way of conserving our forest resources and administering them for the primary purpose of protecting the national future and developing national industries. Canadian resources ought not to be depleted in order that United States manufacturers may benefit, especially when, as in the case of our timber supplies, the evident end of this mistaken policy is disaster to Canadian interests and at the best only postpones and intensifies the timber and paper famine which every authority, United States and Canadian, agrees in declaring to be within measurable distance.

In the interview recently noticed in The World, Lord Welby, late permanent under-secretary of the British treasury, outlined the course which, in his opinion, ought to be pursued in matters of national importance. Although his remarks applied particularly to financial measures, the principle underlying them is as applicable to questions concerning any really national concern and is especially relevant to forestry methods, which have really become scientific and authoritative in character. "Choose," he said, "a body of men, disinterested men who understand the subject thoroly and above all, men who have the confidence of the public—and let them draft the needed reforms." Having obtained the recommendations of your experts enact legislation in accordance. Then the chances are that you will have fewer mistakes to correct than might happen after hasty action." Ontario admittedly possesses enormous forestry wealth which, placed under proper regulation, will be a perennial source of revenue and a fosterer of provincial industrial prosperity. Why should not the provincial government appoint such a body of experts as Lord Welby indicates to formulate a forestry policy, broad, comprehensive and scientific, and having regard first and foremost to provincial public interests? Let it be remembered that this is not a controversy between mere theory and practical experience. It has been found in countries having an advanced forest policy that it makes for the ultimate gain of the lumbermen themselves. United action on the part of the press of Ontario can secure all that is necessary to safeguard the provincial timber and pulpwood resources. Any immediate profits that are sacrificed will be a small price to pay for the maintenance of Ontario's place as one of the greatest world resources.

THE KAISER AND BRITISH POLITICS.

Not long ago an acute continental observer declared that a marked change had passed over the British people. Formerly indifferent to outside opinion, and possessing a temper erring rather on the side of self-confidence than self-distrust, the attitude of the great British public was now, and had, he said, been for some time one of nervous ten-

sion and excitability, especially as regards the country's foreign relations. This judgment must be held as to some extent sustained by the remarkable rumpus following upon the report that the Kaiser had written a letter to Lord Tweedmouth, first lord of the admiralty, for the purpose of influencing British naval policy. The story in its bald form was incredible enough, but this much has been established, that the Kaiser did write what the first lord calls a personal letter containing no reference to the naval estimates, and had received a reply. Out of this came a tempest of denunciation and recrimination, temporarily stayed by the undertaking of the government to make a parliamentary statement to-day.

The incident, even if the issue be satisfactory, reveals the dangerous undercurrent of anti-German sentiment that still remains. It has been assiduously fostered by the political section that has been so strenuously demanding a large increase in the strength of the British navy. At the same time the outburst brings home to the government the necessity of avoiding complications of this kind, especially during the enforced inability of the premier to fulfil that part of his duties which, of all others, requires his personal supervision. At present the situation of the cabinet is unusual and delicate. The premiership is practically in commission, and it is impossible for Mr. Asquith, in addition to his other multifarious duties as chancellor of the exchequer, and in personal charge of the leading measure of the session, to meet a delegated authority. An arrangement of this kind may work for a limited period and while no special emergency arises, but it is apt to break down at the moment when real authority is most required.

Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman's illness adds greatly to the troubles of the government, particularly as this session is a crucial one in its career. It is said that he placed himself unreservedly in the hands of his colleagues, and only retained office at their unanimous request. This agreement is reported to have been reached only after considerable discussion had arisen over the succession to the premiership. But Mr. Asquith's claims appear to have prevailed, and no doubt can now be felt that upon him the mantle will fall. Should the succession open, the addition of his name to the roll of British premiers will be notable, because he will be the first lawyer in actual practice to reach that rank. Some depreciation comment was made when he resumed the active duties of his profession after his tenure of the home secretaryship, only leaving them to become chancellor of the exchequer.

THE VACANT CHAIRMANSHIP.

Mr. Justice Mahe's remarks on his reported appointment to the chairmanship of the Dominion Railway Commission suggest some general considerations applicable to that highly onerous position. That its responsibilities are heavy and the work of the office arduous is undoubted and for that very reason it demands exceptional physical and mental equipment. To be chairman of a body charged with the enormous task of controlling and regulating the public services of Canada calls for ability and endurance of the highest kind. But if the post requires much at the hands of its occupant the opportunities for valuable and permanent public good are equally great and the honor and reputation to be gained by faithful and competent performance even more considerable than attach to purely judicial service. For the efficiency of the railway board depends first and last on the character of its chairman, thru the influence he exerts on its policy and his capacity for arranging and systematizing its procedure.

An impression seems to be abroad among a certain class of office-hunters, that the chairmanship of the railway board is nothing more nor less than a place of refuge for a man who has seen his best days, and is looking forward to a seat where with ease and dignity he can spend the remainder of his working years. This, it is to be hoped, is not the view of those in whose hands the appointment lies. Their responsibility, serious at any time, is made graver now that the necessity and value of public service control is clearly recognized, and the board has already, thanks to the qualities of its late chairman, obtained the seal of public approval. With additional duties imposed on it, the board needs as its president a man of full vigor, with the experience that gives authority, the intellectual power that can master and elucidate intricate propositions, the impartial judgment that can reconcile conflicting interests and the determination that alone can make the work of the commission effective. Mr. Justice Mahe's appointment, if it be true, would not be open to objection, and The World hopes that whoever the new chairman may be, he will rightly command the confidence of the people.

U.S. CROOKS INVADE WEST.

WINNIPEG, March 8.—(Special.)—John King and Charles Parsons, two crooks, with a bad record south of the line, were sentenced on Saturday to three years in Stony Mountain Penitentiary for playing a confidence game on farmers at the C.P.R. depot, by which they got \$30. The city police have been busy lately rounding up American "bad men," who have been driven across the boundary by hard times.

WOULDN'T SUPPLY MEALS

HOTELKEEPERS ARE FINED

Refusal to Accommodate Travelers Because of Inconvenience is Punished.

LINDSAY, March 8.—(Special.)—F. D. Moore, police magistrate, Lindsay, fined Jeremiah Twomey and John Aldous for refusing, without valid reason, to supply meals to certain travelers in contravention of the Liquor License Act.

Twomey and Aldous keep taverns at Fenelon Falls, and the license inspector for East Victoria charged them under the section, B. 1, 1847, chap. 245, sec. 75, which says:

"Every tavern keeper failing or refusing, on his behalf, to serve, for a valid reason, to supply lodgings, meals or accommodation to travelers, shall for such offence be liable, on conviction, to forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding \$20."

Two members of the Cobocan hockey team, with their fathers, drove over to Fenelon Falls on Jan. 23, to play a game with the local club. They were delayed by the snow and arrived at 7:20 at Twomey's, where they were told that it was after hours and it was impossible to give them a meal.

The hockeyists then went to Hall's and refused them meals on the ground that their rigs were put up at Twomey's and he would not serve Twomey's customers.

The only apparent reason for refusing the meals was inconvenience. The magistrate reduced the fine he had intended to impose on representations that the hotels had hitherto been well conducted, and that the hotel keepers might have been ignorant of their duties to furnish the traveling public with meals when asked to do so. They got off with \$5 each fine and \$17.88 costs.

COMMITTEE NOT A UNIT.

Aid. Church Doesn't Back Colleagues in Firemen's Salary Question.

"The fact that the fire and light committee did not grant Deputy Chief John Noble the raise recommended by the chief when the others got it was a mistake which I fought against some time," said Ald. Church Saturday. "One of the most open officials in the city is over, and I intend to ask the city council and board of control to recall the firemen's salaries. I would have leaving all salaries the same as last year, owing to the hard times, but the council has had no time to consider them and are underpaid as a class compared with other places and other officials. As I said, I don't believe Deputy Chief Noble's case was not considered by the rest of the present in their merits. I do not approve of the action of the committee, and will move to restore the question in council."

FINE COLLECTION OF SCOTCH SONGS.

There is always something indefinable for the heart and the imagination in a good Scotch song. Messrs. Paterson & Sons of Edinburgh, the leading publishers of Scottish music, encouraged by the great success which has hitherto attended their general publications, are now issuing Scottish songs in a North and South Scotland together. The songs are carefully selected for popularity, and the contralto album is the only one which should be in every home where beats a Highland or Lowland heart.

A HISTORY OF MUSIC.

As musical criticism was accustomed to deal in hypotheses, writers of the history of music thought more of the readable "fair tales" they could weave around the lives of the great composers than they thought of significant facts of the history of music. The history of the development with competent comment on the style and value of the best compositions in all forms. Lately we have been deluged with such "histories," usually imitative of one another and uninteresting to the general reader, the valuable for students. "Outlines of Music History," by Prof. Clarence G. Hamilton of Wellesley College, Mass., is the first book of the kind to strike a fresh and pleasing note in content and presentation. Every chapter ends with a "summary" and "lists for reading," and the style of the leading composers in the modern period is illustrated by brief quotations from their best or most known themes. Particularly happy is the author in his descriptions and interpretations of modern composers from Beethoven to Strauss.

This is a handbook which every lover of music can pick up, dip into and become enlightened or instructed. It is published by Oliver Ditson Company, Boston.

Professor Holds His Ground.

KINGSTON, March 8.—Prof. McNaughton of Queen's University states that he has not withdrawn any remarks he made about the Lancaster case, before the Canadian Club in Toronto. He has replied to Mr. Lancaster, M.P., that he has no apology to make for what he said and intimated that he would be pleased to be prosecuted in connection with the matter, as it would give him an opportunity to call public attention to it in a manner still more conspicuous.

Man Proposes—Woman Imposes

and the divorce court exposes. The mission of "Putnam's" is to cure corns and warts, which it does in 24 hours. Under Putnam's Painless Corn and Wart Extractor. It's the best.

Special for Monday

YOUNG & ROCHESTER'S FANCY VESTS

Dark Fancy and Light Flannel effect, regular \$3.00 and \$4.00, for..... \$2.00

Jaeger
PURE WOOL
DEPT. 85 KING WEST
WREYFORD & Co. PROP.

CITY IS HEADQUARTERS.

Continued From Page 1.

added reports and discussions, while at shorter intervals it may also publish a journal consisting of matter for investigation.

The society desires to co-operate in the near future with the English, American, French, German, Italian and other societies operating under the same charter from their respective governments, for the foregoing or similar purposes.

Membership in the society will not be the result of solicitation, but will be attainable by those who are in harmony with its objects and existing co-operating, and who secure it in the regular course provided, viz., by applying in writing to the secretary, enclosing an application blank and other information desired, stating his or her reasons for seeking membership, and the kind of membership desired.

The entire membership of the society, other than honorary, will be a membership selected from among the applicants by the directors, who are legally constituted a membership committee.

Hopes and Desires. The privacy, as distinguished from secrecy, with which the work of the English and American societies is carried on, did not encourage The World to expect the Canadian body to render much information, but the president, Dr. King, very kindly consented to make a statement as to the hopes and desires of the promoters, as follows:

Hopes and Desires of the Promoters. The gentlemen associated in the effort to launch into an extensive strong Canadian society for physical research, chartered by the Province of Ontario, and acting as members of some of Canada's best expert scientific men; some of her ripest scholars, some of her ablest thinkers; many of her open-minded, earnest, and patriotic men and women who stand ready to applaud the mathematical, or physical, or logical demonstration of a new truth, or the equally well demonstrated destruction of a fallacy; and will be found ready at the proper moment to give place to others who can better justify the society's existence by their individual effort, contribution of knowledge, or scientific status. They also desire to see thoughtful, plodding investigators interest themselves in some one or more of the branches of physical research, and to see the society for local societies, or branches composed of members of the Canadian society for physical research in the course of a few months be able to gratify their ambition, having first secured the privilege of membership, and then which attainment is elsewhere made.

"In addition to the foregoing hopes and desires as to membership the promoters are equally well satisfied with Canadian patriotism preferred to see an independent Canadian society rather than a branch of an English or American society, and with a degree of confidence in the future of the society which believes it will merit the patronage of such Canadians as have passed the period of active investigation, or for want of time cannot so engage, but who enjoying Canadian prosperity are prepared to share with this society and themselves on record as patrons endorsing its existence."

Already Established. The S.P.R., thru the English and American Societies, has already had a footing in Canada. Among members of the older organizations are W. A. Scott, John MacLean, George Mann and Mrs. B. T. Macanay, Montreal; George Gillies, Toronto; Dr. S. A. Akroyd, Kingston; J. Cromwell Cox, Ottawa, and A. Percy Gomerdy, Richmond, Quebec. Dr. King and Prof. McCurdy have also been among the Canadian adherents which numbered 1 fellow full members, and 5 associate members.

In some respects Canadian opinion is very reactionary and narrow, and in the past anything approaching interest in matters psychic has been met with a stonewall of prejudice. For some reason or other people find it more difficult to assume a scientific and judicial attitude on these questions than on any other.

This is partly due to the innate disposition of human nature to rebel against novelty. An order to assist the convenience of everyone on the street cars, for example, is met with immediate opposition and an outcry of prejudice without any enquiry into the merits of the case.

It is difficult for the average human being to realize that what he knows not may be excellent knowledge after all. To ask him to take pains to prove himself ignorant is usually more than he can tolerate.

And yet the Society for Physical Research does not go as far as that. It merely stands for unbiased, critical scientific investigation. It does not seek to prove or to disprove. It merely seeks to ascertain the facts. But there are still a lot of people very fearful.

ANNOUNCEMENTS FOR TO-DAY.

Chambers.

Cartwright, master, at 11 a.m.
Single Court.
The Hon. Chief Justice Meredith, at 11 a.m.

1 Fidelity Funding Co. v. Kemmer.
2 Ottawa Cobalt v. Davidson.
3 Ryan v. Patriarche.
4 Stephens v. Shortells.
5 Re Stewart and Meaford.
6 Macfarlane v. Henderson.
7 Re Rowland and Collingwood.
8 McCormack v. Cooper.
9 Chenier v. Spanish River.

Divisional Court.

Peremptory list for 11 a.m.:
1 Saundby v. Water Commissioners.
2 North Shore v. Trust and Guaranty.
3 Reunne v. Jubinville.
4 Reunne v. Clark.
5 Hummil v. Hummil.
6 Chesterville v. Chesterville.

Toronto Non-Jury Sitings.

Peremptory list for 11 a.m.:
1 Ontario v. Ontario Accident.
2 Crawford v. Bank of Commerce.
3 Innis v. Asling.
4 De Love v. De Mers.
5 McGregor v. Toronto.
6 Dominion Linen Manufacturing Co. v. Langley.

Toronto Spring Assizes.

Peremptory list for Monday at 11 a.m.:
1 Wood v. Toronto Railway Co.
2 McGraw v. Toronto Railway Co.
3 Westmacott v. Toronto Railway Co.
4 Dittzel v. Toronto Railway Co.
5 Run v. Toronto Railway Co.
6 On Wednesday a second court will

fullest some alleged facts should be proven, and rather than face the ordeal of a re-examination, they prefer to live in a fool's paradise. Others are fearful that some alleged facts should be disproven and have not sufficient reason to fully accept the truth of nature to convince themselves of its unity and harmony.

There was at one time a sharp conflict between the Psychological Research Society, founded in 1882, and its predecessor for seven years, the Theosophical Society. It is now generally recognized that the latter follows the method of the philosophy of evolution, while the Society for Psychological Research follows the prevailing cult of evolution. There is no contradiction. They approach the phenomena of life from opposite points of view. Dr. Richard Hodgson, when a very young man of 22, once issued an adverse report on Madam Blavatsky, with whom he was unacquainted and had never met. But later on he accepted far more wonderful phenomena than any he had reported, and died a year or so ago in Boston, one of the staunchest supporters of other-world arcana.

Communications From the Dead.

It is only a few weeks since Prof. Oliver Lodge, president of the University of Birmingham, England, practically affirmed that after a series of secret and exhaustive tests conducted by certain members of the society communications had been received from the so-called dead. Dr. Richard Hodgson, the erstwhile sceptic, is one of those stated to be communicating from the other side of life. Edmund Gurney and F. W. H. Myers and others.

"We required definite and crucial proof," said Lodge, "a proof difficult even to imagine as well as difficult to supply. The ostensible communicators realize the need of such proof as fully as we do, and have done their best to satisfy the rational demand. Some of us think they succeeded. Others are still doubtful."

The cautious language of this statement will be recognized as that of science, whose spirit and tone is reverent above all of truth and fact. It is in this respect that the work of the Canadian society will presumably be carried on whether the investigations undertaken be trivial or momentous.

It is true that some members of the English society like Frank Podmore and G. H. Piddington display an amount of egotism which would not be regarded as rational in a chemical or physical laboratory, but this element of the membership is a most essential to the understanding where at the same time the most conclusive proof is essential, and yet not desirable if the freedom of the will and the reason is to have due recognition.

The officers and council of the English society are a sufficient testimony to the standing of the organization. The past president is R. E. G. W. Balfour. The vice-presidents are Rt. Hon. A. J. Balfour, F.R.S.; Prof. W. B. Barrett, F.R.S.; Sir Wm. Crookes, F.R.S.; George E. Dorr, F.R.S.; J. H. Hyslop, Ph.D.; Prof. Wm. James, Sir Oliver Lodge, F.R.S., D.Sc.; Lord Rayleigh, F.R.S.; Rt. Rev. the Bishop of Ripon. The council consists of W. W. Baggally, Prof. Barlett, Ernest N. Bennett, M.P.; J. M. Braumwell, M.B.; the Earl of Crawford and Balcarres, K.T., F.R.S.; G. Lowes Dickinson, Hon. Everard Felldon, F.R.S.; F. T. Fryer, Sir Lawrence J. Jones, Bart.; Sir Oliver Lodge, M.D.; M. B. Gilbert Murray, LL.D.; Sydney Olivier, C.M.G.; J. C. Piddington, M.P.; J. H. P. Fox Pitt, Frank Rodmore, Lord Rayleigh, F. C. S. Schiller, D.Sc.; Sydney C. Scott, A. F. Shand, Mrs. H. Sidwick, Litt.D.; H. Arthur Smith, Lieut. Col. G. L. Le M. Taylor, Prof. J. J. Thomson, F.R.S.; Charles Lloyd Buckley, M.D.; Mrs. A. W. Vernal, V. J. Woolley, Alfred Russell Wallace, F.R.S., is an honorary member.

It is not debatable if so many eminent persons are associated in any other enterprise.

Most Important Question.

"It is the most important question before the world to-day," said a distinguished Englishman in Toronto last year during a visit in which he discussed psychic research privately. The literature of the subject, due directly to the operations of the society, is becoming very voluminous. Myer's great volumes on "Human Personality," Frank Podmore's "Modern Spiritualism," and works by Oliver Lodge, F.R.S., Charles Lloyd Buckley, M.D., Mrs. A. W. Vernal, V. J. Woolley, Alfred Russell Wallace, F.R.S., are an honorary member.

The average man when he hears of psychic research immediately thinks of spooks and haunted houses, but the activities of the society cover a very much wider field than these limitations. Great expense and labor have been bestowed on the subject of telepathy or thought-transference, and many branches of hypnotic and mesmeric phenomena. Men like Andrew Carnegie who could assist such movements with their purse stand aloof, but they have no sympathy, so that it depends on the truly earnest workers in these recalcitrant branches of study to carry the work to advance the bounds of knowledge, and teach humanity the better to know itself.

AT OSGOOD HALL

ANNOUNCEMENTS FOR TO-DAY.

Chambers.

Cartwright, master, at 11 a.m.
Single Court.
The Hon. Chief Justice Meredith, at 11 a.m.

1 Fidelity Funding Co. v. Kemmer.
2 Ottawa Cobalt v. Davidson.
3 Ryan v. Patriarche.
4 Stephens v. Shortells.
5 Re Stewart and Meaford.
6 Macfarlane v. Henderson.
7 Re Rowland and Collingwood.
8 McCormack v. Cooper.
9 Chenier v. Spanish River.

Divisional Court.

Peremptory list for 11 a.m.:
1 Saundby v. Water Commissioners.
2 North Shore v. Trust and Guaranty.
3 Reunne v. Jubinville.
4 Reunne v. Clark.
5 Hummil v. Hummil.
6 Chesterville v. Chesterville.

Toronto Non-Jury Sitings.

Peremptory list for 11 a.m.:
1 Ontario v. Ontario Accident.
2 Crawford v. Bank of Commerce.
3 Innis v. Asling.
4 De Love v. De Mers.
5 McGregor v. Toronto.
6 Dominion Linen Manufacturing Co. v. Langley.

Toronto Spring Assizes.

Peremptory list for Monday at 11 a.m.:
1 Wood v. Toronto Railway Co.
2 McGraw v. Toronto Railway Co.
3 Westmacott v. Toronto Railway Co.
4 Dittzel v. Toronto Railway Co.
5 Run v. Toronto Railway Co.
6 On Wednesday a second court will

THE T. EATON CO. LIMITED

THE HOUSE THAT VALUE BUILT

THE SLUSH IS HERE GET RUBBERS



Deep snows of February mean deep slush to-day, to-morrow, and the next few weeks. One-half hour of wet feet may mean one month of sickness. Prevention is better than cure. Buy your rubbers now. We have them by the thousand—good, fresh, perfect rubbers—and you may buy at less than manufacturer's price, because we want your rubber business, and are willing to cut figures very fine to secure it. Here are a few selections:

Women's Rubbers, City Special, medium weight, new goods, reliable, sizes 2 1-2 to 8. Pair \$1.50

Women's Light Weight Rubbers, comfortable and perfect fitting, of pure rubber, sizes 2 1-2 to 7. Pair \$1.60

Little Boys' Long Rubber Boots, hip style, fastened with strap and buckle; sizes 6 to 10 1-2. Pair \$2.50

—Second Floor—Queen Street.

THE T. EATON CO. LIMITED

Boat Fixtures Ship Chandlery

TEMPERANCE STREET.

O'Keefe's Make Your PORTER MARMALADE NOW.

Extra mild, mind you. Brewed for those who find that ordinary Porter is too heavy.

Order O'Keefe's, remember.

The season for making Marmalade lasts only a few weeks, and the bitter Oranges we have received from Messina for this purpose are excellent.

Michie & Co., Ltd.

7 King St. West

5 Telephones.

AVERTED ASSASSINATION.

So Police of Venice, Ill., Say—Armed Austrian Arrested.

VENICE, Ill., March 8.—By arresting an armed and apparently half-crazed Austrian who was loitering near St. Mark's Catholic Church, the police believe they frustrated an attempt on the life of Father Peter Kaenders, pastor of St. Mark's. The man, who gave his name as Peter Matfenge, today was fined for carrying a revolver, and was given two hours to leave the town.

Father Kaenders received a letter a few days ago asserting that he would be killed.

Threatened "Uncle Joe."

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 8.—Hiram Maine, 64 years of age, was arrested yesterday on a warrant sworn out by William L. Fletcher, United States postoffice inspector, charged with writing threatening letters to Speaker Joseph G. Cannon of the house of Representatives, and Congressman Jesse Overstreet of Indiana. These letters have continued at various times for nearly two years.

Injured on the Railway.

An action has been begun against the Toronto Railway Co. to recover \$2000 damages for injuries received while a passenger on the defendant's railway.

Wants Deed Set Aside.

John S. Clarke of Toronto has begun proceedings against William Collidge of the Township of South Dumfries, to have a certain deed of lands in the County of Brant, set aside.

Promissory Notes.

Gordon Mackay & Co. have issued a writ against William Reid, trading as Buchanan & Co., to recover \$182.70, balance on two certain promissory notes.

To Unseat Councillor.

Master in Chambers Cartwright reserved judgment on the application of John S. Beck and John H. Boulter of Brampton, to unseat Dr. William H. Sharpe, as councillor of that town. The ground urged for his disqualification is the lack of property qualification.

THE TRADERS BANK OF CANADA

INCORPORATED 1880

DIVIDEND NO. 48.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. upon the paid-up capital stock of the Bank has been declared for the current quarter, being at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its Branches on and after the first day of April next. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st of March, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board.

STUART STRATHY,

General Manager.

Toronto, Feb. 21, 1908.