$1,600.

Purchases, if sold immediately, the best value ever offered in lake front, Centre Island, property. Elegant, detached, well-furnished residence, nine rooms, verandah, kitchen sink. H. H. WILLIAMS, 10 Victoria-street.

The Toronto World.

SPORTSMEN'S
RUBBER BOOTS AND WADERS.
The Toronto Rubber Co., Limited
185 YONGE STREET.
TELEPHONE 455. OPPOSITE EATON'S

TWENTIETH YEAR | TEN PAGES—FRIDAY MORNING APRIL 28 1899—TEN PAGES | ONE CENT

CIVIL SERVICE TO HAVE NO PROTECTION.

Mr. Monk's Bill, Which Was to Give Them Fair Justice, Gets the Hoist.

SIR WILFRID OPPOSED IT.

Under Bill Government Officers Would Know Why They Had Been Dismissed

AND KNOW ALL WHO COMPLAINED

Opposition Show How the Liberal Government Has Lowered and Degraded Civil Servants.

Ottawa, April 27.—(Special.)—In the House of Commons to-day Mr. Monk moved the introduction of a bill to amend the Civil Service Act, and in so doing explained that it was meant to prevent a repetition of those scandals of which frequent mention had been made in recent debates in that House. Since the accession of the present Government to office there were many who to this day did not know the reasons that led to their removal from office, and the sooner this Act became law the better for the Civil Service of Canada.

What Was Proposed.

The measure was only a short one, consisting of a couple of clauses. It enacted that all appointments to the civil service shall be during pleasure, but whenever such pleasure is exercised in the direction of removing a person employed in such service, the person removed shall, upon application in writing to the head of the Department within the 30 days following his removal, be entitled to obtain a certificate setting forth:

1. The duration of his employment in the civil service of Canada.
2. The nature of such employment.
3. The reason of his removal.
4. The number and nature of the complaints made against him.
5. The name or names of all persons who made complaints against him.
6. The decision arrived at by the Department upon all complaints so made.
7. A copy of all proceedings had at any enquiry held by or under the directions of the Department.

Under it no person shall be appointed or promoted to any place [illegible] of a deputy head, unless he has passed the requisite examination and served the probationary term hereinafter mentioned. [Hear, hear and cheers.]

He also provided in the act that these provisions shall apply to every person removed from the civil service of Canada since the first day of July, 1896, provided he avails himself of the said provisions within thirty days from the commencement of this Act.

Dr. Marcotte [Champlain] supported the bill in a speech, delivered in French.

Sir Wilfrid Opposes It.

The Prime Minister opposed the motion, and said if this bill became law it would bring about an entire revolution in the administration of the civil service. Mr. Monk, in his opinion, had discussed the subject more from an American than a British point of view, and very much more as if the Government existed for the civil service than the civil service for the Government. He moved that the bill be read this day six months.

Sir Richard Cartwright, Minister of Trade and Commerce, seconded the amendment.

Sir Charles' View.

Sir Charles Tupper characterized Mr. Monk's introduction of the bill as a clear, lucid exposition of a plain, practical question, in which the hon. member gave the House most conclusive reasons why it should be adopted, but he had listened with considerable surprise to the opposition of the leader of the House (Sir Wilfrid Laurier), who lowered and degraded civil servants down to the level of his own personal servants in his own household. [Opposition cheers.] This Government had driven the best men in the civil service out of that service. They had taxed the people to pay for able, efficient, valuable servants, in order that their own creatures might take their emoluments—[renewed cheering]—and to-day he said it was because the hon. member for Jacques Cartier forgot that the position of the civil servants of the Crown in Canada was precisely the same as that of the hired employe of any person in the country. [Opposition cheers.]

Degraded the Service.

He repeated they had done it most effectually to lower and degrade the civil service of this country, because a man had polled a vote he should not expect any favor of those tyrants who now held power. [Renewed cheers.] To his personal servants Sir Wilfrid was obliged to give notice or to give a sufficient cause for dispensing with their services. Hundreds of men, faithful servants of the Crown in Canada, had been ruthlessly turned out of office by that tyrannical Administration, deprived of their character, not because they had not faithfully performed their services, but because they would not become their (the Government's) humble servants and exist only for the purpose of carrying out their objects. [Hear, hear.] Those servants were entitled to the law of British institutions and British fair play. The Government had the power, but they had not the right to stand between that act of justice to the faithful servants of the Crown and themselves, and he hoped this measure of the hon. member for Jacques Cartier would be passed. [Opposition cheers and some cheers from the Liberal benches.]

Taylor Supports It.

Mr. George Taylor proclaimed himself in favor of the bill, though it did not go so far as he should like to have seen it go. [Opposition cheers.]

Sir Henry Joly (Minister of Inland Revenue) said they had been informed that they had the "spoil" system in Canada in the same way in which they had it in the United States.

Mr. Taylor: So you have [Opposition cheers.]

Sir Henry Joly said he hoped they would never again have that "spoil" system. [Ironical cheers.]

Bennett Shows Them Up.

Mr. W. H. Bennett, Conservative member for East Simcoe, said that had all the heads of Government Departments acted as the hon. Minister of Inland Revenue had spoken there would have been little or no cause of complaint throughout this Dominion. But amongst the Liberals in his own constituency, and especially in the town of Aurelia, the hon. gentleman was considered the worst offender of them all. On the score of economy he superannuated an inspector of weights and measures, but did not appoint any successor. [Laughter.] In

Continued on Page 4.

SIXTY WERE KILLED, A THOUSAND INJURED.

Young Chas f

Terrible Cyclone Passed Over the Town of Kirksville, Mo., Last Night With Awful Results.

Twenty-Five Dead Taken Out of Ruined Buildings There and Thirty-Seven Dead at Newton.

St. Louis, Mo., April 27.—A special to The Globe-Democrat from Kirksville, Mo., says: A gathering storm that had been threatening all afternoon, broke upon Kirksville at 6.20 o'clock to-night in all the fury of a cyclone. A path a quarter of a mile wide and as clean as the prairie was swept through the eastern portion of the city, and four hundred buildings, homes and mercantile establishments were levelled to the ground in scattered ruins.

In the heavy rain that followed the people who had escaped, turned out to rescue the injured. For two hours not much was accomplished, as all was confusion, but by 8 o'clock 25 dead bodies had been taken from the ruins. It is confidently expected that the list of dead will reach between 50 and 60, if it does not exceed that. Almost a thousand people were more or less injured. Daylight will be necessary before an adequate estimate of loss of life and property can be had.

The list of killed so far as known is as follows:

William Howell, Mrs. W. H. Sherbourne, James Weaver, sr., Theodore Brigham, Ed Beeman, Mrs. W. W. Green and daughter, Miss Bersie, Mrs. Henry Billington, Mr. A. W. Glaze, Mrs. Ben Green, Mrs. John Larkin, sr., Mrs. T. Mahaffey, Mrs. C. Woods, Mr. A. Little, Mrs. A. Little, Joe Woods, Mrs. Joe Woods, A. W. Rainschott, Mrs. A. W. Rainschott, Mr. C. A. Gibbs, Mrs. C. A. Gibbs, A. C. Beal, James Cunningham, Mrs. Mitchell.

Debris Took Fire.

Intense darkness prevailed after the cyclone and the rescuers were at a disadvantage for a short time, until fire broke out in a dozen places in the ruins and shed light over the scene. No attempt was made to extinguish the fires, partly because the rescuers had no time and partly because of the need of light. On both sides of the storm's path the debris was piled high and burned fiercely. In all probability a number of bodies have been incinerated.

Many Students Missing.

The storm first struck the eastern portion of the city, near that part occupied by the boarding houses of the students of the American School of Aesteopathy, State Normal School, and McWard's Seminary. It was just supper time for the students, and it is thought very probable the list of dead will be well filled with students, as a large number of these boarding houses were demolished. As far as known to-night, these three institutions of learning escaped the storm.

The storm then went northwest and wiped out Patterson's nursery, pulling the trees out of the ground and hurling them through the city. A second section of the cyclone followed the first, 20 minutes later. It came as an inky black cloud, widely distributed, and covered the whole town, but passed above the houses, doing no material damage.

Thirty-Seven Others Dead.

A despatch to The Kansas City Journal reports the killing of 37 persons in a tornado at Newton, Mo., 40 miles northwest of Kirksville.

Destruction Out in Nebraska.

St. Edwards, Neb., April 27.—A terrific wind storm, approaching almost the fury of a hurricane, swept over this place last night, doing a great deal of damage to property and injuring several persons. Hail covered the ground to the depth of two inches. Considerable live stock was killed.

At the farm of W. A. McCulchin, Mrs. Sprague of Sioux City, was struck in the back by flying debris and seriously hurt.

Mrs. McCulchin was also seriously injured, as was Mr. McCulchin's mother. The house was wrecked.

The storm passed to the northwest, tearing down barns and fences, and destroying the slaughter house of P. E. Fisher; also levelling the Union Pacific Telegraph lines.

Everybody in St. Edwards went into caves or cellars. Hail broke most of the windows in town. Meagre reports of the storm come in from the country, but it is feared that some lives have been lost.

Boy Killed, Others Hurt.

Onawa, Iowa, April 27.—The storm broke about 10 o'clock last night. The house of George Ferren, three miles from Ute, was totally demolished and the contents scattered. A 10-year-old boy was instantly killed, and Mr. and Mrs. Ferren and five daughters are not expected to live. A great deal of damage was done to other property, but it is not known whether any more lives were lost or not. Details are impossible to obtain at present.

BOTH WILL BE PROTESTED.

Ontario Members Decide in Caucus to Put Up a Legal Fight in West Huron and Brockville, Owing to Palpable Frauds.

Ottawa, April 27.—(Special.)—A caucus of the Ontario members of the Conservative party was held in the tower room this morning, when the question of what action should be taken with respect to the palpable frauds perpetrated by supporters of the Government in the West Huron and Brockville bye-elections was thoroughly discussed. That there were extensive frauds in both elections there is no doubt, and there is also very little room for doubt that these frauds were perpetrated by an organized gang of heelers who worked systematically and with great boldness in both ridings. The fact that two repeaters were committed for trial to-day by the Police Magistrate at Brockville is pretty good evidence of the correctness of the charges of fraud in the recent bye-election which have been made. The caucus was unanimous in its decision that vigorous action should be taken and the result of its determination will be that not only the Brockville election will be protested but very serious criminal proceedings will probably be shortly instituted, despite the threats which have been made by Liberal newspapers and Liberal politicians in Brockville that unless all prosecutions were dropped every Conservative employe of the Government in the riding will be summarily dismissed.

FAREWELL TO MR. FITZHUGH.

He Left Last Night to Become General Manager of the C. V. Railway.

Earl H. Fitzhugh, superintendent of the middle division of the G.T.R., enters on his duties as second vice-president and general manager of the Central Vermont Railway on Monday.

He was born in 1853 in Danville, Mo. When 19 he entered the car department of the St. Louis, Kansas City and Northern Railway, at St. Louis. He was there for seven years. In 1879 he became chief clerk to the general superintendent. When the road was absorbed by the Wabash, he became an assistant. In 1889 he was made master of transportation.

In 1895 he resigned and came to Canada as secretary to Charles M. Hays. In July, 1896, he was made head of the middle division of the G.T.R.

Mr. Fitzhugh leaves his division in excellent shape, having caused many improvements to be made during his term of office. He left for St. Alban's, Vermont, last night, at 9 o'clock and was given a rousing send off.

Mr. E. H. Fitzhugh.

IN DANGER OF STARVATION

Leamington Party, Which Started for the Klondike a Year Ago, Now in Hard Straits.

Windsor, Ont., April 27.—The Peninsula Gold Mining Co.'s expedition, which left Leamington for the Klondike a year ago intending to make its way overland by way of Edmonton, N.W.T., has struck hard luck and is in desperate straits. A letter just received from Dr. Burke of Blenheim, who is in command of the party since Major Johnson of Leamington returned home, says that unless money or provisions reach the party within a few weeks they will be in danger of starvation.

Up to Date.

In olden days, when Robin and his merry men made Sherwood's welkin ring, the only fly in the ointment was a wholesome fear of the Stygian gloom of the dungeons of Nottingham. There are many folks today who, resisting the impulse for economy, comfort, health and progress, neglect to avail themselves of the proffered light of Luxfer Prisms. Send to the Luxfer Prism Company, Limited, Toronto, for an illustrated catalogue; then ask for an estimate and compare your artificial light bills. Luxfer Prisms in the windows beget an active brain and a cheery step.

WAS RIDDLED WITH BULLETS.

Body of Mitchell Daniel, a Negro, Found in the Road Near Leesburg, Georgia.

Leesburg, Ga., April 27.—The body of Mitchell Daniel, a negro, was found in the road near here to-day, riddled with bullets. The man who came in to notify the coroner said he did not know who killed Daniel, but he had heard the shooting at 3 o'clock this morning.

Daniel and other negroes had recently made inflammatory talks against a family named Laramore and others, charging them with complicity in a lynching near here some time ago.

Three negroes about a week ago tried to force an entrance into the room occupied by Mrs. William Laramore. Her screams brought help and the parties ran, but dogs trailed them home. Daniel was supposed to be implicated in this affair. Following this outrage the Laramore house was fired into a few days ago.

A BUTCHER KILLED.

Thrown From His Bicycle Under a Street Car in Montreal.

Montreal, April 27.—(Special.)—Fred Sly, a butcher of St. Catherine-street, while riding a bicycle to-night, was thrown under a street car and killed instantly. Sly was not married.

HE MUST DISMOUNT.

WILFRID: How's a fellow to get over that——or 'round it?

HOW DOES IT STRIKE YOU?

"The Acceptance of a Railway Pass by an M. P. Places Him Under No Obligation Whatever"

IS SIR CHARLES TUPPER'S VIEW

Mr. Bostock's Bill to Get Over the Scandal of the Pass System Was Voted Down.

Ottawa, April 27.—(Special.)—In the House of Commons this afternoon in moving the second reading of his bill to oblige railways to issue passes to Senators and members of Parliament, Mr. Bostock (Liberal, Yale and Cariboo) said there was a feeling that members of Parliament obtaining passes from railways were thus placed under an obligation to the companies, who expected something in return. The passage of such a measure as he proposed would dispel that feeling by making it compulsory for the railways to carry members of Parliament free.

Don't It Save His Pocket?

Sir Charles Tupper could scarcely think, he said, that the mover was really serious, for such a measure would certainly make the House of Commons a laughing-stock, **the acceptance of a pass by a member of Parliament placed him under no obligation whatever.** The bill was simply an invasion of private rights, and all it needed to complete the farce was to compel railways to give passes also for the dining and sleeping cars. [Laughter.] It was only necessary to attend the meeting of the Railway Committee to be convinced of the thoroughly impartial manner in which members discharged their duties in matters affecting railways.

The Patron View.

Mr. Rogers (Patron) said that while it might be true members were not influenced in their judgment by such favors, the impression throughout the country was to the contrary, besides the people thought it unjust of members to travel on passes and take their mileage allowance as well. Either the system of granting passes should be done away with altogether or made compulsory.

Mr. ives objected to the communistic principle of the bill. It would be quite as reasonable to compel railways to carry freight free for members.

Yes, It's All for Love.

Mr. Ross Robertson could not see that the bill imposed any extra obligation on the railways, inasmuch as it merely obliged them to do what they now did willingly out of the abundance of their affection for members. [Laughter.]

Sir Wilfrid Laurier did not regard the pass system as wholly free from objection, nevertheless he urged the withdrawal of the bill.

Mr. Bostock, however, did not fall in with the suggestion of his leader, so the question was put, and the bill declared lost on division.

Wheelman's resting place — O'Neil's Lunch and Ice Cream Parlors—now in full swing, 706 Dundas St., Bicycle room free.

Flowers That Bloom in the Spring.

Lily of the valley, sweet peas, narcissus, violets and mignonette, all the daintiest of spring flowers, are on sale at Dunlop's. Everyone may enjoy some of Dunlop's roses, as they sell at this season from 50c a dozen and upwards. ed

Pember's Turkish Baths, 129 Yonge-St

To-Day's Program.

Macdonald Club, East York, 8 p.m.
Social Reform League, Guild Hall, 8 p.m.
Woman's Auxiliary, St. James', 10 a.m.
Wycliffe College Convocation, 8 p.m.
Council of Board of Trade, 1.30 p.m.
"5" Co., Q.O.R. ex-members, 29 Murray street, 8 p.m.
Daniels at the Grand, 8 p.m.
The Princess, 2 and 8 p.m.
The Toronto, 8 p.m.
The Empire, 8 p.m.

THINKS HUGH JOHN WILL WIN

Such is the Candid Opinion of Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper, Who is Now at Ottawa.

SIFTONISM IS AT A DISCOUNT.

Nothing in the Rumor That Charley Tupper is to Retire From Dominion Politics.

Ottawa, April 27.—(Special.)—Sir Hibbert Tupper returned to-day from his brief visit to the coast. In conversation with The World correspondent to-night he reiterated the statement already made by him on his arrival in Vancouver in denial of the rumor that he was about to retire from Dominion politics, that there was no foundation whatever for the rumor. Sir Hibbert addressed public meetings in Vancouver and New Westminster while on the coast, and says that the feeling against the present Dominion Government, and especially against Mr. Sifton and his administration of the Yukon is very strong, and appears to be daily growing stronger. "Indeed, throughout the whole western country," Sir Hibbert says, "Siftonism is at a very heavy discount."

As to Manitoba matters, he said he was only an hour in Winnipeg, but that Hugh John Macdonald met him at the station and they had a very pleasant chat. The expectation is that the Manitoba local elections will come on this summer, and the Conservative party in the province feel more than certain that in spite of the influences which will be brought to bear by both the Local and Dominion Governments, Mr. Greenway's reign in Manitoba is rapidly drawing to a close, and Hugh John Macdonald will be Premier of the province just as soon as the election is held.

OFF FOR BRANTFORD.

Messrs. Sifton, Tarte and Paterson Will Attend the Liberal Banquet There To-Night.

Ottawa, April 27.—(Special.)—Hon. Messrs. Tarte, Sifton and Paterson left for Brantford to-night to attend a Liberal banquet there to-morrow evening. They will spend Saturday in Toronto, returning to Ottawa on Sunday.

Athenaeum Concert and Presentation to Mr. Scholes, Massey Hall to-night.

Did William Take Time?

Detective Davis last night arrested William Percy of 20 Temperance-street on a charge of theft. The complainant is John Gray of the same address and he alleges that the prisoner stole a silver watch from him yesterday.

Pember's Turkish and Vapor Baths 127 and 129 Yonge. Bath and bed, $1.00

Metropolitan Railway.

Every Saturday and Wednesday afternoon cars leave C.P.R. crossing, Yonge-street, at 1.20, 2.40, 3.30, 5.40 and 7.45; returning, leave Richmond Hill at 2.30, 4, 4.30, 7 and 10 p.m. Return fare: Adults, 25c; children, 15c. Through excursion every evening at 7.45 o'clock. Return fare, 25c. 356

Cook's Turkish Baths—204 King W.

Armeda Ceylon Tea has the flavor.

Radnor! When have I heard that name? Why certainly! I had a bottle of it at Ed. Sullivan's last week and promised to repeat the visit; try it with his new Scotch.

Cook's Turkish and Russian Baths. Bath and bed $100. 202 and 204 King W.

Samuel T. Jack, the theatrical manager, died in New York last night.

Athenaeum Concert and Presentation to Mr. Scholes, Massey Hall to-night.

HE IS NOW STONE BLIND.

Montreal Doctor Removed a Lad's Sound Eye in Mistake For the Injured One.

A $40,000 CHEQUE FOR A BRIDE.

Alex. Gibson on the War Path — National Horse Exchange Raided by Detectives.

Montreal, April 27.—(Special.)—It has just transpired that a terrible mistake was made in operating upon Thomas Stewart, 17 years of age, an adopted son of George P. Walker of this city. One of the young man's eyes had been injured years ago, and to save the other it was decided to take it out. By some means or other Dr. Proudfoot took out the sound eye and now the poor boy is stone blind.

Miss Reford's Rich Present.

It is understood that Miss Reford's wedding present from her father, Mr. Robert Reford, the wealthy shipper, was in the form of a cheque for $40,000.

Gibson After the Government.

Mr. Alex Gibson, the New Brunswick lumber king, has gone to Ottawa to see if the Government is going to keep the promise made by Hon. Mr. Blair during the recent local elections in the matter of the Canada Eastern Railway. It is said that Sir Richard Cartwright and The Globe will have to take back water and that in fact an order-in-Council has already been passed.

"Horse Exchange" Raided.

The National Horse Exchange at 47 St. John-street was raided this afternoon by Chief Detective Carpenter and his men and the entire attendance, numbering 40 men, placed under arrest.

New Fashions in Caps at Dineens'.

The cap season is now on, and Dineens have prepared for a large cap demand, with an immense display of new caps—American caps, English caps, Scotch caps—golf caps, bicycle caps, riding caps, hunting caps, and caps of every style and design made this season for ladies, misses, men and boys. If all cap tastes were alike it might not make any difference where you selected your cap—but there are hundreds of different tastes to please, with hundreds of different effects—and the great aim at Dineens' is to be ready at all times to please all tastes, in caps, as well as in hats. Whatever is new in caps, you are sure to see to-day at Dineens'.

Fetherstonhaugh & Co., Patent Solicitors and experts, Bank of Commerce Building, Toronto.

Cold in Your Head.

Dr. Evans' Special Snuff gives immediate relief and cures quickly or money refunded, no sneezing. All druggists, 25c. 135

An engravurette miniature in photography is very pretty and effective, see them at H. E. Simpson's studio, 143 College-street.

BIRTHS.

LUGSDIN—At 448 Manning-avenue, on Sunday, April 23, the wife of Harry W. Lugsdin, of a son.

SPROATT—At Mimico, on Friday, April 21, the wife of Henry Sproatt, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

GREIG—THORLEY—On Wednesday, April 26, 1899, at the residence of the bride's mother, 12 Division-street, by Rev. Alex. Gilray, W. Herbert Greig, to Lily, third daughter of the late C. J. Thorley, Toronto.

DEATHS.

HILL—On Thursday, the 27th inst., of meningitis, Ruby May, daughter of William and Frances Hill, aged 5 years.

Funeral will leave her father's residence, 461 Yonge-street, at 4 o'clock this (Friday) afternoon. Friends please accept this notice.

BANKERS DECLARE AGAINST A MINT.

Council of the Canadian Bankers' Association Met in Montreal Yesterday

AND DISCUSSED THE TOPIC

Coinage of Gold Would Result in Loss Either to the Miner or the Government.

BANKS PROVIDE BETTER MARKET

Paper Preferred to Gold Coin as a Circulating Medium — Coinage Would Cause Uncertainty.

Montreal, April 27.—(Special.)—There was a meeting held here to-day of the Council of the Canadian Bankers' Association, there being present: Messrs. Thomas McDougall of the Quebec Bank, in the chair; B. E. Walker of the Commerce, D. R. Wilkie of the Imperial, George Hague and Thomas Fisher of the Merchants', E. L. Pease of the Merchants' Bank of Halifax, J. A. Pendergast of the Bank of Hochelaga, George Burn of the Bank of Ottawa, W. Farwell of the Eastern Townships, E. D. Durnfried of Molsons, and H. E. Stickman of the British North America.

The question as to the establishment of a mint in Canada for the coinage of gold was discussed, and it was resolved that the council disapprove of the proposal for the following reasons:

1. Because the operation of a mint will result in loss, either to the miner or the Government, according as one or the other is made to bear the expense of coinage.
2. Because a better market for gold bullion is provided by the banks than can be supplied by a mint.
3. Because the intrinsic value of the metal is not enhanced by its conversion into coin, bullion being frequently preferable for the purpose of international exchange and settlement.
4. Because experience has demonstrated that paper is preferred to gold coin as a circulating medium, and bullion mined in Canada will not be retained in the country.
5. Because the coinage of gold would introduce an element of uncertainty and disturbance in the currency system, prejudicial to the commercial and industrial interests of the country.

Fortin's Insolvency Bill.

With reference to Mr. Fortin's insolvency bill, the council, while not opposing insolvency legislation, suggested amendments to the measure in regard to claims based on promissory notes and the valuation of collateral security. Without binding itself to accept the remaining clauses of the bill, the council was disposed to give it favorable consideration when it comes before Parliament.

TO VISIT AMERICAN CITIES.

Superintendent Nix Starts on a Tour of the United States To-Day to Make Comparisons.

Head Roadmaster W. H. Nix of the Toronto Railway Co. leaves this morning for an extended trip in the United States, where he will study the systems in vogue in the big cities. His trip will include New York, Philadelphia, Washington, Baltimore, Buffalo, Cleveland, Chicago, Detroit and other large places. With all its faults the Toronto road is said to be ahead of any of the places mentioned, but Mr. Nix wants to pick out the newest points they have on the other side, and if we haven't got anything as good here he will introduce them.

One-Third Off.

In order to clear at once our King-street stock we will allow the remarkable discount to-day of 1-3 off regular prices—stock must be sold. Sword's old stand, 55 King-street east.

Warm With Local Showers.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, April 27.—(8 p.m.)—The low area in the west is moving slowly towards the lake region and from present indications the spell of fine weather in Ontario and Quebec will be broken and unsettled conditions, with showers and thunderstorms will become prevalent. Comparatively warm weather continues in Manitoba, but a change to cooler is now probable.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 38—54; New Westminster, 36—56; Kamloops, 36—52; Calgary, 32—46; Winnipeg, 46—68; Port Arthur, 34—50; Parry Sound, 46—70; Toronto, 48—66; Ottawa, 38—70; Montreal, 36—66; Quebec, 32—64; Halifax, 30—56.

Probabilities.

Lakes and Georgian Bay, Ottawa and Upper St. Lawrence — Strong southeast, shifting to southwest, winds; warm and partly fair, with local rains and thunderstorms, more particularly towards night.

Lower St. Lawrence and Gulf—Southerly winds; fair and a little warmer to-day; showers and thunderstorms on Saturday.

Maritime—Winds freshening from the southward; fair, with a little higher temperature.

Lake Superior—Winds shifting to the westward; showery.

Manitoba—Strong west and northwest winds; cooler; partly fair with local showers.

The way the new spring suits for boys are selling at Oak Hall Clothiers, 115 King-street east, shows their popularity. Everything that is new and natty is shown on the tables of this popular clothing house.

Steamship Movements.

April 27.	At.	From.
Buenos Ayrean	Glasgow	Boston
Montevidean	Quebec	London
Teutonic	Liverpool	New York
Montenegro	Quebec	Liverpool
Saale	Naples	New York
Lahn	Bremen	New York
Ems	St. Michael's	Naples
Vancouver	Moville	St. John, N.B.
Sardinian	Glasgow	Portland

Sailed.	From.	For.
Rosarian	London	Montreal
Montfort	Shields	Montreal
Malin Head	Liverpool	Montreal