

bean sea near the coast of South America, and the third in the Gulf of California, upper part.

Visor (vis'or), written also visard, and visar, a head-piece or mask used to protect and disguise.

Welsh man (welsh'-man), a native of Wales.

EARTHQUAKE AT CARACCAS.

PAGE 151.

Avile and Silla (a'-ve-la and seel'-ya), two mountain peaks near Caraccas ; they rise to a height of 8,700 feet.

Caraccas (ka-ra'-kas), population 60,000, situated seven miles from the sea, and 3,000 feet above it. The mountains near it rise to a height of over 5,000 feet. The houses are built chiefly of brick, its streets are narrow, but well paved, and cross each other at right angles ; and great attention is given to education. In 1826 the city suffered again by a violent earthquake. Lisbon, in 1755, and Riobamba in the province of Quito, suffered in 1797, terribly from this cause. In Canada, for months during 1663, an earthquake of great violence continued.

Catanea (ca-tá-ne-a), in 1693, **Calabria** (ka-lá-bri-a), in 1638, were visited by these wholesale destroyers—the earthquakes.

Capuchin Hospital (kap-yu-sheen' os'-pe-tal), an hospital attended to by Monks of the Order of St. Francis. A monk is a man who retires from the ordinary concerns of life, devotes himself to religion, and binds himself by a vow to a life of celibacy.

Caraguata (car-ag-u-at'-a), a ravine near Caraccas.

De-la-Pastora (de-lá-pas'-to-ra), name of a Custom house—a place in which goods are kept till the duty on them is paid.