171. Agricultural implements, cattle,
under Treaties No. 4, 6 and 7 (in
last year, Nos. 4 and 6 only
172. Provisions for Indians assem-
bled to receive annuities under
Treaties Nos. 4, 6 and 7, in last
year, Nos. 4 and 6 only

50,000

37,000

Mr. SCHULTZ said there was something radically wrong in the fact that it required this year \$54,000 simply to feed these Indians, while they were present only a couple of days to receive their annuities.

Mr. MILLS said the sum was very large; but it was one they were obliged to provide while the Indians were settled on reservations. Those Indians were scattered over an immense extent of country. They had to be provided with means of subsistence when they presented themselves to receive their annuities, which it took two or three days to pay. The actual expenditure for provisions was \$38,884.

SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD: Enough to feed an army.

MR MILLS said they were an army, being nearly 20,000 Indians, supplies had to be carried a distance of several hundred miles, and in some instances a thousand miles over an unsettled country, and it was difficult to have those supplies reach their several destinations at the exact date appointed for the payment of the Indians. was necessary, in some cases, to obtain supplies from the Hudson Bay Company. The Indians had been told to return to their hunting grounds, and that when the hunting season was over they would receive their agricultural implements. They parted with this understanding, but some parties told them they were being wronged and induced them to return, which caused a great deal of trouble and expense.

Vote agreed to.

173. Ammunition, twine and rifles	
(Treaties Nos 4 6 and 7)	\$7,000
· 14. Didix at ()u'A ppollo	1,000
Outveys for inclian receives in	,
the North-Wast	35,000
TO TUE PENERAL AVIANGED AT THE	•
North-West Superintendency	18,500
North-West Superintendency 177. Salaries of school teachers	7,000

Miscellaneous Expenditure.

178. To aid Indians' schools in Ontario and Quebec where most required	5,000
the Chippewas of Lakes Huron and Superior, from 96c. to \$4 per head	14,000

180. Canada Gazette	5,000
181. Miscellaneous printing	10,000

Mr. CARTWRIGHT said he rather thought the chief expenses had occurred. He should say, speaking generally, that the expenditure on public works of late had doubled or trebled, and the necessity for elaborate reports on some of these had largely augmented the sums required for printing. The work of the Minister of the Interior had also increased very largely.

Mr. BOWELL said he was under the impression that he had seen the hon. Finance Minister's Budget speech published in pamphlet form, and hewas anxious to know what the speeches of the hon, gentleman annually cost the country. He thought the advisability or propriety of publishing, at the expense of the country, a party or a one-sided statement was open to objection. It was not a question whether the old Government pursued the course or not. If the party wished the speech to be printed and circulated, let them pay for it themselves; or, if the present practice was to be continued, then let the reply to the Budget speech be printed with it. Then the country would have an opportunity of forming a judgment upon the matter.

MR. DYMOND said he would like to know which speech gentlemen of the Opposition would wish to give: that of the hon. member for Cardwell (Mr. McCarthy), or that of the hon. member for Northumberland (Mr. Mitchell), or that of the hon. member for Niagara (Mr. Plumb), who, probably thought his speech the most important of the lot?

MR. McCALLUM said the reports of the Budget speech appeared in the newspapers and in the official Hansard. He did not think, therefore, there was