

Travelling by rail to Colbourne, he was met at the Station by our worthy pastor, Rev. Mr. Quirk, with a gaily array of his parishioners in carriages, who had come to do his Lordship reverence. Seated in a handsome carriage, drawn by a span of splendid greys, driven by Mr. Craig of Percy, and followed by the numerous cavalcade, the hills and valleys of Cramahé and Percy flew in rapid panorama before his Lordship's eye. 'Tis said the lion immediately recognises royalty. Had those prancing greys, think you, as they sped along so proudly with arching neck and streaming mane and dilated nostril, recognised their reverend burden? By a happy coincidence the episcopal cavalcade entered the village of Hastings at the same moment with the Very Rev. Oliver Kelly of Peterborough, and Rev. Mr. Lynch of Down, who had come from their respective missions to meet our good Bishop and to assist at the ceremony.

After a votive Mass on the auspicious morning, offered by the Very Rev. Oliver Kelly, to beg the blessing of God upon the building—(unless the Lord build the house, he labors in vain who builds it)—and to lay the undertaking at the foot of the Eternal Throne, the episcopal procession proceeded at ten o'clock A.M. to the site of the future church. The building will be of lime stone, and of the most solid masonry. In length it will be 75 feet, in width fifty. The walls will be 28 feet from the foundation; the whole to be surmounted by a tower, the stone work of which will reach an elevation of 65 feet, to be capped by a tinned roofed spire of 20 feet—total height 76 feet. The quons of the entire building—the jambs and archways of the door, together with the sills, mullions and arches of the windows, will be cut stone (alternate long and short with chamfered edges) from the Provincial Penitentiary. The terms of the contract specify that the church shall be "enclosed" by the 1st November of the current year, and that it shall be completed on the 1st August, 1865.

Entering the grounds, the procession proceeded through the opening of the future doorway to a temporary dike erected on the site of the future altar. Here the litanies were chanted, after which his Lordship, accompanied by the Revs. MM. Quirk and Lynch, traversed the foundations, sprinkling them with holy water, whilst reciting the prescribed prayers. They then proceeded to the foundation-stone, whose downy bed of soft mortar having been duly laid by his Lordship with ready trowel, it was gradually lowered to its final resting-place, there to hold in sacred deposit for future ages, the record of the foundation of the first Catholic Church built in the village of Hastings, and a noble and lasting monument of the zeal of the Reverend Mr. Quirk and his good parishioners of Hastings and Asphodel. Beneath the stone, in a receptacle prepared for it, was placed a tin can carefully sealed containing the coins of the Province, an appropriate Latin inscription, and copies of the *True Witness*, *Colborne Sentinel*, *Toronto Leader*, and *Hastings Messenger*. Amidst breathless silence the stone descends to its place, three taps by the Bishop with a gaily decorated miniature mallet upon the top of the stone, a murmur of approbation from the river coursing over its rocky bed below, a whisper of approval from the surrounding forests, that are about to be consecrated by the presiding presence of God's holy house, and the foundation of the Catholic Church of Hastings is "un fait accompli." His Lordship's discourse upon the occasion was fraught with his usual eloquence and force of expression. At the conclusion he dwelt with evident pleasure upon the good feeling evinced by the Protestants of Hastings in endeavoring to forward the good work, and expressed a fervent hope that this good feeling might continue to increase, and might never be marred by any unkind or ungrateful act or word on the part of the Catholics of the mission. On the following day his Lordship, accompanied the Rev. Mr. Quirk to the beautiful church of the village of Seymour Bridge to hold confirmations. Here 137 persons received the holy Sacrament of Confirmation in the presence of a large and respectable congregation. His Lordship, on this his first visit to the village, was particularly struck with the beauty of the situation of the village itself, but above all with the imposing and commanding aspect of the church.

If his Lordship in his address on laying the foundation-stone of the Hastings church was eloquent, in his sermon to the postulants for Confirmation he surpassed himself. His forcible contrast of Peter trembling before the slightest accusation of a simple maid servant, with Peter confirmed with the Holy Ghost, becoming the undaunted "Boanerges," was a model of perspicuous antithesis and noble eloquence. Altogether the tertio Calendas and the pridie Calendas Sept., will be red-letter days in the ecclesiastical register of Hastings and Seymour villages.

ASPHODELENSIS.

The *Montreal Gazette* (Ministerial) states positively that the Government has determined not to remove to Ottawa this season. The unfinished state of the public buildings is the reason assigned for this determination.

ANNUAIRE DE VILLE MARIE FOR 1863.—A very useful and interesting compilation by H. Latour, Esq., showing the origin, utility, and progress of Catholic Institutions in Montreal. This work appears with the approbation of His Lordship the Bishop of Montreal, and will be found well worthy of the patronage of the Catholic public.

WESTMINSTER REVIEW—July, 1864. Dawson Bro's, Great St. James Street, Montreal. The articles are marked by the force and learning which distinguished this great organ of British Protestantism of the more advanced or liberal school. A notice of the late controversy between Dr. Newman and Mr. Kingsley will be especially interesting to the Catholic reader. The *Reviewer* admits that the Protestant champion has met with one more than his match, and has in consequence received a severe punishment from the Catholic priest whom he had imprudently challenged to the field.

His Lordship the Bishop of Montreal started on his Episcopal tour on Tuesday last. His Lordship proposes to visit the different parishes of His Diocese as follows:—

St. Henri	.....	8 September.
Terrebonne	.....	9 do.
St. Anne des Plaines	.....	10 do.
St. Janvier	.....	11 do.
St. Therese	.....	12 do.
St. Eustache	.....	13 do.
St. Augustin	.....	14 do.
Patronage de St. Joseph	.....	15 do.
Laos des Deux Montagnes	.....	16 do.
St. Placide	.....	17 do.
St. Andre	.....	18 do.
St. Hermas	.....	19 do.
St. Benoit	.....	20 do.
St. Scholastique	.....	21 do.
St. Colomban	.....	22 do.
St. Jerome	.....	23 do.
St. Sauveur	.....	24 do.
St. Adele	.....	25 do.
St. Agathe	.....	26 do.
St. Sophie	.....	28 do.
St. Calixte	.....	29 do.
St. Theodore	.....	30 do.
St. Julienne	.....	1 October.

ADDRESS TO THE REV. MR. MEAGHER.

A few days ago, the members of the congregation of St. Patrick's Church took occasion to present a farewell address to the Rev. Mr. Meagher, S. J., expressive of their regret at his departure from their midst for a new sphere of labors. The amiable and unassuming of manners this reverend gentleman, combined with his rare talents, had won for him the esteem, not only of the congregation with whom he was connected, but of all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance. The address was in the following terms:—

ADDRESS.

"To the Rev. M. Meagher, S. J., on his departure from Quebec to New York.

REVEREND AND DEAR FATHER.—We, the members of the Irish Catholic Society of Quebec, and of the St. Patrick's congregation in general, approach you with love and deep regret for your unexpected departure from us. Your untiring zeal in the cause of our salvation—a zeal always remarkable in the holy order to which the Almighty God has called you; the burning love you constantly exhibit for our welfare in the land of our adoption, and for those we have left behind in that lovely Isle which many amongst us are destined never again to behold, shall be always to us a cause of esteem and admiration. The history of our beloved country, that you have with glowing zeal instilled into our minds with such ardor and amiability of manner, can never be obliterated from our memories.

Reverend Father, after your welcome arrival in our midst, the aim of your first labors was to excite in us that devotion which always defied the horrors of persecution in our native land, to bind us in fraternal unity, to study the history of our country, to exalt ourselves above the prejudices of those who dislike us, and to live in unity and harmony with all. During your sojourn here you have succeeded in these, as far as eloquence, piety, sparkling wit, and paternal love could attain, and left with us a reading-library that shall ever be a monument to your memory, when we cannot see you but through the inspiration of prayer and the delight of thought. The sudden grief which the short notice of your departure has caused casts such a gloom over us that we cannot express in adequate words our sudden sorrow, nor the friendly ties that have bound us to you during your holy mission here. But we submit with humility to the commands of our holy church, and with the overflowing gratitude of our hearts, wish and beseech the powerful Giver of all blessings to grant you unbounded success in the accomplishment of all your future and pious labors.

Your memory, Reverend Father, shall be always dear to us, and we cherish the hope that you will remember us when sending up your petitions to the throne of Heaven for the spiritual welfare of the faithful whose salvation has been purchased by the blood of our Divine Redeemer.

Praying that Almighty God may grant you the entire reward of your pure and holy desires, Rev. Father, we bid you farewell."

To which the reverend gentleman returned the following:—

REPLY.

"My dearly beloved friends, in tender language you address me as Father, and in terms peculiar to the children of St. Patrick. In consequence of the sudden order to depart from you, it is with difficulty I can express my feelings.

Educated in Ireland and sincerely interested in her spiritual desires, I found that the number of her clergy were sufficient for their pious labors; I therefore volunteered to assist my countrymen on this side of the Atlantic. I have succeeded in the object of my different missions, because I always found you eager to promote my most ardent desires, and assisted by our Divine and powerful Father who has never refused the yearnings of a sincere heart.

My beloved and faithful children, let you continue to remember me in your prayers; let all your actions be directed by religion; live in love and peace with those who differ from you in opinion; remember well to obey the laws of your adopted country, and to always love the land and people you have left behind. Hoping that God may gladden our hearts by the attainment of our purest desires, I give you prayers for your spiritual and temporal consolation.

M. MEAGHER, S. J."

FRANKNESS IN SELF-GOVERNMENT IS INDISPENSABLE.—In England, all official deliberations pass in open day with a frankness and absence of constraint that nothing alters. Not so in Canada. Since the commencement of the political armistice, the people are not allowed to know anything of the proceedings of the Government; they are told to wait until the meeting of Parliament six months hence, and then the policy of their rulers will be made known. It is presumed that plots and intrigues are not in question, but honorable and legitimate deliberations, which the entire public ought to know and participate in. It is not merely a knot of political men that the great question of a constitutional change concerns; it is the whole country—the press, the mass of society, the spectators and actors are simultaneously interested in it.—*Dunville Independent*.

DEPARTURE OF THE GUARDS.—The 1st battalion of the Grenadier Guards with three companies of the Fusiliers, embarked at 5 o'clock on Tuesday evening in the Europa and Montreal steamers, the heavy baggage being previously embarked on Monday at 10 o'clock. On the arrival of the troops in Quebec, they will immediately embark on board the Himalaya and sail the following day for the Thames. The 1st division of the Prince Consorts own Rifle Brigade will arrive in this City from Kingston on Wednesday.

Le Courrier de Montreal says that Judge Loranger is about to reside at Sorel, and will preside over the Richelieu and Joliette districts.

COMMON SCHOOLS.—We lately published an extract from the Kingston *Daily News*, stating that in the first common school of that city, only one pupil in a large class was found competent to recite the Lord's prayer. The *Canadian Churchman*, the English Church organ, published in Kingston, referring to the *News*' remarks, comments as follows:—

"Our contemporary seems to be somewhat surprised at the lamentable ignorance with regard to a religious education, displayed by the children of the first class common school in Kingston. But we are not at all surprised, because we have for a long time known that such a sad state of things did exist in the common schools throughout the country. We can more-over assure our contemporary that this is by no means a solitary instance of the non-religious character of our common schools, and it is in order to try and remedy such deplorable spiritual ignorance that the Synod of Ontario has taken action on the school question, and for doing so has been denounced by many."

Protestants are every day getting a better insight into the true character of our Common School system; they now see pretty clearly, what Catholics have long insisted on, that its tendencies are decidedly irreligious; and that in excluding all religious teaching from the school room, it is destined to train up the rising generation in deplorable spiritual ignorance, or, in other words, to make them little less than pagans.—The wisdom of Catholics in establishing separate schools, is becoming every day more patent.—*Ottawa Tribune*.

A fire broke out at Toronto on the 5th inst., in the Terrapin Restaurant, completely gutting the Music Hall; the upper part of the building is untouched. The proprietors Messrs Carlisle & McConkey, are insured for \$2,000 in the Commercial Union, and \$3,000 in the Western. Some damage was done to the same premises last week by an explosion of gas caused by rats eating through the service pipe.

FIRING AT A STEAMBOAT.—A Quebec contemporary has the following:—"The tug steamer *Voyageur*, while coming up the river yesterday, was hailed near Indian-Cove, by a boat in which were two men, supposed to be 'crimps or boarding house runners,' with a demand for the steamer to give them a 'tow' up. Those on board the *Voyageur*, not understanding the demand or not wishing to comply with it, kept on their way; when one of the men in the boat, which was then close at hand, rose up and discharged a pistol in the direction of the steamboat. The ball struck one of the hands named Labadie, wounding him severely, we are informed, in the wrist. The ruffianly assailants were unknown, and succeeded in making their escape. The wounded man is a resident of Point Levi."

A meeting was held in Hamilton lately in the interest of Rev. Mr. Kinnaird, the colored clergyman of Hamilton, recently seized and committed to custody in Delaware, where he still remains. In answer to a petition for his relief, Lord Lyons declares he can only protect British-born subjects, and that Mr. Kinnaird was American by birth. He had been naturalized in Canada but Lord Lyons quotes a recent despatch from Earl Russell to the effect that naturalization in a colony does not entitle an alien by birth to a British passport or British protection out of that colony. He had been arrested because there was a law in that state against free colored men without regard to nationality. A petition to the Queen was agreed to, praying for relief by treaty with the United States, from such a condition of affairs, and failing this, by the unaided power of the British Government. Mr. Kinnaird had a friend, fortunately, who bought him off.—*Montreal Gazette*.

The deserters from the 62d Regiment, sentenced to death by court-martial, have had their sentence commuted to imprisonment for life.

NIAGARA ELECTION.—We received the following special telegram of the close of the poll at Niagara last night:

NIAGARA TOWN.

Morrison.....215

Brown.....52

NIAGARA TOWNSHIP.

Morrison.....71

Brown.....193

Majority for Morrison.....41
—*Mont. Herald*, 6th inst.

A rich citizen with plenty of Uncle Abe's greenbacks, or a shoddy contractor, with his pockets lined with the money he has swindled the soldiers out of, can now afford to buy hams at 26 cents per pound; but the hard working mechanic, who earns his money by the sweat of his brow, cannot afford to eat meat at these Lincoln and shoddy prices.

Birth.

In this city, on the 2nd inst., Mrs. Daniel Rooney, of a daughter.

Married.

In Ottawa City, on the 28th ult., by the Rev. Mr. McGrath, G. Ward, Esq., J. P., of the city of Montreal, to Mary Frances Isabella, second daughter of D. D. Barrett, Esq., of Fenagh Vale, County of Prescott.

Died.

In this city, on the 4th inst., Mary, infant daughter of Mr. John O'Keane.
In this city, on the 5th inst., Annie Hartigan, the beloved wife of Mr. John O'Keane.

The inquest on the body of James Clarke, who was shot some days ago in Champlain street, Quebec, has resulted in a verdict of manslaughter, by some person or persons unknown. The persons taken into custody on suspicion of being concerned in the affair are therefore acquitted.

On the 1st inst. the new British grain duty went into operation, the tax in future being 3d. sterling per cwt., instead of a shilling per quarter.

MONTREAL WHOLESALE MARKETS

Montreal, Sept. 6, 1864.
Flour—Pollards, \$3.00 to \$3.25; Middlings, \$3.10 to \$3.30; Fine, \$4.10 to \$4.20; Super, No. 2, \$3.75 to \$3.85; Superfine, \$4.40 to \$4.80; Fancy, \$4.30 to \$4.60; Extra, \$4.60 to \$4.80; Superior Extra, \$4.70 to \$5.00; Bag Flour, \$3.30 to \$3.35.
Oatmeal per bbl of 200 lbs, \$4.75 to \$5.00.
Wheat—U Canada Spring, 92c to 94c ex-cars; U. C. Winter, 90c.
Ashes per 100 lbs, Pots, latest sales were at \$6.57 1/2 to \$6.65; Inferior Pots, \$5.00 to \$6.00; Pearls, in demand, at \$8.35 to \$6.74.
Butter—There is a good demand, for New at 14c to 16c; fine to choice, suitable for home consumption, 13c to 14c.
Eggs per doz, 10c to 11c.
Lard per lb, fair demand at 9c to 9 1/2c.
Tallow per lb, 8c to 8 1/2c.
Cut-Meats per lb, Hams, canned, 11c to 12c; Bacon, 5c to 6c.
Pork—Quiet; New Mess, \$18.00 to \$19.00; Prime Mess, \$19 to \$20.00; Prime, \$16.00 to \$20.00.—*Montreal Witness*.

MONTREAL RETAIL MARKET PRICES.

(From the Montreal Witness.)

	S. d.	S. d.
Flour, country, per qd.....	14	0 to 15
Oatmeal, do.....	12	6 to 13
Indian Meal.....	10	6 to 11
Peas per min.....	3	4 to 3
Beans, small white per min.....	0	0 to 0
Honey, per lb.....	0	0 to 0
Potatoes, per bag.....	2	6 to 3
Dressed Hogs, per 100 lbs.....	\$10.60	to \$10.75
Hay, per 100 bundles.....	\$8.00	to \$10.00
Straw.....	\$2.50	to \$4.00
Eggs, fresh, per dozen.....	0	7 to 0
Butter, fresh per lb.....	1	0 to 1
Do salt, do.....	0	9 to 0
Lard, do.....	0	7 to 0
Barley, do, for seed per 50 lbs.....	0	0 to 0
Buckwheat.....	2	6 to 3
Flax Seed, do.....	0	0 to 0
Timothy, do.....	0	0 to 0
Oats, do.....	2	3 to 2
Turkeys, per couple, (old).....	8	0 to 10

TORONTO MARKETS—Sept. 3.

Flour, extra Superior per barrel, \$4.45 to 4.55; Fancy, \$4.25 to 4.35; Superfine, \$3.85 to 3.95.... Wheat, Fall per bushel, 90c to 96c; Spring, 85c to 92c.... Barley, per bushel, 58c to 60c. Peas, do, 50c to 60c. Oats, do, 42c to 46c. Potatoes, do, 75c to 80c. Beef, per 100 lbs, \$4.50 to 5.00. Eggs, per dozen, 13c to 15c. Butter, fresh, per lb, 17c to 23c; do, tub, 10c to 13c. Chickens, per pair, 30c to 40c; Ducks, do, 40c to 45c. Sheep, each, \$3.50 to 4.50c. Calves, do, \$3.00 to 4.50. Lambs, do, \$2.00 to 2.50. Hides, per 100 lbs, \$4.50 to 5. Sheepskins, each, 50c to 60c. Calfskins, per lb, 11c to 12c. Wool, per lb, 40c to 42c. Hay, per ton, \$8.00 to 10.00. Straw, do, \$6.00 to 7.

BAZAAR FOR THE ORPHANS.

ON MONDAY next, the 12th inst., the ANNUAL BAZAAR in aid of the ORPHANS, will be opened in the HALL of the ASYLUM ST. JOSEPH, Bonaventure Street, and will be continued throughout the week. The Hall will be open to the public from 1 p.m., to 10 p.m., each day.

A splendid GOLD WATCH, of the value of \$100, will be raffled for on Friday the 16th, at a QUARTER DOLLAR the ticket.

Persons charitably disposed, who may have any articles to send to the Bazaar, will please address them to the Sisters of the St. Joseph Asylum, St. Bonaventure Street.

Montreal, September 8, 1864.

2-in.

MASSON COLLEGE, TERREBONNE.

THE above Institution resumed its duties on Tuesday, the 6th of September. The Course of Instruction includes English and French Grammar, Writing, Geography, Arithmetic, Geometry, Composition, History (Ancient and Modern); in a word, a perfect Commercial Education. No pains will be spared to give the Pupils a competent knowledge of the English and French languages.

TERMS:

Board and Tuition £18 per Annum, (payable quarterly in advance.)

Beds, bedding, if required, £1 10 0

Music, 2 0 0

Washing, 1 5 0

September 7, 1864. 2w.

MRS. C. O'KEEFE.

SO long known and favored in Montreal for her system of Teaching the ENGLISH and FRENCH languages, will RE-OPEN her Classes at her old residence,

No. 15, St. Constant Street,

On THURSDAY, the FIRST of SEPTEMBER next. Private Lessons will be given at hours which may be agreed upon.

August 24, 1864. 3t.

HEYDEN & DEFOE.

BARRISTERS AND ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

Solicitors in Chancery,

CONVEYANCERS, NOTARIES, AND TORONTO AGENTS.

OFFICE—Over the Toronto Savings Bank,

No. 74, CHURCH STREET,

TORONTO.

L. S. HEYDEN. D. M. DEFOE

August 25, 1864. 12m.

HICKEY & BUCKLEY,

Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancers,

NOTARIES PUBLIC, &c., &c.

OFFICE—IN THOMPSON'S BUILDINGS,

(Corner of Sussex and York Streets)

OTTAWA, O. W.

M. J. HICKEY, P. J. BUCKLEY, LL.B.

August 3, 1864. 12-m.

C. F. FRASER,

Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery,

NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER, &c.,

BROCKVILLE, O. W.

Collection made in all parts of Western Canada.

References—Messrs. Fitzpatrick & Moore, Montreal

M. P. Ryan, Esq., " "

James O'Brien, Esq., " "

MONTREAL SELECT MODEL SCHOOL,

Nos. 2, 4, and 6 St. Constant Street.

THE dates of this SCHOOL will be RESUMED on MONDAY, TWENTY-NINTH of AUGUST, at NINE o'clock A.M.

A thorough English, French, Commercial and Mathematical Education is imparted in the above Institution, at moderate charges.

The Principal having enlarged his premises, is enabled to receive more Pupils this year than those few years past.

For particulars and Terms of payment, apply at the School to the Principal,

W. DORAN:

2m.

August 24, 1864.

LACHINE CONVENT.

THE PUPILS of this Institution will RESUME their studies on THURSDAY, the EIGHTH of next month. The Ladies of this Convent are happy to have it in their power to offer to their Boarders a great increase of room. They would also warn parents that henceforward the Course of study will be—half French and half English. There will also be a special Course for those Pupils whose parents desire them to study one language only.

Although the plastering of the rooms in the new house which the Pupils are to occupy is almost finished, they will, at the commencement of the Scholastic Year, all continue to sleep in the old house, so long as their parents desire it.

August 18, 1864.

Gw.

COMMERCIAL ACADEMY.

THE undersigned will, on MONDAY, AUGUST 28th, OPEN a Commercial Academy, at

No. 50, St. Joseph Street.

The Course of instruction will comprise English, French, Arithmetic, Book-Keeping, Algebra, Geometry, Writing, General History, and Geography. For Terms, &c., apply at Class Rooms, from 9 to 12 A.M., or 1 to 4 P.M.

D. J. ANDERSON.

3in.

August 23, 1864.

COLLEGE OF REGIOPOLIS

KINGSTON, C. W.,

Under the Immediate Supervision of the Right Rev

E. J. Horan, Bishop of Kingston.

THE above Institution, situated in one of the most agreeable and healthful parts of Kingston, is now completely organized. Able Teachers have been provided for the various departments. The object of the Institution is to impart a good and solid education in the fullest sense of the word. The health, morals, and manners of the pupils will be an object of constant attention. The Course of instruction will include a complete Classical and Commercial Education. Particular attention will be given to the French and English languages.

A large and well selected Library will be OPEN to the Pupils.

TERMS:

Board and Tuition, \$100 per Annum (payable half-yearly in Advance.)

Use of Library during stay, \$2.

The Annual Session commences on the 1st September, and ends on the First Thursday of July.