

"Great Hastie is Not Always Good Speed."

Many people trust to luck to pull them through, and are often disappointed. Do not dilly-dally in matters of health. With it you can accomplish miracles. Without it you are "no good."

Keep the liver, kidneys, bowels and blood healthy by the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla, the faultless blood purifier.

Rheumatism.—I had acute rheumatism in my hand and foot. I commenced treatment with Hood's Sarsaparilla and Hood's Pills and in a short time was cured. WILLIAM HASKETT, Brantford, Ont.

Scrofula.—I was troubled with scrofula and impure blood. A cut on my arm would not heal. Hood's Sarsaparilla was recommended and after I had taken three bottles I was well. DANIEL ROBINSON, 52 1/2 Trevellyan Street, Toronto, Ont.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
NEVER DISAPPOINTS

Hood's Pills cure liver bile, the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

THE MARKETS

Local Market.

London, Saturday, July 21. Those who have roamed the market during the past few days have heard a lot of talk about the immediate stoppage of the offerings of raspberries. "There'll be mighty few in on Saturday," the anxious inquirer has been told by dealers; "so you'd better buy now if you want any." But the anxious one was fain to wait still longer. "They can't be all gone," she would say, "and the price is high." Yes, and it will be higher if there are any more, was the dealer's comforting assurance. But it is always possible for dealers to express opinions about future lessened supplies, especially when they have a stock of their own that they would like to sell. At any rate, they were wrong in this case. The berries have not all gone, nor did the promised increase in price come along. In fact, there was an abundant supply of the picked, luscious fruit, that could be had in any quantities for 7c and 8c per quart. Those who desired the black ones could get them for 6 1/2c, or they might buy the white ones, which were rather scarce for 6c. The rich color of red currants was seen on many stands. They sold quite freely at 4c and 5c per quart. The black ones were rather more popular; they cost about 8c, some selling for less, and others for a little higher price. The raspberries were in evidence. They sold for 20c per peck. The thing that was next in importance to fruit was butter. It is an article of such large daily consumption that it is quite as necessary to obtain supplies of it as it is of the berries that are so eagerly sought after. A scarcity of good butter causes an immediate anxiety that is not felt in regard to any other staple. This morning retail grocers and thrifty matrons were following in each other's tracks, vainly searching for good pound rolls, and, if possible, for slightly lower prices. The rolls were not to be had, apparently, and the price crept up to a figure that made many a thrifty housekeeper whose supply had been exhausted. It was a poor quality of butter that brought less than 21c per retail pound, while the best that was brought in was sold for 22c. Crock lots went for 20c, and baskets of pound rolls brought from 19c to 21c. The demand for eggs was firm, receipts were fair and prices were unchanged. This morning the butchers sold the same old story about a draggy market and too much coming in. A fair quantity was offered, as is usual, but it was nearly all gone by 11 o'clock. Lamb was a little slow, but that is to be expected just now, especially when the sale prices range from 12 to 14 cents by the quarter. This morning the poultry market was a little better, and the dealers had no difficulty in selling fair quantities of spring chickens for 50 and 60 cents per pair.

The trade in vegetables, in wool and hides was not of an exceptional character, nor did prices change materially.

A. M. HAMILTON & SON'S REPORT.

London, Saturday July 21. Wheat, white, per bu., 69c to 71c. Wheat, red, per bu., 68c to 70c. Oats, per bu., 32c to 33c. Peas, per bu., 60c to 62c. Corn, per bu., 60c to 62c. Barley, per bu., 25 1/2c. Rye, per bu., 55c. Buckwheat, per bu., 60c to 65c. No wheat offered today, and prices quoted for it are based on Friday's quotation. Oats were steady, and sold at 32c to 35c, for white, and 35c to 37c for black. No other kind of grain came in. Hay receipts were fairly good, and the price steady, at \$7 to \$7 1/2; sales were slow. No straw offered. Young pigs were lower, selling at \$3.50 to \$5.50 a pair. Dressed hogs were scarce and a little slow, at \$7 to \$7.25. Live hogs were quoted at \$5.50 for delivery Monday. Quotations:

Wheat, white, fall, per 100 lbs.	1.15	1.18
Wheat, red, fall, per 100 lbs.	1.15	1.18
Wheat, spring, per 100 lbs.	1.15	1.18
Oats, per 100 lbs.	.95	.97
Peas, per 100 lbs.	1.00	1.02
Corn, per 100 lbs.	.85	.87
Barley, per 100 lbs.	.60	.62
Rye, per 100 lbs.	.55	.57
Buckwheat, per 100 lbs.	1.00	1.02
Beans, per bu.	1.00	1.05

PROVISIONS.

Cheese, per lb.	12	13
Eggs, single dozen	13	15
Eggs, fresh, dozen	13	15
Butter, B. brand, 1 lb. cake	18	20
Butter, pond rolls, 1 lb. cake	21	23
Lard, per lb.	8	10
Lard, 20 lb. cake	10	12

WHOLESALE DEALERS' PRICES.

Eggs, store lots, doz.	11 1/4	11 1/2
Butter, pond rolls, 1 lb. cake	18	20
Butter, cream, 1 lb. cake	18	20
Butter, store lots, 1 lb. cake	10	12

BEAL STOCK.

Beef, per lb.	3	4
Hog, light, per 100 lbs.	5.00	5.50
Hog, heavy, per 100 lbs.	5.50	6.00
Pigs, young, per pair	3.00	3.50
Cows, per 100 lbs.	5.00	5.50
Ducks, per pair	75	80
Chickens, spring, per pair	75	80
Hens, per pair	30	35

VEGETABLES.

Potatoes, per bag	10	15
Turnips, new, per bag	20	25
Cabbage, per doz.	40	50
Beets, per doz.	40	50
Onions, per doz.	1.25	1.50
Cucumbers, per dozen	45	50
Carrots, per doz.	40	50
Parsnips, per doz.	40	50
Artichokes, per bag	75	1.00
Savory and Sage, per doz.	15	20

A Hustler THE MELOTE

Takes one-third less power to turn, produces more butter, much simpler, will last longer and cost less for repairs. Call at 417 Talbot Street, or write

JOHN S. PEARCE, London, Ont., Western Agent

Parsley, per doz.	20	30
Red clover, per doz.	20	30
Green onions, per doz.	20	30
Rhubarb, per doz.	20	30
Beet, per lb.	6	7
Butter, cream, per lb.	12	15
Butter, pond rolls, per lb.	12	15
Dressed hogs, 100 lbs. heavy	6.00	6.50
Hides, No. 1, per lb.	1 1/2	1 1/2
Hides, No. 2, per lb.	1 1/2	1 1/2
Calves, green, per lb.	8	8
Wood, washed, per lb.	15	15
Wool, unwashed, per lb.	15	15
Tallow, rendered, per lb.	9	9
Turkey, per lb.	8	10
Geese, each	5	5

St. Thomas Market.
St. Thomas, June 25.—Wheat, per bu. 68c; flour, per cwt. \$1.80; oats, new, per bu. 34c; peas, per bu. 30c to 38c; barley, per bu. 45c to 55c; rye, 60c; fender corn, per bu. 60c to 65c; seed corn, per bu. \$1 to \$1.25; feed corn, per bu. 45c to 60c; flaxseed, per cwt. \$2.45 to \$2.50; timothy seed, \$1.25 to \$1.75; clover seed, per bu. \$5.50 to \$8.

American Markets.

CHICAGO, July 20.—A reduction in the California crop estimate and gloomy reports from the Northwest caused an advance in wheat today, following early weakness. September closing 1/2c to 3/4c over yesterday. September corn closed 1/4c to 3/8c better, and oats at a like gain. Pork closed 22 1/2c, lard 60c and ribs 15c improved. September opened 1/2c to 3/4c under yesterday. At 7:30c to 7:40c, scalpers selling on bearish foreign news. Primary receipts were 770,000 bushels, compared with 888,000 bushels last year. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 225 cars, against 142 last week, and 441 a year ago. Receipts here were 140 cars, 29 of contract grade. Estimated receipts tomorrow: Wheat, 60 cars; corn, 550; oats, 185; hogs, 12,000 head.

The leading futures closed as follows: Wheat—No. 2 July, 76 1/2c; Aug. 76 1/2c; Sept. 76 1/2c; Corn—No. 2 July, 33 1/2c; Aug. 33 1/2c; Sept. 33 1/2c; Oats—No. 2 July, 23 1/2c; Aug. 23 1/2c; Sept. 23 1/2c; Pork—July, 22 1/2c; Sept. 22 1/2c; Lard—July, 59 1/2c; Sept. 59 1/2c; Short—No. 2, 33 1/2c; No. 2 white, 25 1/2c to 27 1/2c; No. 3 white, 25c to 26c; No. 2 rye, 45 1/2c; Good feeding, 40c to 42c; choice mutton, 10 1/2c to 10 3/4c; No. 1 flaxseed, \$1.70; No. 1 Northwest, \$1.75. Prime timothy seed, \$2.25. Mess pork, \$10.80 to \$10.90. Lard, \$5.60 to \$5.75. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, 6 1/2c to 7c. Short clear sides, 8 1/2c to 9 1/2c. Sugar, cut loaf, unchanged. Cloverseed, country grade, 85c. Eggs, firm, fresh, 15c to 16c.

RECEIPTS.—Flour, 14,000 barrels; wheat, 92,000 bushels; corn, 58,000 bushels; oats, 18,000 bushels; rye, 5,000 bushels; barley, 6,000 bushels.

SHIPMENTS.—Flour, 6,000 barrels; wheat, 18,000 bushels; corn, 418,000 bushels; oats, 140,000 bushels; rye, 1,000 bushels; barley, 6,000 bushels.

The Oil Market.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 21.—Oil opened at \$1.25; closed at \$1.24.

OHIO CITY, July 20.—Oil—Credit balances, \$1.25; certificates, no bids.

Plymouth Binder Twine

Is the cheapest, because it will do more and better work than any other. Buy it at

HAMILTON'S

Flour and Seed Store,

373 Talbot street, near King street.

The Dairy Markets.

MONTREAL, July 20.—Cheese, 9c to 10c. Butter—Townships, 19c to 20c; western, 18c to 19c.

LIVERPOOL, July 20.—Cheese dull; American finest, white and colored, 47s 6d.

WINCHESTER, Ont., July 20.—The offerings on the cheese board today were 871 boxes, all colored. All sold at 9 1/2c. Buyers present—Ault, Logan, Strader and Brown.

IRROQUOIS, Ont., July 20.—925 cheese boxes boarded today; sales on board, 70c at 9 1/2c; balance unsold at close.

KEMPVILLE, Ont., July 20.—At today's cheese board 800 boxes boarded. Nearly all sold for 9 1/2c to 9 3/4c. Usual buyers present.

SHELBURNE, Ont., July 20.—At the cheese and butter market held today seven factories boarded 777 boxes colored, first half of July make; Markdale 100, Victoria 100, Ventry 90, Lavender 82, Conover 110, Lauret 180, Camilla 115. Price offered, 9 1/2c; no sales; balance held for 9 1/2c to 9 3/4c. Two buyers present. The board meets again in two weeks.

BRIGHTON, Ont., July 20.—Twelve factories boarded 850 cheese—725 white and 125 colored, of which Brower purchased 190 boxes at 9 1/2c, and 100 at 9 3/4c. The same price. Buyers present—Whitton, Brower and McGrath. Board adjourned to meet again on Friday, Aug. 3, at 3 o'clock p.m.

PERTH, Ont., July 20.—There were 1,800 boxes of cheese boarded here today; all white and first make. Powsell bought 1,000 boxes and Bissell and Webster each 400 boxes. Price paid for all was 9 1/2c.

CAMPBELLFORD, Ont., July 10.—At today's cheese board 2,210 white were offered. Sales made: McGrath 500, Watkins 400, Bresson 510, Cook 250, at 9 1/2c. Watkins 100 at 9 1/2c; McGrath 100 at 9 1/2c. Balance refused at 9 1/2c to 9 3/4c.

OTTAWA, Ont., July 20.—Only one-quarter of the cheese on the Ottawa board was sold today. The outside price offered was 9 1/2c, and out of 2,000 boxes boarded only 548 were sold.

CHICAGO, July 20.—Butter firm; creamery, 15c to 19c; dairies, 14c to 17c. Cheese quiet at 9 1/2c to 10 1/2c.

NEW YORK, July 20.—Butter firm; creamery, 16 1/2c to 19 1/2c; factory current packed, 14c to 18c; imitation creamery, 15c to 17 1/2c; state dairy, 15 1/2c to 18 1/2c. Cheese slow; large white, 9 1/2c to 10 1/2c; small white, 9 1/2c to 9 3/4c; small colored, 9 1/2c to 9 3/4c.

SOUTH FINCH, Ont., July 20.—Regular meeting of South Finch cheese board held tonight; 16 factories boarded. Buyers present: Birdsell, Prunier, Welsh, Brown, McGregor and Logan. Number of cheese boarded, 1,120 boxes—821 white and 299 colored. Price offered on board for colored and white 9 1/2c; none sold.

Live Stock Markets.

TORONTO, July 20.—At the western cattle market today the run was 57 loads—522 cattle, 1,789 hogs, 1,808 sheep and lambs and 109 calves. Export cattle—Demand weak and tendency downward; offerings light; extra choice loads sold at \$5 to \$5.25 per cwt; another at \$5.12 1/2 per cwt; but fairly useful cattle were bought at \$4.65 per cwt. Butchers' cattle—Choice loads sold at \$4 to \$4.50 per cwt; other ones graded down to \$2 per cwt for export cows. Stockers continue easy at unchanged prices of \$2.75 to \$3 per cwt. Feeders—Few offered at a moderate demand, at prices ranging at \$3.75 to \$4 for heavy and \$3.25 to \$3.75 for light. Bulls seemed to sell at a trifle better, at \$4 to \$4.50 per cwt for export bulls, choice, and \$3.50 to \$3.90 for lighter stock. Butchers' and stock bulls, sold at \$2.50 for \$3 for former, and \$2 to \$2.50 for latter. Milch cows—

One choice milch sold for \$48; range was from \$30 upwards. Sheep—Large run and steady demand at trifle firmer prices of \$3.75 to \$4.12 1/2 per cwt for export ewes and \$3.25 to \$3.75 for butchers' sheep. Lambs—Fair trade at unchanged prices of \$2.50 to \$4 per head. Hogs unchanged at \$6.25 per cwt for selections of 160 to 200 lbs. natural weight; \$5.75 per cwt for fats, and \$5.25 per cwt for choice meats.

CHICAGO, July 20.—Receipts.

2,500; good to prime steers, \$5 to \$5.50; poor to medium, \$4.40 to \$5; selected feeders, \$4.40 to \$4.75; mixed stockers, \$3.25 to \$3.90; cows, \$3 to \$4.50; heifers, \$3 to \$5; canners, \$2 to \$2.55; bulls, \$3 to \$4.55; calves, \$4.50 to \$5.25; Texans, receipts, \$500; best on sale today, one carload, average 1,056 lbs. at \$5; Texas bulls steady, \$2.50 to \$3.75. Hogs—Receipts, 11,000; average price a shade higher; top, \$2.50 to \$3.75. Sheep—Receipts, 6,000; good to choice, \$4.75 to \$4.40; fair to choice mixed, \$3 to \$3.85; western sheep, \$3 to \$4.25; Texas sheep, \$3 to \$4; native lambs, \$4 to \$5.70; western lambs, \$5 to \$5.50.

EAST BUFFALO, July 20.—Cattle.

Market in good position, with six loads on sale and a demand from butchers at full Monday's figures; the outlook is more cheerful; calves were in fair supply, moderate demand and lower; there were sales at \$6 at the opening, but the close was on the basis of \$5.50. Sheep and lambs—in a demoralized condition, with 10 loads on sale; lambs were a quarter lower, and sheep 30c lower; spring lambs, choice to extra, \$5.75 to \$6; good to choice, \$5.50 to \$5.75; common to fair, \$4.50 to \$5.25; yearlings and sheep, choice to extra, \$4.75 to \$5; good to choice, \$4.50 to \$4.75; the close was dull. Hogs—Trade active, and on desirable kinds about 5c higher; heavy, \$5.35 to \$5.40; mixed, \$5.40 to \$5.75; tail ends, \$2; buttermilk, \$5.55; roughs, \$4.65 to \$4.75; stags, \$3.50 to \$4; the close was full strong.

NEW YORK, July 20.—Beeves—Receipts, 3,804; dull trade; prices weak; steers, \$4.45 to \$5.60; bulls, \$2.50 to \$3.15; cows, \$1.90 to \$3.60; Liverpool and London cables quoted live cattle at \$1.15c to 12 1/2c per lb; top, 13c; refrigerator beef, 9 1/2c to 9 3/4c per lb; sheep steady, at 12 1/2c to 14c; exports none. Calves—Receipts, 24; dull and weak; more than 500 cattle unsold; veals, \$3.30 to \$3.15; tops, \$2.50 to \$2.75; buttermilk, \$5.55; roughs, \$4.65 to \$4.75; stags, \$3.50 to \$4; the close was full strong.

OLD COUNTRY PRICES.

London, July 20.—Here and at Liverpool United States cattle are quoted slow at 11 1/2c to 12 1/2c per lb, estimated dressed weight; tops sell at 13c per lb. Refrigerator beef is worth 9 1/2c to 9 3/4c per lb.

STORM AND FLOOD

Bring Disaster to an Ohio Town—Two Children and Woman Swept Away.

Mount Pleasant, Ohio, July 21.—The little town of Long Run, two miles west of this place, with a population of about 1,000 people, was visited Thursday by a severe wind and rain storm, and three lives were lost in the flood that followed. In the middle of the afternoon the day became like night. Then the rain came. It fell for 30 minutes in a perfect torrent, accompanied by a terrific thunder and lightning storm. The stream of Long Run, at the foot of the town, empties into Short Creek, near the settlement, and the dwellings of miners line both banks of the small creek. The usually quiet stream was converted into a raging river, and in less than an hour 150 houses in the lowland were flooded. Many foundations were washed away and the houses upset.

The miners and their families had to run for their lives. Mrs. John Linggo, the wife of a miner, was unable to reach a place of safety, when her house was lifted from its foundation. She had stopped to carry out her little son John, but he, too, was swept into the waters, and both were drowned. Mary Berchok, a 6-year-old daughter of another miner, was also swept away in the high waters and drowned.

The bodies of the two children were carried almost two miles down stream in the rushing waters.

BEAUTIFUL SNOW!

Fell in Michigan Last Evening During a Wind Storm—Deluge of Rain.

Chicago, July 21.—A special to the Record from Marshall, Mich., says: Snow fell here last evening for a few minutes during the course of a hard wind storm. The wind did not blow, age, blowing down orchards and barns, unroofing houses and breaking glass.

Battle Creek, Mich., July 20.—The fiercest storm of the season struck this city this forenoon about 11 o'clock. Two storied houses were blown down from the west and one from the east, and the downpour of rain was immense.

Detroit, July 21.—Detroit had several varieties of weather yesterday, in which thunder played a part. There was a thunderstorm between 3 and 4 o'clock in the afternoon, when nearly half an inch of rain fell. The wind lashed itself to 34 miles an hour during this squall, and the temperature fell from 82° to 65° abruptly. At 6:30 the second thunderstorm came on. The total rainfall for the day was 86-100 of an inch.

FOR TIRED FEELING.

Exhaustion is Wasting—Overwork Means Shorter Life—Dodd's Kidney Pills Mean Rest for the Kidneys.

Overwork is what you do after common sense asks you to quit.

Overwork of any kind does more than tire it exhausts you.

Just a little more after you ought to quit is the "too much" that uses you up.

The blood goes out to all parts faster than it can be replaced.

If the kidneys are not in perfect filtering order, more poison is injected through them to all parts of the body than usual, and then work, to say nothing of overwork, is harmful.

Under cover of the darkness the men of the 9th crept back to their dangerous position, bearing their wounded. They executed this movement with a loss of one man killed. The casualties were 81 men and 5 officers out of 428.

The Marines lost thirty, including Capt. Davis, who was shot through the heart while talking to Col. Meade on the night of July 13. It was decided to withdraw when news came that the Chinese were evacuating.

DISAPPOINTING.

"The Russians were not so successful as hoped during the day, and the total loss of the allies was 700.

"The Japanese losses were severe. The Japanese were most gallant in the fight. But for the Americans stopping the flank fire, the Japanese loss would have been heavier. The French, the Japanese, the Americans and the British entered the city at 2 o'clock on the morning of July 14. Their entry was unopposed.

EFFECT OF THE SHELL FIRE.

"The American flag at half-mast was hoisted over the south gate. The walls were strewn with the corpses of Chinese soldiers killed by the shell fire, which caused their flight. None apparently were hit by bullets, the damage being done by lyddite shells. There is a terrible row over the burning of the town. Several foreign officers are reported lost.

"The tired soldiers remained on the walls. The natives went looting through

THE VICTORY AT TIEN TSIN

Came Near Being a Disaster for the Allies.

Someone Blundered and Many Lives Were Sacrificed.

How Col. Liscum Met His Death—Gallantry of the Japanese—Allies Lost Heavily.

New York, July 21.—The evening World publishes a detailed story of the Tien Tsin fight. It comes from Frederick Palmer, and has been copyrighted by the paper. It is as follows:

"The Foo, July 19, via Shanghai, July 21.—The attack on the native city of Tien Tsin on July 13, resulted in the narrowest escape from what seemed, up to midnight, would be a terrible disaster for the allies.

"The Russians, swinging north, and the other allies south. At daybreak the Russians were to take the forts near the native city wall, and the other allies the city itself. Gen. Tukushina, the Japanese commander, promised that the Japanese engineers, after three hours' shell fire from all guns, would cross the bridge over the moat before the wall and, blowing up the great south gate, make a breach for the infantry to enter.

A CRUCIAL POINT.

"Upon this depended everything. Gen. Tukushina had not scouted the ground over which the charge on the bridge had to be made. The Chinese destroyed the bridge and flooded the land around it. An outer wall of mud made it impossible for the infantry and marines coming up the field to reply to the Chinese fire, they

and then rushed back from the mud wall, which they had reached. Gen. Dowdard, the British commander, hastened forward with a fragmentary instead of an integral skirmish line. The American Marines and the Welsh Fusiliers together, under command of Waller, were on the extreme left. Then the British marines and the French advanced, with the Japanese, along the road toward the gate in the mud wall.

SOMEONE BLUNDERED.

"Downward the plan for the Americans to support the Japanese was not made clear to Col. Liscum, of the 9th United States Infantry.

"Downward lays the blame for the blunder and sacrifice of life on Liscum, but Dowdard's chief of staff was heard to say, when Liscum moved: 'Get in, down the road, anywhere, quickly!'

Col. Liscum hurriedly led his men through the gate in as open order as possible. They were immediately under fire from the Chinese, and the bridge leading to a field, which proved to be a cul de sac. Before the two battalions of Americans, numbering 426 men, could extend themselves, they were subjected, beside the fire from the loop-holes in the fort, to a fierce fire from the embrasures in the line of fortified mud houses on their flank.

UNDER A GALLING FIRE.

"Three thousand rifles probably were turned on them with an accuracy which has amazed every officer among the allies. The blue shirts of the American troops made them distinct marks, where the khaki uniforms of the Japanese could not be seen. The Americans charged into the flank fire with rushes. The ground over which they charged was marshy and lined with ditches. It was evidently Col. Liscum's intention to rush the houses from which the flank fire was coming, and thus get a position for flanking the wall.

"At 12:30 the line had just reached the shore of the canal, and 30 yards separated them from the houses, when the color-bearer fell. Col. Liscum picked up the fallen staff and stood looking around, apparently for a ford.

COL. LISCUM'S DEATH.