

For finest silks, or coarsest wools



Laundry that makes clothing money go farther

Your sheer, lovely things—crepe, fine silks, lace—will be found to wear much longer, laundered this way. Perhaps as much as 50%. And your clothing money buys just that much more. For these snowy-white, crinkly flakes of purest soap do not harm the most fragile fabrics. If anything, they brighten and renew delicate colors. The foamy suds contains nothing injurious. But it gently dissolves and removes all dirt and soil.

PALMOLIVE PRINCESS SOAP FLAKES are used by thousands of women—for all washing and household purposes. They really cost no more than the most ordinary soaps—for they are nothing but pure soap, and so go much farther. Use them in the washing machine, for the small hand-wash, wherever you need soap. In handy one-pound packages. Ask your dealer for them today.

THE PALMOLIVE COMPANY OF CANADA, Limited
Toronto

PALMOLIVE PRINCESS SOAP FLAKES

MADE IN CANADA




THE STORY OF ANNIE LAURIE

Of all those who have confessed their willingness to die for Annie Laurie, it is probable that few can recall her history or that of the famous song. The story is told in the last number of The London Bookman by Mr. Davidson Cook, who points out that she appears in Burke's Peerage as the youngest daughter of Sir Robert Laurie of Maxwellton, and that she was born on Dec. 16, 1682 at Maxwellton House, where a portrait of her is still preserved. One of her suitors was William Douglas of Finland, who wrote the first version of the song, about 1700, which seems to have been handed about in manuscript. It was first printed in 1824 when Charles Kirkpatrick Sharpe, who had learned it from a relative included it in a "ballad-book" which is now so rare that even the British Museum has no original. This version which differs from the one usually sung, begins:

Maxwellton banks are bonnie,
Where early fa's the dew;
Where me and Annie Laurie
Made up the promise true;
Made up the promise true
And never forget will I,
And for bonnie Annie Laurie
I'll lay down my head and die.

The writer in the London Bookman continues that the music was composed by Lady Alicia Annie Spottiswood, later Lady John Scott who found the verses in Allan Cunningham's Songs of Scotland. She added a third stanza and altered some of the others. She had originally composed the words for another old ballad but adapted it without difficulty to Annie Laurie. The music was printed by a firm of Edinburgh's publishers without the composer's authority in 1838, and one of her descendants explains that Lady John always thought the air and words had been stolen when she sent her music book to be rebound. The first authorized version was issued during the Crimean War.

But Douglas was a soldier of fortune, famous as a duellist and had been engaged in the continual wars like many other young Scots. Something happened to part the lovers but he did not "lay down his head and die." Six years later he married another girl, and in 1709 the heroine married Alexander Fergusson, M.P., of Craigharich. It is noticeable that the signature on her will is "Ann" and not the endearing "Annie" of the poem. The latter however, appears in her death notice printed in the Scots Magazine in 1764.

In Burke's "Landed Gentry" it is stated that Annie Laurie and her husband were the direct ancestors of the Right Hon. Robert Cutlar Fergusson, an eminent lawyer, the heroine of Burn's ballad "The Whistle."

Dances Back to Normal

Plans have been outlined before the annual convention of dancing masters for the elimination of extreme forms of dancing. Many of the delegates agreed that dancing was being carried to an extreme and that it is time to call a halt.

If the plans outlined before the convention are carried out the "Wildcat Whirl" the "Tiger Twaddle" and the "Camel Canter" will be replaced by the "Whisper Waltz." The fox trot of fast and jerky movements will give way to the "Raggedy Ann" described as a "fox trot in slow rhythm."

The association has forbidden the teaching of dancing by mail. The members declare it cannot be done.

SIXTH VOTE ON LIQUOR QUESTION


This will be the sixth time the people of Ontario have voted on the liquor question as the sole issue in one form or another since Confederation in 1867. In one or more general elections it also played an important part in the campaign. Even before Confederation temperance legislation was a big question in politics. In those days the Dunkin Act, which provided for a form of local option was in force to be followed after Confederation by the Scott Act, which provided for local option votes by counties and cities.

Ontario Electors Will Go To The Polls On October 23

The prohibition issue will be before the people of Ontario on October 23. On that date the electors of this province will express their opinions on questions intended to guide the Government as to the continuance of the Ontario Temperance Act or some other form of legislation relative to the sale of intoxicants. Political observers look for one of the most strenuously conducted plebiscite elections in the history of that part of Canada.

The machinery for taking the vote will be similar to that of the last provincial general election. Returning officers will be appointed by the Government for each electoral district, who in turn will name deputies for each sub-division. In municipalities where the 1924 voters' lists are completed in time, these will be used. It is expected that in most of the rural sub-divisions these lists will be ready in plenty of time. In the larger cities, however, where the lists are not usually completed until near the end of the year the 1923 lists will be employed. In each case the lists will be subject to the usual revisions under the supervision of the local election boards, which are composed of the permanent officers of the Crown under the chairmanship of the country's judges. Every British subject, 21 years of age or over, resident in Canada for a year and resident in the polling sub-division for three months will be entitled to vote. The usual provisions apply in respect of persons who move from one sub-division to another.

MURINE NIGHT & MORNING KEEP YOUR EYES CLEAN CLEAR AND HEALTHY



Autumn Burning Of Slash In N. B.

Realization that autumn burning of slash produced in land clearing operations is greatly superior to spring burning which has been generally practiced in the past, is becoming plain in New Brunswick as time goes on. Wardens whose duty it is to superintend slash-burning and to enforce the regulations of the Department of Lands and Mines report that the people are lending themselves more and more to the policy of the Department in regard to the disposal of slash. The danger of the forests being set afire by spring burning seems to have been brought home to the people and many inhabitants of the more newly settled portions of the province have stated that autumn burning is the more desirable from every point of view.

The Wardens in charge of the various districts have recently been securing information concerning the quantity of slash which is ready for burning. The intention is that this shall be burned this autumn in order that as little as possible be left next spring. From this information it is estimated that 4,800 acres of slash are to be burned—the property of 1,600 owners. This survey is the first of its kind attempted by the Department.

In the various sections of the province there is a marked difference in the extent of prospective slash-burning. The southern counties have very little but in the north it is extensive. The reason is obvious, the new settlements being in the north. Restigouche with 500 farmers desiring to burn slash this fall leads. Gloucester with 400 farmers is second. Madawaska is third with the other counties coming in with smaller areas.

The autumn-burning is under permit and already has begun. With the area of slash disposed of which is mentioned, the danger of forest fires next spring will be diminished to a marked degree.

Tonics From The Garden

The use of fresh vegetables and fruits is an insurance against sickness. Here is another idea which should stimulate interest and encourage more people to raise more vegetables and fruits.

Dr. J.F. Richardson, professor of hygiene at the University of Pennsylvania, assisted by a number of physicians in this and other countries has published a book entitled "Health and Longevity." It is interesting to note that the following vegetables and fruits were included in the list of medicinal plants:

Asparagus—Gently stimulates the kidneys.

Beets—Relieves gravel and readjusts certain internal disorders of women.

Carrots—For kidney complaint; used for poultices, powdered seed relieves colic, promotes secretions of the kidneys; laxative.

Celery—Good for rheumatism and neuralgia.

Cucumbers—for clear complexion.

Cranberries—Taken as a relief from piles; also relieves nervous breakdown called hysteria.

Garlic—For worms, whooping.

Genuine **BAYER** **ASPIRIN**

Say "Bayer"—Insist!

For Pain Headache
Neuralgia Rheumatism
Lumbago Colds

Safe Accept only a Bayer package

which contains proven directions
Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets
Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists
Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monocrotic acid of Salicylic acid

cough, stomach and intestinal trouble.

Horse radish—Tonic for indigestion; produces secretions of the kidneys; syrup cure; hoarseness; tea said to benefit neuralgia and rheumatism.

Leek—Poultice for bronchitis and chronic coughs; taken for worms and whooping-cough, also stomach and intestinal trouble.

Onion—Promotes digestion, acts on the liver by increasing the secretion of bile; cure for constipation; poultice for bronchitis and chronic cough, taken for worms and whooping-cough, intestinal and stomach trouble.

Pepper—Cayenne tea used for grippe and scarlet fever.

Parsley—Hot infusion made from one ounce of fresh root drunk freely increases secretion of urine in case of dropsy and relieves women's complaints. Lotion is good skin beautifier.

Pumpkin—Good for tape worms, retention of urine, and inflammation of bladder and bowels.

Rhubarb—Purgative and laxative.

Spinach—A skin beautifier.

Strawberries—Lotion used as a skin beautifier.

Tomato—Cure for cholera infantum; now used instead of orange-juice by some physicians for infants; sliced tomato, rubbed on skin is good for freckles and sunburn.

Watermelon—Clears skin.

We do not guarantee any of these to be sure cures, but we do know that nature manufactures health producing substances and presents them to us in numerous fresh vegetables and raw fruits. It is also much cheaper to prevent disease than it is to cure it.

Stiffness

It is astonishing how quickly Minard's Liniment relieves stiffness and lameness.

Gives Great Relief

Mrs. A. B. Calvert, 25 Park Ave., Guelph, Ont., writes: "My husband has used Minard's Liniment frequently, always with good results. Friends of mine see it for rheumatism and tell me that it gives great relief."

Mrs. Fred Johnson, Box 716, Thorold, Ont., writes: "I suffered very much with neuralgia in my face but was relieved immediately after first application. I persevered in using it and it has entirely gone. This winter I can go out without tying up my face and give the credit to Minard's Liniment. Have told several people about Minard's, and others are using it."

MINARD'S King of Pains LINIMENT

Yarmouth Nova Scotia

Just Received

We have just received a large stock of **Swedish Enamelled Ware** Which has no equal and we can now defy competition

Enamelled Wares such as:

Tea-pots, Coffee Pots, Preserve Kettles, Soup Tureens, Pitchers, Pails, Cups, Mugs, Tumblers Ice Box Trays, Comports, Cereal Dishes, Butter Dishes, Pudding Dishes etc.

We have a few left overs in **Refrigerators** which we are disposing of at cost **Don't Miss an Opportunity to get one**

PLUMBING RANGES FURNACES

B. F. MALTBY

Phone 121 Newcastle, N. B.

Assuring Your Business

A policy of advertising is a policy of life assurance, and the protection thus secured is well worth its annual cost.

Old customers die or move away—they must be replaced.

Old customers are subject to the influence of temptation—they may be induced to divide their custom—to do some of their shopping at a competitor's.

New comers to this community will shop with you—become regular customers—if they are invited to do so.

Your competitor's advertising is an influence which must be offset if you are to maintain your trade.

Not to advertise regularly to the readers of the UNION ADVOCATE is to leave your business unprotected.

A WORD TO THE PUBLIC

It is no sign of weakness to follow the lead of advertising. You owe it to yourself to get the most for your money, the best goods and the best service. And if you find that your inclination is to shop where you are invited to shop rather than to continue to be a customer of the shop which never solicits your good-will you need have no compunctions of conscience.

Shop Where You are Invited to Shop

A recognized favorite with Everybody, when once tried



ORANGE PEKOE

A TEA OF UNUSUAL FLAVOR

"BUY AT HOME"