

at this time were Henry Forbes, a sailor from Ireland, who later went to the United States; W. H. Munro, from Scotland, prominent magistrate and store-keeper, grantee of Munro's Island, who died here. In 1817 James Blackhall, later the most prominent English resident of Caraquet, who had removed from Aberdeen, Scotland, to Halifax in 1812, came to Bay Chaleur and traded throughout its length, and in 1821 he settled in Caraquet. He built the first frame house, which is still standing, and became Justice of the Peace, Collector of Customs and Postmaster. His son, Mr. J.G.C. Blackhall, succeeded him in his offices, and is still living, though retired, in the old home-stand. At about the same time with Mr. Blackhall came Captain George Syvret, a Jerseyman, from Arichat. He taught school, was a J. P., and later removed to Miscou, where he has left many descendants. Samuel Syvret was the builder of the stone church in 1818-1820. Charles Coughlan, from Ireland, came in the twenties, kept store, was a J. P., and died here. Andrew Wilson, from Aberdeen, Scotland, lived here for several years prior to 1827, when he removed to Miscou, and formed the important settlement of Wilson's Point. John MacIntosh, from Scotland, came about 1830, kept store, and did a fish business. Duncan Hay, a Scotchman, said to have been game-keeper to the Duke of Argyle, came about 1830, was in business here, lived for a time at Miscou, and finally went to Prince Edward Island. The Robins came in 1837, as will later be noted. About 1850 came Robert Young, originally from Dumfrieshire, and since 1825 a resident of Tracadie, whose descendants have been among the leading residents of Caraquet down to this day. And soon after came Robert Nixon, who died here; Patrick McNoughton, who later returned to Canada; John Duval, who built the church. Later