NEWS FROM IRELAND.

Dublin.

At a meeting of the committee of the Young Ireland Society, held on June 9th, arrangements were made for celebrating the Wolfe Tone Anniversary. The programme for the occasion is an exceptionally attractive one, including a musical and literary re union, at which the pupils of the classes will assist. An interesting item in the proceedings will be a lecture on "Wolfe Tone," by Mr. C. H. Oldham, B. A. Several members of the Parliamentary Party and other prominent Irishmen are expected to attend.

Wicklow.

Mr. Minahan, an English gentleman who happened to be staying at Bray, was struck with the injustice of preventing the fishermen from gathering seaweed on the shore. As the lawyers say, he worked up the case, and after much trouble,—which to him was a labor of love,—the fishermen's cause was placed in the hands of Mr. Chance. In grateful remembrance of Mr. Minahan's services, the fishermen have presented him with a very complimentary address. Mr. Minahan's reply was full of sympathy for the poor men whom he had so largely helped to save from a territorialist's tyranny.

Wexford.

The track of the exterminator is found, at the present moment, in many parts of Wexford, but, perhaps, nowhere is it impressed more than in the district over which the Brantown and Glynn National League held sway. It is scarcely a fortnight ago since a number of evictions were carried out, and the district thrown into a state of ferment; yet, another visit was paid by Emerson and his satellites, thinking, no doubt, that the spirit which revolts against the payment of what are considered rack-rents had been subdued by the scenes they had just passed through. On June 8th, a stealthy march was made by Emerson and his evicting men, to the farm of Mr. Rothwell, Coolstuff, and a number of cattle were seized, and driven to the Pound at Taghmon. But all this, as it turned out was a simple prelude to that which was to come. On the next morning the expedition, accompanied by a strong escort of police and bailiffs, again set out on their heartless and cruel mission. The first stop was made at Ballyweather, and here some parleying took place, the object of which was soon apparent. The people had assembled in numbers, in answer to the now familiar call of what may be termed the evicting horn, to show sympathy and, if need be, succor to the victims of landlordism. A rather uneasy look among the expedition betokened that all was not right, that, perhaps, some hitch had been discovered in the proceedings, and police scouts hurrying back and forward confirmed this. At length, however, this was solved by Major Hutchinson, R. M., appearing on the scene, but now some of the work had been completed. Arrangements had been come to, and it was proposed to postpone the sickening process of eviction, and all retraced their steps.

Mr. Charles Ganson, Dublin, has served writs on four tenants on his Courtnaboola estate, near Callan. This harsh action was entirely uncalled for, as the tenants are fully satisfied to pay their rents, minus a reasonable reduction. The people of the district are highly indignant to have respectable and hard-working neighbors threatened with eviction, in reply to their solicitation to have a small per centage deducted from the impossible rent levied on their holdings, which they have brought to a state of fertility by unremitting toil. It is admitted by most competent valuers that the land has depreciated by 40 per cent, within the last few years, and in the face of such evidence how can Mr. Charles Ganson expect to realize as much from his estate this year as he did when the prices of all agricultural produce were nearly double what they are at present. It is patent to everybody that he is only trying to achieve what is impossible.

Kildare.

The Rev. W. J. Kinane, C.C., has been removed from Naas to Killinure. During his stay in Naas Father Kinane made many friends, and they are about to give practical proof of their appreciation of his services while in the parish. At a meeting held on June 7, Mr. William Staples, T.C., in the chair, it was agreed to present him with an address and testimonial. Mr. P. Cunningham was appointed treasurer, and Mr. C. Black, V.S., and Mr. James Conway, T.C., were appointed hon. secretaries. A substantial sum has been already subscribed.

Longford.

For the runaway Colonel, King Harman, defeat seems to be everywhere on the watch. The Ballymahon Board of Guardians, in which he thought he could control a majority, have just elected a sturdy, staunch Nationalist, John Fitzsimmons, of Castletown Geoghegan, to the position of engineer for the laborers' cottages, rejecting by two to one the nominee of the discarded Colonel. Mr. Fitzsimmons is a gentleman of well known ability in his profession—one whose hand and head are never wanting when generous help or ingenious thought is needed for the cause of Ireland. Against an understrapper of King Harman and the *ex officios* it is pleasant to see such a local champion carrying the day.

Cork.

The Mayor of Cork, Paul Madden, has done what would naturally be expected from him. Lord Aberdeen offered him a knighthood, which he did not lay himself out for, and he declined to accept it. Poor Barry Sheehan! How much you did crook the submissive knee for such an offer, and yet Paul Madden, your rebel opponent, has had the refusal before you!

Kerry.

Two Boards of Guardians—Tralee and Millstreet—have just taken a step which may have a slight effect as a styptic on the eviction drain. They have decided that for the future all notices of evictions, furnished according to law by the evicting landlords, must be entered on the minutes of the proceedings of the Boards. The Millstreet Board has ordered, in addition, that copies be forwarded to the Press. Hitherto landlords who indulged in the "luxury of eviction" have proved themselves superior to public opinion; hence this step cannot be expected to work wonders. Still it may do some little good.

The death is announced, June 11th, of the Rev. Father Healy, O. P., Holy Cross, Tralee. The rev. gentleman was spending some days in Youghal when he was seized with what appeared to be a passing illness.

On June 5th, a large number of the Denny tenantry, from Liscahane, waited on the agent, Mr. Francis Denny, on the payment of the March rent. The tenants demanded a reduction of 35 per cent., which was refused, and they declined to pay at a reduction of 25 per cent. The lands are highly rented, and the tenants are reduced to severe straits through the present bad condition of things.

Limerick.

Recently, 900 volumes of the library formed at Mount Shannon, the family seat, some three miles from Limerick, by the first Earl of Clare, notorious for his action in connection with the passing of the Act of Union, were removed to London, where they are to be offered for sale at public auction. The majority of the books are of great historical value, and will, no doubt, find ready purchasers. The Court has given permission for the removal of the books for sale, pending the settlement of the present litigation. At Mount Shannon there is a fine painting of Lord Clare, and some celebrities of the family.

The unselfishness of character of the new Bishop of Limerick, the most Rev. Dr. O'Dwyer has been strikingly shown. The clergy of the diocese met on June 7th, for the purpose of taking the necessary steps to present him with an address and testimonial, but a letter from the Prelate intimated that no testimonial would be accepted, while he would gladly receive their proffered address. This shows that the lamented Dr. Butler has found a worthy successor. A committee has been appointed to prepare the address. The citizens of Limerick are to include in their testimonial to their new Bishop a crozier of Celtic character. The committee invite tenders for a design, and offer ten guineas for the successful one. The competition is not limited to goldsmiths, but is open to all artists skilled in Celtic work.

Clare.

John Meagher, Esq., J. P., with Mrs. Meagher and family from George street, Bathurst, Sydney, Australia, New South Wales, after an absence of 23 years from the land of his birth, has returned to Kilrush, to take a look at the scenes of his childhood, boyhood and manhood, and revisit the home he left an active young man to seek his fortune beneath the Southern Cross.

Tipperary.

At the meeting of the Tipperary Town Commissioners, on June 8, Mr. Michael Breen said he would not proceed with his motion to change the name of "Church street to Emmet street," but acting parallel to the death desire of the deceased patriot, Robert Emmet, who asked his countrymen to leave his epitaph unwritten till Ireland should be a nation, he (Mr. Breen) would leave his motion rest till, as he believed, in the near future Ireland would take her stand among the nations of the earth; then would he move to change the street nomenclature to mark the epoch of freedom.

Tyrone.

In South Tyrone, where it has been resolved to procure a candidate rabid enough to catch the fancy of the Orange revolvermen, and yet with the flavor of "Liberalism" to suit the palate of the Presbyterian farmers, the close Nationalist majority of 53 at the last election is in most serious peril. Nevertheless, the facts that every Presbyterian suspected of Nationalist leanings, is subjected to the most pitiless social and religious boycotting, and to the most atrocious system of bodily terrorism by the armed Orange bands that infest this division, and the fact that it has been found necessary to abandon the idea of running an Orange candidate, *pur sang*, prove that the verdict of the sturdy Presbyterian farmers is a matter of tremulous anxiety in the Orange conclaves.

Galway.

The Irish member who basely deserted his comrades on the division, and walked out without voting, was Captain O'Shea, member for Galway. Next day he resigned his seat. But miserable crawler that he is, he should never have taken his seat if he did not intend to hold it honorably. He kept it long enough to allow Galway to be practically disfranchised as regards Home Rule, and then he resigns saying that he did so on a point of honor, although he was unpledged. We suppose Captain O'Shea never signed the pledge; but he allowed Mr. Parnell, in his presence, to make a pledge for him to the people of Galway, and his honor was distinctly involved if he did not keep it. Capt. O'Shea, in ceasing to be a Member, ceases to be an honorable gentleman also.

Mayo.

Father Grealy, parish priest at Newport, county Mayo, writes to the *Cable News*:—"The work of relieving the starving fishermen on the west coast is at a standstill, and myself and my curates are in a state of seige, with crying applicants craving food to save the lives of their little children. The Poor-law Guardians and the heavy ratepayers, are equally loud in crying down the practice of out door relief, justly fearing that the Union will be ruined next year by excessive rates. I have telegraphed to the Lord-Lieutenant, and written twice to the Local Government Board for help, and the authorities are now answerable for the sufferings of the people. Will they allow people to die by scores, or perhaps, hundreds! Many men here will seek work in England and Scotland, as in past years, if they are able to obtain sufficient money to defray the expense of the journey." This is a sample of the large number of appeals of which the *Cable News* is in daily receipt. The *Cable News* Fund has already done an enormous amount of good, but the area of the distress seems to extend rather than contract, and demands a considerable increase of aid.

Sligo.

The Sligo *Champion* of June 12th, says of the exodus from the West:—"Day by day the flower of our manhood and maidenhood leave our shores to seek that refuge and employment which has been denied them at home, owing to the action of our heartless rulers and far more heartless landlords. On Thursday, vast numbers of emigrants, composed, for the most part, of the agricultural class, left the several stations along the Sligo, Leitrim, and Northern Counties Railway line, *en route* for the land of the 'Stars and Stripes.' Confusion and uproar, was the scene at every station, while the porters, with desperate haste, trundled into the luggage vans, numerous painted deal boxes. The emigrants wept bitterly, and kissed, over and over, every neighbor and friend,—man, woman, and child,—who had come to see them, perhaps, for the last time. But the keenest of all pangs were where some member of the family is departing, leaving the rest to be sent for by him or her out of the first earnings in exile."

IRISH PARLIAMENTARY FUND.

Rochester, N. Y., June 20.

Bishop McQuaid has opened subscriptions to the Irish Parliamentary Fund in this city with a check for $100. His contribution is accompanied by the following letter:

Rochester, N. Y., June 19.

To Mr. Patrick Cox, Treasurer of the Irish Parliamentary Fund:

DEAR SIR: I enclose my check for $100 for the fund of which you are treasurer. The most promising hour Ireland has known since her Parliament was fraudulently taken from her is at hand. The long years of patient suffering, but persistent refusal to accept degradation, are about to end. The people of Ireland, omitting a small minority, demand the right to enact for themselves such legislation as the interests of the country require.

The thoughtful and serious people of Ireland make this demand. The English people confess that a great wrong has been perpetrated, and that reparation, quick and ample, should be made. The American people, with a unanimity that is cheering, claim for the wronged of Ireland a measure of self-government which they know is of the essence of honest self-respect and the sole guarantee of happiness based on material prosperity.

The Irish people have no right to be contented or to cease from legitimate discussion, agitation, and obstruction, until their just demands are conceded. While, in making these demands, they keep within the bounds of justice and law, they will have with them, in sympathy and substantial aid, the liberty-loving and right-minded of every free country in the world.

The election now at hand in Great Britain may not settle this momentous question of Home Rule for Ireland, but its successor will end, and for good, centuries of cruel wrong inflicted on an oppressed people. My conviction is founded on the justice of the Irish cause, primarily, and, secondarily, on the fact that, by the extension of the ballot, power is passing from the few to the many. My trust in the people is and always has been firmer and more confident than in kings or the select few.

My present contribution is for the impending battle on the electioneering field. I shall be happy again and again to help if the Irish people use the favorable opportunity now given them to demonstrate to the world that they possess the chief characteristic of liberty-loving people—ability to suffer momentary defeat without losing courage or yielding to despair. A steady agitation of a whole people has never yet failed of success. Very respectfully,

B. J. McQUAID.
Bishop of Rochester.

That was a beautiful spectacle which was witnessed in one of the London churches on the 12th ult, [Passion Sunday] The Rev. C. J. Redman then celebrated his first mass, his two brothers acting as deacon and sub-deacon. Among those present were two nuns, the celebrant's only sisters, and his rejoicing parents on the same day celebrated their golden wedding. The venerable couple were received into the church in 1864.—*Buffalo Union.*

Struck With Lightning.

Neatly describes the position of a hard or soft corn when Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor is applied. It does its work so quickly and without pain that it seems magical in action. Try it. Recollect the name—Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor. Sold by all druggists and dealers everywhere.

The superiority of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is shown by its good effects on the children. Purchase a bottle and give it a trial.

Corns cause intolerable pain. Holloway's Corn Cure removes the trouble. Try it and see what amount of pain is saved.

Mr. John Magwood, Victoria Road, writes: "Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure is a splendid medicine. My customers say they never used anything so effectual. Good results immediately follow its use. I know its value from personal experience, having been troubled for 9 or 10 years with Dyspepsia, and since using it digestion goes on without that depressing feeling so well known to dyspeptics. I have no hesitation in recommending it in any case of Indigestion, Constipation, Heartburn, or troubles arising from a disordered stomach." Sold by Harkness & Co., Druggists, Dundas street.

After Twenty-Three Years Suffering.

Rev. Wm. Stout, of Wiarton, was cured of scrofulous abscess that seventeen doctors could not cure. Burdock Blood Bitters was the only successful remedy. It cures all impurities of the blood.

A Golden Opinion.

Mrs. Wm. Allan, of Acton, declares that Hagyard's Yellow Oil is the best household remedy in the world for colds, croup, sore throat, burns, scalds and other painful complaints. Her opinion is well founded.

FOR NETTLE RASH, Summer Heat, Eruptions and general toilet purposes use Low's Sulphur Soap.

DANGEROUS FITS are often caused by worms. Freeman's Worm Powders destroy worms.

AROUSE THE LIVER when torpid with National Pills, a good anti-bilious cathartic, sugar coated.

ALL WELL PLEASED.—The children like Dr. Low's Pleasant Worm Syrup, and parents rejoice over its virtues.

The Catholic Press.

The following paragraphs in reference to newspapers, which we translate from the decrees of the late Plenary Council of Baltimore, will be everywhere read with interest:

"We consider worthy of great praise, all, whether of the clergy or laity, who, by writing books of any kind, or by publishing newspapers, have tried in the past to protect Catholic interests here and to advance them. In the judgment of the Fathers, their strong claims on the Church should be not only gratefully mentioned in this representative assemblage, but deserve to be proclaimed, endorsed and highly praised. Their memory shall be in benediction when they shall have rested from their labors, and have handed back to God with great increase the talents that He gave them. May their numbers not grow less; rather may there be an increase day by day of those who are ready to fight the good fight magnanimously, and with a good and perfect heart."

"As regards newspapers, we are strongly of the opinion that one might be established in every province, which could be recommended and assisted, and, if necessary, even supported by the bishops. Whether this would be attended to at the provincial councils or otherwise would be for themselves to determine. We certainly recommend what are known as diocesan papers, because they are largely read in the rural districts, and they close the door against the Sunday papers, which are often injurious to faith and morals; but our judgment is that the interests of the Catholic people would be better protected if there were but one paper in each province. It is easier when there is only one to secure writers of commanding ability, and to make steady progress."

Great Excitement in Wales About a Marvellous Cure.

LIVING SIX YEARS WITHOUT GOING TO BED.

MR. EDITOR,—While spending a few days at the pleasant seaside town of Aberystwith, Cardiganshire, Wales, I heard related what seemed to me either a fabulous story or a marvellous cure.

The story was that a poor sufferer who had not been able to lie down in bed for six long years given up to die by all the Doctors, had been speedily cured by some Patent Medicine. It was related with the more implicit confidence from the circumstance, as was said, that the Vicar of Llanrystyd was familiar with the facts, and could vouch for the truth of the report.

Having a little curiosity to know how such stories grow in travelling, I took the liberty while at the village of Llanrystyd to call upon the Vicar, the Rev T. Evans, and to enquire about this wonderful cure. Though a total stranger to him, both he and his wife most graciously entertained me in a half hour's conversation, principally touching the case of Mr. Pugh, in which they seemed to take a deep and sympathetic interest, having been familiar with his sufferings, and now rejoiced in what seemed to them a most remarkable cure.

The Vicar remarked that he presumed his name had been connected with the report from his having mentioned the case to Mr. John Thomas, a chemist of Llanon. He said Mr. Pugh was formerly a resident of their parish, but was now living in the parish of Llanddeiniol.

He strongly vouched Mr. Wm. Pugh's character as a respectable farmer and worthy of credit. I left the venerable Vicar with a livelier sense of the happy relation of a pastor and people, feeling that he was one who truly sympathised with all who are afflicted in mind, body, or estate.

On my return to Aberystwith, I was impressed with a desire to see Mr. Pugh, whose reputation stood so high. His farm is called Pancom-Mawr, signifying "above the dingle," situated near the summit of a smooth round hill, overlooking a beautiful valley in which is situated the lovely ivy-mantled Church of Llanddeiniol. I found Mr. Pugh, apparently about 40 years old, of medium height, rather slight, with a pleasant and intelligent face. I told him I had heard of his great affliction and of his remarkable and almost miraculous relief, and that I had come to learn from his own lips, what there was of truth in the reports.

Mr. Pugh remarked that his neighbours had taken a kindly and sympathetic interest in his case for many years, but of late their interest had been greatly awakened by a happy change in his condition. What you report as having heard abroad, said he is substantially true, with one exception. I never understood that my case was ever given up as hopeless by any Physician. I have been treated by several Doctors hereabouts, as good as any in Wales, but unfortunately no prescription of theirs ever brought the desired relief.

Fifteen years ago, he said, I first became conscious of a sour and deranged stomach and loss of appetite, which the Doctors told me was Dyspepsia. What food I could hold in my stomach seemed to do me no good and was often thrown up with painful retchings. This was followed after a time with a hoarseness and a raw soreness of the throat which the Doctors called bronchitis, and I was treated for that, but with little success. Then came shortness of breath and a sense of suffocation, especially nights, with clammy sweat, and I would have to get out of bed and sometimes open a door or window in winter weather to fill my lungs with the cold air.

About six years ago I became so bad that I could not sleep in bed, but had to take my unquiet rest and dreamy sleep sitting in an armchair. My affliction seemed to be working downward into my bowels as well as upwards into my lungs and throat. In the violent coughing spasms which grew more frequent, my abdomen would expand and collapse and at times it would seem that I should suffocate. All this time I was reduced in strength so that I could perform no hard labour and my spirits were consequently much depressed.

Early in this last spring I had a still more severe spasmodic attack, and my family and neighbours became alarmed, believing that certainly I would not survive, when a neighbour, who had some knowledge, or had heard of the medicine, sent to Aberystwith by the driver of the Omnibus Post, some seven miles distant, and fetched a bottle of Mother Seigel's Currative Syrup.

This medicine they administered to me according to the directions, when to their surprise and delight no less than my own, the spasm ceased, I became at ease, and my stomach was calmed. My bowels were moved as by a gentle cathartic, and I felt a sense of quiet comfort all through such as I had not before realized in many years. I could walk around the house and breathe comfortably in a few hours after I had taken the medicine. I have continued to take the medicine daily now for something over two months, and I can lay down and sleep sweetly at nights and have not since had a recurrance of those terrible spasms and sweatings. I have been so long broken down and reduced in my whole system that I have not tried to perform any very hard out-door labour, deeming it best to be prudent lest by over-exertion I may do myself injury before my strength is fully restored. I feel that my stomach and bowels have been and are being thoroughly renovated and renewed by the medicine. In fact I feel like a new man.

I have been much congratulated by my neighbours, especially by the good Vicar of Llanrystyd who with his sympathetic wife have come three miles to shed tears of joy on my recovery.

I bade Mr. Pugh goodbye, happy that even one at least among thousands had found a remedy for an aggravating disease.

Believing this remarkable case of Dyspeptic Asthma should be known to the public, I beg to submit the above facts as they are related to me. F. T. W.

For sale by Wm. Saunders & Co., Druggists, London, and A. J. White (Ld.,) branch office, 67 St. James st., Montreal, P. Q.

Easily Cured.

Mrs. Berkinshaw, 26 Pembroke St., Toronto, cured of a bad lameness of the knee joint, upon which the surgeons were about to operate. Other treatment had been tried in vain. Hagyard's Yellow Oil was the remedy used.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR

Restores the color, gloss, and youthful freshness of the hair; stimulates a rich and luxurious growth; thoroughly cleanses the scalp; prevents dandruff and humors; and is the most cleanly and effective preparation for the hair ever offered to the public. Rev. J. W. Davenport, Illinois Bend, Texas, writes: "Ayer's Hair Vigor, used in my family for several years, has no equal as a dressing, nor for preventing the hair from falling out or turning prematurely gray. It ranks among the first luxuries of our house." Miss Kate Rose, Ingersoll, Ontario, writes: "While keeping my head clear of dandruff, and preventing Scald Head, Ayer's Hair Vigor has also caused my hair to grow luxuriantly, resulting in my now possessing hair forty-two inches long, and as thick as could be desired." The wife of Dr. V. S. Lovelace, Lovelaceville, Ky., had very bad tetter sores upon her head, causing the hair to fall out. Ayer's Hair Vigor healed the sores, and in less than twelve months produced hair a foot long.

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DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.
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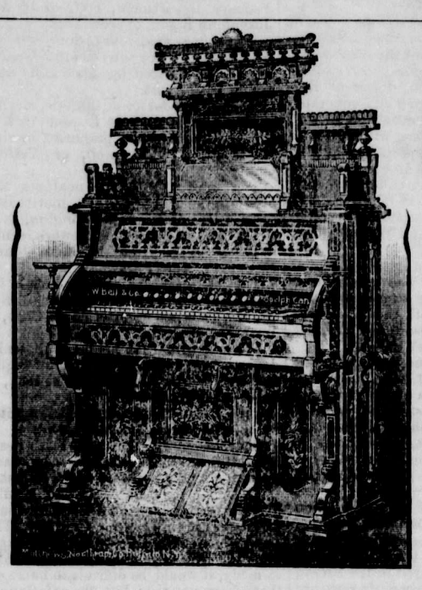
AYER'S HAIR VIGOR.

No More Bald Heads.

To produce a new growth of hair on bald heads, in the case of persons advanced in years, is not always possible. When the glands are decayed and gone, no stimulant can restore them; but, when they are only inactive, from the need of some excitant, the application of Ayer's Hair Vigor will renew their vitality, and a new growth will result. L. V. Templeton, Newbern, N. C., writes: "After a protracted illness, with fever, my hair all came out, leaving me entirely bald. I procured a bottle of Ayer's Hair Vigor, and, before I had used all its contents, a thick growth of hair, nearly two inches long, covered my head." L. D. McJunkin, Perryville, Md., writes: "Baldness is hereditary in my family. Five years ago the hair on the top of my head was becoming weak and thin. I procured Ayer's Hair Vigor, the application of which invigorated the hair roots, and sent out a new growth of young hair. To-day my hair is as thick and vigorous as ever. I still use the Vigor occasionally to keep my scalp in a healthy condition."

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR.



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Purify the Blood, correct all Disorders of the
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They invigorate and restore to health Debilitated Constitutions, and are invaluable in all Complaints incidental to Females of all ages. For Children and the aged they are priceless.

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Is an infallible remedy for Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Old Wounds, Sores and Ulcers. It is famous for Gout and Rheumatism. For disorders of the Chest it has no equal.
FOR SORE THROATS, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, Colds, Glandular Swellings and all Skin Diseases it has no rival; and for contracted and stiff joints it acts like a charm.

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and are sold at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., 22s., and 33s. each Box or Pot, and may be had of all Medicine Vendors throughout the World.
☞ *Purchasers should look to the Label on the Pots and Boxes. If the address is not Oxford Street London, they are spurious.*

BOOKS FOR THE MONTH JUNE

A Flower for each day of the Month June: cloth, flexible	15
" " paper	10
Devotions for every day of the Month of Sacred Heart, by Rev. P. Huguet	75
Imitation of the Sacred Heart, by Rev. Father Arnold	$1.25
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THE CHRISTIAN CONSTITUTION OF STATES.

The authorized translation of Pope Leo's Encyclical Letter on the Christian Constitution of States, is for sale.

Neither Catholic nor Protestant who desires to know anything about Christian politics of the highest and fundamental order can afford to be ignorant of the teachings of Leo XIII. on this subject.

PRICE, - - - 10 cents each.

Instructions and Prayers for the Jubilee of 1886; price, 10c. each

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TO THE CLERGY.

The Clergy of Western Ontario will, we feel assured, be glad to learn that WILSON BROS., General Grocers, of London, have now in stock a large quantity of **Sicilian Wine**, whose purity and genuineness for Sacramental use is attested by a certificate signed by the Rector and Prefect of Studies of the Diocesan Seminary of Marsala. We have ourselves seen the original of the certificate, and can testify to its authenticity. The Clergy of Western Ontario are cordially invited to send for samples of this truly superior wine for altar use.

MINNESOTA

Cheap Homes on long time and Liberal Terms. The Stevens' County Abstract and Real Estate Agency has One Million Acres of the Best Farming Lands, Best Dairy Land and Best Wheat Land in Western & Central Minnesota that are to be found in the world. For full particulars, terms and information, address—

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F. MEAGER'S EIGHT-DAY WICKS, for Sanctuary Lamps, burn a week without interference. Post free, $1 a box, which lasts a year. Dollar notes are accepted.
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Weymouth, England.