

THE EMPRESS OF RUSSIA

The Paris *Constitutionnel* of the 28th, has a very curious letter upon Russian affairs. The aim of the letter, which is signed "Avery," is to prove that the Czar is at this moment in a position to avert from the idea of making propositions of peace to the allied powers; and it is apropos to this that the writer of the letter gives some details of the interior of the court of Russia. The present Empress Marie, the Czar's wife is represented as strongly inclined towards a line of conduct that may lead to peace and as urging her husband towards the same. Strongly it is said that her influence has caused his journey to the Crimea and that her object in making him undertake this journey was that he should with his own eyes, see the worst state of his troops, the discontent of the populations, the dangers, in short, that surround the long-protracted continuance of the war. The Empress's influence is represented as so powerful and counterbalancing that of the Grand Duke Constantine, and to maintain in office, against every chance of disgrace, the man whom she thinks the safest counsel for of the House of Romanoff (for the reason that he is so disliked by the fanatical Moscow party), the Archangel Michael, that she is able to direct the will of Soudaïoff. It is said that the Empress's power over her husband's mind is being growing daily, and to show how she can compass what she has once resolved to do a little anecdote of her is told:—The Czar-witch Alexander, when he was in the Crimea, during his deliberations upon one of the most important and least important of German successes, the daughter of the Grand Duke of Hesse Darmstadt. For many reasons the Czar was ill disposed to give his marriage; but as he would hear of no other, and the father ended by yielding. The Princess Marie of Darmstadt, a French noble lady and an English bred courtier, came home with her husband but few tears of any kind, for the most splendid of northern capitals, where the second place was to be hers. Her own interior was a happy one, out between her father-in-law and herself there reigned for the first few months, mutual affection. He took little interest in her, and she made no secret efforts to win his favour, above all, and on no obvious advances towards him. When the day of St. Nicholas came the Czar's five day the reigning Empress and Princess were much amused that alone of all the family the Czar-witch as the wife of the heir appeared to be so happy, and she declared that she had each member of it made a point of getting ready in order to present them to his chief. No remark however was made at the time, and the day came. The presents were given and accepted and when all was over the Grand Duchess Marie rose from her place, advanced towards the Czar and, without saying a word, laid a few kisses on his forehead. He then, with a look of surprise, embraced her in his arms, and from that hour really, and figuratively, "took her to his heart."

Now this story told by the *Constitutionnel* naturally does show on the one hand, the Czar's, a touch of perversity, and on the other, how he is being gradually used any he may be afterwards, in her great position and that of her husband. It is never without interest to know the characters of those whose destinies cut up them for good or for evil to play a part in the great drama of politics, and therefore this insight into the relative positions of the Czar Alexander and his consort is of some value. It is also interesting to see the Grand Duke Louis, the Emperor of Russia, who scarcely have got beyond the age of the problematic virtue of his good nature; his failings were those which could be inherited by no woman and were nearly all comprised in a great love of herself, but from her mother's side, and a few other failings, which matter much for the more distinguished woman has been rarely placed at the head of a state whether great or small. The Grand Duchess of Darmstadt was a woman of clear judgment, liberal opinions sound sense large heart, and the finest tact.

If her daughter who was brought up by her mother (an English woman by a German) has succeeded to half her sterling excellence and to over her husband half the influence that is reported, we may hope for a modification in obstinate spirit of Russian policy and the country her husband governs may look forward to reforms that will put it more upon a level with the nations around it.

**ANOTHER EATING-MATCH AND GUZZLE.**

We have transferred to our columns the Speech of the Hon. Francis Hincks at the meeting of the Anti-Slavery Convention in honor of him in Bradford. The speech is certainly not remarkable for anything except its felicitous adaptation to such a meeting. One and perhaps the most prominent of Mr. Hincks' qualities, his clear, steady, and well-considered views, and his present occasion, that ability has not failed him. He has ran over those thoughts ideas feelings, and associations which every man would naturally suppose to be uppermost in his mind at a farewell meeting and he has not run over them in vain. He has brought a considerable portion of his clear, steady, and well-considered views, and his present occasion, that ability has not failed him. He has ran over those thoughts ideas feelings, and associations which every man would naturally suppose to be uppermost in his mind at a farewell meeting and he has not run over them in vain. 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political destiny of the Country by "gluttony and wine-bibbing"—these "*Clare me, Clare you!*" dodges of *lie-kissitism*. Having ridiculed these gormandering juggles for many years, we cannot allow this Wilkes-Spence—Hinks *flare-up* to pass without one word of comment.

We acknowledge the talent and very superior *tact* of Francis Hinks as a paper politician. We cheerfully admit the superiority of his statesmanship compared with what Canada has formerly experienced and we liberally grant his claims on the lasting respect of the Canadian people. In the heartiness and sincerity of these admissions we yield to no man.—We esteem Mr. Hinks as much as any other man in the Province, and although not a man-warshipper, we venerate his successful exertions in the cause of liberty in this country. Nevertheless, we cannot either endorse or accept his *bumfunk address* in favor of Mr. Spence and the Coalition Ministry. It may correspond with the views and principles of George Wilkes, Esq., to the large to confusions and compromises and dust-throwings and *Clare me, Clare you* buncum of clap-trap.—But George Wilkes, Esq., of Brantford is not the Canadian people nor a fair specimen of them, Brantford is not Canada, nor is a Brantford Gazette and Eastern Echo, nor a man-warshipper, a fair representation of this country. In short were Mr. Hinks to consult his own Canadian reputation, he would avoid these little sectional demonstrations. His time will not permit of a gazette and buncum respect in the name of a magazine and a Brantford and George Wilkes, Esq., can only occupy their own space on the scale or map of Provincial importance. We think these little village exhibitions of eating and drinking and speech-making have a tendency to destroy rather than establish a provincial reputation.—*Huron Signal*.

### Arrival of the North Star.

New York Nov. 21.

The *North Star* arrived this morning.—She left Cowes on the morning of the fourth, and brings a second edition of the Times, and 117 passengers. On the night of the 4th passed a steamer off Stark point, supposed to be the *Herman*.

No additional news of importance from Europe.

The London Times contains letters from China received by the overland mail.

A large heavily armed piratical fleet had been destroyed to the northward by the British war brig *Bittern*, 39 vessels were destroyed.

Canston quiet. Imports improving and orders to goods looking for higher prices.

Three crops of new cargoes had arrived, for which exorbitant prices were asked.

Cropton silk very short and all taken for native manufacture at high prices at Shanghai.

Congou tea had advanced.

During the month of August four vessels had sailed for America.

Hong Kong dates to the 5th. Freight had declined.

The passengers traffic to Australia and California was almost annihilated in consequence of the restrictive measures lately adopted there against Chinese emigrants.

### SIX DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE!

### Arrival of the Canada.

From Liverpool, November 10 (Noon), 1855.

Halifax, Nov. 22.

The *Canada* arrived at 1 o'clock, p. m.

Her advices from Liverpool are to 10th.—She will be due at Boston on Friday night.

The excitement in Great Britain in regard to the United States had entirely cooled off, and nothing of a belligerent nature had transpired during the week.

From the seat of war there is no news of importance beyond unreliable rumours of battles near Perekop and Simpheropol, which were generally disbelieved.

At the latest moment a report was in circulation that Nicoloff has been bombarded by the Algerians.

Peace rumors were abundant, but they were generally without foundation.

Strenuous efforts were making to bring Sweden into the western alliance.

Unfriendly relations were arising between Great Britain and Spain respecting certain disputed claims.

### COMMERCIAL.

Cotton market exhibited considerable animation. An advance in price was fully sustained. The quotations are a quarter cent higher than those by the Pacific.

Woolscuffs are advanced in price—all descriptions closed with advanced demand.—Brown Shipley & Co. report Wheat 3d. higher—Flour 1s.—Corn 2s. 6d.

Provisions had undergone no change of moment.

The London Money Market was rather easier.—Consols closed at 87½ for month, and 89 for account.

### AND SECOND REPORT.

The most important of the week's news is the effort made by England and France to bring Sweden into the western alliance.—Sweden is required either to assist or refuse.

It is reported from Berlin that the Emperor of Austria has confidential communication to Prussia and Austria of his wish to renew negotiations.

It is stated that the Emperor of France is favorable to renew diplomacy.

The Austrian Gazette states on authority, that a French camp of 50,000 men is being formed at Silistria.

There is absolutely nothing to report from the Crimea. The armies are engaged in building bays for the winter.

Letters from Sebastopol say that Russian projectiles from the north side reach almost every spot in the city.

The Allies say that although the Russians keep up fire that they are making no preparations for retreating.

Gen Levaillant is appointed French Governor of Sebastopol.

Sir Colin Campbell has taken offence at the appointment of General Codrington, and has had to return to England.

The French are to garrison Kinburn.

The English have returned to Sebastopol.

[illegible]

FEMALE DRESS IN UTAH.—The ladies of Utah have adopted a new costume, which seems to be gradually increasing in favor. It consists of a loose fitting dress resembling in cut a man's coat, being buttoned up front and reaching to the ankles below the knees; a pair of pantaloons adorning the ankles and a Leghorn hat set jauntily on the head, being in fact a modification of the Bloomer costume. The ladies are thus relieved of a superabundant load of petticoats, and their husbands are freed from paying for more than two thirds the usual quantity for dry goods.

MARRIAGE OF MEAGHER.—A New York paper says that Thomas F. Meagher, Esq., was married by Archbishop Hughes, at the Episcopal Residence, to Miss Elizabeth daughter of Peter Townsend, Esq. of Grange County. The bridegroom is a native of Ireland, the bride is American, and it became a runaway match.

A live lizard, measuring 19 inches in length, was posted in Somers,shire, directed to Dr. Pettigrew, in London, and actually arrived safe and lively.

Thirty-four political refugees have been ordered to leave the island of Jersey by the British Government. Among the expelled are Victor Hugo and his sons.

Eloquent Passage.—The light of the lamp was dying in the socket, the midnight clock swung heavily aloft, and its frozen tones sounded loudly on the stilled air; it was the hour when disembodied spirits walk, and where murderers like the stealthy woe, prow for their victims. A lonely wanderer stood as he heard the slow creak at the door; his troops stood on his pale brow, the doors were opened, and in came a strange entity!

A young lady thus describes her feelings, and cords sympathy.

My heart is sick, my heart is sad—  
But oh! the cause I dare not tell—I am not glad, I am not well,  
I am not ill—I am not well.  
I'm not myself—I'm not the same;  
I am—indeed, I know not what.  
I've changed, in all except my name—  
O, where shall the changed in "that!"

THE USE OF MONEY.

A vain man's motto—Win gold and wear it.  
A generous man's—Win gold and share it.  
A miser's—Win gold and hoard it.  
A prodigal's—Win gold and spend it.  
A broker's—Win gold and double it.  
A fool's—Win gold and lose it.  
A gambler's—Win gold and end it.  
A sailor's—Win gold and cruise it.  
A wise man's—Win gold and use it.

Quebec Timber Market.

White Pine, in the raft, for inferior according to rating, per cubic measured off, nominal 0 2 0 6  
For fac edged 40 ft. do 0 2 0 8  
According to average & quality, nominal 0 2 0 0  
Measured off, nominal 0 2 0 0  
For good and superior Rafts according to shipping order, 40 ft. do 0 7 0 5  
In shipping order, according to average and quality, nominal 0 6 0 8  
In shipping order, 40 ft. do 0 8 0 9  
To 50 feet, measured off, nominal 0 8 0 9  
In shipping order, 40 ft. do 0 8 0 9  
Lake St. Clair, 1 3 1 4  
Lumber, by the raft, according to average and quality, nominal 0 6 1 2  
In shipping order, 40 ft. do 0 6 1 2  
Sawed lumber, square, according to size and spec., nominal 7 10 10  
Flatting do, nominal 5 0 7 10  
Pine, assorted 2 50  
W.O. Puncheon. Merchantable, £52 10s 0d  
Pine, assorted £50  
Teals, Bright £12 10s 0d  
Do do £12 0s 40 0  
For 1st 10s  
For 2nd 10s  
For 3rd 10s  
For 4th 10s  
For 5th 10s  
For 6th 10s  
For 7th 10s  
For 8th 10s  
For 9th 10s  
For 10th 10s

KINGSTON MARKETS.

Nov. 23, 1855.

s. d. s. d.  
Potatoes per bush..... 2 0 to 2 3  
Onions „do..... 1 4 0 2  
Barley „do..... 0 0 5 8  
Rye „do..... 0 0 4 9  
Pease „do..... 4 6 0 6  
Turnips „do..... 0 0 0 0  
Unions „do..... 0 0 0 0  
Apples „do..... 0 0 0 0  
Carrots „do..... 8 0 0 0  
Beef per cwt..... 30 0 40 0  
Pork „do..... 45 0 0 0  
Clams per lb..... 0 5 0 9  
Flour per bbl..... 40 0 42 0  
Sweetest do..... 30 0 32 0  
Animal Meal „do..... 11 0 11 6  
Mutton, per lb..... 6 0 7 1  
Veal „do..... 0 24 0 3  
Butter, per lb..... 10 11 0 0  
Cheese „do..... 0 0 7 1  
Tallow per lb..... 0 0 7 10  
Ggs per doz..... 0 10 1 0  
Fowls per couple..... 0 10 1 0  
Duck „do..... 4 0 60 0  
Geese per ton..... 32 6 3 3  
Firewood per cord..... 15 0 0 0

PERCH MARKETS.

Nov. 22.

s. d. s. d.  
Pot Ashes, per cwt..... 25 0 0 0  
Salt „do..... 35 0 0 0  
Butter per lb..... 0 0 10 0  
Corn per bushel..... 1 9 2 0  
Wheat „do..... 0 7 6 0  
Flour per barrel..... 37 6 35 0  
Oatmeal „do..... 0 0 6 0  
Potatoes, per bushel..... 1 0 1 3  
Ggs per dozen..... 6 0 6 6  
Veal, per lb..... 0 2 0 3  
Beef, per cwt..... 25 0 27 6

KEMPTVILLE MARKETS.

Nov. 23.

s. d. s. d.  
W. Wheat per bushel..... 0 0 4 0  
Spring, do „..... 6 6 7 0  
Rye „do..... 0 0 4 0  
Indian Corn „do..... 0 0 5 0  
Oats „do..... 1 3 1 1  
Port, per barrel..... 75 0 80 6  
„ „ 100 lbs..... 0 0 0 0  
Hay „do..... 3 0 10 0  
Hay „do..... 0 42 0 0  
Wood „cord..... 5 0 6 0

OGDENSBURG MARKETS.

Nov. 23, 1855.

Apples dried per bushel..... \$2 00  
Apples green per bbl..... 25 00  
Barley per bush..... 0 75  
Beans „do..... 1 25  
Butter per lb..... 0 16  
Cheese „do..... 0 84  
Corn per bush..... 0 88  
Ggs per doz..... 10 50  
Flour per bbl..... 0 121  
Lard per lb..... 0 121  
Lemons per box..... 4 50  
Mackerel per bbl..... 0 621  
Oats per bush..... 0 621  
Oranges per box..... 4 00  
Peas „do..... 0 11  
Potatoes „do..... 18 00  
Potatoes per bush..... 0 25  
Rye per bush..... 1 00  
Salmon per bbl..... 0 08  
Shoulders per lb..... 0 12  
Thinner per lb..... 0 12

[illegible]

TO THE ELECTORS  
OF THE  
COUNTY OF RENFREW.

GENTLEMEN,—

As a vacancy has already occurred, or is about to ensue, in the representation of the County, in consequence of the elevation to a high office under the Imperial Government of the former Member, I deem it my duty to express the wishes of numerous friends, I have resolved upon soliciting your suffrage at the approaching election for your county, in which I possess, as I do also several of my relatives, a considerable property. I do not, however, among the electors of Renfrew, as one directly interested in the prosperity of the County, and also as a native of the United Counties of Lanark and Renfrew, of which my father, the Hon. W. Morris, was for twenty years the faithful representative. I apprehend the electors of Renfrew to be, as one whose sympathies and interests are identified with your own; and should your free and independent choice rest upon me, I shall esteem it both a privilege and an honor to represent you in Parliament, and to endeavor to advance the interests of the County, as well as those of that great Ottawa County, of which it forms a part. These interests, as I am prepared to show, are of no slight magnitude, and demand your great attention, as none have yet enjoyed. That such is the case, will be apparent from the simple statement of the fact that while in the year 1833, the total exports of the Province were £35,930,325 15s 4d currency, the products of the forest so exported, amounted to no less a sum than £2,355,356 2s 6d. The value of the exports of the whole exports of the Province, and of this, the Ottawa contributed by far the largest share. A trade which sustains such proportions—employing a great capital—rendering productive so large and such varied industries, and extending over so wide a country, is assuredly deserving of no less a consideration than the hands of the people of Canada and of the Legislature; and if honored with your confidence, I should sedulously advocate your claims to attention, while should also endeavor to contribute to the adoption of such measures as could open up the markets of France and of the Colonies to the Colonies to the products of the Forest. The Reciprocity Treaty will benefit one branch of the timber trade, and I am persuaded that prompt efforts would have an important effect in the directions I have indicated. I am aware of the extent of that great tract of country, which has been estimated by competent authority to contain 90,000 square miles of territory. I look forward to the period, when it will sustain a dense population, and am fully impressed with the necessity of developing its resources, and increasing the facilities of access to and from it. I am, therefore, glad to see that you have recently suggested with a view to the accomplishment of this end, and also to the accommodation of that immense trade of “the great West” of the United States, which is now swelling our growing outlets, the construction of a new waterway to the Ottawa, the system of canals, already in fact initiated by the progress of the Chateauguay survey of the route, and should you deem it proper, there is every reason to believe it will, ere long, be borne in mind that it possesses the merit of comparative shortness, and that it would in fact be a work of provincial importance, accommodation of its greatest trade, and opening up a wide country to settlement. I am, therefore, glad to see that at length the Government has taken into consideration the improvement of the route to the Ottawa, for while the amount of trade expended by the Province that quarter is insignificant when contrasted with the greatness of the operations of the manufacturers of lumber on that river, it is equally so when compared with the large sums expended by the great enterprise in the improvement of the Ottawa and its numerous tributaries.

In this connection, I may further remark, that it is important that some portion of the tide of emigration should be turned to the Ottawa Valley; and while I believe that the whole system of transmission of immigrants through the Province requires revision, and that more attention should be paid to their health and comfort, and that the route of inland travel, I think that the steps, many, might with profit to themselves and advantage to the country, be turned in the direction of the Ottawa. Amongst the measures recommended to accomplish this end, may be mentioned, a further extension of the canal system, and the gradual improvement of the Ottawa Valley, between this County and Lake Huron, and the furnishing of reliable information with regard to emigrants, on their arrival in Canada.

While thus at some length developing my views in relation to the Ottawa County, I shall only add in conclusion, that I am, by birth and sentiment, I shall, whether private or the public capacity to which I aspire, ever consider the advancement of my country in all her interests, as a matter of the highest importance, demanding the earnest co-operation of all true patriots. I am, therefore, to be found steadily and independently, supporting every measure, from whatsoever quarter it may emanate, as will in my judgment conduce to the development of the resources, the extension of the industry, the growth of the commerce, and the promotion of the general prosperity of the Province. I am warmly attached to the cause of constitutional progress, and that from a conscientious conviction, I am aware of the importance and the necessity of a prompt adaptation to the ever varying circumstances of this great and rising Province, and my duty, therefore, to be found the friend of rational reform, while I will also prove the consistent opponent of such rash innovations as appear to be prompted by the mere desire for change, and likely to contribute to the general ruin.

With this full exposition of my views thus before you, gentlemen; I confidently await your decision, not only on the merits of the various candidates for your suffrages, and deliberately and dispassionately decide which of them in your judgment, is most likely to advance the inter-

of your County, as well as those of the Province at large.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your Faithful Servant,

ALEXANDER MORRIS,  
County of Renfrew, Oct. 18 59.

TO THE ELECTORS, of the County of Renfrew.

GENTLEMEN,—Her Majesty having been graciously pleased to appoint me the Office of Governor-in-Chief of Barbadoes and the Windward Islands, it becomes my duty to resign in your hands the important trust which you confided to me at the last General Election. In doing so, I beg to assure you that your unsolicited support on that occasion has imposed on me a very deep debt of gratitude. In the discharge of my duties, my duty calls me, I shall travel with interest the progress of the habits of the great region of the Ottawa, and I confidently hope that, when enabled to visit you, I shall find you in the enjoyment of the rewards which in my favored country the industrious classes seldom fail to reap.

Yours truly,  
J. HINKS.

Quebec, 16th Nov. 1855.

VALUABLE PROPERTY  
IN THE  
VILLAGE OF RENFREW!  
FOR SALE!!

WHAT well known Property occupied by the Subscriber, comprising 1/2 of an acre of Land, on which is situated a commodious Dwelling House, in excellent Vegetable Garden, together with other outhouses and a Good Well with Pump.

The Premises are well adapted for carrying on almost any kind of business.

TERMS moderate—apply to the subscriber.

All accounts due the subscriber either Note, Book account, or otherwise, will require to be paid on or before the 1st of February next—otherwise they will be handed over for collection.

WM. DICKSON,  
Renfrew, 25th Nov. 1855. 11-g

NEW  
MAILING ESTABLISHMENT.

THE Subscriber would take the liberty of informing his Friends and the public generally, throughout Ramsay, that he has taken the House of Mr. John Scott, in the VILLAGE OF ALMONTE!

There he expects by strict attention to business, & superior workmanship, to receive a share of patronage.

Persons furnishing their own Cloth, will have it made to order, in the most FASHIONABLE STYLE, with neatness, at moderate prices, & WARRANTED.

THOMAS McLAREN,  
Almonte, Nov. 27, 1855. 11-tf

THE Undermentioned would hereby give notice that it will be necessary for all those owing the Estate of the late James Wylie & Son, to make immediate settlement, all accounts and notes not paid by the first of January will be put to the January Courts. Parties not attending to this notice, will have themselves liable to prosecution.

Produce of all kinds taken by J. & J. J. J. for above accounts.

MARY WYLLIE,  
Administratrix.  
Ramsay, Nov. 26th, 1855. 11-tf

THE BOARD OF  
PUBLIC INSTRUCTION  
WILL meet in Perth, in the Grammar School House, for the Examination of Teachers, and granting of Teaching Certificates of Qualification, on Friday, the 31st day of December next, at the hour of Ten o'clock, noon.

The Larark Section of the Board will meet the same purpose, in the School House in the Village of Lanark, on Saturday the 15th of December, at the hour of 4 o'clock, noon.

J. A. MURDOCH,  
Secretary.

Perth, 24th Nov. 1855.

CAUTION.

THE Subscriber hereby cautions the Public against purchasing two Notes of the Ten Pound Bank, issued by him in favor of Edward Nicholson, in order, dated the 22nd of October last past, and payable one in three months, the other in eight months after date. They are both endorsed by in Robinson, Jr. But as he has received no order for said Notes, he will not pay the same.

WILLIAM EDISON,  
Carlisle-Place.  
Nov. 26, 1855. 11-g

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber requests immediate payment of all Debts due to the undersigned late Firms:

James Shaw & Son.  
Dobbie & Shaw.  
Moorhouse & Shaw.  
Sherwood & Shaw.

likewise those indebted to himself for Stoves &c.

No other Notice will be given—therefore pay promptly and save costs.

RICHARD SHAW.  
Perth, 16th Nov. 1855. 11-g

Farmer's Foundry  
IN OPERATION.

THE Subscriber calls the attention of the people to his "MANARK FARMER" Cooking Stoves, admitted by all to be the Best ever either manufactured or imported into this section of the country. Having recently made improvements in it, he now offers competition as to its excellence.

Also Manufacturing and on hand, Stoves, 20, 30 and 36 inches square fire top Stoves, suitable for Forges, Manufactories, &c. Dog run Castings, Pump Wheels, Castings, Sash Weights, Coolers &c. Mill Castings Cast upon the shortest notice, and having competent workmen, will warrant the workman.

few different sizes of Lathes on hand for sale cheap.

By sending me the price Plough "Shaw's Improved Scotch," which has given universal satisfaction, is allowed to be the Best Plough manufactured or used in these Counties, and for which has exceeded supply.

Apply, for terms and list, to the undersigned, Iron, Brass and Old Stoves taken in exchange.

Also suitable for Ploughs, &c. on hand, of capacity of 21 inches, 24 inches, 26 inches, 28 inches, 30 inches, 32 inches, 34 inches, 36 inches, 38 inches, 40 inches, 42 inches, 44 inches, 46 inches, 48 inches, 50 inches, 52 inches, 54 inches, 56 inches, 58 inches, 60 inches, 62 inches, 64 inches, 66 inches, 68 inches, 70 inches, 72 inches, 74 inches, 76 inches, 78 inches, 80 inches, 82 inches, 84 inches, 86 inches, 88 inches, 90 inches, 92 inches, 94 inches, 96 inches, 98 inches, 100 inches, 102 inches, 104 inches, 106 inches, 108 inches, 110 inches, 112 inches, 114 inches, 116 inches, 118 inches, 120 inches, 122 inches, 124 inches, 126 inches, 128 inches, 130 inches, 132 inches, 134 inches, 136 inches, 138 inches, 140 inches, 142 inches, 144 inches, 146 inches, 148 inches, 150 inches, 152 inches, 154 inches, 156 inches, 158 inches, 160 inches, 162 inches, 164 inches, 166 inches, 168 inches, 170 inches, 172 inches, 174 inches, 176 inches, 178 inches, 180 inches, 182 inches, 184 inches, 186 inches, 188 inches, 190 inches, 192 inches, 194 inches, 196 inches, 198 inches, 200 inches, 202 inches, 204 inches, 206 inches, 208 inches, 210 inches, 212 inches, 214 inches, 216 inches, 218 inches, 220 inches, 222 inches, 224 inches, 226 inches, 228 inches, 230 inches, 232 inches, 234 inches, 236 inches, 238 inches, 240 inches, 242 inches, 244 inches, 246 inches, 248 inches, 250 inches, 252 inches, 254 inches, 256 inches, 258 inches, 260 inches, 262 inches, 264 inches, 266 inches, 268 inches, 270 inches, 272 inches, 274 inches, 276 inches, 278 inches, 280 inches, 282 inches, 284 inches, 286 inches, 288 inches, 290 inches, 292 inches, 294 inches, 296 inches, 298 inches, 300 inches, 302 inches, 304 inches, 306 inches, 308 inches, 310 inches, 312 inches, 314 inches, 316 inches, 318 inches, 320 inches, 322 inches, 324 inches, 326 inches, 328 inches, 330 inches, 332 inches, 334 inches, 336 inches, 338 inches, 340 inches, 342 inches, 344 inches, 346 inches, 348 inches, 350 inches, 352 inches, 354 inches, 356 inches, 358 inches, 360 inches, 362 inches, 364 inches, 366 inches, 368 inches, 370 inches, 372 inches, 374 inches, 376 inches, 378 inches, 380 inches, 382 inches, 384 inches, 386 inches, 388 inches, 390 inches, 392 inches, 394 inches, 396 inches, 398 inches, 400 inches, 402 inches, 404 inches, 406 inches, 408 inches, 410 inches, 412 inches, 414 inches, 416 inches, 418 inches, 420 inches, 422 inches, 424 inches, 426 inches, 428 inches, 430 inches, 432 inches, 434 inches, 436 inches, 438 inches, 440 inches, 442 inches, 444 inches, 446 inches, 448 inches, 450 inches, 452 inches, 454 inches, 456 inches, 458 inches, 460 inches, 462 inches, 464 inches, 466 inches, 468 inches, 470 inches, 472 inches, 474 inches, 476 inches, 478 inches, 480 inches, 482 inches, 484 inches, 486 inches, 488 inches, 490 inches, 492 inches, 494 inches, 496 inches, 498 inches, 500 inches, 502 inches, 504 inches, 506 inches, 508 inches, 510 inches, 512 inches, 514 inches, 516 inches, 518 inches, 520 inches, 522 inches, 524 inches, 526 inches, 528 inches, 530 inches, 532 inches, 534 inches, 536 inches, 538 inches, 540 inches, 542 inches, 544 inches, 546 inches, 548 inches, 550 inches, 552 inches, 554 inches, 556 inches, 558 inches, 560 inches, 562 inches, 564 inches, 566 inches, 568 inches, 570 inches, 572 inches, 574 inches, 576 inches, 578 inches, 580 inches, 582 inches, 584 inches, 586 inches, 588 inches, 590 inches, 592 inches, 594 inches, 596 inches, 598 inches, 600 inches, 602 inches, 604 inches, 606 inches, 608 inches, 610 inches, 612 inches, 614 inches, 616 inches, 618 inches, 620 inches, 622 inches, 624 inches, 626 inches, 628 inches, 630 inches, 632 inches, 634 inches, 636 inches, 638 inches, 640 inches, 642 inches, 644 inches, 646 inches, 648 inches, 650 inches, 652 inches, 654 inches, 656 inches, 658 inches, 660 inches, 662 inches, 664 inches, 666 inches, 668 inches, 670 inches, 672 inches, 674 inches, 676 inches, 678 inches, 680 inches, 682 inches, 684 inches, 686 inches, 688 inches, 690 inches, 692 inches, 694 inches, 696 inches, 698 inches, 700 inches, 702 inches, 704 inches, 706 inches, 708 inches, 710 inches, 712 inches, 714 inches, 716 inches, 718 inches, 720 inches, 722 inches, 724 inches, 726 inches, 728 inches, 730 inches, 732 inches, 734 inches, 736 inches, 738 inches, 740 inches, 742 inches, 744 inches, 746 inches, 748 inches, 750 inches, 752 inches, 754 inches, 756 inches, 758 inches, 760 inches, 762 inches, 764 inches, 766 inches, 768 inches, 770 inches, 772 inches, 774 inches, 776 inches, 778 inches, 780 inches, 782 inches, 784 inches, 786 inches, 788 inches, 790 inches, 792 inches, 794 inches, 796 inches, 798 inches, 800 inches, 802 inches, 804 inches, 806 inches, 808 inches, 810 inches, 812 inches, 814 inches, 816 inches, 818 inches, 820 inches, 822 inches, 824 inches, 826 inches, 828 inches, 830 inches, 832 inches, 834 inches, 836 inches, 838 inches, 840 inches, 842 inches, 844 inches, 846 inches, 848 inches, 850 inches, 852 inches, 854 inches, 856 inches, 858 inches, 860 inches, 862 inches, 864 inches, 866 inches, 868 inches, 870 inches, 872 inches, 874 inches, 876 inches, 878 inches, 880 inches, 882 inches, 884 inches, 886 inches, 888 inches, 890 inches, 892 inches, 894 inches, 896 inches, 898 inches, 900 inches, 902 inches, 904 inches, 906 inches, 908 inches, 910 inches, 912 inches, 914 inches, 916 inches, 918 inches, 920 inches

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