POOR DOCUMENT

MC 2033

# The Semi-Weekly Telegraph.

VOL. XLII. ST. JOHN, N B. SATURDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1903. NO. 9.

## WEDDING BELLS AT FREDERICTON.

### Hugh Calder Married to Miss Jennie Perkins Thursday.

### TICKET AGENTS ARRIVE

### Business Generally Suspended at the Capital to Observe Thanksgiving

### Trinity Football Team of St. John Defeated by the University.

Fredericton, Oct. 16—(Special)—Thanksgiving day was observed here by a general suspension of business. The weather was ideally fine and warm for this time of year and the holiday proved very enjoyable. Appropriate services were held at several of the churches this morning, and attracted large congregations.

There was an unusually large exodus of sportsmen from the city this morning to the haunts of the deer and woodcock, but the result is not yet known.

J. Hugh Calder, one of Fredericton's healthiest and most popular young men, and Miss Jennie Perkins, only daughter of the late Eli Perkins, were married at the residence of J. W. Spurden, at 4 o'clock this afternoon. The wedding was a very quiet one, only relatives and immediate friends of the contracting parties being present. Rev. J. A. Rogers performed the ceremony. The bride, who was given away by her brother, George R. Perkins, wore a beautiful and becoming costume of white silk crepe de chene over white taffeta, and carried a bouquet of cream roses.

Miss Hilda Shaw, of St. John, was a flower girl, there being no bridesmaid nor groomsman. After luncheon Mr. and Mrs. Calder took their departure by C. P. R. train on a bridal trip to the United States. They will visit the principal eastern cities, and expect to spend the winter in the south. They were serenaded at the hotel by the Fredericton brass band, and a large number of people were on hand to wish them bon voyage. The bride, who is as a very popular and talented young lady, was the recipient of a host of beautiful presents from friends in the city and elsewhere. The bridegroom's gift was a substantial check, and to the flower girl he gave a diamond ring.

Harry F. Waugh, returned Klondiker, who has been spending the past two years at his former home at Douglas, left this evening in company with Mrs. Waugh, for New York, en route to South Africa. They will go by way of London, and expect to be absent about a year.

Trinity church football team, of St. John, were taken into camp by the university second team this morning. The score was, Varsity, 6; Trinity, 0.

Judge Wilson, at the Sunbury county court yesterday, sentenced Louis Morrell to six months' jail. The prisoner, who is seventeen years old, pleaded guilty to an indictment charging theft of a horse from Mr. Bridges, of Sheffield.

Members of the Canadian Ticket Agents association and their ladies will carry to their homes pleasant recollections of their visit to Fredericton. They arrived here by steamer Victoria at 4 o'clock, accompanied by the City Cornet Band of St. John, and Mayor Palmer and memebrs of Fredericton Tourist Association and their wives who met them at Gagetown. Carriages were in waiting at the boat and the party were entertained to a drive about the city, which they enjoyed very much. They took tea at the Barker House, Queen Hotel and Windsor Hall, and this evening were hospitably entertained at the parliament building, kindly

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## GUILTY HAD THE SPEED YESTERDAY.

### Willis' Horse Trimmed Helen R. and Ituna in the Free-for-All.

### BROKE TRACK RECORD.

### Doncella Landed the 2.25 Class in Straight Heats; Duncanson's Horse Third--Johnson's Fairview Chimes Captured the Free-for-All Trot.

Springhill Mines, N. S., Oct. 15.—Considering the lateness of the season the character of the day and the preceding wet and gloomy weather the Victoria Park committee, at least some of them, had their misgivings as to wether or not they had decided wisely in calling races for this afternoon. The fates turned in their favor and they are more than satisfied with the result of their entertainment. The weather cleared up just in time to leave the track in the best of condition.

A field of the best horses in the lower provinces were entered and the people in attendance crowned all, from all parts of the country a large and orderly crowd, with no other apparent object than to have an afternoon in the open air and to watch the races. The races were called promptly at 1 p. m. The free-for-all trot was finished in three heats. The 2.25 class in three heats, but it took five heats to decide the free-for-all pace, which was won by Guilty, who lowered the track record to 2.16.

In the first heat of the latter race the driver of Helen R. was thrown from his sulky by colliding with Ituna's sulky, otherwise the result of this race might have been different. After the collision the sulky righted again and Helen R. ran round the track without a driver until she was fairly exhausted. She showed up well, however, in the second heat, taking second place and first place in the third and fourth heats, but was defeated in the last heat. Guilty was too much for her as conditions were today.

The following is a summary:

Free-for-All Trot—Purse $300.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Fairview Chimes, Johnson, Calais | 1 | 1 | 1 | | |
| Starlight, Boutilier, Halifax | 4 | 2 | 2 | | |
| Rockfarm Grace, Warren, Springhill | 2 | 4 | 5 | | |
| Fleetstep, Taylor, Moncton | 3 | 3 | 4 | | |
| Daisy Dewit, Dewit, Bridgetown | 6 | 5 | 3 | | |
| Roberval, Etter, Amherst | 5 | ds | | | |

Time—2.22½, 2.22, 2.19¼.

Free-for-All Pace—Purse $300.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Guilty, Willis, Sydney | 1 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 1 |
| Helen R., Warren, Springhill | 6 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Tonita F., Etter, Amherst | 4 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| Ituna, Johnson, Calais | 3 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 4 |
| Scamp, Wilbur, Moncton | 5 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 5 |
| John T., Keith, Stellarton | 2 | ds | | | |

Time—2.19¾, 2.16, 2.17¼, 2.16¾, 2.17.

2.25 Class, Trot and Pace—Purse $300.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Doncella, Gilchrist, Greenwich | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Kettil Boy, Warren, Springhill | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| Annie Brevit, Duncanson, Fairville | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| Clayson Jr., Legere, Bathurst | ds | | |
| George, Keith, Moncton | ds | | |

Time—2.23¾, 2.25, 2.23.

The occupants of the judges' stand were Frank J. Power, of Halifax, starter; Chas. A. Day, Parrsboro; F. Ryan, Sackville, and J. Coffie, Moncton, timekeepers. The judges were H. A. McKenna, Parrsboro; G. P. Willett, Moncton, and R. Brown, Wallace.

### Japan Firm in Her Demands.

London, Oct. 15.—A despatch from Tokio dated yesterday says:—

"Important cabinet meetings were held yesterday and today and the impression in well informed circles is that Japan will insist on Russia's fulfilment of her promises. The newspaper comment is quiet, but insistent."

## BETTER SALARIES FOR POSTMASTERS.

### Some Will Get More Than Double Present Pay.

### Those That Have Been Receiving $10 Per Year Will Get $25, Dating from July 1st; Others Will Have Their Percentage Allowance Increased Substantially.

Ottawa, Oct. 15—(Special)—Mr. McCreary, Liberal of Selkirk, in the house yesterday, called attention to the need of increasing the salaries of postmasters of small country offices while the other salaries of the department were being advanced. In the west a number of offices had to be closed because no one could be found who would run them for the small remuneration received.

The postmaster general, Sir Wm. Mulock, said this afforded him an opportunity to disclose his views on the situation as well as to give some account of the financial results of the last year's operations in the department.

The work of the department had in the last few years proceeded with the object of enlarging the organizations, developing the services, multiplying the facilities to bring the post office in touch with the people and to make it more valuable to the people. No branch of the government service more directly affected the people than did the post office. It seemed to him that it would be in the public interest to increase the frequency of the service and to improve the facilities for transmitting and receiving money and so on. Accordingly he said he could give a comparison covering the period of seven years since the present government came into office, the figures being for the fiscal year ended June 30th, 1896, and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1903.

**Post Offices Increased 1047 in Seven Years.**

In 1896 there were in existence 9,103 post offices, in 1903 there were 10,150, an increase of 1,047 or 12 per cent. In 1896 mails were carried 30,551,635 miles, in 1903 they were carried 35,509,413, an increase mileage of 4,957,779, or 13 per cent.

Money order offices in 1896 numbered 1,310, since then the postal note system has been inaugurated for sums up to $10 and the number of post offices now authorized to transmit or receive money orders and postal notes is 6,184. This is an increase of 4,874 or 372 per cent.

The number of post office savings banks in 1896 was 755, in 1903 the number was 934, an increase of 170 or 24 per cent. In 1896 the total number of letters carried in Canada was 124,542,300, in 1903 the number was 234,991,000, an increase of 110,448,766 or 89 per cent.

The amount of money transmitted by money orders in 1896 was $13,081,860. By money order and postal notes in 1903 the sum was $28,904,006, an increase of $15,822,236 or 120 per cent. In savings bank transactions the total number of deposits and withdrawals in 1896 was $242,619, in 1903 the number was $336,012, an increase of 93,393 or 38 per cent.

The number of accounts in the post office savings banks in 1896 was 126,442, in 1903 the number was 167,023, an increase of 40,581 or 32 per cent.

The amount of money deposited in the post office savings banks in 1896 was $28,932,929. In 1903 the amount was $44,255,326, an increase of $15,322,397 or 52 per cent.

**A Big Deficit Changed to a Surplus.**

For many years prior to 1896, continued Sir William, the revenue of the post office department failed to meet the expenditure by a very large sum and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1896, there was a deficit of $781,142. As would be remembered in the years 1898 and 1899, there was a very material reduction in the revenue of the post office because of the reduction of the letter rates.

On Christmas day 1898, the rate to the United Kingdom was reduced from five to two cents an ounce. On January, 1899, the rates to points in Canada and the United States was reduced from three to two cents. It is estimated that these reductions have resulted in a saving of $1,000,000 to the Canadian people. (Applause.)

The balancing of the accounts for the fiscal year ended June 30th, 1902, showed that excluding the deficit on the Yukon service which was not in existence in 1896, there was a surplus of $5,100. For

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## CANADA WILL LOSE.

### London Advertiser Announces That Alaska Decision Will Be Against Us.

### Pilgrim's Society Banquets the Boundary Commission and Many Felicitous Speeches are Made by the Guests.

London, Oct. 16—The Morning Advertiser announces that it regrets to learn from a source which it regards as beyond question that the decision of the Alaska boundary tribunal virtually concedes the American case.

The paper, which appears to be thoroughly satisfied with the reliability of its statement, says the news will be received in Canada with consternation. It gives a map and a detailed explanation, showing how the decision will affect Canada, and adds that those who have followed the arguments have been thoroughly satisfied with Hon. Clifford Sifton's preparation and presentation of the case.

**Banquet to Alaska Commission.**

The dinner given by the Pilgrim's Society to the Alaskan boundary commission at Claridge's hotel tonight, proved the most notable assemblage of Englishmen, Americans and Canadians ever brought together in London. In addition to the members of the commission the British cabinet ministers, the American ambassador, and the most prominent representatives of English public life were present.

Lord Roberts presided. On his right sat Ambassador Choate and on his left Lord Chief Justice Alverstone. Lord Lansdowne, Sir Louis Jette, Sir Stanley Clarke, the king's equerry, and Secretary Elihu Root, at the same table. The other guests numbered in all about 150.

Lord Roberts proposed the health of King Edward and President Roosevelt in a united toast, which met with a cordial reception. He then proposed The Alaska Boundary Commission, to which Lord Alverstone replied, saying that the meeting of the commissioners would stand as a monument of the feeling evinced in America and Great Britain to settle their differences by a common sense method.

Ex-United States Senator Turner and the Hon Clifford Sifton, Canadian interior minister, answered for their respective countries, the latter saying that no greater crime could be conceived against human nature than trouble between Great Britain and the United States.

Proposing the health of the Anglo-Saxon race, Lord Lansdowne claimed that it had done more than any other nationality to promote the arts and literature and just and equal government. Said he:—

"Human natures are fallable and we must have our little differences from time to time, but an appeal to force is unthinkable."

The British foreign secretary then paid a tribute to the late Sir Michael Herbert, and quoted Ambassador Choate as saying that the mantle of Lord Pauncefote had fallen on Sir Michael Herbert. He added President Roosevelt's tribute to Lord Pauncefote, that he did his business as an honest gentleman.

"Let us follow the motto," concluded the foreign minister, "in public and in private. Let us do our business as honest gentlemen, confident of the great honor which the Anglo-Saxon race deserves of the world."

Jacob M. Dickinson, of the American counsel, in responding, referred to the Afro-American and other elements composing the American population.

Mr. Aylesworth, the Canadian commissioner, answering in the name of Canada, asked if Lord Lansdowne had not lost sight of the fact that several thousands of the best Anglo-Saxons lived in Canada, which, by the whole trend of his speech, Mr. Aylesworth intimated had been rather overlooked. Passionately, Mr. Aylesworth declared that none was more loyal to King Edward than the Canadian, yet there were none who from a business and sentimental point of view more appreciated their association with America.

Secretary Root closed the dinner with a notable speech, proposing the health of Lord Roberts as the commander-in-chief of the British army, and declaring that none who speak the English language would fail to wish health and prosperity to the leader of the marches to Kandahar, Lucknow and Pretoria.

Mr. Root referred to the endeavor to promote army reform on both sides of the Atlantic.

"By this expression," he added, "you may gather that I hope that the American and British armies may never be brought into contact. There cannot be a more genuine and hearty feeling of good will than exists among the people of the United States for Canada."

After remarking that Canada had learned how colonies should be properly treated by the lesson of the American revolution, Mr. Root said he was proud to put the American army side by side with the British army, the characteristic of the latter being that it did not fight for tyranny, oppression or conquest, but for progress, liberty and construction, not destruction, which always followed in the wake of the British army.

Lord Roberts briefly thanked Secretary Root, and the proceedings then ended.

## CALAIS WOMAN DROPS DEAD IN THE STREET.

St. Stephen, N. B., Oct. 15—(Special)—Mrs. N. A. Olsson dropped dead while walking near F. H. Higgins' store in Calais this afternoon. Her husband conducts a ladies' clothing business in Calais and fromerly belonged in Eastport.

## DUMMY OFFICIALS IN SHIP TRUST.

### Hearing at New York Yesterday Disclosed More Rascally Work.

### YOUNGSTER DIRECTORS.

### One Witness Admitted That Although He Voted to Increase the Bonded Indebtedness of the Concern to $71,000,000, He Did Not Know Where the Properties Were.

New York, Oct 15.—The entire time at today's hearing of the U. S. Shipbuilding Company investigation before Referee Oliphant, was given up to the taking of testimony covering the incorporation and organization of the company in New Jersey.

Frederick Seward, Horace Gould and Kenneth McLaren, young men connected with the corporation trust company of New Jersey, who acted either as incorporators or directors of the shipbuilding combination, were called to the stand and examined at length as to the circumstances under which they served the promoters of the enterprise.

Frederick Seward, who had served as a director, was questioned for three hours, the inquiry covering his connection with the company from the time Alexander and Green asked him to serve as a director, until he resigned when the permanent officers were elected.

His stay on the stand was prolonged, because he would not admit that he was a mere "Dummy" acting under the orders of the counsel of the company. He held that he had used his independent judgment in voting on the many important questions determined by the directorate when he, Louis Dailey and Harold Norman, of the Corporation Trust Company, were the three members of it.

Samuel Untermeyer, counsel for the bondholders, questioned him at length with the object of showing that he had not paid for the share of stock that he held; that he knew nothing of the value of the properties acquired by the votes of himself and his associates, and that everything done by the directorate was at the instance of counsel and the mere formal carrying out of orders.

Seward admitted that the did not know of the location of the plant nor the character of the business of the Harlan-Hollingsworth Company, Moore & Sons and the Canda Company and said that he was under the impression that the Bethlehem plant was located at Homestead. Seward and the other temporary directors acted upon the increase of the capital stock of the company from $3,000 to $45,000,000 and voted for the issuance of securities to the amount of $71,000,000 and decided other matters of importance and the testimony of today indicates an intention to attack the validity if all those transactions. It is claimed that the original directors were simply "Dummies," and that while the forms of the law were closely followed at all of the meetings, none of the directors was properly a holder of stock and that none of their acts was of legal value.

The hearing went over until next Wednesday, when Lewis Nixon will take the stand. He was sworn at the close of the hearing today, but did not give any testimony.

### More British Cabinet Appointments.

London, Oct. 15.—The Earl of Hardwicke has been appointed under secretary of state for India and the Earl of Donoughmore has received the appointment of under secretary of state for war.

## SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION OVER.

### Rev. Mr. Lucas' Resignation as Field Secretary Accepted.

### OFFICERS ELECTED.

### More Than $1900 Pledged at the Meeting—Many Instructive Addresses Delivered --- Delegates Pass the Usual Votes of Thanks.

Chatham, N. B., Oct. 15—(Special)—The fifth session of the Sunday school convention opened at 9 o'clock this morning.

The resignation of Field Secretary Lucas was accepted, and will take effect in June, 1904. Resolutions were read expressing appreciation of the faithful services of Secretary Lucas and Treasurer Machum, and regret at their resignations.

The following officers were elected for the year: President, Rev. J. M. MacLean, B. A., Chatham; vice-president, J. D. Chipman, St. Stephen; field secretary, Rev. A. Lucas, until June, 1904, Sussex; treasurer, A. H. Chipman, St. John; recording secretary, Mrs. Z. M. Foster, Hillsboro; superintendents of departments, normal—E. R. Machum, St. John; temperance—Mrs. Bullock, St. John; international Bible Readers' Association—Alexander Murray, St. Stephen; home—Miss Ethel Hawker, St. John, and primary, Mrs. D. A. Morrison, St. John.

County vice-presidents: Albert county—Rev. J. B. Ganong, Hillsboro; Carleton—J. T. G. Carr, Hartland; Charlotte—W. S. Robinson, Milltown; Gloucester—Mrs. J. Ferguson, Bathurst Village; Kent—Mrs. Andrew Dunn, Harcourt; Kings—Rev. John Browne, Havelock; Madawaska—Dr. Maine, Edmundston; Northumberland—W. S. Loggie, M. P. P., Chatham; Queens—J. E. Vanwart, Hampstead; Restigouche—D. C. Finth, Campbellton; St. John—Robert Reid, St. John; Victoria—William Lowe, Kincardene; Westmorland—J. S. Trites, Lewisville; York—C. A. Sampson, Fredericton; Sunbury—Dr. A. Murray, Fredericton Junction.

Additional members of the executive—T. S. Simms, Andrew Malcolm, J. Willard Smith, R. G. Haley, Rev. A. H. Foster, Rev. G. O. Gates, Rev. Mr. Fotheringham, W. J. Parks, E. W. Patterson, Rev. S. Howard, Rev. G. Campbell, Rev. D. Long, Rev. C. W. Hamilton, Alex. Watson and W. C. Whittaker, St. John; Rev. A. M. Hubley, Sussex; Rev. J. Goldsmith, Bathurst, and H. A. White, Sussex, Chairman, E. R. Machum; secretary, John Goldsmith.

Very interesting conferences were held, one on financial methods, conducted by T. S. Simms, and the other on general work, by Mrs. Petitt.

One thousand nine hundred dollars was pledged to the association by county and individual contributions for the year.

This afternoon's session was very interesting. After devotional exercises led by Rev. J. M. MacLean, B. A., Miss Charlotte Wiggins, W. C. T. U. lecturer, Toronto, delighted all present by her address on The New Patriotism.

Interesting addresses were also given by Rev. H. E. Thomas, Rev. C. Arnott and W. C. Pearce.

The seventh and last session was held this evening, devotional exercises being led by Rev. A. Lucas. A report of the normal department was read by Rev. Mr. Hamilton, after which W. C. Pearce gave an interesting normal lesson.

The usual resolutions and votes of thanks were passed, and the convention, which was most enthusiastic and profitable, closed.

## CHAMBERLAIN'S POLICY A GAME OF BLUFF.

### So Says British Liberal Leader—Sir Chas. Tupper Sails for Canada.

London, Oct. 15—Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, addressing a meeting at Bolton tonight said that Mr. Chamberlain's case completely vitiated by his figures. The issue before the country was protection. Mr. Balfour had ousted the free traders from his cabinet, but fearing to go before the country on protection, had adopted retaliation as a markeshift issue which appealed to the selfish instincts of the individuals and the fighting instincts of the nation.

A policy of retaliation, continued the Liberal leader, could only mean the ultimate landing of the country in protection. Retaliation never had done and never would break any tariff walls. It was pleaded that retaliation would be kept in reserve. In brief Great Britain was to play a game of bluff with the world. Mr. Chamberlain had tried to bluff the late President Kruger and the game had cost Great Britain thousands of valuable lives and £225,000,000 in money.

The government concluded Sir Henry, ought to have enough of the game of bluff. The Liberals would oppose protection, root and branch.

Sir Charles Tupper, the Canadian ex-premier, who sailed from Liverpool for Canada today, in the course of an interview declared that Canada was perfectly united in supporting Mr. Chamberlain. He thought that a grain duty of two shillings per quarter was small, but said it would encourage emigration and help the Canadian farmers to some extent. He thought it an excellent thing that Americans were flocking into the Northwest in large numbers. This, he declared, would not Americanize the dominion because the Americans preferred Canadian institutions to their own.

## SENATOR DANDURAND NOT GOING TO ENGLAND.

### He Thinks However that the Sale of the "Soo" Properties Will Go Through.

Montreal, Oct. 15—(Special)—Senator Dandurand, who is negotiating for the sale of the Soo works to English capitalists arrived from Toronto tonight. He denied that he was going to England but he believed that the delay he had asked for would be accepted and that a purchase would no doubt follow.

## PRESBYTERIAN WOMEN FINISH SESSION.

### Officers Elected for the Ensuing Year—Kay vs. City of Moncton on Trial.

Moncton, Oct. 15—(Special)—The Presbyterian W. F. M. Society held a short memorial service this morning for those who died during the year. In the afternoon great interest centered about the voting upon a resolution sent from St. Andrew's church, Truro, asking for such change in the constitution as would enable the society as at present organized to work for home missions in the northwest as well as foreign. The resolution was lost.

Miss Falconer, Pictou, read a report of young people's work. The report showed progress.

The Moncton mission band remains the banner band financially for the St. John Presbytery. Chipman leads in membership.

In the evening, officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows:—

Honorary president, Mrs. Burns; president, Mrs. R. Baxter, Halifax; corresponding secretary, Mrs. Wm. McNab, Halifax; recording secretary, Miss McGregor, Halifax; foreign secretary, Mrs. Troop, Halifax; secretary of supplies, Miss Forest, Halifax; treasurer, Mrs. D. Blackwood, Halifax; secretary young people's work, Miss McCullough, Truro. The society will meet next year at North Sydney. The meeting closed with tonight's session.

Judge Gregory opened court here this afternoon to hear the case of Jas. Kay vs. the City of Moncton. Kay is suing the city to recover some $1,300 alleged to be due him for back salary as police magistrate and civil court commissioner. D. I. Welch and M. G. Teed for plaintiff; W. B. Chandler for city. The hearing will be continued tomorrow.

## $500,000 FOR SURVEYS TRANSCONTINENTAL ROAD

### Supplementary Estimates Provide for This and Other Things.

Ottawa, Oct. 15—(Special)—Additional supplementary estimates for the year ending June, 1904, were presented to parliament last night. There are $111,198 chargeable to income and $660,167 chargeable to capital, making a total of $771,365. There is $500,000 for surveys of national transcontinental railway and $100,000 for the Ottawa museum. There is also $4,300 for Great Salmon River.

## MARITIME PROVINCE MEN HONORED BY QUEEN'S UNIVERSITY.

### The Degree of LL. D. Conferred on W. S. Fielding, R. L. Borden, Prof. W. C. Murray, and Dr. Allison—President Trotter Gets a D. D.—Installation of Rev. Dr. Gordon, Principal, Takes Place.

Kingston, Ont., Oct. 15.—The formal installation of Principal Gordon of Queens University, took place in Grand Opera House this afternoon in the presence of 1,600. Sir Sandford Fleming, chancellor, presided.

After prayer by Chaplain Rigby, Chancellor Fleming made a short address. Then followed the oath of office to Rev. Dr. Gordon, who was formally declared principal of Queens and robed by Registrar King and assistants.

Principal Gordon was loudly cheered as he arose to address the large assembly. His address dealt with educational, spiritual and national ideas.

Addresses also were given by Lieut. Governor Clarke, R. L. Borden, M. P.; J. Whitney, M. P. P.; President James, North Western University, Chicago; Principal Hutton, Toronto University, and Rev. Dr. Milligan, Toronto.

Honorary degrees LL. D., were then conferred upon many distinguished statesmen, educationalists and others, including Hon. William Stevens Fielding, Hon. Borden, M. P., Hon. Wm. Mortimer Clark, Lieut. Governor of Ontario, Prof. Cox, McGill, Montreal; Prof. R. Wright, vice-president of University of Toronto; President Edmund James, Northwestern University, Chicago; Prof. Victor Goldschmidt, Heidleberg University, Germany; Principal Peterson, McGill, Montreal; Hon G. W. Ross, premier of Ontario; J. P. Whitney, M. P. P., Ontario; Prof. Walter C. Murray, Dalhousie University, Halifax; Chancellor Wallace, McMaster University, Toronto; Vice-president Judson, Chicago University; Prof. Creighton, Cornell University; President Allison, Mt. Allison College, Sackville (N. B.); Sir Wm. Hingston, Laval University, Montreal; Hon. Richard Harcourt, minister of education; Chancellor Burwash, Victoria University, Toronto; doctors of divinity—Rev. Dr. Fletcher, moderator general assembly; President Trotter, Acadia University, Wolfville (N. S.); Rev. John Campbell, M. A., acting principal Presbyterian College, Montreal.

Premier Ross spoke on behalf of the honorary graduates. A few words were also spoken by Dr. Goldschmidt, Heidelberg, Germany.

Tonight a banquet was held in city hall, at which 300 prominent statesmen, university men and citizens were present. Among the speakers were Messrs. Ross, Whitney, Borden and Principals Gordon and Peterson.

## WHILE BRIDE ELECT WAITED, P. E. ISLAND MAN SHOT HIMSELF.

### Ambrose Grant, an Hour Before His Wedding to Miss Sullivan Was to Take Place, Attempted Suicide—Man Will Likely Recover.

Boston, Mass., Oct. 15—With a prospective bride robed in her wedding gown and friends gathering for the nuptial ceremonies, Ambrose Grant, a young carpenter of 156 Lenox street, South End, shot himself in the abdomen last evening. The shooting occurred in the toilet rooms at the South station at 7.10, and created a good deal of excitement.

Grant was quickly removed in a police ambulance to the city hospital relief station, where it was found that the bullet entered just above the pelvis and struck a rib which changed the course outward. He was placed on the dangerous list, but the surgeons soon located the ball, which was embedded in the skin in the back.

Grant had come in town yesterday with Miss Nellie Sullivan, the bride-elect, to attend to some minor details pertaining to their marriage, which was set for 8 o'clock last evening. He was in the best of spirits, to all appearances at least. Miss Sullivan left him at the Public Garden at 2 p. m. with the understanding that he was to call on his roommate, John A. Mooney, who was to be the best man, taking care to make an appointment to meet at the same place an hour later.

It was about 4 o'clock when Grant called on Mooney, and after plans had been talked over he told his roommate to tell Miss Sullivan that he would join her in half an hour, also promising Mooney to meet at their room an hour later.

This was the last seen or heard of Grant by his friends until a policeman walked into the home of Michael J. Ward, 1166 Adams street, Dorchester, at 9 o'clock last night, informing them of Grant's shooting himself.

Miss Sullivan was in a highly nervous state over the absence of her fiance. The carriage, which was to have conveyed the bridal party to the residence of the parish priest, was standing at the door; Miss Sullivan was dressed for the wedding and her relatives were present on hand to give her a loving send off.

Grant's failure to put in an appearance by a 8 o'clock, coupled with his disappointing both his bride and Mr. Mooney, was attributed to trouble over the furniture, but as the minutes, which seemed hours to the trembling girl passed by, she began to lose heart, although she bore up well under the ordeal until the policeman brought the sad tidings, and then she completely collapsed.

Although consoled by her sister, Mrs. Ward, and other loving friends, she sobbed piteously, as though her heart would break.

While the terrible news was being broken in Dorchester, the guests were

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