

Machinery Institute Bnd

# The Woodstock Journal.

Whatsoever thy hand findeth to do, do it with thy Might.

VOLUME 7.

WOODSOCK, N. B., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1860.

NUMBER 9

### OUR OWN ADVERTISEMENT.

The Woodstock Journal is a large eight-page weekly devoted to the advancement of the industrial, commercial, social and moral interests of New Brunswick.

The ordinary objects at which it aims in the present circumstances of our Province are:—

1. The promotion of immigration, and the settlement of the wild lands.
2. The opening of the country, and the facilitation of intercourse by the improvement of the means of internal communication.
3. An increase in the Representation in the House of Assembly.

1. A system of Free Education for all,—schools of all grades, from the Parish school to the Provincial University being opened to all without money and without price, and being supported by direct taxation.

While the Journal labors for these primary objects it does not neglect any others. It labors to introduce into the minds of our people a generous and manly tone of discussion—to inculcate a just and liberal feeling in regard to the rights of the colored race, and to encourage a system of free trade and free exchange of goods and services—to establish a system of free trade and free exchange of goods and services—to do all in our power to advance the cause of the oppressed—to do all in our power to advance the cause of the oppressed—to do all in our power to advance the cause of the oppressed.

The Woodstock Journal is published every Thursday morning at Woodstock, N. B., for Wm. Edgar, Proprietor.

TERMS.

Single copies, Two dollars a year.  
 Clubs of five, one and three quarter dollars each.  
 Clubs of ten, one dollar and a half each.  
 The year is in advance; if not paid in advance, \$1.25 and the paper until the expiration of the year, \$3, will be charged.

Large advertisements, and teachers supplied at a dollar and a half a year.

To any person who makes up a club at the above rates, and sends us the money in advance, we will send a copy of the Journal for one year gratis.

No subscription kept for less than half a year.

No advertisements inserted at a charge are paid, until the year expires.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.  
 BY THE YEAR.

A Column, \$36.	Half Column, \$24.
Third of Column, 16.	Quarter Column, 11.

Cards, not exceeding four lines, 50 cents.

each additional line 50 cents.

BY THE HALF YEAR  
 One third less than by the year.

BY THE QUARTER  
 One half less than by the year.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Square of 12 lines or less 1st insertion, 75 cents.
2d insertion, 25 "
3d insertion, 15 "
For one line above two ve. 1st insertion, 2 "
2d insertion, 1 "
3d insertion, 1 "

When an advertisement is sent to the office the length of time for which it is to be inserted should be marked upon it. When this is not done it will be inserted until ordered out.

N.B.—No advertisements, or "Special Notices," inserted in the editorial columns or reading matter.

FOR PRINTING.

The Journal Office being supplied with a good assortment of Plain and Fancy Job Types, Script, Colored and Glazed Paper, Card Paper, &c. Job work of all kinds will be executed neatly, promptly, and cheaply.

Hand Bills for a Sheet to sixteenth Sheet, or as much smaller as may be desired.

BUSINESS AND VISITING CARDS, PAMPHLETS, LABELS, OF ALL KINDS, CARDS, BILL HEADS, BLANK CHEQUES, ORDERS, NOTES, RECEIPTS, &c. PROGRAMMES, BILL HEADS, &c.

LAW and MAGISTRATES BLANKS on hand or printed to order, &c., &c., &c.

All letters on business or otherwise should be addressed

EDITOR OF THE JOURNAL, WOODSTOCK, N. B.

and invariably postpaid.

The Journal Office is in the second story of Mr. Abner Bull's three story building, on Queen Street, directly over the shop of Vanwart & Stephenson. Entrance at the End.

**DOCTOR SMITH**  
 HAS removed his Drug Store and Office to his new building, the second below the Flagstaff, where he is daily receiving a fresh supply of DRUGS, MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, PAINTS, OILS, STATIONERY, &c., &c.

Residence at J. C. Winslow's second house below the Free Christian Baptist Meeting House. Woodstock, May 9th, 1860.

**N. R. KIMBALL,**  
 SURGEON DENTIST.  
 may be found at his office in Dr. Smith's new building, Woodstock, May 17.

**NEARLY KILLED BY A MOSQUITO.**—How strong in some cases, and in others how feeble, is man's hold upon life! Some have died of the prick of the pin; others have been disemboweled or transfixed with bullets through the brain or lungs, and yet lived, and a case has just occurred in which a man well nigh lost his life from the bite of a mosquito. A gentleman who resides at the Belmont Hotel in this city, was awakened on Sunday morning August 19th at about one o'clock by a peculiar sensation. At first he thought his nose was bleeding, on arising and lighting his lamp, he found, to his surprise just below his left eye, on the cheek bone, a stream of blood spurting out, about the size of a large knitting-needle. In vain he endeavored to staunch the wound, for two hours it continued to run as when he first discovered it. During the third hour the blood ceased to flow with its wonted force, and after three hours steady endeavours the bleeding diminished gradually, lessening in force and quantity until finally it ceased altogether.

Upon consulting several eminent physicians, they attributed it to the bite of a mosquito, and say if the flow of blood had continued much longer he must have died from the loss of blood.

**THE BRITISH NORTH AMERICAN CONFEDERATION.**—The Montreal Gazette and Toronto Leader, both leading government organs have broken ground in favour of the confederation of the British provinces in North America. The Herald closes one of its editorial articles in these terms:—

"On our part, we fervently hope the one result will be to unite the provinces in one grand sectional empire under the British crown—having one Parliament, one system of defence, one fiscal policy—and let the pettiness of king, lord and commons in small places disappear. Let us have local bodies for local and minor matters, but let all important questions belong to the North American Parliament, a. o. c."

The Toronto print says: "We are safe in saying that this extended tour of the Prince of Wales will go more toward maturing the project of a Federal Union of British North America, than could have been done in half a dozen years by the ordinary machinery of Parliament and the Press."

This from two representative journals shows very plainly what's in the wind.

**NEW ROUTE FOR TRADE & TRAVEL.**—We understand arrangements are in progress between the E. & N. A. Railway, and the owners of the Princess Royal, to place this steamer on the route between Miramichi and the Railway Terminus, touching at intermediate ports. She will make two trips a week between these ports, and one between Bedeque and Shediac. The benefit to the revenues of the Railway, and to the Country at large by this extension of travelling facilities in that quarter are too apparent to require argument, and we would strongly recommend the immediate completion of the arrangement. No delay or procrastination is necessary on the part of the Government as every sensible man in the Province must approve of the granting of the necessary pecuniary aid for an undertaking which must prove so beneficial to the North Shore, to the Railroad, and to St. John, and as a necessary consequence, to the Province at large.

We understand that the contemplated rates, both for passengers and freight, are extremely moderate.

Anything calculated to promote facility of intercourse between this city and the different and distant sections of this extensive Province deserves the encouragement of the public, and the support of the Executive.—New Brunswick.

**INTERESTING DISCOVERY.**—A despatch from Toronto, C. W., dated Saturday, says: While workmen were making excavations to day, near the old fort, in this place, they discovered the remains of fifteen bodies of British and American soldiers, who fell in the war of 1812. Several buttons, bayonets, and epaulets were also found. One button has the initials of the Pennsylvania Rangers on it, another is marked 8th British Grenadiers. A few American coins were also found.

From the position of the bodies, it is evident that they were buried in a trench near where they fell.

General Pike, and two hundred Americans and a number of British, were killed near this spot in 1813, by the explosion of a powder Magazine.

The New York Evening Post thinks that the visit of the Prince of Wales to Canada has some political significance, being antecedent to his assuming the vice-royalty of the confederated Canadas.

The yearly amount of rain which falls at the Royal Palace at Berlin is 18 inches in depth. The average annual fall of rain at Paris for ten years, from 1817 to 1827, was about 20 inches. The western coasts of Great Britain, France and Portugal, have an annual average of from 30 to 50 inches. Corunna in Portugal has 11 inches. In Russia and Poland, the fall is 15 inches; at Ekathermslay, in the southern part of Russia, it is 13 inches, and in Siberia still less.

**LORD CLYDE.**—The Cosmopolitan Club in London entertained Lord Clyde to dinner on Saturday. It was a private affair. At a review of the Coldstream Guards in Hyde Park, London, on Monday, he was present, and was loudly cheered. It is rumoured in military circles that his Lordship will be made a field marshal.

Dealers are making contracts in Western New York for beach crops at one dollar per basket. One crop in Orleans county, of several thousand baskets, was purchased for New York at fifty cents a basket, a good bargain for the purchaser and bad for the grower, who was ignorant of the state of the market. He does not take the papers probably.

Edgerton and Rand, the bank robbers who have been on trial the past week at Brooklyn, Conn., for attempting to rob the Thompson Bank, were acquitted last Saturday. Rand was immediately re-arrested on a requisition from the Governor of New Jersey, being wanted in that state to answer for some crime committed there. He has been in custody for the offence, but broke prison some months since.

The daughter of Count Ruffaldi, who accepted the hand of Garibaldi, but from whom he separated immediately after the performance of the nuptial ceremony, on receipt of a letter informing him that she was about giving birth to a child by the Swiss lover, is now residing at Freiburg, in Switzerland, and persists in calling herself Madame Garibaldi.

There is now growing in the gardens of Moorhead, near Cheltenham, Eng., an extraordinary white rose tree, thirty feet in height. It is now a perfect picture, and is estimated to have between 13,000 and 20,000 blossoms upon it, being literally smothered in bloom, besides having thrown off a whole heap of petals which lie in a cluster round it, and present the appearance of a bed of snow.

**RECEPTION OF THE PRINCE OF WALES.**—It is stated that the Mayor will assume the entire control of all municipal ceremonies, and in accordance with his idea, and those of the Citizens Committee there will, however, be a full display of militia, and it is said the Fire Department will indulge in a torch-light procession. The banquet to be given in the academy of Music will be on a more extensive and magnificent scale than usual.

The Sheriff of New York, through one of his deputies, levied on the Great Eastern on the 15th inst., at the suite of a man who furnished her with certain articles for the Annapolis trip. The bill was for \$280, and the directors considered it exorbitant and refused payment. The Levithian has earned an unenviable reputation during her stay in American waters.

The London Lancet says that women of Great Britain, in each year bear above 2000 children per diem, or about 700, 109 per annum, and that out of this number death calls for 1500 per day, making in round numbers, 500, 000, which reduces the natural increase of population to a little more than 700 a year.

The following story is told of Rev. Dr. Morse: At an association dinner a debate arose to the benefit of whipping in bringing up children. The Doctor took the affirmative and his chief opponent was a young minister, whose reputation for veracity was not very high. He affirmed that parents often did harm to their children by unjust punishment, from not knowing the facts of the case. "Why," said he, "the only time my father whipped me was for telling the truth." "Well," retorted the doctor, "it cured you of it, didn't it?"

The average of human life is 73 years. One-quarter die before the age of 17. To every one thousand persons, one only reaches one hundred years. To every one hundred only nine reach seventy five years, and no more than one in five hundred will reach eighty years.

**THE RECENT ECLIPSE.**—The Astronomer Royal and the other English astronomers arrived at Spitzhead on Saturday on their return from Spain. A volume, containing their observations of the recent solar eclipse, is to be published.

Among the distinguished personages now in Quebec is Lady Georgiana Fane, sister to the Earl of Westmorland, who arrived by the last steamer at Halifax, and proceeded up the Gulf of St. Lawrence in the Lady Head. The Toronto Globe says that she visits America with the view of enquiring personally into the condition of her tenantry in Prince Edward Island, and examining her large estates there, which she derives from her mother, the late Countess of Westmorland; but will make the tour of Canada, and probably a part of the United States, before her return to England.

A transparent cement for glass is made by dissolving one part india-rubber in chloroform, and adding sixteen parts, by measure, of gum-mastic in powder. Digest for two days, and frequently shake the vessel in which these substances are contained. The cement is applied with a fine camel's hair brush.

It is said that a Virginia gentleman of distinction refused to give his age to the census taker. He was reported to the department, and a correspondence ensued. He finally submitted to the law, but forwarded a protest occupying three sheets of paper, with his views of the constitutional question.

**BLACKBERRY WINE.**—Measure your berries and bruise them; then to every gallon add one quart of water. Let the mixture stand twenty four hours, stirring occasionally; then strain off the liquor into a cask, to every gallon adding two pounds of sugar. Cork tight, and let it stand till the following October, and you will have wine ready for use without any further straining or boiling.

Between May 29 and June 30, writes our correspondent at Beyrout, "the Druses have murdered in cold blood upwards of four thousand Christians, including more than a hundred Catholic and Greek priests and monks. They have burnt down more than 150 Christian villages, including more than 100 churches and 16 convents."

The yield of wheat is so large in some localities of Minnesota that owners of thrashing machines are offering to thrash out some fields for the excess over 30 bushels per acre. The usual rate is one-tenth. They are calculating on a yield of over 33 bushels per acre.

It is said that John Wood, the present Governor of Illinois, arrived thirty-two years ago at the city of Quincy, in that State, with only twenty five cents in his pocket. Now Quincy contains twenty thousand inhabitants, and Mr. Wood lives in and owns a residence there which cost him \$160,000.

Lady Franklin is now on a visit to Mr. Grinnell, of New York, one of the merchant princes, by whom two of the expeditions in search of the remains of her lamented husband, Sir John Franklin, were equipped. She is to visit Canada shortly, and spend the winter in San Francisco, by the advice of her physicians.

We understand that a patent has passed the Great Seal granting to the Prince of Wales the powers of a Viceroi during his visit to Canada. It was despatched from England last week. His Royal Highness will thus have the same right of conferring the honor of Knighthood that is possessed by the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, which is by simply giving the accolade.—Courier.

Mr. Punch hears that several of the spirit rappers have written to Mr. Gladstone, complaining of the damage he is doing to their trade by his recent imposition of a higher tax on spirits. The tax is now so heavy that the rappers say the spirits are most terribly depressed by it, so much so, that the efforts which are made to raise them are daily becoming more and more unsuccessful.

It is stated that paupers cost New York city \$3,000,000 a year.

People may talk about the equality of sexes—they are not equal. The silent smile of a sensible, loving woman will vanquish ten men.

The Great Eastern is said to have cleared \$60,000 by her trip to this country.

Question—If I am about courting a girl I have but little acquaintance with, how shall I come to a knowledge of her?  
 Answer—Praise her among her female acquaintances.

A punster on his death-bed being advised to eat a piece of pullet, declined the recommendation, saying "he feared it might lay on his stomach."