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Fleeing to The Hills.

Lawton's Force Drives Filipinos From the Vicinity of Santa Cruz

Another Engagement—Three United States Soldiers Killed and Twenty Wounded.

Washington, April 11.—The war department received a despatch from General Otis announcing the success of General Lawton's campaign in the capture of Santa Cruz. He says Lawton is pushing the rebels into the mountains beyond the city.

General Otis also informs the war department that the insurgents made an attack upon General Wheaton's brigade and that they were repulsed with heavy loss.

Later Particulars.

Washington, April 11.—The following despatch gives additional information regarding the fight at Santa Cruz: "Lawton's success at Santa Cruz was more complete than reported yesterday. The enemy left 93 uniformed dead on the field and a number seriously wounded. Lawton captured the city without destruction of property."

"Ten United States soldiers were wounded, all slightly except two. One since dead, Lieut. Elling was the only officer wounded, in the hand. "The enemy retired eastwards. Lawton is in pursuit this morning."

Filipinos Repulsed.

Washington, April 14.—The following despatch was received from General Otis today: "Manila, April 10.—The insurgents attacked McArthur's line at the railway last night in considerable force. They were repulsed by Wheaton with heavy loss."

"Wheaton's casualties: Three killed; twenty wounded. (Signed) Otis."

Spain and the States.

Washington, April 11.—The restoration of peace between the United States and Spain will be effected today, first through the exchange of the ratifications of the treaty of peace, and later by the issuance of a proclamation by the president announcing to the world that peace has been restored. The ceremony of exchanging ratifications began about 3 o'clock at the executive mansion.

Madrid, April 11.—Now that the treaty of peace is about to be consummated and the United States is to become diplomatically connected with Spain, there is speculation here as to who will be the next American minister to Madrid. It is stated that if the American government sends back General Woodford, Spain will return Mr. Polo Y. Bernabe. The resentment felt against Woodford will be offset by the feeling in America against Senator Bernabe and his escapades in Canada.

Want Absolute Independence.

London, April 11.—Agoncillo, the agent of Aguinaldo, who is still in Paris suffering from influenza, has written a letter to the Associated Press, stating that it is false that Aguinaldo is willing to accept an autonomous system similar to that of India. The Filipino and their government have only one idea—absolute independence as the only course of general welfare.

VANDERBILTS IN CALIFORNIA.

San Francisco, April 11.—The Call says: "The Vanderbilts have secured a western terminal for their lately bought transcontinental railway system. By a deal consummated in New York on the 5th of this month, they secured from Behrend Jost and his associates the right of way and franchises of the West Shore railway from San Francisco to Santa Cruz via Colma and Pescadero, and for some weeks past have had practically control of the Monterey-Fresno line from Monterey to Fresno through the coast range via Walker pass from Fresno. A connection with the road they are building from Salt Lake to Los Angeles is simply a matter of laying ties and tracks between the terminus of the West Shore line at Santa Cruz and the Monterey-Fresno line. There is a gap of 44 miles extending around Monterey bay, which is covered by neither franchise nor right of way and the agent for the Vanderbilts here anticipates no trouble in acquiring one of them."

HOPE FOR CANCER PATIENTS.

New York, April 11.—The Herald says the following from Paris: "Dr. Brin confirms the statement that he has succeeded in isolating the parasite invariably present in cancerous growths. It is a fungus of the ascomycetes family and certainly an active agent of cancer. The inoculation of animals with this fungus produced cancerous tumors from which the parasite was again isolated. Dr. Brin declines to hold out sanguine hopes for a curative treatment of cancer. So far he has only been insufficient clinical experiments, but admits these are very encouraging and says he will be able to speak with certainty in a few months."

DR. VON STAN'S PINEAPPLE TABLETS. A gentle tonic that increases the digestive juices, regulates the bowels, acts as a purgative in digesting the food which builds up the system and nerve force. The broken walls that disease has demolished are repaired and the system is brought back to a state of health and vigor for a new life. Sold by Dean & Hiscocock and Hall & Co.

A BOOM IN DIVORCES.

North Dakota Receives Many Immigrants to File Suits Under the Old Laws.

Fargo, N.D., April 11.—The curtain is being rung down on the old divorce regime in North Dakota. Hundreds of divorces are safely behind, but scores have been shut out. The closing days were characterized by a rush of divorce immigrants across the country to be in under the ninety days provisions of the old law. The divorcees of Fargo, Grand Forks, Mandan, Bismarck and Jamestown received sudden hurried additions from the east and west wherever marital bonds proved galling. Immigrants for stricter communities still come, but there is a feeling that the divorce under the old law, which Dakota ecclesiastics call a stretch in the nostrils of the people will have to be filed in the courts of Fargo. With about 100 divorces immigrants, decrees are being issued in the courts of the third judicial district at the rate of three a day. The colony at Mandan, across the river from Bismarck, is nearly as large owing to the favorable decisions of the courts, and many people have also flocked to Grand Forks and Jamestown.

THE CURRENCY QUESTION.

United States Cabinet Will Not Take the Initiative in Calling Another Conference.

New York, April 11.—The Herald's Washington correspondent says: "So far the report of the British Indian currency commission tends to show that there has not been any serious consideration by the American cabinet of the question of another international monetary conference, or of the ratio for the exchange of gold and silver. The correspondent says he has high authority for the statement that there has been no serious consideration of the question by the cabinet since the failure of the last monetary conference, and it is highly improbable that the United States, under the present administration, will take the initiative for calling another. It can be said on the same authority, however, that the United States will accept any invitation issued by other nations for such a conference, and the present administration is inclined to go as far towards increasing the use of silver as other leading commercial nations might be willing to go."

Dunsmuir's Railway Land.

Grant of Nineteen Acres on the Songhees Reserve Cancelled.

Dominion Government Suing For the Price of Right of Way.

Ottawa, April 12.—The sub-committee appointed by the Dominion Alliance and members of parliament favorable to prohibition, who were to frame a resolution to be presented to parliament on the subject, met and talked for two hours to-day on the matter, and failed to come to any arrangement. They will meet again next week.

In the House to-day before the orders of the day were called, Sir Charles Tupper congratulated the government on its decision to carry through the Pacific cable. He was satisfied that it would be no expense to the country, but in a few years would be revenue producing.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier in reply hoped that Sir Charles would have equally good words of praise for other deserving measures which the government intended to bring in.

Colonel Prior asked if there was any truth in the item in the press about Mr. Langdale lecturing the lease of Deadman's Island to the militia department.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier said that he would submit the question to the minister of militia as he had never heard anything of it.

An order-in-council has been passed cancelling the grant of nineteen acres of land to Mr. Dunsmuir for terminal purposes for his railway passing through the Songhees reserve. The government is also suing for the price of the right of way on the reserve.

APT QUOTATIONS.

Proverbs, axioms and wise sayings have been uttered by Confucius and other wise men from time immemorial, but few people realize how many there are of them. C. I. Hood & Co., of San Francisco, have over two thousand and they have originated the ingenious plan of serving them up in delectable shape in thousands of newspapers, with each one neatly turning a point as to the merit of their well known medicine. The extensive use of these proverbs is original and creditable to Hood & Co.

SAD AFFAIR AT BRANTFORD.

Brantford, April 11.—Mrs. McIntee, wife of the storekeeper who was found dead in bed recently, became insane when informed that an inquest had been held on the body of her husband. She had been ill and ignorant of the suspicions that were set afoot in connection with her husband's death. Her life, as well as her reason is in danger.

TOWN ALMOST WIPED OUT.

Spain Fe., N.M., April 12.—The town of Espanola was almost destroyed by fire to-day. Three large warehouses and stores belonging to Bond Bros. were burned. Loss, \$125,000; insurance, \$76,000. The Denver and Rio Grande railway station and several other buildings were also destroyed.

MASSACRED FROM AMBUSH.

Mataafa's Fierce Warriors Attack a Little Band of British and American Sailors.

A FURIOUS HAND-TO-HAND CONFLICT OCCURS.

Bull-Dog Courage of the Bluejackets Saves Them From Annihilation by the Treacherous Chieftain's Braves—Bodies of Slain Horribly Mutilated.

Auckland, N.Z., April 12.—Dispatches received from Apia, Samoa, dated April 1, say that a party of 150 American and British sailors was forced to retreat to the beach after having been caught in an ambush on the German plantation that day.

The expedition was led by Lieutenant A. H. Freeman, of the British third-class cruiser Tauranga.

Lieutenant Freeman and Lieutenant P. V. Lansdale and Ensign J. R. Monaghan, of the United States cruiser Philadelphia, were left dead on the field. Ensign Monaghan remained to assist Lieutenant Lansdale and was shot in retreating.

Two British and two American sailors were also killed.

The natives engaged were some of Mataafa's warriors. They covered the heads of the British and American officers killed. Priests of the French mission afterwards brought the heads into Apia.

The manager of the German plantation has been arrested and detained on board the Tauranga.

In a previous engagement 27 of Mataafa's warriors were killed. There were no casualties among the European force.

It is estimated that 800 warriors attacked the Anglo-American party from the ambush.

Another Account.

San Francisco, April 12.—The Call to-day prints a copyrighted telegram from Auckland, N.Z. It says:

"Eight hundred of Mataafa's men ambushed 100 bluejackets near Apia. The fighting was terrific, the American and British tars repeatedly beating back their assailants, who sought to overwhelm them by force of numbers."

Lieutenant Lansdale and Ensign Monaghan, of the United States cruiser Philadelphia, and Lieutenant Freeman, of the British gunboat Tauranga, were killed.

After the rebels had been driven off, the bodies of the three officers were recovered, decapitated by the savage Samoan warriors.

NEWS FROM VANCOUVER.

Spring Assizes at New Westminster—An Old Man Choked—Board of Trade and Corbin Charter.

Vancouver, April 12.—The spring assizes opened this morning in the assembly rooms at the back of the new opera house, New Westminster, Chief Justice McColl presiding. There are only two cases on the docket, Donald Perrier, charged with the murder of his mistress, and Eva Bradshaw, theft. The grand jury returned true bills in each case. A jury is being sworn to try the Bradshaw case.

An old wood cutter named Blake or Smith, while eating breakfast at the Glasgow hotel, this morning, was seized with a choking fit. He was assisted outside, but expired two minutes afterwards. A largely attended meeting of the board of trade last night discussed the Corbin charter, but the endorsement of a resolution from Grand Forks was deferred for a week. Mr. G. McL. Brown made out a strong case for the C. P. R. The strikers places.

QUEEN OF ITALY'S HOLIDAY.

Cagliari, Island of Sardinia, April 12.—The Queen of Italy arrived today and was received with enthusiasm. Salutes were fired from the ships and forts. All warships were brilliantly decorated. The officers of the French and Italian fleets attended the theatre yesterday evening. The "Marsellaise" and the Italian national hymn were played amid the frantic cheers of the audience, and the waving of French and Italian flags.

Four marines were killed.

Mataafa's loss was 40 killed and a number wounded, these being carried off the field by the rebels when they retired.

The bodies of Lansdale, Monaghan and Freeman, as well as those of the unfortunate marines, were buried with military honors at Mullian.

There is constant fighting with natives around Apia. The lives of Europeans in all islands are unsafe.

Lieutenant Lansdale was born in the district of Columbia on February 15, 1855.

Washington, April 12.—The following is a despatch from Admiral Kautz:

Auckland, N.Z., April 12.—To the secretary of the navy, Washington, April 1.

While a combined force of British and United States sailors under Lieutenant Freeman, of the British navy, were reconnoitering near Apia, they were ambushed. I deeply regret to announce the death of Lieutenant Philip B. Lansdale, Ensign John R. Monaghan, Coxswain James Butler, and three seamen Norman Reid and two others, who were killed in the Philadelphia. The British loss in killed was two men and Lieutenant Freeman.

Reception of News in London. London, April 12.—The despatch of the Associated Press from Apia, Samoa, was the only news received of the treacherous attack made by the Mataafas. The newspapers sent large placards printed with startling announcements, "British and American Forces Routed," "German Treachery," etc.

The British admiral has received a despatch from Captain Stuart, senior British naval officer in Samoan waters, giving the news of the death of Lieutenant Freeman, of the British cruiser Tauranga, in an engagement with the rebels. No details accompanied it.

The Pall Mall Gazette says: "The locality of the engagement, or rather the ambush, is stated to have been the German plantation, and there is the unpleasant suggestion of treachery upon the part of a German subject. The incident, apart from the loss of life, is deeply deplorable. An situation was already full of anxiety to the government at home, while on the spot racial feeling runs high, though it will be kept well under control."

A DASTARDLY OUTRAGE.

Attempt to Wreck an Express Train in England—Passengers Escape Uninjured.

London, April 11.—An attempt was made yesterday to wreck the Irish express bound from Paddington station, here, to Millford, where passengers embark on board the mail boat for Waterford. A large boulder had been placed on the track, but the engine swept the obstruction away. The passengers were shaken, and the engine was slightly damaged. There were a number of Americans aboard on the way to catch the steamer at Queenstown.

MICHIGANDERS ARRIVE.

Toronto, April 11.—Wm. Richert, once mayor of Detroit, and a defeated candidate for the State Senate, was in the city this morning at the head of a party of 125 Michiganders, who are moving to the Canadian Northwest. They will found a colony near Alameda in Assiniboia, where they will engage in ranching.

INTERRUPTED HONEYMOON.

W. K. Vanderbilt's Country House, Where His Son and Bride Were Staying, Destroyed by Fire.

New York, April 11.—W. K. Vanderbilt's country house Idle Hour, at Oskadee, L.I., was totally destroyed by fire at three a.m. to-day. No lives were lost and no one was injured. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., and his bride, formerly Miss Virginia Fair, occupied the house at the time. The fire is believed to have originated in the cellar. The magnificent structure with all its valuable fittings was totally destroyed. Besides Mr. and Mrs. Vanderbilt, there were 12 or 15 servants in the house. Mr. and Mrs. Vanderbilt came to New York by an early train. Later—The fire was discovered by one of the Vanderbilt watchmen who saw the flames coming from the cellar. He aroused the occupants of the house and all left hurriedly. Mr. and Mrs. Vanderbilt, Jr., were among the first to get out. The servants began to remove the furniture from the lower floors. One of the domestics took a rocking chair to Mrs. Vanderbilt, who sat on the lawn and watched the flames burn down the house. When the volunteer firemen from a neighboring village reached the Vanderbilt grounds the flames had spread throughout the entire structure, and had communicated to the annex constructed recently, and it was impossible to save the house. The total loss is estimated at between \$250,000 and \$300,000. The property was heavily insured.

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THE BROOKVILLE CAMPAIGN.

Ottawa, April 11.—The campaign in Brookville is getting hot. A demand is being made for speakers on both sides. For the Liberals, Hon. Messrs. Sifton, Paterson and Fraser, with others, have been specially asked for and have promised to take part in the fight.

Speaking at a Conservative meeting in the city last evening Mr. Bennett, M.P. for East Simcoe, said that if the Conservative members of the House of Commons held the same opinions on the Redistribution Bill as he did, they would be prepared to become summer residents of Ottawa for the purpose of fighting to a finish this iniquitous measure. Never was a more somnolent hall witnessed. But little was to be expected of the government. The proposed measure would be one so unfair that, if carried, the Conservative party would not only be practically wiped out of existence, but the interests of the country would be seriously imperilled. Even worse outrages were proposed than the division of Ottawa into two electoral ridings.

Norman Maclean has been appointed to take charge of the registration of fishermen under the fishery regulations.

It was decided at to-day's caucus to go on with the Pacific cable between Vancouver and Australia.

Senator Templeman arrived to-day for his seasonal duties.

Dreyfus Revelations

A German Attaché in Paris Declares That Esterhazy Is Guilty

The Secretary of the Late Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Gommits Suicide.

Paris, April 11.—The Reclaire this morning publishes the deposition of Senator Trarieux made before the Court of Cassation in the Dreyfus revision proceedings in the course of which H. Trarieux said that Count Fernand Brunsat, Di Vergrain, the Italian ambassador to France, told him that when the Matia printed a fac simile of the document mentioned in the Dreyfus case, it was a fac simile of the document which had been given to a German attaché by a person other than Dreyfus, and that the handwriting of the document was that of the attaché. Count Brunsat, he said, would be easy as the attaché possessed voluminous correspondence of that officer.

Count Tornelli further told him that an attaché of the Italian embassy showed him (the ambassador) a letter from the German attaché, stating that and asserting that he did not know Dreyfus and attributing to Count Esterhazy the act for which the court wrongly found Dreyfus guilty.

M. Lortolier's Suicide.

Paris, April 11.—M. Lortolier, private secretary of the late Lieutenant-Colonel Henry, who committed suicide at the Mont Valerien fortress last August after confessing having forged a letter largely incriminating Dreyfus in the Dreyfus revision, killed himself last evening.

DOUBLE SUICIDE.

Two Women, Who Quarreled With Their Husbands, Die Together.

Omaha, Neb., April 12.—Mrs. Daisy O'Neill and Mrs. Overy, who recently had trouble with their husbands, decided to die together. They took thirty grains of morphine, with fatal result, last night. Both were 23 years old, and recently came from Burlington, Iowa.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair. Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER. A Pure Grape Cream—No Tartar Powder. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

More Villages Captured.

Lawton's Successful Campaign in the East of the Island of Luzon.

Filipinos Preparing to Check the Advance of United States Soldiers.

New York, April 12.—A despatch to the Herald from Manila says: Lawton's command captured the villages of Pagasajan and Lumban yesterday, with some resistance at the latter place.

The mouth of the river commanding Lumban was effectively blocked against the entrance of gunboats. Shells from Laguna de Bay drove most of the insurgents in flight up the mountain side. A small force ran into the old church, offering resistance until it was reached by the troops.

About fifty natives were captured and several killed. One American was wounded. Six launches and two canoes were captured in the river.

The river mouth was to be dredged to-day and the obstructions removed. Santa Cruz and Pagasajan are now guarded by men of the Fourth cavalry. Part of the Fourteenth infantry, with General Lawton, is in Lumban.

Aguinaldo Still in Command.

New York, April 12.—A despatch to the World from Manila says:

"While it is probable that there is an end to his engagements in the Philippines between Americans and Filipinos, the war is not by any means ended. The universal opinion among army men is that it will require the presence of 50,000 American troops to occupy the territory that has been taken and maintain communication among the islands. Lawton's advance will probably meet harassing resistance. Trenches have been built by the enemy from town to town. The rebels are in nightly communications by means of signal fires, and avoid being caught in a trap and are also quick to harass on flank."

"Since the 25th, the enemy's losses have not been more than double ours. Kindness to the wounded rebel prisoners does not allay their degraded enmity, and only a small number of the population of the north have returned home. Only the diseased and aged remained in Santa Cruz."

"Aguinaldo is reported to be in San Fernando, and still in absolute charge of the defence of the new capital and of Calumpit."

Lawton's Campaign Concluded.

Washington, April 12.—The war department has received a despatch from General Otis saying that General Lawton's campaign has been concluded with great success. The war department officials say the result is very gratifying.

Yesterday in the lake region, Lawton pursued the insurgents eastward from Santa Cruz, dispersing them. He captured all the larger vessels used in the lake trade and a Spanish gunboat. He is now endeavoring to pass them from the river, where they were concealed, into the lake.

Wheaton drove the enemy ten miles east of the railway line of communication with Malolos.

Lawton's and Wheaton's casualties are few and slight, as the enemy made no stand.

They have been notified by Spain that she will evacuate Mindora and Polo soon.

Filipinos Burning Villages.

Manila, April 12, 6:10 p. m.—General Wheaton started at daylight with the Tenth Pennsylvania and Second Oregon regiments and two guns to drive the rebels from the American right flank between the railroad and foot hills. He met with slight resistance near Santa Maria, and had one man wounded. The enemy bolted when shelled by the artillery, and burned and abandoned the town of Santa Maria, where a thousand rebels were reported to have been concentrated.

During the rest of the day the enemy was in full retreat towards the mountains, burning the villages behind the retreating forces.

Occasionally a few of the rebels dropped to the rear and fired at the advancing American troops from the jungle, apparently with the idea that this would check the advance and cover the retreat of the Filipinos, but finding these tactics ineffectual, these rebels scrambled after the main body.

The American position on the railway has been materially strengthened and it is not likely that the rebels will succeed in getting in future to as close quarters as they did yesterday, even if they return from the mountains.

THE PANA RIOTS.

Six Non-Union Miners Wounded in the Stockades.

Pana, Ills., April 11.—It was discovered today that six non-union miners who fought behind the stockade of the Penwell colliery yesterday were shot during the riot. They were Rufus Finley, colored, shot through the hand; Clint Rowland, colored, shot through the body; Louie Martin Whitteman, white, shot in the knee; Albert Brooks, colored, shot in the arm. These men have been given medical attention and sent home.

Mayor Penwell, who was within the stockade during the shooting, declares that the firing began by the deputy-sheriff, and his men did not shoot until compelled by the deputies' heavy fire.