The Planet

DAILY AND WEEKLY

Chatham, Ont.

A UNITED STATES SOCIETY ITEM. The Vanderbilt summer residence on Long Island, in which young Vanderbilt and his bride were spending their honeymoon, was burned, and the destatches sent out by the Associated Press to Canadian newspapers include the following truly enthralling details: The fire was discovered by one of the Vanderbilt watchmen, who saw of the Vanderbilt watchmen, who se

they all left it hurriedly.

Mr. and Mrs. Vanderbilt were amon the first to get out. The servants then began to remove some of the furniture from the lower floors. One of the domestics took a rocking chair to young Mrs. Vanderbilt, who sat on the lawn and watched the flames burn

Young Mr. Vanderbilt left his bride as soon as he saw she was in no dan-ger; and gave directions as to fighting the fire. When the volunteer firemen of the neighboring villages reached the Vanderbilt grounds, the flames had the Vanderbilt grounds, the flames had spread, throughout the entire structure, and had communicated to the annex constructed recently. It was an impossibility to save the house, and the flames continued to burn until they had completely razed the building.

Mrs. Vanderbilt remained seated in a chair on the lawn until the flames had almost died but. This was about \$1.00 to \$1.00

father's property, returned to the side of his wife, and they went to the house of the keeper of the lodge at West-

gate and thea came to the c.ty.

The furniture savet was not valuable. All the brica-brac, paintings and everything of value in the man, and everything of value in the man, so were consumed. The fire is been lieved to have started from one of the furnaces.

lieved to have started from one of the furnaces.

The house was of Queen Anne architecture, built of brick, stone, and terra cotta. It, had double gables, with handsome bay windows on the side, a tower in the centre, and an octagon effect in the front section of the building. The lower part of the structure had spacious verandahs.

Mr. and Mrs. Vanderbilt, when they went to Oakdate a week ago took only what baggage they would need for a short stay at Idlehour. It is understoot Mrs. Vanderbilt saved what jewels she had taken there with her.

ewe's she had taken there with her.

A SUBSTITUTE FOR QUININE.

The climate of Kent is such that worst-comes and a prohibitive price is reached as in 1882, an excellent substi-ture has been found by doctors in cin-

The price of quinine has gone up 100. this is that the planters in Ceyion and Java have neglected the cultivation of the Java and Chinchona bark, from which quinine is extracted in England

The scarcity of the tark, and consequently the rise in prices, were, it was asserted, due to the markets being overstocked some years ago. About 1882 the price of English quinine was \$4.50

great scarcity of the bark, and every merchant who can, is buying A month ago the price of quinine was 21c to 22c To-day it is quoted at 48c r a special brand. And the merchants think prices will go up

AFRAID SHE WOULD LOSE HER BOY.

Be was wasting away with a terrible Gough. Dr. Wood's Horway Pine Syrup oured the Cough and restored his health.

It takes the life out of a mother to see her child—the idol of her heart—slipping away, succumbing to a cruel Cough that all the remedies she has tried won 't cure. Mrs. Jasper Singer of Burgessville, Ont., went through a trying experience and gladly gives an account of it for the benefit of Canadian mothers. This is what the says: "My little boy of a year and four months old took down with a heavy cold last fall. I tried different medicines but they did no good. He got so thin he was nothing but bones and hardly ste anything. "Thought quite a few times I would lose him, till I tried Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. The first bottle helped him wonderfully and the third bottle completed the curs." I would advise all mothers to give their

In view of possible warfare between Norway and Sweden, the following figures, which are said to be official, regarding the population and military and naval strength of the two countries will be of interest:-

The Vanderbilt summer residence on	Area square miles 172,877 124,500
Long Island, in which young Van-	5 000 639 9 135 500
Long Island, in which young Van- derbilt and his bride, were spending their honeymoon, was burned, and the	Standing army 49,256 18,000
their honeymoon, was burned, and the despatches sent out by the Associated	Men available for
Press to Canadian newspapers include	army service, esti-
tails: The fire was discovered by one of the Vanderbilt watchmen, who saw	classes 64 61
flames coming from the cellar. He	Third class battle-
arranged the occupants of the house, and	ships
N. b. či. is b. markedle	Morritors 9
Mr. and Mrs. Vanderbilt were among	Gunboats 23 34

ers..

Secondary

IT SHOULD NEVER BE ALLOWED TO PASS.

in Ottawa, Mr. Bennett, M. P., for East Simese, said that if the Conservative members of the House of Commons teld the same opinions on the Leid the same opinions on the Re-distribution Bill as Le did, they would be prepared to become summer resi-dents of Ottawa, for the purpose of fighting to a finish—this liniquitous measure. Never was there a more measure. Never was there a more attendable bill proposed. But little else was to be expected from the governwas to be expected from the govern-ment. The proposed measure would be one so unfair that, if carried, the Conservative party would not only be practically wiped out of existence, but the interests of the country would be seriously imperilted.

The Illinois Legislature has cassed game law that will subject to a fine a woman wearing a stuffed bird on her left. It provides that 'any person who shall have in possession or who shall sell shall have in possession or who shall sell or expose for sale any feathers or skiss, or parts of birds in millinery or sim-ilar purposes, or shall kill for such pur-poses any birds in this State, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and up-op conviction shall be fined not lesses than \$25 nor more than \$50 for each bird skin or part of skin or parcel of Eacthers or sold or offered for sale or Centhers so sold or offered for sale killed for that purpose."

The revised edition of Rand, Mc-Nally & Co.'s atlas, published by the authority of the Laurier government in Chicago, has made its appearance, and is very little, if any, better than the first edition of 200,000, which had to be destroyed. It is true an attempt has been made to correct some of the ridiculous errors which appeared in the first edition, but there still enough the first edition, but there still enough sine of omission and commission to make it unreliable and of little value. As an instance, Ottawa, which ap-peared in the first edition, as the capital of Ontario, is replaced by Toronto, but theleby gets dropped altogether, and does not appear at all in the list of Canadian cities.

JUST LIKE HARDY & CO.

A binder that is almost worthy being classed with those that t Hardy government is in the habitommitting has been noted in British asserted, due to the markets being overstocked some years aga. About 1822 the price of English quinine was 84.50 the province, and tons upon tons of the tark were shipped over to England. Then there was a glut in the market. Prices went down, as fow as 15c per ounce. The plantiers then decided that the growing of the bark was not great source of the trees, it is said, and put them on the fire, and filled the ground for better money estining groducts.

The result is that there is now a great scarcity of the bark, and every merchant who can, is buying A month

A MULE CHEWS TOBACCO.

Baisam's donkey is doubtless the only one that ever spoke to man, but it seems that there are some trying to imitate man's ways. A Fayetta county farmer has one of this sort. "Old Silas" for years liad his stall in a tobacco barn, where it often chanced that scrape of the soothing weed that scrape of the soothing weed to into his ratione. Perhaps be regarded it as a kind of sauce; anyhow, he finally became attached to it, like his master, and now he can't do without it. If he fails to get his morning's chew it is useless to harness him to anything; he will not budge a peg—his no means no. His master knows what the trouble is; he goes down in his pocket, fishes up his own twist and makes a peace offering. The old mule almost laughs as he rolls the quid into his cheek and proceeds to his work as meekly as a lambkin. His master claims that Silas is as good a judge of a "chew" as of oats.—Winchester, Ka., Democrat. A MULE CHEWS TOBACCO.

Kindness is a precious oil that mokes the crushing wheels of care seem light-er.—Eugene Field.

They who love are but one step from Henven -J. R. Lowell.

ALL HEADACHES

HOFFMAN'S HEADACHE POWDERS,

MILK YOUR COWS CLEAN.

Otherwise They Will Tend to Dry Up It is a well known fact that cows not milked clean will tend to dry up in short order, says Professor D. H. Otis of the Kansas college. Another important reason for milking clean is to get all of the butter fat, which is contained in: much larger per cent in the last than in the first milk drawn, as is shown by the following experiment which the college dairy has conducted, showing the importance of clean milking. Five cows that were giving a fair quantity of milk were selected and their milk collected in half pint bottles, each teat contributing its share ottles, each teat contributing its share

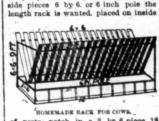
to every bottle. These samples were tested with the Babcock test, with the

following results

Cow No. 6 varied from .6 of 1 per
cent to 7.2 per cent. Cow No. 10 varied
from .2 of 1 per cent to 6.6 per cent.

Cow No. 14 varied from 1.6 per cent to Cow No. 14 varied from 1.5 per cent to 8.8 per cent Cow No. 15 varied from 1.5 per cent to 6.8 per cent. Cow No. 20 varied from 8.0 f 1 per cent to 7.8 per cent. The results show a gradual, although not entirely uniform, increases in the per cent of fat from the begin in the per cent of lat from the organ-ning to the last of the milking, except with the last two samples drawn from each cow Here the per cent of fat would take a sudden leap, amounting often to a third or a half of the total variation. This shows very clearly he important it is to get all the milk. everaging the results it was found that the last quarter of a pint was worth from three-fourths to ore and a half pint of milk first drawn from the udder. Moral Milk clean and get fat.

Convenient Cattle Rack R. E. Carroll in The National Stock R. E. Carroll in The National Stock-man presents a plan for a cattle rack which does not waste feed and in which the animals will not get stuck. This rack is 5 feet wide at bottom and top and can be made any length; corner posts 6 by 6 or round poles 9 feet long set in the ground 2 feet; top end pieces 2 by 6 pinned or spiked to pests; top side pieces 6 by 6, or 6 inch pole the length rack is wanted, placed on inside



of posts: notch in a 2 by 6 piece 18 inches from the ground in posts at each each and on the center of end piece lay a 6 inch pole This pole makes the bottom of the rack. Then take 1 1/4 by 6 boards 7 feet or flat rails and make a boards 7 feet or flat rails and make a V shaped rack by nailing one end to bottom pole and top end to top pieces or pole. Board up the ends with any scrap legitler, and on each side put 12 inch bottom board and 10 inches above this place a 6 inch top board, and by this you will have a manger to catch any board and entire manufacture. hav the cattle may drop in pulling their hay out of the rack and by stripping this manger sheep can be fed when not used for cattle.

Canadian Cheese.

About 12 years ago says Professor Robertson, Canadians adopted a sys-tematic plan of cheesemaking thus producing a uniform quality, which found favor in the British markets. Of found favor in the British markets of late the taste of British consumgs has changed, and the demand now is for a mild flavored cheese. It is necessary to cater to this demand, if the market is to be retained, and unless Canadian makers cure their cheese at a low temperature their trade will decrease. The curing room ought to be kept at 61 or 62, degrees F. A warm curing room makes the cheese strong. If the temperature of the curing room goes up to 90 degrees F. there will be awakened in the cheese dormant life, which cannot be easily killed. Some makers have one stove in the curing room and the result is that the cheese near the stove roots, while the temperature at a distance from the stoye is allowed to go. roasts, while the temperature at a dis-tance from the stoye is allowed to go down to 50 or 40 degrees F. Improve-ment in the curing room is needed and a uniform temperature should be main-tained. Double doors and windows. tained Double doors and windows, should be put on and kept on all summer The walls and floors should be made tight and close by two thicknesses, of building paper and one thickness of tongued and grooved lumber. An old curing room should be washed with lime to kill the fungous growth. A curing room in the cellar, properly ventilated, would make a good curing room, and the cheese would not sweat.

Experiments have shown that milk stored in sterilized cans will keep nearstored in sterilized cans will keep nearby twice as long as when kept in cans
washed in the ordinary way. To clean
a can thoroughly or free it from germa.
C. B. Lane of the New Jersey experiment station states that it must first
be scrubbed, then scalded out with boilbe scrabbed, then scalded out with boiling water, care being taken that it is boiling, or, better still use live steam under pressure. No living organism can withstand steam, not even bacterial spores, although some of them will resist a temperature of 200 degrees F In dairy houses supplied with a boiler it can easily be managed to turn cans over a jet of steam having a pressure of 15 or 20 pounds. After steaming cans should be kept bottom side up, as bacteria tend to go downward. There are patent "milk can washers" on the market which run by power, but for the ordinary dairymen hand brushes will be found just as effectual and more sconomical.

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Sleeper. CPR terminal complex complex

Custom

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