

STEAMER MAURETANIA DOCKS AT HALIFAX WITH CANADIAN TROOPS

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CONFERENCE OF PROVINCIAL LIBERAL PREMIERS MAY 17 PROVINCIAL-WIDE STRIKE TO BE CALLED BY METAL WORKERS

GERMANS IN THEIR WRATH DECLARE PEACE TERMS ARE "BRUTAL AND UNBEARABLE"

Berlin Newspapers Join in Combined Wail of Protest —
Theodore Wolff Says Conditions Imposed Will Create
Imperialism and a Call For Revenge in Germany.

Berlin, May 9.—The Berlin Thursday papers publish a summary of the peace terms which are condemned by all, from the extreme left to the ultra conservative right.
Dr. Theodore Wolff, in the Tagesspiegel, says: "Although we were prepared for a good deal, even for everything, we can only say that the treaty surpasses our worst expectations. It does not show a trace of statesmanship or of President Wilson's principles, but is a brutal, thoughtless product of thoughtless, intoxicated brutality."
Dr. Wolff says that the occupation of the left bank of the Rhine for fifteen years "will within a few years create imperialism and a call for revenge in Germany."
He also condemns the eastern settlement and says there can be only one answer—"no."

The Dourse Courier says: "The territorial concessions are more extensive and unbearable than we expected."
The Lokal Anzeiger publishes a summary of the treaty under the heading, "Crushing Conditions."

The Tageszeitung says: "One thing is certain: There can be no question of this being a peace of justice. The peace of justice after the Entente pattern." Compared with the policy Germany pursued at Versailles, the Entente peace must be termed quite moderate, but it argues that the terms are in sharp contradiction with President Wilson's fourteen points, and that if peace is to be built on this compromise, it assuredly can have no lasting and firm foundation.

Peace of Annihilation.
"A peace of annihilation" is the caption used by Vorwärts, which says there is a ruthless desire to lay Germany permanently low by force. "If we sign this peace it is because we are bound by force, but in our hearts we absolutely reject it. Such a peace is an attempt to exterminate a nation, not by force of arms, but by a means more brutal, economic slavery."

The Frankfurter Gazette says: "We are at the grave of the right. The only doubt is whether it also means the grave of the German nation. Never has murder been committed in more courteous form or with more cynical equanimity."

FOE'S GOVERNMENT DECLARES IN FAVOR TREATY WITH RUSSIA

London, May 9.—Under the impression that the peace conditions are crushing, the Berlin stock exchange committee has resolved to close the exchange for three days, from today to Tuesday. The committee also has a dispatch received here, advising the Exchange Telegraph Company state that at a meeting of the peace committee held in Berlin yesterday the German Government declared itself in favor of a commercial treaty with Russia.

UNITED LIBERAL PARTY IN NEAR FUTURE IS SEEN BY SASK. GOVERNMENT MINISTER

Hon. W. E. Knowles Declares Principles of Liberalism Will
Be Guiding Factor to This Reunion—Will Be Benefit
to the Country As a Whole.

Ottawa, May 9.—"Everything points to a Liberal party in Canada within a short time. That is the impression I have gained during my visit to Ottawa," said Hon. W. E. Knowles, Minister of the Interior, after a visit to Ottawa, where he met with friends of the Liberal party. The visit has been most satisfactory. The principles of Liberalism will be the guiding factor to this reunion, for, after all, it is the principles of a party that really amount to anything. This reunion is not for the benefit of the country as a whole, but for the benefit of the Liberal party. That is the kind of a reunion I look forward to, and we are going to have it."

This statement was given by Hon. W. E. Knowles, provincial secretary for Saskatchewan, after conferring with D. D. McKenna, Minister of the Interior, and members of the Liberal advisory committee for the past two days.

**Beck is Displeased
at Idea of Federal
Government's Plan**
Proposal To Give the Railway
Board Additional Power Con-
demned by London M. P. P.

[Special to The Advertiser.]
Toronto, May 9.—"It is another instance of the Federal Government interfering with provincial and municipal rights," said Sir Adam Beck, when asked his opinion on the action of the railway committee of the Federal House, which proposes to give the railway board power to override agreements regarding rates existing between municipalities and railway companies holding dominion charters. "This will be a very serious matter."

What right has the Dominion Government to interfere in this matter? It is another example of what they are doing continually. What concern of the people of Canada as a whole is an agreement regarding rates of a railway and a municipality? With the sanction of the railway board they can now raise the rates as high as they like. It is unjustifiable."

Sir Adam pointed out that this proposed change would not affect agreements with companies holding only provincial charters, such as the Toronto street railway.

BELGIUM DECLARES HER RIGHT TO RULE GERMAN EAST AFRICA

Peace Delegation Issues Note Indicating
Displeasure at Council's Decision.
Paris, May 8.—The Belgian delegation has issued a note relative to Great Britain being appointed mandatory for German East Africa, saying that it is "unable to believe that this action has been taken by the council of four."

NOW ON ATTEMPTED FLIGHT ACROSS ATLANTIC OCEAN



One of the United States navy planes and crew that made the trip yesterday from Rockaway to Halifax, the first leg of the transatlantic trip.

LIBERALS CALL PREMIERS TO CONFERENCE

Meeting Will Be Held in
Ottawa On May 17.
BIG REPRESENTATION

Expected To Confer With the
Leader of Opposition and
Chief Whip.

[Special to The Advertiser.]
Ottawa, May 9.—Provincial Liberal premiers of the Dominion or their representatives have been called to a conference to be held at Ottawa on May 17. They will meet the leader of the Opposition and chief whip and the other members of the Opposition parliamentary committee for the purpose of discussing and working out the details of the national convention to be held in August next. It is anticipated that practically all of the seven premiers of the Liberal provinces will attend. Premier Stewart of Alberta, Hon. J. R. Boyle, also of that province; Hon. W. E. Knowles and Hon. George Langley of Saskatchewan have been here for some days and have had various conferences with the Opposition leaders with regard to the west will send a heavy representation. Altogether the prospects for the gathering are of the brightest, and the most representative democratic conference in the history of the Dominion is anticipated.

MARCONI COMPANY TO ERECT LONG DISTANCE STATION AT MONTREAL

Montreal, May 9.—The Marconi Company will erect a long distance wireless station here to handle some of its transatlantic business. The station here will work direct with Paris. When the station is completed, it will be one of the most powerful in the world.

THE WEATHER

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.
Following were the highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London during the 24 hours previous to 8 o'clock last night: Highest, 58; lowest, 38.

The official temperatures for the 12 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were: Highest, 48; lowest, 43.

TOMORROW—FAIR AND COOL.
Toronto, May 9.—8 a.m. forecasts.

Northeast winds; occasional light rain in southern districts, but mostly clear; continued cool today and Saturday.

GERMANY IS HELPLESS AND MUST ACCEPT PEACE TERMS

Berlin, May 8.—Official circles in Berlin learned the terms of peace yesterday, and a lengthy session of the Cabinet followed, at which the action Germany is to take was discussed.

It was considered in some quarters that Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau would refuse to sign the peace treaty and resign, but the opinion is general that Germany must accept, since she is helpless.

The resignation of the foreign minister would only delay a settlement of the question, for if his Cabinet left office with him independent, it is believed, would surely take up their positions, and their first act would be to accept the terms.

EBERT GOVERNMENT LIKELY TO ACCEPT TERMS AND THEN THROW UP HANDS AND QUIT

Greatest Shock to Germans Was Given by Conditions That
Establish the Frontier of Poland—Possibility of Ger-
many Paying Reparations Questioned by Foe Delegates.

Versailles, May 8.—The question whether Germany will sign the treaty or not is the pressing one of the hour. It is impossible as yet to gain an indication of the attitude of the German plenipotentiaries here, but information coming from German sources goes to show that the German Government is considering its fate if it should accept such a drastic treaty. It may choose to sign the treaty and go down in a blaze of patriotic glory. On the other hand, the greatest shock to the Germans was given by the frontier of Poland, giving, as it does, a great part of West Prussia and a considerable sea coast to Poland, in addition to large coal fields in Upper Silesia. When the German delegates left home they expected to hear rather more moderate proposals regarding the Polish frontier and Danzig.

CHINESE DELEGATES INSTRUCTED NOT TO SIGN THE PEACE TREATY

Peking Government Sends Orders to Peace Conference Rep-
resentatives at Paris—Displeased With Settlement of
the Kiao-Chau-Shantung Question.

Paris, May 9.—The Chinese delegation has received cabled instructions from Peking not to sign the treaty of peace because of the Kiao-Chau-Shantung settlement.

NINE LONDON NURSES ARE ON THE WAY HOME

En route for home after years of overseas service, are nine members of St. John's Nursing Division, No. 4, Minnie Dodge (invalided from France), Lucy Thompson, Daisy Thomson, Carrie Snykes, Carrie Ram, Alice Crowder, May Crosbie, Helen Arundell, and Olive Willard, are the returning nursing sisters. Twenty-two members from the local division were sent overseas. Two were attached to the American Expeditionary Force. To date, six have returned, two of these being invalided home and the others demobilized.

U. S. SEAPLANES PUT OFF SECOND LEG OF FLIGHT

NC-1 and NC-3 Are At Halifax
Awaiting Renewal of
Propellers.

NUMBER 4 IS DISABLED

Towed Into Chatham, Mass.,
To Await Necessary
Repairs.

Washington, D. C., May 9.—The departure of the naval seaplanes NC-1 and NC-2 from Halifax for Trepassey Bay, Nfld., on the second leg of their transatlantic flight, has been postponed until tomorrow, the navy department was advised just before noon today in a radio message from the supply ship Baltimore at Halifax. The message follows: "Planes will not start from Halifax today because of renewal of four propellers. Will be ready to start Saturday morning."

NC-4 FORCED TO LAND

Chatham, Mass., May 9.—A hydro-aeroplane NC-4, which was towed into the naval air station here today, after having been compelled to land yesterday because of engine trouble while on the first leg of the transatlantic flight, probably will resume the trip to Halifax tomorrow, according to naval officials. Two of her engines were out of the mechanics expected to be able to make repairs immediately.

METAL WORKERS TO CALL STRIKE OVER PROVINCE

Negotiations Between Men
and Employers Declared
Off.

Toronto, May 9.—It was announced today that negotiations between the striking workers of the metal trades here and the employers are all off and the representatives of the strikers say that arrangements for calling a provincial wide strike will be announced immediately.

BLAMES GOVERNMENT FOR PART OF HIGH COST OF NEWSPRINT

Official of Fort Francis Mill
Declares Water Was
Wasted.

FLOOD GATES OPENED

Washington Appealed to by
Company Before They
Were Closed.

Ottawa, May 9.—The Canadian Government was blamed for part of the high cost of Fort Francis newsprint in 1917 by one of that mill's officials before the newspaper inquiry today. Second Vice-President B. G. Dahlberg said that in 1917 that the Government, fearing a repetition of 1916 floods, ordered the floodgates opened. Instead a dry season followed with consequent lack of waterpower. Only when the company got Washington to intervene did Ottawa permit the gates closed, said witness. At first, Mr. Dahlberg made the statement that the water wasted would have kept the mill running at normal during 1917, but when faced with his own engineers' record of wastage, he withdrew his statement in so far as the amount was concerned, but persisted that there was a serious wastage, though the company's record as presented to court did not show it.

VESEL SAILINGS

Montreal, May 9.—Sailed: Metagama, for Liverpool; Sanington Court, for Falmouth.
Arrived: Tunisian, from Liverpool.

DOUBLE THE WAGES NEEDED TODAY TO LIVE THE SAME AS IN 1910

Regina, May 9.—Rev. Hugh Dobson, western secretary of the social service department of the Methodist Church, testified yesterday afternoon before the industrial commissioners and submitted figures to show that it would be necessary for a worker to receive twice as much in wages today in order to maintain the same standard of living as he did in 1910. The witness considered that the steps so far taken to investigate living costs were planned to lead to nothing. Too many people were comfortable nowadays to cause them to worry over those who were uncomfortable. Ill-health, accident and unemployment, the working-farmer fears most.

4,000 CANADIAN SOLDIERS ARRIVE AT HALIFAX TODAY ON TRANSPORT MAURETANIA

Several Artillery Batteries Return After Long Service Overseas—Sir Edward Kemp Makes Vigorous Defence
of Conduct of Affairs at Argyle House.

Halifax, May 9.—The Cunard liner Mauretania docked at Halifax this morning with 4,000 returning Canadian soldiers, consisting of Nos. 1, 2 and 3 brigades of artillery or siege batteries, 1 to 12, and other details, under command of Gen. Andrew McNaughton, D. S. O.

Among the 91 civilian passengers brought back by the Mauretania were Sir Edward Kemp, Canadian overseas minister of militia, Sir Charles Ross, Sir Percy and Lady Daniels, and Mrs. Whitehead Reid.
Sir Edward Kemp vigorously defended Argyle House, stating that the matter was in the hands of the staff at Argyle House. The facts of the matter were that the staff at Argyle House had accomplished a stupendous work under exceptionally severe difficulties. It was only a question of time before the problems, precipitated principally by the anxiety of the men to get home, would work out on their own solution. It was this anxiety to get home more quickly than ships could be found to get them home, which was responsible for the Kimmel Park riots.

All Home by End of July.
Sir Edward paid a feeling tribute to the Argyle House staff, stating that they were working in the greatest possible co-operation in an endeavor to get the men home as quickly as possible. Since the signing of the armistice 140,000 men had been returned. The 130,000 remaining should be cleaned up by the end of July with good luck and no untoward later developments. In this connection Sir Edward paid a tribute to the United States Government, which had relinquished its claim to ships of the Mauretania and Aqueduct class.

Sir Edward stated that his decision to return to Canada was due principally to family reasons.
Lieut.-Col. W. E. Prosser, D. S. O., of Chatham, was in command of No. 1 Artillery Brigade returning on the Mauretania. Lieut.-Col. Macge of St. John is in command of the 2nd Brigade. The commander of the 3rd Brigade, Lieut.-Col. W. G. Beamer, formerly of Halifax, is remaining in England.

ANOTHER GERMAN MURDERER SAFELY BEHIND THE BARS

London, May 9.—The captain of a German submarine arrived in London from Spain yesterday and was placed in the Tower. The Star understands that he was the commander of a U-boat which sank several hospital ships.

BRITISH LABORITES CRITICIZE TERMS OF THE PEACE TREATY

Manifesto Declares Conditions
Defective From Standpoint
of World Peace.

REGARDED AS HARSH

Protest Made Against Per-
manent Separation of Saar
Basin From Germany.

London, May 9.—After meeting to consider the terms of peace imposed upon Germany by the allied and associated nations, the national executive committee of the British labor party last night issued a manifesto declaring the treaty in some essential particulars "opposed to the declarations of President Wilson of the inter-allied labor conference and the Berne conference and very defective from the standpoint of world peace."

Other points criticised were the failure to give Germany representation on the reparations commission and the omission of provisions for a progressive limitation of armaments by the other signatories to the treaty. The manifesto protested against the permanent separation of the Saar Basin from Germany and advocated a plebiscite in Alsace and Moselle.

BUILDING PERMITS ARE STILL ON UPWARD PATH

The building permit record for May continues to climb and the month promises to eclipse all previous high marks. The total up-to-date now stands at \$74,225, with less than a third of the month expired. Yesterday a large number of permits were issued, among them one for \$3,500 and another for \$2,500 worth of construction. The former was issued to W. B. Legate, for the erection of a two-story brick-veneer dwelling on Windsor avenue. Mrs. Slocombe was granted a permit to remodel a house at 173 Worley road at a cost of \$2,500.

ADRIATIC QUESTION BEING CONSIDERED BY THE "BIG FOUR"

Paris, May 8.—Premiers Lloyd George, Clemenceau and Orlando and President Wilson discussed the diplomatic situation this morning, and at a meeting this evening took up the question of Italy's claims to territory on the eastern shore of the Adriatic. The council of foreign ministers considered the problem of the frontiers of Hungary at a meeting today.

Bodies of Victims Burned in Furnace

Frenchman Is Held On Sus-
picion of Having Mur-
dered Women.

Paris, May 9.—Calcinated human bodies, are said to have been discovered by the police in the villa at Cambray, owned by Henri Landru, who is under arrest on suspicion of having murdered several women who have disappeared in the recent past. According to the police Landru used a furnace, heated by some method as yet unknown, to burn the bodies of his victims, and destroy their limbs in the fireplaces of his villa.