

already expressed a favourable opinion. Its tone is calm, candid, and dignified. Of the *Second Part*, which is chiefly devoted to the discussion of Educational matters in Lower Canada—we cannot express so decided an opinion, as we are not sufficiently acquainted with the practical working of the system of popular Education in that section of the Province, nor of the merits of the several matters involved in the author's discussion of the question. The *Remarks* seem to be made with modesty and courtesy, and are calculated to promote a good feeling in the consideration and discussion of the all-important subject of which the author so ably treats. The work is neatly printed, and is, we understand, for sale at the several Booksellers in Toronto and other places—price 4d.

THE CALLIOPEAN, edited by the Young Ladies connected with the *Burlington Ladies' Academy*, Hamilton, merits especial notice. As a publication, it is unique in connexion with literary institutions in Canada, and, therefore,—but more particularly as it is the production of the united pens of young and cultivated females,—we bestow upon it a more than cordial greeting. Its articles evince a good deal of taste and culture on the part of the contributors, and are marked by much chasteness and beauty of thought, and generally great purity and elegance of diction. It is very neatly printed, and is published semi-monthly, price 5s. per annum. We have also received the Annual Catalogue of the Officers and Pupils in the *Burlington Ladies' Academy* for the year 1847-8. We are happy to perceive from the number of the Pupils (201) that the prospects of this admirable Institution are in the highest degree flattering to the zeal and ability of the Principal, Preceptress, and their assistants.

PROVISION FOR EDUCATION IN THE WESTERN STATES.—For Education in the West munificent provision has been made. In all the new States, a square mile in the central part of each Township is set apart for the support of Common Schools, making one thirty-sixth part of the public lands. Congress has also, from time to time, made special grants of large and valuable tracts to State Academies, Colleges, &c. Besides these grants, 3 per cent. of all proceeds of sales of public lands is paid over to the several States in which they lie, and to be used by them for the encouragement of learning, and especially in the establishments of Institutions of a higher grade than Common Schools.—

Added to all these gifts of the general Government is the United States deposit fund, which was distributed among the States, and in several instances appropriated by them to the cause of education.

According to an article in the *Journal of Commerce*, the total grants to several of the States are about as follows:—

	Colleges and Academies.	Common Schools.
Ohio,	70,000 acres.	700,000 acres.
Indiana, ..	46,000 "	350,000 "
Illinois, ...	46,000 "	900,000 "
Michigan, .	46,000 "	1,100,600 "
Iowa,	46,000 "	1,400,000 "
Missouri, ..	46,000 "	1,100,000 "

New-York Observer.