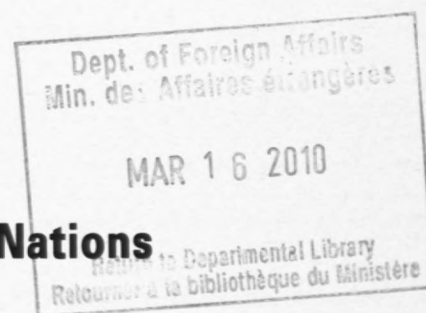


expelled from the Organization by the General Assembly upon the recommendation of the Council.

The Security Council acts on behalf of all Members of the United Nations. Under Article 25 of the Charter, all Members "agree to accept and carry out" its decisions. Under Article 43, they undertake to make available to the Security Council "armed forces, assistance, and facilities" necessary for the maintenance of international peace and security.

The Security Council is organized so as to be able to function continuously, and a representative of each of its Members must be present at all times at United Nations Headquarters. The Council may meet elsewhere than at Headquarters if it considers this advisable; in 1972 it held a session in Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, and in the following year it met in Panama.

A State which is a Member of the United Nations but not of the Security Council may participate, without vote, in its discussions when the Council considers that that country's interests are specially affected. Both Members of the United Nations and non-Members, if they are parties to a dispute being considered by the Council, are invited to take part, without vote, in the discussions; the Council lays down the conditions for participation by a non-Member State.



## The Security Council of the United Nations

