teriology and pathology of the diseases of women, and an historic resumé of the development of gynecology and abdominal surgery. There are sixteen contributors to this volume, among whom may be mentioned: Brooke M. Anspach (Philadelphia), Henry T. Byford (Chicago), George M. Edebohls (New York), Fernand Henrotin (Chicago), Howard A. Kelly (Baltimore), Beverley MacMonagle (San Frnacisco), Charles P. Noble (Philadelphia), Alexander J. C. Skene (Brooklyn), and J. Clarence Webster (Chicago).

Bacterial Infections of the Digestive Tract, and the Intoxications Arising Therefrom. By C. A. Herter, M.D., Professor of Pharmacology and Therapeutics in Columbia University; Consulting Physician to the City Hospital, New York. New York: The Macmillan Company. Toronto: The Macmillan Company of Canada, Limited, 27 Richmond Street West.

While this small volume of 351 pages of nice reading text does not claim to be an extended nor yet a systematic study of an important and much-discussed branch of medical science, it yet does contain much which will be new and of a great deal of practical value to the ordinary general practitioner, who ordinarily has a great deal to do in the field of gastro-enteric infection. The part which will appeal most to him is that the author has laid considerable stress in his little work upon the methods worked out in his own laboratory. One may thus take the volume as a practical demonstration from the hands of one thoroughly capable and experienced. We are satisfied that it covers the literature sufficiently well to make it a valuable working hand-book for the every-day general practitioner.

Pinocodeine (Frosst) relieves coughs, promotes free expectoration and soon restores irritated and congested respiratory mucous membranes to their normal condition.