

The Weekly British Colonist and Chronicle

By Electric Telegraph

Special to the Colonist and Chronicle

English Ministry Resigned

Fighting in Venetia

Italians Driven Back

Baden Pronounces for Austria

Prussian Reverse in Galicia

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been guaranteed him. The Emperor, however, declined these conditions without further hesitation. It was, therefore, necessary that measures should be adopted to connect the two positions of the Kingdom of Prussia.

The present military position of the Prussian Kingdom is a sure guarantee against the return of the former state of things. The Emperor of Russia has been sent to the North.

The King of Prussia has placed the Castles of Stirling and Konigberg at his disposal.

A telegram from Berlin of the 25th says the Prussian Government intend to instruct their representatives abroad to declare that the circulation of false intelligence by the Austrian authorities relative to the forcible enrolments by Prussians in Bohemia, is a breach of international law, and that their object is to prevent the Austrian population from viewing the war which has broken out in the light of a war of extermination against the inhabitants.

Prussia has decided not to carry out in the case of Hanover the measures allowed by international law against the shipping of a hostile country, and has instructed commanders of Prussian men-of-war neither to blockade Hanover ports nor seize private property at sea, with the exception of contraband of war belonging to Hanoverians. Brunswick has notified the Prussian Government of her willingness to support the Prussian proposals for reform.

A dispatch from Berlin, says it is officially announced that the Prussian alliance has been accepted by all the Northern German States, with the exception of Saxony, Hanover, Hesse, and Nassau. Many Hungarian deserters have come into Prussian outposts with horses and accoutrements, and a detachment has been formed of them at Glogau. Hungarian officers were expected to arrive in order to organize them. Mecklenburg and Oldenburg armies have been demobilized; they will form a reserve corps with other troops in Northern Germany near Torgau.

Chicago, July 8.—The House yesterday passed the Senate Bill heretofore reported to quiet land titles in California. The House debated the tariff bill in Committee of the Whole, and adopted amendments to increase the duty on corn from ten to twenty cents per bushel; hay from one to two dollars per ton; wheat forty cents per bushel; coffee two and a half cents per pound.

New York, July 8.—The London Times of June 27th contains important despatches. A dispatch (Saxony) of the 25th says that the Prussian army, corps, destined to operate against Bavaria, had arrived. A Berlin despatch of the 26th states positively that the Hanoverian army is completely surrounded, and the demand of the King for twenty-four hours for deliberation as to terms of capitulation had been granted.

A Florence despatch of the 26th says that the papers assert that the want of success in the first battle is but a new motive for redoubled energy and perseverance. The country had full confidence in the army, and the war against Austria would be continued until the complete liberation of Venetia had been effected.

An official despatch dated Rome, Italy, 25th says: "To-day an engagement took place between the Italian Volunteers and Austrians beyond the bridge of Cambrano, Sardinia. The Austrians were repulsed, leaving several killed and wounded. The Italians anticipated the Austrians will make a diversion in favor of Pavia by attacking Biella through the Tyrol."

Telegrams from Madrid of the 22nd, says that yesterday the "eighth" regiment of foot, with artillery and a regiment of horse, revolted without their officers. The barracks they occupied, however, were retaken by the troops remaining faithful to the government and after an obstinate resistance, the rebels surrendered at discretion. Another despatch from Madrid, June 25th, says that tranquility prevails throughout Spain. The superior officers of regiments that revolted at Madrid, did their duty bravely. Thirteen were killed and none wounded in endeavoring to induce the troops to return to their allegiance. The insurgent sergeants and corporals will be shot to-day. The total number of killed and wounded at Madrid was one hundred.

The Russians occupied Khokand in Bokhara after seven days fighting. The loss of the Bokharians was considerable; of the Russians, only one hundred were killed. The Russians have cut off the roads, thereby placing the Emir of Bokhara in a most critical position.

Chicago, July 9.—London correspondence gives a full summary of the proceedings in regard to the Reform Bill. The Ministry had constantly carried their points by majorities ranging from 5 to 27. When Lord Dunkellin moved that the basis of borough franchise be seven pounds rateable value instead of seven pounds rental value, which, it was estimated, would make a difference of sixty thousand persons in the number designed to be qualified—seven pounds rateable being equal to nine pounds rental. The vote resulted in 306 for the Ministry and 307 for Dunkellin's motion. Parliament adjourned to wait the result.

All parties were already rallying for a popular election, believing a dissolution of Parliament inevitable, for Gladstone had announced after the above vote that from the mode of enfranchisement proposed in the bill, the Ministry are not under any circumstances or conditions prepared to recede; "by it we intend to stand." The Times endeavors to mitigate and explain the way the division, which it considers as dealing with mere details, and affirms that as it had no bearing upon the only principle now allowed to be in the question of admission (so called) of the poor electors, the enlargement of constituency has not been definitely put to the House.

The Daily News says: The Derbyites know well enough that apart from all differences about the valuation meaning of this amendment, it was nothing more or less than a refusal to trust their fellow countrymen, who might be included in the 27 franchise, and the design, though not expressed, was to raise the franchise as proposed by Government to a 42 franchise. This is, then, the issue yet to be tried by the Liberal party, and the great body of the people of the country.

Eastern States. New York, July 9.—The thermometer here reached 98° yesterday. 33 cases of smallpox are reported as the number occurring on Saturday, in addition to the 27 reported as resulting fatally. Cholera cases fell last night. Two deaths from cholera were reported yesterday. The thermometer this morning stands at 84.

The Southern papers exhibit no general disposition responding to the call for a national convention at Philadelphia. To quote a New York paper: "The Southern States are not yet ready to accept of the call for a national convention at Philadelphia."

Europe. The resignation of the British Ministry has been accepted. Lord Derby will probably form a new Ministry, but nothing official has transpired. It is not to be expected that there are no further reports of fighting on the continent. The London Times gives the following summary of the movements in Venetia: "The Italian army has been divided into corps and reserves, making a force of from 80,000 to 90,000 combatants. After passing the Minio at Verona, and other points in the afternoon, and sending reconnoitering parties towards Peschiera and Verona, they encamped for the night beyond Roverbella, at a distance from the two fortresses. On the ensuing morning an attack was made upon those high positions of Donato Campagna and Santa Giustina, which command 15 miles of the railway line, joining the two strongholds, a position which played a conspicuous part in the campaign of 1847. The project of the Italians was evidently to take possession of the railway, so as to isolate Peschiera and secure a base of operations against Verona. The Austrians, however, who were massed in great force at Verona, sallied forth from that place, at daybreak, anticipating the Italian movements, and took up their position on the hills, which are now everywhere glistening with batteries and redoubts and may be looked upon as mere outer works of the two citadels extending from the gates of one of those of the other. After a severe bloody and desperate struggle, which lasted nearly a whole day—one of the longest of summer days—the Imperial army was victorious along the whole line; they stormed the summit of Montebello, the Italians held on the longest, and at the close of the engagement—5 p.m.—they also carried the position of Onozza, a spot fatal to the Italian army in their encounter with Radetzky, July, 1848. The Italian and Austrian despatches do not differ materially about the engagement. No estimate can yet be formed of the losses. The Times also believes this is a favorable moment for the diplomatic settlement of the war with Italy, and intimates that Austria would be willing to sell Venetia for a sum of money now her military honor is satisfied.

LATER. A great battle took place on the 27th of June in Bohemia between the Prussians and Austrians in which the former were defeated, leaving their dead and wounded on the field.

A battle between the Prussian army of the Elbe and the Austrians occurred on the 26th, resulting in favor of the Prussians.

San Francisco, July 10.—The Italian citizens have set apart the 25th of the month to be devoted to labor for the benefit of the fund for the liquidation of the national debt of Italy. The amount already handed in exceeds 13,000. Subscriptions are steadily coming in. The Italians of San Francisco have made Italy a member of their Mutual Benevolent Society, and will give relief to their country as to a brother in distress.

Gold, 149; Sterling, 108. N. 109.35.

Cuba. New York, June 10.—Cuba is in a state of revolt. The South American republics are combining to free her from the yoke of Spain.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE

Thursday, July 12.

A COAST REASON.—Alluding to the preparations made here to receive the Fenians, the San Francisco Bulletin says: "One reason for the colonists' alarm is that they believe Felix O'Byrne to be an influential Fenian in San Francisco, and that he might organize an expedition to avenge himself on his colonial creditors." Poor Felix! to what base purposes has your name not been lent?

BUTE INLET.—We are pleased to learn that our esteemed friend, Mr. Alfred Waddington, has received advice by this mail stating that an English company was being formed to carry out the projected traction line from the head of Butte Inlet to Fort Alexandria, and that the scheme is likely to be carried out without delay.

THE "SIERRA NEVADA."—The steamship Sierra Nevada, Captain Williams, arrived at three o'clock yesterday morning from San Francisco, bringing Canadian, European and American mails, 36 passengers, and a large amount of freight. She will leave today for New Westminster, and returning on Saturday, will leave on Monday for San Francisco.

THE P. S. MAIDS.—The tow-boat Pioneer, bound for the Puget Sound, left yesterday morning, having left Olympia at noon on Monday. The Pioneer is a quaint looking, homely steamer, but possesses tremendous power and is used in towing rafts of logs from the camps to the mills. She left again for the Sound in the afternoon.

AFRONTING THE ORIFLAME.—Mr. Denton, the mess waiter at the Oriflame, and Michael Feecey, a coal passer on board the Oriflame, recently had a quarrel, on board the above steamer, when knives and pistols were produced. Feecey was eventually shot in a place that would cause him to avoid a sitting position for some months to come.

THE PACIFIC APPAL.—This paper, devoted to the interests of the colored race, after a slender of six months' duration, has been revived at San Francisco. It is a creditable looking sheet and appears to be edited with ability. Mr. Freeman, of Waddington Alley, is the agent for these Colonies.

FAVORITE BY THE "SIERRA NEVADA."—The Sierra Nevada will leave for New Westminster at 2 o'clock this afternoon. All freight for San Francisco must be placed on board at or before 1 o'clock, p.m., as the steamship will not enter this harbor on her return from British Columbia.

VIEWS OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.—The Illustrated London News of May 12th contains two excellent views of the town of Yale and Trutch's wire Suspension Bridge, from photographs taken by Mr. F. Claudet, of the Government Survey Office.

THE LOAN BILL.—The Legislative Council met yesterday and passed the third reading of the \$90,000 loan bill, which was thereupon sent up for the Governor's assent. Unpaid officials and Government creditors will now have a chance of being satisfied.

THE COPY OF A DESPATCH FROM Mr. Cardwell, acknowledging the receipt of the joint resolution of the Legislature on the future sale of Government lands of the Colonies, was sent down to the Lower House yesterday by the Governor.

RATES OF PASSAGE.—The following are the rates of passage by the opposition steamer "America," which sails on the 14th inst. First Cabin, outside room, \$140; first cabin, outside room, forward \$110; second cabin, \$75.

DROWNED.—A coalman named Kate Allison, was drowned while bathing in the Willamette River above Portland, on the 3rd July. She was said to be of respectable parentage in California.

THE FIGHT FOR THE CHAMPIONSHIP.—The fight for the champion's belt between Mace and Goss, proved to be a "sell." For an hour and a half the pugilists dodged each other without striking a blow.

THE SINKING OF THE BARK KENT.—The captain and crew of this British bark, recently sunk off the coast of California by the steamship Oregon, were saved.

FROM NEW WESTMINSTER.—The steamer Alexandra arrived yesterday from Fraser River with 30 passengers and the Cariboo, Big Bend and River express.

NEWMARKET RACES.—The Derby was won by the favorite, Lord Lyon; the Oaks by Tormentor, and the Ascot Cup by the invincible French horse, Gladiateur.

BIG BEND GOLD DUST.—The steamer Forty-Nine has arrived at the Little Dalles, Columbia River, with 500 ozs. in Big Bend dust.

IT IS rumored that George Pearkes, Esq., will be tendered the position of Registrar of Deeds.

SUPREMACY COURT.—The case of Turgoose vs. Hankin, action for damages for defamation, is set down for hearing to-day.

THE STEAMER FIDELITY reached Portland on the evening of the 9th.

The steamer Josie McNear arrived yesterday at Port Angeles—left right after her long passage.

One of the first Fenians captured by the Canadians was an Episcopalian minister.

The "FIDELITY" will leave Portland today at 2 p.m. for this port.

The Mayor of Portland, Maine, telegraphed to San Francisco for assistance.

BRISTOL'S (Vegetable) SUGAR-COATED PILLS



THE GREAT CURE FOR LIVER, STOMACH AND BOWEL PATHEIN

For all the diseases of the liver, stomach and bowels, warranted.

KEEP IN ANY CLIMATE.

These pills are prepared expressly to cure in all cases the most distressing diseases of the liver, stomach and bowels, and are the most powerful and reliable remedy ever discovered.

They are sold in all the principal cities of the world, and are the most reliable remedy ever discovered.

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