

NOTICE!

I have leased my premises, 276 Water Street, to Messrs. P. H. Cowan & Co., for a term of ten years. The stock must be cleared out regardless of cost. The goods were bought in British and American markets for spot cash before any advance in price took place, and embraces all the leading lines of Dry Goods—

MEN'S & BOYS' READYMADE CLOTHING,

BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS, HOSIERY, RIBBONS,

BLOUSES, COSTUMES, FOREST & ESSEX MILLS

UNDERCLOTHING, for Ladies' Misses & Children.

D. & A. and P. C. CORSETS, ETC., ETC.

It would be to the advantage of Wholesale Buyers to call and examine goods and hear prices.

THOMAS PEEL,

276 WATER STREET (opp. Bowring's).

may6, eod

Evening Telegram

W. J. HERDER, --- Proprietor
W. F. LLOYD, --- Editor

THURSDAY, May 11th, 1916.

The Methodist

School Report.



We thank the Rev. Dr. Curtis for a copy of his report on Methodist Schools for the year ending December 31st, 1915. The showing of the year is very favorable, denoting progress all round. On the basis of examination scores, the showing is noteworthy. Out of 1,974 passes at the C. H. E. Examinations last year, 834 stand to the credit of the Methodist Schools. This is 42.2 per cent. of the whole. The Superintendent drawing on his long experience connected with schools, partly as school-master, partly as chairman of school board, but mainly from eighteen years as Superintendent of Methodist Schools, during which time he has been travelling around the island, noting conditions, circumstances, and school work, has some timely observations on education. He points out that education includes home life with all its varied and multitudinous influences; social life with its companionships, its ideals, its environment, and church life with its inspiration, its instruction, its quickening. Give them the right kind of home life, proper social environment, good training, and the teacher's work is more than half done before he begins. Let these be lacking in their best elements, or let the influences be injurious or detrimental rather than helpful, and the school has to undertake an impossible task. In the appraisal of merit or demerit in a school system, therefore, many factors must be considered which are not and cannot be controlled by either the teacher or the school. These considerations complicate the problem of appraisal enormously.

Presumably the proper aim of education should be to prepare, so far as possible, for the successful performance of the highest functions in life. This implies such development of the body as to produce health and vigor; the sharpening of the intelligence, the cultivation of good taste, the creation of interest in and love for work, the forming of the understanding and the upbuilding of moral character. Now wherever this process is being successfully conducted the work of education is being performed.

Dr. Curtis has a word of praise for the Domestic Science School, which is being conducted by Miss Ethel Dickinson, under the joint management of the Superintendents of Education. He recognizes its promise of far-reaching influence. He details part of the work being done. The curriculum includes:—What constitutes a wholesome breakfast, dinner and supper, and how each should be prepared; how to clean and cook fish and vegetables; how to get the most out of meats of various kinds; how to cook bread, rolls, puddings and pies, and like foods of every day use, form a large part of the weekly tasks. It is hoped that in this way a knowledge of healthy foods and proper cooking will in time become widely disseminated throughout the country and produce results beneficial and enduring.

BIG PRICES FOR SCHOONERS.—A schooner Canadian built, about 100 tons net, was offered for sale during the past week, the price being fixed at \$12,000. A local merchant who intended making the purchase, was given a few hours to consider, and after thinking the matter over, he returned to the agents with the intention of closing the deal, but to his surprise found that schooner rates had advanced and it would be necessary to plank down \$13,500 to become owner of the schooner in question which now floats at anchor off in the stream of this port.

FURNESS LINE SAILINGS.

The S. S. TABASCO sails from Halifax for this port about May 10th, and will sail from here for Liverpool about the 13th inst. For freight and other particulars apply to

FURNESS WITHY Co., Ltd.

Water Street East.

bring. The selection of the Church of this Gospel age, who must prove their loyalty to Christ, in the furnace of trial, and who were promised a share in the blessings resulting from Christ's death for all would begin to be realized. Their share being a full restoration to all the willing and obedient, of what was forfeited through Adam's sin.

Then came, as the closing feature, the concluding portion of the "Shunamite" film—the restoration to life, suggesting Resurrection hope. Those who have not seen the Photo-Drama will have further opportunities as Part I will be shown again Friday and successive parts will follow, as will be announced.

A Great War Worker.

LADY COWDRAY'S REMARKABLE RECORD.

A short time ago Queen Mary expressed the wish that the historic Star and Garter Hotel, at the top of Richmond Hill, should be purchased for the use of the Red Cross. Lady Cowdray, one of society's most famous hostesses, at once set to work to help in the task of collecting the money required, although she was already strenuously working in connection with five other big war-charity schemes, the aggregate appeal of which was for close upon a million pounds.

Thanks to the strenuous efforts of enthusiastic war workers like Lady Cowdray, hundreds of our brave soldiers and sailors, whose constitutions have been badly wrecked by the war, will be able to spend the remainder of their lives in the Star and Garter home.

A clever, practical-minded woman, Lady Cowdray is a fitting wife for the man who is regarded as the greatest contractor in the world. Raised to the peerage eight years ago, Lord Cowdray, formerly Sir Weetman Pearson and Son, the great firm of contractors, which employs something like 30,000 hands. Engineer, dock, tunnel, railway and bridge builder, his lordship has carried out some gigantic contracts. Indeed, it has been said that he seldom undertakes anything less than a million-pound job.

Before the war Lady Cowdray took great interest in the Women's Suffrage movement, speaking occasionally at meetings. She is a delightful speaker, and always very frank in expressing her views. The writer remembers some interesting remarks which she made a short time ago on business men as lovers.

"A man with a great business," she said, "attaching large responsibilities, may not have much time for demonstrating affection. An idle man, with no ambitions, has. But the affection of such a man would in time become somewhat tedious, whereas the less monotonous affection of the strong, hard-working man of business would remain one of the things to be treasured in a woman's life. After all," she concluded, "love-making is not the only interest in life."

A charming romance was that of her youngest son, the Hon. Geoffrey Pearson, who in 1909 married that clever singer and actress, Miss Ethel Lewis, who gave quite a name for herself with the D'Oyly Carte company. But the war has left her a widow, for her young husband was killed in the early days of the war. He was "a very gallant gentleman."

A Word to the Police.

Editor Evening Telegram.

Dear Sir,—In the interest of Justice and Fair Play I think it is time that policemen like Constable Forsey should be given the understanding that citizens have certain rights which must be protected. The case that was tried by His Honor Judge Morris on Wednesday, in which a young man of the West End was charged with drunkenness and disorderly conduct is one that clearly proved that Constable Forsey overstepped his duty and went as far as to assault the prisoner and knock him down. Three witnesses appeared for the prisoner and gave evidence of the facts, and so convincing was their testimony that the Judge dismissed the accused.

Now, Mr. Editor, the young man in question is the son of respectable parents, and though he may be unfortunate in being more or less addicted to drink, still he is entitled to British fair play, and the treatment accorded him in this instance by Constable Forsey merits the condemnation of all fair-minded people.

It is time in my opinion that some of the policemen should be taught their duty. Some of the younger men in the force appear to be lacking in judgement, and as Mr. Higgins said of Forsey, seem to lose their head. One fact stands out very prominently and that is that there is plenty room for improvement in the force, and the sooner this is effected the better it will be for the dignity of the Police Force. Cases of this kind that I refer to have the tendency of making the public lose confidence in the police, and I trust that the lesson dealt out to Constable Forsey will have the effect of making the police more humane towards their fellow men. Nothing is gained by inhuman treatment, a little kindness often accomplishes a great deal more than harshness in cases of this nature.

Yours, etc.,

CITIZEN.

Turkeys, Ducks, Chicken, at ELLIS'—april 19th.

ASK FOR MINARD'S LINIMENT AND TAKE NO OTHER.

DEVINE'S
Great Clear Out Sale Still Speeds On!

Note the Bargains!

Bargain 1:

58 doz. White Lawn & Voile
Blouses, worth \$1.50 to \$2.00,
embossed fronts, now
clearing at, each . . . 99c.
(All sizes.)

Bargain 2:

20 doz. Ladies' Hand Bags,
with mirror on inside. Worth
75c. to \$1.00 each. Now
clearing at, each . . . 35c.

Shipment of the
famous
SWEET-ORR
OVERALLS
just in

Bargain 3:

A SPECIAL FOR MEN.
10 doz. Men's White Pique
Shirts, asstd. sizes; very dainty
and stylish. Usually
\$1.40. Now, each . . . 99c.

Bargain 4:

A very natty line Men's Felt
Hats, light shades zinc; really
this season's shade, worn by all
well dressed men throughout
America. Now . . . \$1.99

Full line Men's, Women's,
Boys', Children's and Misses'
Boots.

Great time for shopkeepers to
buy hundreds of articles at
cost.

J. M. DEVINE,
The Right House, Corner Water and Adelaide Streets.An English Estimate of
the German Army
and its Generals.

In an article in the May Atlantic Monthly, Mr. Alfred G. Gardiner, editor of the London Daily News, has undertaken to analyze German tactics and generalship in the great war. As the author of "The Great Lords," an intimate study of the statesmen and soldiers who are playing leading parts in the conflict, Mr. Gardiner qualified for this task of estimating and appraising the enemy's military capacity. In comparison that of the Allies often suffers, for impartiality and a love of truth are characteristic of this writer.

Bismarck, we are told, had a small opinion of German commanders, Moltke and "good old Roon" excepted. However, the Chancellor thought less of French generalship, which he held as beneath contempt in the Franco-Prussian war, a judgment that not even the countrymen of MacMahon and Bazaine will dispute to-day. The German victory in 1870-71 was really won in advance by Bismarck's skill in uniting the German states under the banner of Prussia. In entering upon the present war Germany was handicapped by her diplomacy, and she had to rely for victory upon the preparedness of her General Staff, the ability of her commanders in the field, and the working of her military machine. Mr. Gardiner cannot say enough in praise of German mastery of the science of war. He declared that "if we judge German generalship by strictly military considerations as distinct from the political and imaginative factors, we are bound to admit that its success has been complete."

The Allies "had no common strategy, no body of agreed doctrine." In fact, "they had little to offer but improvised methods." If France was better prepared for war than the France of Napoleon III, there had been dissensions in her military councils, and while she could put a large army in the field she had no war machine in the German sense of the term. The Russian military system was still corrupt and at the best experimental. Great Britain's little wars had not taught her organization; her methods were generally antiquated. Mr. Hal-dane alone did anything to modernize the army; he gave it a General Staff "in a modest form," and his War Book helped Sir John French's expeditionary force to obstruct the German "drive" on the right in the early days of the war and thus gain breathing time for France. The German plan in scope and detail was admirable, says Mr. Gardiner. Why, then, did the Germans fail, if confidence in their military machine was not misplaced? He answers:

"On the spiritual side they were universally wrong. They miscalculated Belgium, they misread England, they woefully underrated France, they blundered in their estimate of the ability of Austria to hold Russia in check while France was being crushed."

The Germans were right about the use of modern big guns in the field and the French wrong in pinning their faith to the 75 mm. The Germans were right about the futility of the modern fortress; and they were right again about the high explosive shell and the massing of machine guns. "When the Germans," a British staff officer said, "do something in a different way from ours the chances are that it is a better way than ours." The Germans were also right in posting regimental officers behind the charging line, for the French and British practice of leading has resulted in a disproportionate loss of officers. Only in the air have the allies proved their superiority, but it has counted for a good deal. The Zeppelin is generally admitted to be a costly failure.

While he grants that the initiative is still in the hands of the Germans, Mr. Gardiner says that the Allies have been apt pupils in learning scientific warfare as the enemy practices it, and now they have the men, the guns and the ammunition for the second stage of the struggle. The German war machine has met every test but in the first stage the wrong men were in command. "Moltke" we are told, "was never more than the shadow of a great name." He is held responsible for the futile and costly attempts to break through on the coast, at Arras, at Antwerp and Ypres. The Crown Prince of Bavaria and the Duke of Wurttemberg are named and "nothing more." Von Kluck eliminated himself by his rash march to the southeast in front of Paris. But Germany has

procured three great soldiers in this war.

To the new chief of Staff, General Falkenhayn, is given the credit of "the renaissance of the German cause" after the battle of the Marne. Young, ambitious, thorough and inflexible, Falkenhayn at the age of 54 is not only the major strategist of the teutonic armies, but he has established an ascendancy over the Kaiser himself. Mackensen is rated as a greater commander than Hindenburg, in spite of the latter's tremendous victory in the Masurian Lakes district. More subtle, more alert and more ruthless in attack, Mackensen is the perfect type of Prussian militarism. But both are old men picked up from the discard. For the military genius on the German side we are bidden to behold Falkenhayn, who has become the most powerful figure in the nation.

REQUEST NOT GRANTED.—The s.s. Terra Nova is still hung up at Bowring's wharf, the firemen's request for \$50 a month not being acceded to.

What Are You Doing for that Eczema?

"Nothing; I've about given up trying to cure it."

"That is not wise. Do as I did and you will probably be cured in a short time. I used Zylex and Zylex Soap with it and my Eczema began to improve at once. A couple of boxes cured. You can get Zylex at your druggists."

Zylex, 50c. a box; Zylex Soap, 25c. a cake.

Zylex, London. eod.12

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Preparations For
Empire Day.

To Help the Red Cross Fund.

Mr. P. H. Steer presented a communication from the Overseas Club at the last meeting of the Patriotic Association, asking for the co-operation in a movement which was being launched by the Club all over the Empire for a collection on Empire Day by the British Red Cross and St. John Ambulance organizations, which are rendering invaluable aid for sick and wounded in the war. Messrs. H. G. Rendell, C. Steer and P. T. McGrath were chosen to confer with the W.P.A. it being assumed that this club was requesting a local collection on Empire Day. As a result of the conference it was represented to the committee mentioned that the W.P.A. intended carrying on a tag day collection throughout the island on May 24th (Empire Day), in the outskirts to provide local work of making socks, etc., for our soldiers and for hospital work in the city. At a meeting held at Government House yesterday, the following attended:—Lord Horwood, Messdames J. S. Pitts (Dr.) Macgregor, M. P. Cashin, J. A. Clift, J. Browning, C. P. Ayre, G. Byrne and Johnson representing the W.P.A., the St. John Ambulance Order and the Daughters of Empire; and Messrs. Rendell, Steer and McGrath, on behalf of the Men's Association. It was decided to take steps to inaugurate an Empire Day collection for the British Red Cross and St. John Ambulance Funds. It was intimated by the ladies that the proceeds of the lecture given to-night by Private Jensen in the British Hall and of the dramatic performance to take place Empire Night be given to this fund. It was also suggested that a Sports Day be arranged by the volunteers to take place in the afternoon. A re-union by the Bally Haly Golf Club and a general tag day will be held for the same purpose. It is hoped that the record established last fall will be broken, when on Trafalgar Day over \$10,000 was raised. Mr. Rendell was appointed chairman and Mr. Steer secretary. The outport magistrates and chairmen of the patriotic committees throughout the country will be notified by telegraph at once and asked to use their influence in this important movement. Lady Horwood, representing the W.P.A., Mrs. Browning the Red Cross, and Mrs. Johnson, Daughters of Empire will co-operate with the men's committee. His Excellency the Governor will contribute \$100 which will open the list for the Empire Day Red Cross Fund.

Arrested on Serious
Charge.

RELEASED ON \$4,000 BAIL.

At the instance of the parents of a girl of a nearby suburban section a warrant was sworn out yesterday for the arrest of a young man who was assisting in the work of drilling volunteers, and last evening Detective Tobin arrested Benjamin Hussey, aged 31 years, who is charged with rape. This morning he was admitted to bail in the sum of \$4,000, himself signing bonds for \$2,000 and each of two other parties \$1,000 to appear when called upon to answer to the charge.

First Boat Down
the River.

The s.s. Kojolivo, 3 days from Montreal, reached port this morning with a general cargo to A. Harvey & Co. The Kojolivo is of peculiar construction and is used in the Great Lakes. She is the first boat with a St. John's freight to come down the St. Lawrence River this season since the opening of navigation. She may make another trip here. Her present cargo is principally flour.

Captain Bartlett's

APPRECIATION OF MR. JAS. MURPHY.

Brigus, May 10, 1916.

Dear Sir,—I was pleased to hear from Capt. Abram Khan, that the sealing masters had presented you with a gold watch and chain. Our not being home at the time prevented us from taking part with the other masters. Since our arrival both Will and myself have been only too pleased to join with the other masters in subscribing towards your well deserved gift. We trust that you may long be spared to use your talents in verse and prose, which we all appreciate.

Yours very truly,

WILLIAM BARTLETT.

Mr. James Murphy,

Board of Works Office,

St. John's.

McMurdo's Store News

THURSDAY, May 11th, 1916.

Tiz for Tender Feet has an immense sale in the United States and has become increasingly popular in St. John's, and indeed throughout the country. Tiz is easy to use and if faithfully used as directed will soothe the feet and make them less liable to become tender again. Those who suffer from corns and blisters, or who are weary will do well to try this efficient remedy. Price 30 cents a box.

Williams' Holder Top Shaving Stick forms the most convenient means of applying this best known of soaps to the face, and does away with the possibility of messy fingers. It is also economical in use, as the stick can be used to the last half inch. Price 35c. a stick.

WORK RUSHED AT RINKS.—Carpenters are busy at the Curling and Prince's Rinks putting things in shape for the volunteers who will very soon be quartered there. The former is to be used as a mess room, and the latter, which has recently been painted inside, will be in use as a sleeping barracks. An outhouse is being erected in the lane on the north east corner of the Prince's Rink at the rear of the Queen's College ground.

A S

Ladies' Cotton
Underskirts

6 dozen only Colored Underskirts, shades of Saxe, Ecru, Grey and neat according to please, a full range of sizes. 1 each. Friday and Saturday

Apron
Ginghams

We have a fine selection of patterns in apron cloth, Blue and White mostly, come in assorted widths between 30 and 36 inches, 17c. yard. Friday and Saturday

What

BLOUSE PINS—White pins on card. Reg. card for

TOILET PINS—White pins on card. Reg. card for

Pins. Globe set. Special, each card

HAIR PINS—Black, visible, best quality. Special, 2 boxes

STATIONERY—In Envelopes and Papers. Holland, Blue, Mauve tints. Reg. each, for

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