

The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, DEC. 13, 1905

Vol. XXXIV, No. 50

Christmas Supplies.

Give us a chance to fill your order for Christmas Supplies. We have now a full line of Raisins, Currants, Spices, Essences, Peels, Icing Sugar, Baking Powder, and all other requirements for Baking. Also a full line of Fruit, Nuts and Confectionery.



Our store has gained a reputation for reliable Groceries. Our trade during 1904 has been very satisfactory. We shall put forth every effort during the present year to give our customers the best possible service.

Eureka Tea.

If you have never tried our Eureka Tea it will pay you to do so. It is blended especially for our trade, and our sales on it show a continued increase. Price 25 cents per lb.

Preserves.—We manufacture all our own Preserves, and can guarantee them strictly pure Sold wholesale and retail.

R. F. Maddigan & Co.

Eureka Grocery.

QUEEN STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I.

Removed!

We are now open for business in our New Store, two stores west of our old location, where, with increased space and improved facilities, we are in a better position to meet the requirements of our customers than previously.

Mark Wright Furnishing Co

CARPETS AND FURNITURE.

Custom Tailoring!

Gent's Furnishings, Hats, Caps, etc, etc.

Sir,—We wish to direct your attention to our stock of

NEW CLOTHS

For Fall and Winter wear. Our Cloths are imported from the very best manufacturers in England, Scotland and Ireland, and include

Worsted, Fancy Suitings,
Vicunas, Serges,
Tweeds, Trowserings,
And Fancy Vest Cloths.

Overcoatings in Vicunas, Rainproof and Fancy Worsteds.

We can guarantee satisfaction in the cutting, fitting and making up of our Clothing.

We invite you to call and examine the stock, and believe we will be able to suit you.

JOHN McLEOD & CO.

Queen Street, Charlottetown,

Before Winter Sets In Get Your Repairing Done.

Our expert repair men are at your service, and we would suggest the present as the very best time to have your furniture repaired and re-upholstered. We have a nice line of upholstery goods, we will do your work well, quickly and at a very low price. Phone 79, and we will send for your repair work.

JOHN NEWSON.

HARDWARE!

Largest Assortment, Lowest Prices.

WHOLESALE and RETAIL

Fennel & Chandler

ROBERT PALMER & CO.,

Charlottetown Sash and Door Factory,

Manufacturers of Doors & Frames, Sashes & Frames inerior and Exterior finish etc., etc.

Our Specialties

Gothic windows, stairs, stair rails, Balusters, New Posts, Cypress Gutter and Conductors, Kiln dried Spruce and Hardwood Flooring, Kiln dried clear spruce, sheathing and clapboards, Encourage home Industry.

ROBERT PALMER & CO.,

PEAKE'S No. 3 WHARF.

CHARLOTTETOWN.

OAK BRAND TEA.

In order to introduce our Oak Brand Tea we will ship and prepay freight to any station or shipping point on P. E. Island an 18 lb. caddie, and if you are not satisfied in every way return at our expense, and we will refund your money. Cut this out and enclose \$4.00 and mail to us.

McKenna's Grocery,

Box 576, Ch'town, P. E. I.

Enclosed find \$4.00 for which you will send us a caddie of tea as advertised in this paper.

(Sign full name)

(And Address)

Notes From Rome.

(N. Y. Freeman's Journal.)

The codification of Canon Law, the giant task to which Pius X. set his right hand so soon after his election to the chair of St. Peter, is to occupy for the coming year, and indeed likely for several years to come, a large part of the inner mind, so to speak, of the Church.

Immediately on their return to the Eternal City from their few weeks' rest in the country the Cardinals and Secretary of the Pontifical Commission for the Codification of Canon Law resumed their sittings, collecting, arranging, simplifying the rules and regulations that have guided the bark of Peter for two thousand years. Inspired by the example and exhortations of his Holiness, they are facing their great task with a grave sincerity and zeal that promises a great achievement.

Pius X. will have many claims on history, but his greatest fame will doubtless be as the great legislator of the universal Church. A magnificent body of written laws for the government of the Church, made plain and solid, and covering all questions of doctrine and discipline, will be his monument, and will make smoother sailing for his successors.

One of the consultants said recently: "The Vatican Council is still open, for it was only prorogued thirty-five years ago, and has not since been reconvened for reasons which it would be idle to dwell upon now. I should not be surprised if the date of its reopening were set in time to permit of the reading before all the Bishops of the Catholic world of the new ecclesiastical legislation."

Dr. O'Riordan, humble and gentle as he is, has added new lustre to the old Catholic city of Limerick in the eyes of the whole world. He was recently received in private audience by the Pope and gave his Holiness an account of the splendid Confraternity in Limerick—the Confraternity of the Holy Family which actually counts in its ranks almost every man in Limerick.

This unique state of affairs is due to the Redemptorists, who have their greatest house in Limerick and who have made it the most literally Catholic city in the world.

Shortly after Dr. O'Riordan's "Defense of Catholicity and Progress in Ireland," in answer to Sir Horace Plunket's attack on the preponderance of religion over commerce in Ireland, he was made Rector of the Irish College in Rome. He was affectionately received by the Holy Father, to whom he brought an address of loyalty and devotion to the Pope and the Holy See from this pious institution; it was signed by the Rector of St. Alphonsus' Limerick, the Very Rev. Father O'Laverty, by Father Creagh, and by Father Marrou, Spiritual Director and Vice-Director, and by two hundred names of prefects of the sections—and all these represented the five thousand six hundred men and the two thousand boys who form the magnificent corps of the Confraternity. Three nights of every week they fill to overflowing the large church of St. Alphonsus—many of them walking three and even four miles in rain, wind, or snow to the spiritual rendezvous. Sometimes it becomes necessary for the Director to expel a member for unworthy conduct, but this penalty is considered so severe and so significant of disgrace that supreme efforts are always made to avert it. Limerick people are as proud of the Confraternity as they are of their famous Siege and Treaty—which is saying a great deal. Pius X. was so pleased with the address that, instead of putting it away in one of his drawers, he wrote a beautiful autograph at the foot of it, conveying his praise and blessing to all connected with the Confraternity, and instructed Dr. O'Riordan to send it back to be preserved at St. Alphonsus as a memento of his interest in the splendid society. His Holiness also sent a special blessing to the Bishop, priests and people of Limerick, and to those of the united dioceses of Galway and Kilmacduagh whose offering of Peter P. noe was presented to him by the Irish Rector.

Mgr. Averau, the successor of the late Mgr. Chapelle as Apostolic Delegate to Cuba, is about to leave Rome for his new field of labor.

Subscriptions for the relief of the Calabrian sufferers have been generous in the extreme. The people have been made comparatively comfortable and business set a-going

again on the old footing. But the obrobos and schools are still to be rebuilt and for this end the columns of the Civita Cattolica are by the wishes of the Holy Father, the editor says, to be kept open for the contributions of the generous faithful.

In a private audience granted the other day to Mgr. Mooney, Vicar-General of New York, the Pope asked him to convey the earnest personal thanks of the Pontiff to the Archbishop of New York for the handsome offering of 25,000 francs sent by his Grace for the relief of the sufferers of Calabria.

Father O'Connor, P. S. M., has returned to Rome from the Philippines, where he was Secretary to the late Mgr. Guidi. He has been received twice in private audience by Cardinal Merry del Val.

The calm and dignified patience to the Holy See with regards to church questions in France is the wonder and admiration of the politicians in France and out of it. Pius X. said in a report for a Paris journal recently: "Many persons in France seem to be in a hurry, but I want them to know that the Pope is patient and that he does nothing in haste. We could not very well improvise a *modus vivendi* between the Church and the State. Many things are not yet known to the public at large. When the proper time comes the Pope will speak and then the Catholics will find that the Pope is their firm and most useful friend. At the same time it is the Pope's wish that French Catholics shall attempt nothing that is against the law or even outside of it. In Paris itself they know that the Holy See was more than willing to make all the concessions in keeping with its dignity and with the care it is obliged to exercise over the moral interests intrusted to its custody."

Rosa, Maria and Anna Sarto, the sisters of the Pope, continue to be the subjects of much excusable curiosity and admiration in Rome. They live in a plain but comfortable apartment over a store where prayer books, pictures, medals, rosaries and like goods are sold in a street close to the Vatican.

They live and dress very plainly and give all their time outside of household duties to visiting the sick and poor in hospitals and at their homes.

As sisters of the Pope they are entitled to be called Countesses and have a carriage and servants and make and receive calls among the aristocracy. But the Pope and they were one in refusing the honor and all it entailed and they are a model to the world of humble industry and peaceful contentment. They are not in "society."

The Sarto sisters have a telephone to the Vatican, for they go to see their brother only by appointment. "Do you see the Holy Father often?" I asked Maria today. "Twice a week, on Wednesdays and Sundays, for half an hour or an hour."

I remember Rosa having told me of his habit of looking at his watch when they go to see him, often from stress of work being obliged to hurry them off. She also had informed me that the report that the sisters dine with him once a week was quite untrue.

One day Rosa was asked how she addressed the Holy Father. "Santo Padre" or "Sua Santita" before people, but "Gieseppe" always when we are alone with him.

On Sundays the sisters assist at the Mass of the Holy Father; on other days they go to Mass at the Church of Santa Maria in Transpontina.

A pen-picture of Pius X., that is somewhat notable by reason of the journal, the Ebo de Paris, in which it makes its appearance, is being reproduced in a number of our French exchanges. Henri de Nonesane sketches the portrait; and, among other things, he says: "French opinion of the reigning Pope is very generally erroneous. Catholics and infidels see in him a 'good country pastor,' raised to supreme power contrary to every prevision of human reason, and crushed by the weight of the tiara. Pious souls pity him, and miscreants mock at him. It must be stated at once—without confusion—that what is ordinarily said of the Pope in the French parliament, and what one reads about him in most of our newspapers, is a delight to Romans,—tickling those of the Quirinal, even more than those of the Vatican. Rome laughs. But, still better, Berlin exults. Not one of our political leaders, probably, lowers as more in the opinion of foreign governments than the acts and purposes of our rulers with respect to the Holy See. We are made simply ridiculous."

"The legend of the 'good country pastor,' the sarcasms launched at Sarto, are responsible for our being considered veritable fools,

capable of believing that the son of a poor Italian village laborer could become a priest, Bishop of Mantua, Archbishop and Patriarch of Venice, then Cardinal, and finally Pope, without having given to the spiritual and temporal power of Rome strong proofs of the highest superiority."

We should like to quote further from an refreshingly frank paper, and must in any case give this appreciation of Pius X., which M. de Nonesane attributes to the Duke of Genoa: "The Pope never does anything or allows anything to be done without good reason. The man who will get the better of his personality is yet to be born. Remember the proverb: 'It takes seven Jews to trick a Genoese, and it takes seven Genoese to trick a Venetian.'"

The Southern Messenger of San Antonio, Texas, publishes, with the permission of the recipient, a letter written by a Catholic mother to a married daughter living in a place remote from religious influences, urging her to cling to the Church and to be faithful to the duties of her state of life. One paragraph of this letter deserves quoting as an illustration of how easily young folks can be taught to love religion and grounded in the practice of it when the parents are practical Christians, mindful of their obligation to give instruction and set example to their children. There is much for Catholic parents to reflect upon in this short paragraph:

If the Rosary is too long, say only a decade, naming the mystery. It is a splendid lesson, to know all the mysteries of the Rosary. In our old life at R., I never neglected daily meditation even if I had to read at dinner while the family ate theirs; and Catechism also had its place. I never knew of a complaint from my children against any holy practice, Ave Maria.

By the deaths recently of Bishop Diaz, of Tepic, and Bishop Piero, of Tamauca, both well known in R. me, as well as in Mexico, for their great piety and learning, the Mexican hierarchy is reduced in number to twenty-nine, or about two to every million of Catholics.

Irish exchanges record the death of Very Rev. Canon Kelly, P. P., of Raphoe, who was widely known and much respected throughout Donegal.

Cardinal Gotti, Prefect General of Propaganda, has just performed the episcopal consecration of Dom Raymond Netshammer, O. S. B., Archbishop of Bucharest, in the abbatical Church of St. Anselm, in Avenione. The appointment is another element in the work of the Benedictine Order on behalf of the Christian East, which has been achieved after the encyclical of Pope Leo XIII.

The passing of the separation bill will not end the struggle against religion, says the London "Catholic Times." The Catholics of that country will have to face a period of still sterner strife. Said a noted anti-clerical journalist the other day at Lille: "In a few weeks the separation of Church and State will be an accomplished legislative fact. That legislative fact constitutes the first stage, and a very modest stage it is, towards that final and complete opposition to all churches and dogmas of religion." There we have the real aim and object of all this legislative persecution against the Church. It is the first stage towards the creation of a state of society in which no revealed doctrine shall be inculcated. France is to become a pagan country, blankly materialistic in its conception of human life and conduct. The man who rules France fell under the burden of the Christian ideal. God is a trial to them. They will erase His very name. But it is just possible that the forces they have let loose will wreak such havoc soon that Freshmen will be glad to restore the old order of things and believe once more. God is still the basis of civilized manhood.

The "Osservatore Romano," the official organ of the Vatican, gives an explanation of the statement made by the superior of the Franciscans of Constantinople to the effect that he had informed the French Ambassador at Constantinople that, not desiring to remain under French protection, he had placed himself under Italian protection. The journal points out that this step was not taken in pursuance of orders from the Vatican, but that the Franciscans placed the matter under Italian protection because the French Ambassador had refused to afford them the protection they had requested.

Every Hour Delayed IN CURING A COLD IS DANGEROUS.

You have often heard people say: "It is only a cold, a trifling cough," but many a life history would read differently if, on the first appearance of a cough, it had been remedied with

DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP.

It is a pleasant, safe and effective remedy, that may be confidently relied upon as a specific for Coughs and Colds of all kinds, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Pain in Chest, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, Whooping Cough, Quinsy, and all affections of the Throat and Lungs.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Dr. Gorem.—Oh, yes, my boy, I have fought for my country.

Boy.—Weren't you scared, pa?

Dr. Gorem.—Scared? I guess you wouldn't have thought so if you had seen me charge the enemy.

Boy.—You charged 'em all right, I bet, but you couldn't make 'em pay, could you?"

Hagyard's Yellow-Oil can be applied externally for rheumatism, stiff joints, chapped hands, chilblains, sprains, etc. It can be taken internally for croup, quinsy, bronchitis, pains in the stomach, kidney complaint, etc. Price 25c.

After acquiring a considerable amount of money in the United States, a young Manchester man returned home, and decided to give his old father a treat by taking him to London to see the sights. It was a great event for the father, who had never been in a train before, and he commenced the journey with trepidation and many outspoken anticipations of dire events to follow. All went well until the train suddenly dashed into a tunnel. Bang went the old man's hat, on his son's nose as he cried: "I told you something would happen, you young villain! I'm struck blind!"

Little Tiddle (nervously, to livery stable-keeper).—Have you a very quiet horse? It must be like a lamb, neither kick nor shy, and not too fast!

Livery Stable-keeper (eyeing him contemptuously).—Certainly, gov'nor. Which'll yer have—a clothes-bror or a rookin'-bror?

If you want to quit being a weather prophet, have your rheumatism cured by Milburn's Rheumatic Pills, a guaranteed remedy for Rheumatism, Sciatica, Neuralgia and Lumbago. Price 50c at all dealers.

"Goodness!" exclaimed the policy-holder. "I hope no more of these insurance companies get tangled up."

"Hope not myself," replied the friend.

"Do you carry a policy?"

"No, but I depend on the insurance companies for my supply of blotters."

Minard's Liniment cures Colds etc.

"Did you ever try to ride the bicycle, Captain Barnacles?"

"Do you think," roared the old sailor, "that I would be found aboard a craft that had its rudder in front?"

SUFFERING WOMEN

who find life a burden, can have health and strength restored by the use of

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills.

The present generation of women and girls have more than their share of misery. With some it is nervousness and palpitation, with others weak, daisy and fainting spells, while with others there is a general collapse of the system. Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills tone up the nerves, strengthen the heart and make it beat strong and regular, create new red blood corpuscles, and impart that sense of buoyancy to the spirits that is the result of renewed mental and physical vigor.

Mrs. D. O. Donoghue, Orillia, Ont., writes: "For over a year I was troubled with nervousness and heart trouble. I decided to give Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills a trial, and after using five boxes I found I was completely cured. I always recommend them to my friends."

Price 50 cents per box or three boxes for \$1.25. All dealers or The T. Milburn Co., Limited Toronto, Ont.