

High-class Millinery **WM. FOREMAN & CO.** Priestley's Cravenette IMPORTERS.

EXTRA VALUES IN

## Hosiery and Vests FOR LADIES AND CHILDREN.

You can put this Store down for a safe place to buy your Hosiery and Vests. We would like you to prove the efficiency of this Hosiery and Vest Store Saturday and Saturday Evening.

- Vests**
- Ladies' and Children's Summer Vests.—A large stock to choose from in all qualities, in long sleeves, short sleeves, and sleeveless vests, at each..... **50c up**
- Hosiery**
- Ladies' Black Cotton Hose Elastic Hem Silk finished, fast color double process dye, extra spliced heel and toe, narrow foot, heavy sole, per pair..... **12 1-2c**
- Ladies' Black Cotton Hose, guaranteed stains, Hermsdorf black, high spliced heel and toe, Saxony made, per pair..... **18c**
- Ladies' Black Cotton Hose, Hermsdorf dye, soft lisle finish, extra spliced sole, extra high spliced heels double toes, German made, per pair..... **25c**
- Ladies' Fast Black Cotton Hose, moco split cream sole, Hermsdorf dye, double heel and toe, made in Germany, at per pair..... **25c**
- Ladies' Fast Black Cotton Hose, Louis Hermsdorf dye, natural wool sole, seamless heel, made in Saxony, at per pair..... **25c**
- Ladies' Fast Black Stainless Lisle Hose, prettily embroidered, in neat patterns, Hermsdorf dye, special per pair..... **50c**

**Wm. Foreman & Co.**

### THE WATER COMS.

The Water Commissioners met in the Clerk's office in Harrison Hall last evening to transact monthly business. There were present Chairman Sheldon, Dr. Cornell, Secretary Weir and Superintendent Jones.

The following accounts were ordered paid: Planet, \$17.50, 75c; Park Bros., 40c, \$21.46, \$12.50; J. F. Hardy Co., 82c; Doherty Manufacturing Co., \$17.99, \$35; Lake Erie Coal Co., \$70.14.

A communication was received from the Grand Trunk Railway Co. asking what changes were contemplated in their contract with the city for water. The G. T. R. it seems, by reason of the former contract, have been getting a little the best of the city in their water rates. Secretary Weir will write them regarding the new contract.

### WHAT MADE HIM STAGGER.

His Worship—Well, what have you to say to this?

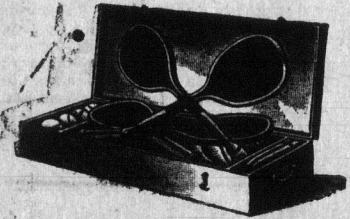
Prisoner—I was perfectly sober, yer honor.

His Worship—But the constable here says that you couldn't walk.

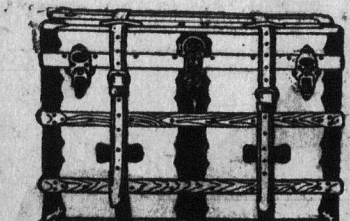
Prisoner—No, yer worship! I was staggered at the idea of his thinking I was drunk.

Dressmakers' bills are the root of many divorce suits.

The more friends a man has the more money he lends.



**BRISCO'S**—All kinds of Tennis Goods. Specials in Tennis Balls, Shoes, etc.



**BRISCO'S**—Trunks, Grips, Valises all sizes, styles and prices, Bags, &c.

WE HANDLE THE **National Portland Cement** THE CEMENT OF QUALITY ONE GRADE—THE HIGHEST.

Also Lime, Plaster, Sewer Pipe, Fire Brick, &c., at Lowest Possible Prices

**J. & A. OLDERSHAW,**

KING ST. WEST. TELEPHONE 85.

Minard's Liniment—Relieves Neuralgia.

### A STORMY DOUMA

Cossack Radical Beaten by Police.—M. Aladin Warns Ministers in Fiery Speech.—The Bialystok Report.

St. Petersburg, July 6.—There was a stormy scene at the opening of the Lower House of Parliament yesterday. M. Sidelnikoff, a radical Cossack member of the House, was beaten while in the hands of the police Wednesday night, after having been arrested for exhorting a crowd of people to resist the police, who were breaking up one of the mass meetings which are becoming more frequent. When M. Sidelnikoff was searched at police headquarters a revolver was found in his possession.

He was released later in the evening. When the House opened yesterday M. Sidelnikoff gave his version of the affair, and proposed that the House interpellate the Minister of the Interior, asking him what measures had been taken to punish the policeman who was guilty of assaulting a member of Parliament and to prevent a recurrence of such incidents in the future.

Mr. Aladin, the fiery Danton of the House, declared that he expressed the views of the group of toll when he announced that if such an incident occurred no Ministers would be permitted to speak in the House and he could not even answer for their personal safety.

The Minister's Reply.

Interior Minister Stolypin gave the House his personal assurance that ample measures would be taken to assure the inviolability of members, and if the police were guilty in this case they would be punished.

President Mouroumzeff then administered a severe rebuke to the members of the left for lowering the dignity of the House by such a demonstration. The interpellation eventually was adopted unanimously.

After recess Mr. Stolypin presented the Bialystok report. In a speech he emphasized the inefficiency of M. Stolypin's measures, in the early stages, to stop the rioting and said that Police Lieut. Sheromietz and other organizers of the riot in Bialystok acted under secret inspiration and influences more powerful than the Minister, thus plainly indicating Gen. Tropeff, although his name was not mentioned.

Permitted Killing.

M. Stolypin declared that the evidence obtained proved the following facts:

1. That no religious race prejudice existed to warrant the measure.
2. That the rioting was deliberately prepared by accusing the Jews of being revolutionists.
3. That the day of the riot was announced in advance by the authorities.
4. That the administration and the troops acted lawlessly in permitting the systematic killing of peaceful Jews, including women and children, under the guise of suppressing a revolution, and that six of the military and civil authorities not only assisted, but participated in the murders, tortures and robbery.

In conclusion M. Stolypin presented the recommendation of the commission that Interior Minister Stolypin and War Minister Rudiger be interpellated, asking that if steps have been taken to prosecute the guilty civil and military officials.

John Bull's Congratulations.

London, July 6.—A large number of signatures of members of the British Parliament have been attached to a message which will be forwarded to the Russian Parliament, extending to it the congratulations of the oldest to the youngest Parliament, and expressing the hope that some of the members of the latter will attend the international arbitration conference to be held at the end of July.

Where laughter never comes, the doctor is sure to.

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

## LOCAL OPTION WAS QUASHED

But Owen Sound will Stay Dry Pending an Appeal

### MANY IRREGULARITIES

Toronto, July 6.—Judgment was yesterday morning given by Mr. Justice Mahe quashing the local option by-law in Owen Sound. A vote was taken on the question and resulted in a poll of 1,238 for and 762 against local option. The result was disputed by a ratepayer, who moved to have the by-law quashed.

Mr. Wallace Nesbitt, K.C., appearing on behalf of W. H. Sinclair, a contractor of Owen Sound, charged that women had lobbied and been influential in securing the vote. He also specified other irregularities.

His Lordship in giving judgment finds that the courts do not interfere with the preponderating will of the electors except for the clearest and plainest of reasons.

No Authority For This Notice.

It was argued that the by-law was not duly approved, because the ratepayers in the different wards were not allowed to vote where their names appeared on the lists. The decision quotes in full the printed proclamation issued by the Town Clerk to the effect that voters must poll in the subdivisions in which they resided and there only, and calling attention to the statutory penalty for voting more than once.

"There is no authority in the act for giving a notice of this sort," says his Lordship, "and the Town Clerk was a friend of the by-law."

The act is quoted to show the ratepayers are entitled to vote in each ward where they are qualified, and although the Town Clerk claimed that wards had been abolished in Owen Sound by by-law in 1898, the by-law did not have this effect.

### 316 Good Votes Thrown Out.

As ratepayers were entitled to vote in each ward where they were qualified, Mr. Justice Mahe finds that 316 votes against the measure were thrown out which should have been counted, and it was shown that in addition 100 people voted who had no right to. These favored the by-law, and this reduces the majority to 40 votes. It was contended that there was nothing to show that the 573 votes to which 287 persons in one ward were entitled to in all wards were cast, and if so this effectively sets aside the by-law; on the other hand, if 287 were assumed to have voted, the majority of 476 is reduced to 160, and the 100 illegal votes reduces it to 60.

"It appears that some at least who had no votes not only voted, but were very energetic supporting the law. Practically a threat of prosecution was held over the heads of the voters," says the judgment.

"The very greatest confusion was likely to arise from the similarity in size and color in the local option and the Keenan by-law, in his Lordship's opinion, and error actually did occur, a clerkman and a banker voting in mistake."

"The applicant complains of many irregularities connected with the vote, and certainly very many existed."

On the 28th of June, 1906, the clerk, Charles Gordon, entirely omitted to supply with the provisions of secs. 152 and 153, but furnished each deputy with a large printed volume, entitled "voters' lists of the town of Owen Sound," declaring it to be the revised list.

"Many irregularities were attributed to the carelessness of deputy returning officers."

"In one case James Buchanan, deputy returning officer in No. 10, and Joseph Meburn, poll clerk. The deputy certified that all proper entries had been made in the poll book. There were 287 votes recorded at the poll, yet the poll book does not show that a single voter voted on either of the by-laws."

"Very many glaring omissions and irregularities," observes his Lordship, "appear in connection with proceedings upon the vote, leading to a reasonable conclusion that the election officials were selected without regard to fitness. I think the by-law must be quashed, with costs to be paid by the town corporation to the applicant."

There Will Be A Witness.

Mayor Joyce, Owen Sound, wired the license department yesterday that the local option by-law had been quashed and requested that no licenses be issued in the town pending the result of an appeal against the decision. The department telegraphed the chairman of the commissioners of North Grey saying that no licenses are to be issued until the appeal is disposed of.

### Climbs Mt. Ruvenor.

Rome, July 6.—King Victor Emmanuel yesterday received a telegram from the Duke of Abruzzi, a cousin of His Majesty, died at Uganda, Central Africa, announcing that on June 18 he had succeeded in reaching the summit of Mount Ruvenor, which had never been climbed. The mountain is situated between Albert Nyanza and Albert Edward Nyanza, and is about 15,000 feet above the level of the sea.

### School Teacher Drowned.

Brougham, July 6.—Geo. R. Brown was drowned yesterday afternoon at Pickering. Mr. Brown was with a Sunday school party from here at Lake Ontario, and while in bathing got beyond his depth. Mr. Brown had been teaching school at Locust Hill, Ont., for the past year.

### David Marshall Nominated.

London, July 6.—David Marshall, president of the Canadian Cannery Association, was yesterday unanimously nominated to contest the riding of East Elgin in the vacancy caused by the appointment of Andrew Ingram, M.P., to the Ontario Railway and Municipal Board.

### Gored by a Cow.

Hamilton, July 6.—William Bickle Dundas, was fatally gored by a cow last evening. He was brought to St. Joseph's Hospital.

If courage is gone, all is gone.

## QUESTION OF LAW

London May Experience Some Difficulty in Keeping Electrical Company From The Maple City

London, Ont., July 5.—A meeting of the Manufacturers' committee has been called for Friday afternoon. Mr. E. J. Sifton, manager of the London Electrical Construction Company, which has an offer to go to Chatham, will be asked to attend and state what terms the company desires to make with this city to remain here. There is a strong possibility that the city will make the case of the Electrical Construction Company a test one as regards the power of municipalities to attempt to bribe industries to leave other municipalities.

The matter above referred to was discussed at the Industrial meeting held in Harrison Hall last evening, and there is just some doubt as to what powers London has to act in the matter.

The International Electric Co. have made arrangements to come here, and the city holds a signed agreement from the directors, to which Mr. Stephenson's name is attached. This agreement binds the company to come here provided their by-law is passed.

### IT'S A BUGABOO.

Ald. Chas. Austin, chairman of the Industrial committee, in an interview this morning, said with regard to the claim made by London, that Chatham is endeavoring to lure away one of their industries:

"I have never had any communications or negotiations with the Electrical Construction Co. of London. We have been dealing entirely with the International Electric Co., and I had a conversation over the phone with one of their prominent officials yesterday, and he assured me that they had no intention of considering any proposition from London or anywhere else. They signed the agreement with us in good faith and intend to await the results on July 20."

"If the directors of Chatham indicate by their votes that they want the industry, the directors guarantee that they will locate here."

### SHOULD BE REMOVED

After the storm of some weeks ago, the trees along Wellington street, west were trimmed of broken branches, and the brush was deposited in heaps along the boulevards and the pavements.

These old limbs have been left where they were piled, and they have become ugly eye-sores along one of the prettiest residential thoroughfares in Chatham. They not only mar the appearance of the boulevard by killing the grass beneath them, and the piles on the pavement are an aggravating obstruction to traffic.

### A ROWDY FOURTH

Number Killed 28; Wounded 2,789 Damage by Fire \$66,450.

Chicago, July 6.—The Tribune yesterday publishes its ninth annual summary of the deaths and injuries caused throughout the United States by Wednesday's celebration of the declaration of independence. The figures up to an early hour yesterday were as follows:

Dead—35; by fireworks 1, by cannon 1, by firearms 11, by explosives 7, by toy pistols 4, by runaway 1, by drowning 5.

Injured—2,789; by fireworks 1,099, by cannon 261, by firearms 393, by explosives 497, by toy pistols 304, by runaways 35.

Fire loss, \$66,450.

Last year 42 persons were killed outright, but when lockjaw and other diseases induced by injuries completed their work over 400 lives had been sacrificed.

### U. S. Consul Hurt.

Kingston, July 6.—Howard D. Vanarsdale, U. S. consul at this port, met with an accident Wednesday at Capt Vincent. A giant fire-cracker prematurely exploded in his hand, which was somewhat shattered, but no serious results are anticipated.

### NOW UP FOR BIGAMY.

Young Woman Acquitted of Man-Killing Arrested Again.

Montreal, July 6.—Miss Tracy, nee Eva Beard, who was acquitted Wednesday evening at Sweetsburg by the coroner's jury of the charge of murdering Howard, is once more under arrest. At the inquest Eva Beard, the admitted player of Howard, gave her age as 24. She was alone in her home with her two children when Howard came in, she said, and he asked where her husband was. She told him Ed was in the guest washing the wagon. Howard looked through the window and said "Ed is coming." She went to the window to look out, when Howard grabbed her.

When Howard rushed at her with open arms, she grabbed the first thing to hand, which was the gun. She told him that unless he got out she would tell Ed, and when he came towards her again she leveled the gun and fired. When he fell she ran to Mrs. Gleason's.

She declared she had married Ed. Tracy at Richmond, Vt., five years ago, but knew that he had another wife living. She has a marriage certificate. She knew the deceased, and declared that he had previously tried to assault Nancy Whitehead, Emma Beard and Floyd Todd.

### Financial conditions after a good many legal cases.

The married man is seldom older than he looks.

## A SANITARY INSTITUTION

The Kent Canning Factory Is now in the Midst of a Busy Season

### THE PROCESS EXPLAINED

There is an axiom that cleanliness is next to Godliness, and in nothing else is the truth of the saying more apparent than in the preparation of food. Modern living conditions have made the canned eatable, which not very long ago was looked upon as a novelty, an indispensable household necessity and now, it is safe to say, a very large percentage of the world's everyday food is contained in the brightly-labelled tins that daily emanate in such large quantities from the canning factories.

At the same time, although the canned article finds its way into nearly every home, there are many people who oppose its introduction on the grounds that the food is not prepared under their own supervision and is, therefore, liable to be unclean. In Canada there are several large canning factories, one of the biggest of which is situated in our own city, and it was with the intention of finding out the exact way in which operations are carried out in the local establishment that The Planet paid the Kent Canning Factory a call yesterday afternoon.

One of the first things that caught the reporter's eye upon entering the building was a notice to employees, painted in large letters on one of the walls. It read, "We are preparing food; cleanliness is absolutely necessary," and all through the factory scrupulous cleanliness told that the notice was being observed. At half a dozen tables sat over a score of women and girls busily picking the tops off strawberries and washing the fruit in basins of cold water. Enquiry elicited the fact that this was the first stage in the preparation of the fruit, which is at present being canned, and the remainder of it proceeds was followed with great interest by The Planet man.

After leaving the pickers the hands the berries are emptied into a "shaker," which automatically fills the cans, and upon leaving the shaker the latter pass into the hands of a part of girls who stand at a long table and pack in enough berries to fill the small space left empty by the shaker. The cans are then filled with a heavy syrup and are passed over the "canning" machine, where they commence a series of adventures along a revolving belt which, after they have encountered the soldering machine, finally pushes off on a table all ready for steaming.

This steel belt carries them from the wiper, which cleans off all the splashed syrup, etc., and in its passage to the soldering apparatus, the can engages an adding machine which amours the top around the opening with an acid in order to allow of the small tin caps, laid over the opening by the nimble fingers of girls, to be soldered on. In the soldering machine a dozen cans are dealt with at a time, the method employed being a marvel of ingenuity.

The cans enter the machine on the main revolving belt and when the required number are in place they are pushed under a set of circular soldering irons, which, in themselves, embody a variety of clever devices, the solder being automatically fed to them from reels, and the heat being maintained by fine gas jets. While the hot irons are securely sealing the first batch another dozen are filling into place and, as soon as they are all ready, the soldered cans are pushed out and carried away on a second belt to the examining table, while the others take their place.

Upon arrival at the examining table the cans are looked over and the perfectly soldered ones are placed in racks on a truck by which they are conveyed to the "ovens" or "steamers," in which they are cooked. This method of cooking the fruit after it is in the can is the most up-to-date one in use and has superseded the old style of filling the can with the cooked fruit and trusting to luck to preserve it.

After cooking, the cans are immersed in a long trough of water through which they are carried by a slowly-moving belt which finally delivers them to the packers, who stow them away into boxes ready for the final labelling and shipping. It must be mentioned, however, that before the cans are labelled they are left in the boxes with their ends outward to admit of inspection for at least two weeks. If there has been the slightest defect in the canning process the ends of the can bulge out during this time and these spoiled ones, known as "swells," are taken out and destroyed. By this means the factory proprietors are assured that all the goods sent out by them are in the very best of condition, no chances being left for any air to reach the inside of the cans and set up fermentation, and as far as the visitor can judge, it could not be improved upon, but a few remarks on the general conditions under which the work is carried on are required to fulfil the purpose of this short article. The predominant feature of the whole factory is cleanliness. There are tons of clean water in use, plenty of strict supervision of their work, and an all-round and successful attempt to carry on the canning process under clean and wholesome conditions seems to be the animating spirit of

## SATURDAY SHIRT SPECIAL

Still another of those wonderful Shirt Specials, but this one is better than ever.

Saturday morning we will place on sale a large shipment of Negligee Shirts in a score of new patterns, in all sizes, some with separate cuffs, others with cuffs attached. The regular values are 50c. and 75c. For Saturday only your choice

**39c.**

Think what this little price means with all cotton goods at top notch prices—but you will find these shirts exactly as we say, 50c- and 75c. values.

**THORNTON & DOUGLAS,**

...LIMITED...

### BOOKBINDING

Orders for Bookbinding should be left at this office. It is surprising how nice a volume can be made of those magazines, even though they are somewhat soiled from much handling. Books, Magazines or Periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books, with any kind of ruling, made to order. PLANET OFFICE, CHATHAM.

### R. W. RUTHERFORD, M.B.

SPECIALIST. EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT.

GENITO-URINARY DISEASES. 33 KING ST., EAST, CHATHAM, ONT.

## Let Your Proclamation

BE TO POSSESS YOUR OWN HOME YOU'LL BE MORE

## Independent...

We will make it easy for you by selling you a first-class Building Lot in Elms Sub-Division, Head of King Street, at \$120, \$160, \$240. Only few higher; \$10.00 down, \$5.00 or more per month. Representative at our tent on the grounds from 3 to 5, and 6 to 8 30 every afternoon and evening.

## Select Your Lot Today.

### ROTHWELL & CO.

General Agents.

SMITH & SMITH,

Local Agents.

## YE OLD FIRM Heintzman & Co

Summer bargains are now offered for a number of first-class instruments. These are sold on easy terms of monthly payments of from two dollars and upwards, with small cash deposit.

1 Bell & Co. organ, 5 oct., small square case, all reconditioned, special at \$10.

1 Canada Organ, 5 oct., large square case, 4 sets of reeds, special at \$15.

1 Estey Organ, 5 oct., 5 stops, 4 sets of reeds, just the instrument for a school, special at \$20.

1 Karn Organ, 5 oct., 7 stops, 2 couplers, 4 sets of reeds and coupler, \$25.00.

1 D. Bell & Co., medium high back, \$25.

1 Doherty 5 oct., 4 sets of reeds and coupler \$25.00.

1 Square Heintzman & Co., square piano, 7 1/2 octaves, carved legs and lyre, rosewood case, in perfect condition, \$150.

1 L. Gilbert upright, of Boston, in rosewood case, \$80.

1 Courlay Piano by Courlay, Winter & Leeming, of Toronto, only a few months in use. Regular \$450 piano, now \$275.

1 Waters square (American) 7 1/2 oct., carved legs and lyre, rosewood case, a splendid instrument, special at \$125.

HEINTZMAN & CO.

## LOOK!

Anyone desirous of purchasing a five or ten acre Plot of Land for gardening or other purposes would do well to consult me at once, as I have several such for Sale. The soil is At, the plots are almost adjoining the city, not more than three-quarters of a mile from the Market, and the price is right for quick selling.

**ARTHUR J. DUNN,**

Real Estate and Insurance,

Fifth Street, Next Harrison Hall.

Phone 109.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.