The Chatham Daily Planet.

VOL. XI

CHATHAM, ONT., SAIURDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1902.

NO. 307

************************************* Sale of Dress Goods Remnants

To-night and Monday

Ends from 11/2 to 4 yards of the choicest black and colored dress goods that have been offered this season, on sale to-night and Monday marked at about one-half regular value. An opportunity to buy a waist, a skirt or a girl's

filk Waists

What more convenient than to buy a nice waist ready to wear? No bother over making, fittings or trimmings-all ready to put right on. The prettiest ection you can see is at this store. Silk waists made in the most approved style, trimmed with hem-stitching, tucks and folds, in shades of black, cream, navy, grey, sky, pink and cardinal, excellent values at

Coal is high, comforters are low, as a matter of economy you need to buy a comforter,—no need to make a heavy investment, a little goes a long way at this store in the comforter line. Acceptable as a Christmas gift—very.

Comforters in double bed sizes,

Comforters for Christmas

covered with fine silkolene, sateen and chinty, filling guaranteed clean and free from odor, special values at

\$4.25, 5.CD and 6.00 \$1.50, 2.00 and 3.00

:=: HOSIERY :=:

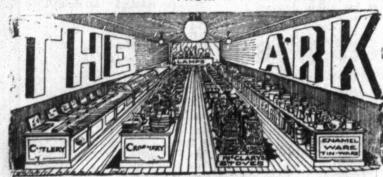
Whether you want stockings for men, women, children, boys or girls, we can offer you values you will find it hard to equal anywhere. This cold snap will remind you of your hosiery needs. Come in and let us attend to them.

Boys' heavy ribbed woollen hose, special for hard winter wear, all sizes, 50 in to 10 in at per pr. 18c to

Children's and misses' ribbed Cashmere hose, special for fine wear, winter weight, sizes 5 in to 91/2 in. at 121/2: pr. to 250 Ladies' black Cashmere hose, and winter weight plain woollen hose, very special values at per pr.

IMPORTERS ********************

2 OREETINGS 1902



WE GREET YOU this season with the choicest lines of HOLIDAY GOODS that were ever imported into this city, being the best that could be procured. Will not attempt to describe ou. stock of Japanese, French and German China. A visit to this store will interest anyone looking for something choice and useful for a gift to a friend, or something nice for yourself. "The Ark" never forgees the wants of the little folks; as usual we are well prepared with dolls, dolls' furniture, picture books, games, sleighs, skates and lots of toys for 'Santa Claus' to distribute among the boys and girls, In our next ad. we will direct you to the spot in "The Ark" where you will find the different lines of goods. Will be in full swing next week ready for the rush. Come early and make your selection and avoid the crush. Remember this store is the best spot to get your Christmas

H. Macaulay, 89 King St. *************************************

SMASH-UP

The Block Signal Did Not Work at Comber-No Person Was Injured.

Comber, Dec. 5 .- A smash-up occurred on the M. C. R. here last evening. It appears that the west bound way freight was pulling across the eastbound tracks in its endeavor to reach the freight sheds. The block signal barring all trains coming east had been set, but refused to work. An east-bound freight was observed coming at the speed of 40 miles an hour. Danger signals were given. The enpanger signals were given. The en-gineer of the incoming train reversed his engine, applied the emergency breaks, and he and his fireman jump-ed. An empty car was derailed and smashed, the east-bound engine being disabled. Fortunately no one was in-

ARRESTED

Mrs. Lawrence Slapped a Bailiff in the Face at Thamesville -Delayed Their Moving.

Thamesville, Dec. 4.-Mr. and Mrs. Harry J. Lawrence were on the eve of their departure for Grand Rapids, Mich., when George A. Dicskon, local representative of the Noxon Manufacturing Co., had Lawrence's effects, which were at the G. T. R. station, seized for a debt of \$70 on a drill. Mrs. Lawrence objected to this procedure, and made an attack on Bailiff McEachren, slapping him in the face and threatening to do him bodily harm with a pitchfork. Mrs. Lawrence was arrested, and upon her husband's interfering, he was also placed behind the bars.

SERIOUS OFFENSE

"I'm going to make a severe examle of some of the boys who are continually meddling with the electric lights," said Supt. Jones, of the electric light department to The Planet

yesterday.
"One of the young miscreants brok lamp at the corner of William and Park streets the other night. He is known, and his father has had to pay for it since. Last night some boys fooled with a light at the corner of Hyslop and Park streets. An earth was made and a pole a half a mile almost from it on Park street was almost burned down and put out the lights. Now, had one of the Moores happened to come along or had any one else tried to fix it he might have been killed. A new pole will have to be put in where the other was burn-ed. If the culprits are caught they will be made a severe example of as a lesson to other would-be offenders."

QUARANTINE EXTENDING.

ILLINOIS STATE HAS ADOPTED SWEEPING MEASURE.

Orders a Quarantine Against Quebec, Ontario, Pennsylvania and New York-Railway Men's Views.

Montreal, Dec. 6.-The latest phase of the cattle embargo is the notification of the Canadian Pacific and Grand Trunk Railways that the Governor of the State of Illinois has, upon the recommendation of the Board of Commissioners of the State, ordered a quarantine not only against the infected New England States but also those bordering on them, including New York and Pennsylvania, as well as the I'rovinces of Quebec and Ontario, and, furthermore, prohibiting the entry of cars from these listricts.

Mr. T. A. MacKinnon, First Vice-President and General Manager of the Boston & Maine, who is in the city, says the embargo is having a serious effect on the New England roads. When he lest Boston last evening they were preparing to slaughter 6,000 head of cattle which had been held up there.

Toronto, December 6.— Speaking

situation to-day. James Hardwell, assistant general freight agent of the Intercolonial Rail-way, said:—"In dealing this week with the prohibition of five stock exports through the New England States the press has attributed certain statements o officials of the Canadian Pacific Railway which are calculated to mislead the public, and particularly the exporters of cattle and sheep to Great Britain. Assuming these gentlemen to have ben correctly reported, it may charitably be taken for granted that they had no in tention of prejudicing the Intercolonial, the one railway which is in a position to nelp them and the exporters out of their present difficulties."

London, Dec. 6 .- The Board of Agriculture has intimated its willingness to remove the embargo on cattle arriving from New England ports whenever the American Department of Agriculture considers the outbreak is suppressed. The board issued to-night an order enabling the landing of cattle under certain restrictions from the steamers which left Boston some days ago for Liverpool and London. Importers here say that the opening of British ports to Canadian live cattle is not only improbable, but if done would not favorably affect the English meat supply, because it is cheaper to sell Canadian range steers in the United States and ship them dressed to England than to import them alive here to be fattened for

FIGHT WITH MUTINEERS,

TRAGIC STORY OF REVOLT ON A BRITISH SHIP.

The Captain and the Second Officer Shot-Mutineers Made Escape on

Queenstown, Dec. 6 .- The British ship Leicester Castle, Captain Peattie, from San Francisco, July 26, arrived here. Her commander reported that on September 2 three American seamen mutinied, and Captain Peattie and his second officer were shot, the latter fatally, after an encounter with the mutineers who left the ship on a raft in mid-

Captain Peattie gives the names of the mutineers as W. A. Hobbs, Earnest Sears and Turner. They were all shipped at San Francisco.

The second officer, Mr. Nixon, was shot while attempting to rescue the captain. In the darkness the mutineers got a few planks and coops, formed a raft and launched it from the ship, which was then about 300 miles north of the Pitcairn Islands. The captain searched for the raft the next day, but it was not sighted and it is surmised that it went to

Sir Hiram Maxim's Trip.

London, Dec. 6.-Sir Hiram Maxim will shortly leave Eng-land for the United States. He expects to remain about two years in the United States, during which time he hopes to carry out numerous experi-ments with flying machines. He says that if he does not build an airship him-self it is quite possible that he may be-come a consulting engineer on the sub-iect for other narties.

THE REFERENDUM.

RETURNS ARE STILL FAR FROM BEING COMPLETE.

THE PROHIBITIONISTS CLAIM A MAJORITY OF 60,000.

THEY HAVE 52,346 AS THE VOTE NOW STANDS.

Toronto, Dec. 6.—The returns of the referendum are still coming in very slowly. Most of the northern districts are yet to be heard from, and it will probably require the official declarations to give anything like a reliable total of the vote cast for and against the act.

It is now absolutely certain that the necessary majority to enforce the act

necessary majority to enforce the act will not be obtained. At Prohibition headquarters yesterday it was anticipated that the vote would exceed 160,-000, with a majority of somewhat over

50,000 for the act.

The figures published this morning are those of the latest returns available till 1 a.m., and show 128,815 votes for the act and 76,469 against it. This gives a majority at present of 52,346, so that the claim of the Prohibition leaders, that the majority will be over 60,000, seems to be a very reasonable one.

"From the vote as far as known, I would not like to say that Ontario is ready for prohibition." So said Premier Ross yesterday, who, when seen by a representative of The Globe, was busy studying the referendum returns, as revealed by the morning papers. "If we had the full vote it would furnish a more accurate basis for drawing conclusions. One significant incident of the campaign was the attack made upon the bar-rooms as the most obnoxious feature of the liquor traffic, and if one were to be guided by that note of the campaign it would seem as if that phase of the question was the one most to be considered in dealing with the question

in the future. "Judging by the result of the vote on prohibition in Toronto, and at some other points, as far as we have yet seen the figures, it would almost appear as if the statement made by the dealers yesterday that the Conservative zations throughout the country had used their influence to carry the measure in order to embarrass the Gov-"For instance, in the City of Toron-

to, the majority against the Government

in the last election was 3,439, whereas the majority in favor of prohibition was 1,630. In 1898 also the vote in Toronto was very strongly against the Government, amounting to 2,827. A curious circumstance in the election is the vote in North Toronto. In the last election Mr. Marter was defeated by a majority of 232, and prohibition carried by a majority of 1.574. Mr. Marter advocated in the House every amendment to the liquor act which was proposed by the prohibition party, and on that account had a special claim upon the support of the prohibitionists. Yet When defeated. vote was taken on prohibition there was a large majority in a measure not even quite as favorable to the prohibitionists as the one Mr. Marter advocated. How is this? Did the prohibitionists in the last election vote for party candidate as against Mr. Marter, or has there

been an extraordinary change of heart since the general election? "Another feature of the campaign quite conspicuous is that so many cities, and I have no doubt when we get the full returns, many constituencies also, that supported Mr. Whitney's candidate rejected entirely Mr. Whitney's views on the question of prohibition. Take Tor-onto and Hamilton as illustrations. The four Torontos voted Whitney as a party man. Two of the Torontos voted against Whitney on the question of prohibition. Hamilton supported and elected two Conservative candidates. Hamilton rejected also Mr. Whitney's policy. Working the matter out in detail in some of the other cities, similar results are apparent. If Stratferd had given a major ity for the Liberal condidate it gave for prohibition, the decision in North Perth would have been very much changed. The same may be said of Guelph and some other cities and certainly for a large number of towns in the Province. It is quite evident therefore that a great many people in their zeal for the party candidate supported him as against their views on the question of prohibition. Of course if the same aggregate vote had been polled thre ghout the Province. as was polled in the general election a more accurate deduction could be drawn from the situation as it now appears. But with such illustrations as Toronto, Hamilton, Stratford, Guelph and some of the large towns the inference I have drawn from the result of the vote seems

a reasonable one. "When full returns are received I shall be able to speak with greater confidence as to the situation."

NOVEL BANQUET

The Young People's Society of the William street Baptist church introduced a little innovation at the conclusion of their meeting last night in the shape of an oyster supper and an impromptu toast list. The following were the speechmakers and their subjects-

The Ladies Aid Society-Jno. Reeve The Sunday School-Miss Hayne. The Prayer Meeting—Mr. Hinds.
The Young People—T. M. Tennent.
The Choir—Mr. Jewell.
The Pastor—M. Side.

PAVEMENT FILLER

Engineer E. B. Jones, E. A. Mounteer, chairman of the Board of Works; John Kenna, of the Do ion Paving Co.., and Robert Gray, who visited Detroit yesterday, investigated the Detroit pavements

The City Engineer, when seen by Planet representative to-day, said,-"We found the pavements, where tar was used that we visited, were generally very unsatisfactory. We found the cracks between the bricks not filled with tar but with dirt, and in many places the bricks were

together and it powders up, leaving the pricks with nothing but the loose dirt between them."

SOUTH OXFORD ARGUMENT

COURT ASKED TO DECLARE THE SEAT VACANT.

Blake on the Methods Used to Obtain Evidence - Mr. Watson Says Mr. Blake Used Idle and Mischievous Language.

Teronto, Dec. 6.-The argument one charge which the decided been proved in the South Oxford election petition against the return of Mr. Donald Sutherland, that of hiring rigs by agents of the respondent, was heard yesterday before Justices Street and Britton. The court did not give any decision, adjourning till Monday morning at 10 o'clock.

Mr. George H. Watson, K.C., and Mr. A. G. Slaght represented the petitioners and Mr. S. H. Blake, K.C., and Edmund Bristol the respondent.

Mr. Watson first addressed the court. and quoted from the Ontario controverted elections act as to the nature of the corrupt practices necessary to them there were two distinct charges in one, relating to one Skinner, a liveryman, and to Walker Bros., also liverymen. In one case three rigs were rented, two double rigs charged to J. L. Patterson at \$10 and one single rig at \$3.50. In the second case three rigs were charged to Patterson and Stephen

These acts, Mr. Watson contended, were six distinct acts of corruption. Hiring each rig was a separate and distinct corrupt act, and this was a continuation of corrupt acts from the opening to the close of the poll. Mr. Watson argued that the vote of every voter carried in these rigs should be struck off as a result of these corrupt

The fact, too, that their Lordships had disagreed on other charges was of importance in the application of sec

Answering Mr. Watson, Mr. S. H. Blake said that out of 114 charges made only one had been allowed. He claimed the election had been conducted in as pure a manner as any conducted for 40 or 50 years in this Province. Mr. Blake referred to the methods that had been adopted to secure charges. If it had been possible to have obtained other charges no means would have been left undone to do it. Every unlawful effort that the mind of man could con-ceive of to debase and debauch and turn the constituency into a carnival of crime, efforts that must stink in the nostrils of honest men, had been done here. No means were too low or debasing to go into to smirch the respondent; but he had come through the ordeal untouched, with only one charge proved, and that in itself not corrupt, but by the act of

Parliament in which it was declared to In concluding Mr. Blake argued that the carrying of some dozen or fifteen voters could not affect a majority of

In his reply Mr. W tson remarkthat he had nothing from the re-spondent himself to clear himself from participation in corrupt acts, and that was very vital. The respondent had never stated poblicly nor to the court that he had made efforts to have a clean election. On the contrary, they had him before the court charged with a corrupt act in which he said he had no memory and could not help the court-Mr. Blake therefore had no right to take a higher stand than the respondent

Mr. Watson characterized Mr. Blake's remarks regarding the methods adopted for obtaining eviden as "idle and extravagant language, used for improper and ulterior purposes

CCLD IN PRITAIN.

Londoners Expect to Have Skating on wanday.

London, Dec. 6 .- Pitter, cold weather continues to prevail throughout the United Kingdom. Cales and heavy seas interfer with the channel traffic, and there have been many minor casualties among the shipping. The fall of snow is general, including the Channel Islands, which is almost unprecedented. Londoners expect stating on Sunday. Similar conditions exist on the continued

BRUNET'S ELECTION.

ERY AND PERSONATION.

RETURNING OFFICER HETU ON THE STAND.

HE ADMITS SUBSTITUTING BRU-NET BALLOTS

Montreal, Dec. 6 .- After months of

objections, including appeals to the Supreme Court, the petition against the election of ex-Ald. Joseph Brunet in St. James' division came yesterday before the court upon its merits. At the open-ing, acting Chief Justice Sir Melbourne Tait and Mr. Justice Loranger dismissed the motions made Thursday on behalf of the defence to stay the proceedings because the record had been transmitted to the Supreme Court. The court granted the motion presented on behalf of the petitioner to proceed on duly certified copies of the record. The bill of particulars makes some extraordinary charges. After naming 'hose who are said to be agents, and all ging that the defendant personally or through his agent distributed large sums of money for corrupt purposes, the sixth article declares that a wholesale system of personation was organized by the persons named in the arst allegation, and that the persons so named caused per sons to vote in the place and stead of electors whose names appeared on special clerical lists. The names of the pr sons so employed and paid to personate electors are given. It is further charged that for the purpose of carrying out the personation the defendant, personally or through the agency of the persons named, called together on the eve of voting day at the defendant's central committeeroom the persons charged with the business of personating, to introduce them to the representatives of the defendant in each poll, and to give them the names of the representatives and deputy returning officers in each of the polls. It is further charged that on the ducted to the cellar of Charles T. Moore's establishment, and that there and then the defendant's agents distried to the personators identification cards and badges, consisting of pins with a blue head, and, after having treated them with brandy and given

them money, distributed them by groups of two or more among the different polls of the division. The only witness examined was Ro dolphe Hetu, deputy returning officer for poll No. 37, who admitted the main facts of the frauds and assumed responsibility for them. For these he has al ready pleaded guilty and served sen Mr. Brunet, M.P., was in court and laughed considerably as the different points were brought out. The re port that he has resigned on account of irregularities by agents is untrue so far, and the court will meet again tomorrow morning.

THE VENEZUETAN CLAIMS. Will be Collected by Seizure of the Customs.

Dec. 6.—The of the British claims against Venezuela cannot be ascertained from Parliamentary papers or official sources. The aggregate bill o' damages is believed to fall considerably below that presented by the German Government. The accounts taken together will, however, justify the seizure of the customs of two of the chief Venezuelan ports, and without the revenue ordinarily collected there, both upon exports and imports, the Government carnot be maintained. Consequently there is a strong probability that the Venezuelan authorities will nake a belated attempt to provide for the settlements of the claims rather than ose control of La Guayra and Puerto Cabello, and there'y strengthen the hands of the insurgents.

Experts familiar with the trade of Venezuela under normal conditions point out that the customs revenues are chiefderived from the imports of flour from the United States and Canada, and the exports of coffee to the same markets, and that the seizure of the customs for the settlement of the British and German claims would involve the payment of just debts through the duties upon commerce from and with the two untries named.

NEW RAILWAY PLANS.

WESTERN ROAD VIA ONTARIO TO BUFFALO.

Canadian Engineers Making Surveys -New Bridge Across Niagara River at Tonawanda.

Buffalo, Dec. 6,-The incorporation in this State of the Niagara Transfer Company of Buffalo, to construct a steam railroad between Tonawanda and Buffalo, and the application filed at Ottawa by the Niagara Grand Island Bridge Company for an extension of time in which to complete its works, taken in connection with the fact that Canadian engineers have been making a survey of

he land on the Canadian Side of Niagthe land on the Canadian side of Niagara River, opposite the north end of Grand Island, have given rise to many rumors. It is stated that a western road will seek entrance to Buffalo through the Province of Ontario, that a new bridge will be built across the Niagara River at Tonawands, and that the Niagara Transfer Bailway will be the connecting link with an eastern road. A special to The Express from Tonawanda says:—The Niagara Transfer Railway will connect with a road which the Northern Pacific contemplates building across Grand Island to Tonawanda.

Municipal Trading.

Dec. 6.-James Carter Municipal Journal exhaustive table showing that the estimated profits of various undertakings, such as gas, water, electric supplies and tramways, are equal, in Liverpool, to a rate of ten pence per pound, and fall from that maximum to a single farthing at Halifax. The evidence is conclusive that the local taxes would be higher in many English towns if municipal trading were not a source of

if municipal trading were not a source of considerable profit.

This conclusion will not satify Sir Edward Clark, who, a ter poaching upon literary preserves, is now heading a raid that the satisfy street the satisfy stree again municipal tr ders. He holds that town corporations should not have an unfair advantage over private traders.

PERSONATION CHARGES

FIVE MEN ARRAIGNED AND REMANDED.

Bail Given in Each Case—The Law on Personation-Offenders Liable to a Penalty of \$200 Fine and Imprisonment.

Toronto, Dec. 6 .- In the lice Court yesterday five men were arraigned on charges of personation at the polls on Thursday. Their names are: Ballantyne Heffner, George Armstrong, Bernard Tyrrell, Vincent J. O'Nell

and Andrew E. Taylor. Andrew E. Taylor went into the polling

Andrew E. Taylor went into the poiling booth at the corner of Dowling avenue and Queen street west and there asked for a vote under the name of Joseph Brophy. His actions were suspicious and he was placed under arrest.

The five men were all remanded for a week, without either pleading or electing. Ball in \$600 was provided for each of them, except Heffner, who as required to put up \$200 cash, his plasmen having decided that the notorier, which their position as such would bring upon them was tion as such would bring or profitable.

"The police have no right to give the bondsmen's names to the press," said Mr. Grier, the prisoner's counsel.

"We'll accept \$200 cosh," said his Worship.

"We'll accept \$200 cosh," said his Worship.
"Well, here is \$200," answered Mr. Grier, pulling two ?"00 bills from his pocket and handing them over.

Richard Stone, proprietor of the Morin House, 1227 Queen street west, goes ball for George Armstrone; John McGrogan, 288 Victoria street, driver for the O'Keefe Brewery Company, gress ball for Taylor and John Power, plum er, 212 Queen street west, for O'Nell.

The penalty for personation is \$200 and a term of imprisonment varying from six days to six months.

HER SON'S KELETON.

WOMAN MAKES CRUESOME FIND ON HER FARM.

Ploughed Up Remains of Her Son, Who Had Been Missing For Eight

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Dec. 6 -- Mrs. Thaddeus Haight, while ploughing on her farm three miles from the village of Milton, on the H dson, uncovered & human skeleton, believed to be that of Thaddeus Haight, yon, her son. He has been missing 'or eight years. Haight inherited some money, and one day he started away from home with over \$2,000 to pay s me bills. He was never seen after that. It is supposed he was murdered an buried.



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