Cut

Glass

Our facilities are unsurssed for obtaining the best possible assor

A handsome one-quart water bottle, graceful in shape, is No. 15717 at only \$5.00.

Send for our mail-orde catalogue. Careful consider-ation is given to seeing that goods are delivered at just the

RYRIE BROS.

"DIAMOND HALL"

118 to 124 Younge Street

TORONTO

Living Expenses in Japan.

(New York Press.)

in cut glass.

me required.

estimated from 600,000 to 700,000, with the number increasing rapidly."

Although stamp collecting is one of the youngest of leisure pursuits, its followers have multiplied so rapidly that they now dwarf the multitude of devotees of any similar hobby, Years ago the collecting of stamps was mastly confined to young women and schoolboys. In later years older persons have become interested in it, until at present no one is immune

acquiring an intimate knowledge of the history and geography of the world, and so is an education in itself. Now this is Bullet undoubtedly true, for the advanced col lector has these two subjects at his Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

fingers' ends.
"Once a collector, always a collector," "Once a collector, always a collector," Is a favorite saying among stamp enthusiasts. A man may have taken up collecting in his youth and dropped it when he grew older. But he is never secure from a return of the fever. Thus does the beginner acquire the habit:

First he asks questions and becomes interested in the high prices brought by rare varieties. Then he will buy one or two stamps here and there—"just to have a few specimens." Not long after this

a few specimens." Not long after this stage he will try to get one series together, and then he throws off all disguise and comes out into the open a full fledged collector, anything in stamps being fish for his net.

being fish for his net.

It is about sixty-five years now since the first postage stamp was issued. This of fresh drinking water, whether they the first postage stamp was issued. This was the penny imperforated stamp of Great Britain, in 1840. Two years later the New York City despatch stamp, the first to be issued in this country, appeared. In 1847 the Government issued stamps for national postage. The first United States stamps were in two varieties, a five-cent stamp, bearing Franklin's portrait, and one of ten cents, with Washington's picture.

France adopted the use of stamps in 1840; Austria and Spain in 1850. The

1849; Austria and Spain in 1850. The next year Italy fell in line, followed a year later by Germany. Russia didn't begin their use until 1858.

Germany made but one change in the design of her stamps from 1852 up to 1900, since which time, however, she has issued three separate sets of imperial stamps and two distinct sets for each of her colonies. So extensive now are the German issues that a collector could occupy all his leisure moments in com-

pleting a series.

There has also been a great similarity of design in the American stamps; they have borne the portrait of Emperor Francis Joseph for the last forty-six years. Russia has not changed the design of her stamps since she first began to use them in 1858. The Hong Kong issues also were of the same design from 1860 up to 1903, when a different set

The United States leads the world in the number of stamps issued, there being more than 200 varieties.

When stamp collecting was in its in-

When stamp collecting was in its infancy a collection comprising 1,000 varieties was thought to be fairly complete. The first stamp album to be issued in this country—that published by D. Appleton & Co., in 1862—only had space for so many stamps. But now the fad has spread to such an extent that the possessor of a collection of that size would regard it as the merest founda-tien. A complete collection now, em-bracing a stamp of every kind ever issued, would number about 35,000 varieties, and would cost at catalogue price, about \$300,000

There is one American collector who has at least 40,000 stamps in his collection, yet the single varieties number more than 19,000. He has many dupli-cates, in different shades and plate numbers, and blocks of from four to ten of each kind. His collection includes ev-ery stamp of United States issue; but, not satisfied with this, he has now begun to gather town and city cancella-tions. This means, of course, that ne can go on to eternity without having completed such a collection.

Another collector, not content with

accumulating ordinary varieties, goes so far as to collect forgenes and country-feits, and pays a great deal of attention to minor datails which escape the notice of the average collector. of the average collector.

But there is really no such thing as a omplete stamp collection, for the reas-on that there are so many directions into which the hobby may branch cut that it becames illimitable. For example are accumulation of samples of all the different kinds of stamps that have used on boxes of matches and botof medicine would furnish variety

collectors at first confined themselves to the stamps issued for purposes of postage. As time went on, the field widened until it included those used for revenue, and this branch has been followed in turn by the pursuit of those used by business houses and steamship lines. These fields having been exhausted collectors are now looking around for fresh fields to conquer and are willing to in The letest to be drawn into the fold are match and modicine stamps.

Place for Information.

Once You Get the Habit you can go on to Eternity.

"Nine millions is the figure at which a reliable English paper estimated the number of devotees of stamp collecting," said a well known devotee of this world-wide hobby. "And yet, while this seems to be a pretty big figure, it is not an aggregation. In Germany alone, which leads the rest of the world in stamp collecting, fully 10 per cent. of the population is interested in stamps. This doesn't mean gether, and then he throws off all disout collectors, but there are so many interested enough in the hobby to secure and retain whatever specimens may come their way from time to time.

"France probably comes next to Germany, and is estimated to have more that a million stamp collectors. Then follows Austria, with about 800,000, with the United States is about fifth on the list, the collectors in that country being estimated from 600,000 to 700,000, with the number increasing rapidly."

Although stamp collecting is one of the youngest of leisure pursuits, its followers have multiplied so rapidly that they now dwarf the multitude of devotees of any similar hobby, Years ago the collecting of stamps was mastly confined to young women and schoolobys. In later years older persons have become interested in years older persons have become interested in the hundred indeed, there are not less than sixty-two look just once upon his truly magnificent abodes.—From M. A. P.

A prominent and distrayuished member of the large Russian colony in Paris, writes my Paris correspondent, has been giving a French interviewer, amaining accounts of the large Russian eclony in Paris, writes my Paris correspondent, has been giving a French interviewer, amaining accounts of the marging a French interviewer amaining accounts of the magnificent possessions and properties of the Czar. In all he is the master of 100 palaces and chateaux, scattered about all over his vast tempire, and each one of them is a marvellously furnished and marvellously filled with servants. Something like 25,000 butlers, The Czar's Many Hou

### Are Soldiers Great Smokers?

it, until at present no one is immune from the fascination of gathering these little bits of engraved paper. Its disciples embrace every walk and condition of life, from the schoolboy to some of the world's greatest weekly services who do not smoke would bear out the theory that If recent statistics are to be feiled world's greatest men.

A peculiar feature of stamp collecting is that it is likely to attack one at any stage of life, and it sometimes happens that that he who ridiculed the pastime when it first came to his notice later becomes an ardent disciple.

Stamp collectors advance all kinds of arguments to justify their hobby, the chief being that it results in the collector supply of cigarettes. Thus among the non-smokers we find Lord Robers, General Siz Radyers. eral MacKinnon, General Sir Redvers Buller and General Gatacre.

# OHD DUMB EDIENDS

Don't tease the dog. Even the cat has feelings. Give them some time to rest.
Only painstaking ones should keep caged pets.

All animals appreciate a little head

nassage.
Food experiments are not wise in ho weather.

Horse hats are a good thing, if not always becoming.

An animal's actions tell exactly how he is treated. No wonder some animals act mad

The custom of the Sen Nin Riki is on that has arisen in Japan during the present war. Ever since the war began, at all times of the day, and even ight, small groups of women can be seen gath-ering in the streets; one or more of the women will have a piece of cotton cloth with one thousand marks or dots stamped upon it. "Sen" is the Japanese word for one thousand. "Nin" is the word for human being—either man or woman.
"Riki" is, in the Japanese language,
strength. In combination the words
mean "the strength of one thousand peo-

Each one of these one thousand dots Each one of these one thousand dots or marks in the cloth are to indicate the place where a stitch or knot is to be made by a woman, who, while making this knot, gives her best thought, wish or prayer for the safety and protection of the soldier who will wear this piece of cotton cloth as an "obo" or be't while of one thousand women for one i believed to protect him from all danger and to give him strength to overcome and conquer the enemies of his beloved Japan.—From Leslie's Monthly Maga zine for September.

# A Numerical Mistake.

"Private' John Allen tells us of an old time politician of Mississippi who was making a personal canvass of his

teritory.
"One day," relates Mr. Allen, "the statesman was doing the southern portion of the State. Suddenly he struck a community that appeared fairly a-swarm with children. Never had he seen so many little ones in so small a place. Clustered about one doorway were some 14 tots of varying ages. In their midst ood an extremely good-looking young

woman. "'Madame,' said the politician, with

a gallant bow, you must permit me to kiss these charming little ones.' The woman merely smiled. "After he had affectionately saluted each of them he asked with a genial smile. 'All yours?'

The young woman blushed.
"The statesman, with another bow then said, 'I trust madam, that I may further trespass upon your good nature by asking that you will be so good as to inform your husband that Col.—candidate for Congress from this district, called upon him 'bis afternoon."

"Pardon me,' gasped the woman, 'but I have no husband.'

"But these children, madam!' exclaimed the astonished statesman. 'You are not a widow?'

J. J. Perkins. then said. 'I trust madam, that I may

are not a widow?'
"'Oh, no, sir' was the reply. "This
"'Oh, no, sir' was the reply. "This

# Effort of the New Reporter.

Home Companion.

(Kansas City Star.) (Kansas City Star.)

A Green county paper hired a new reporter the other day and sent him out after some news. Three hours later he returned and began writing. Aiter twenty minutes of hard work he handed the editor a sheet of paper on which he had written: "Joe Green had an accident at his home to-day. His wife fell off the porch and langed on the dog. It was an unfortunate occurrence."

The War in the East, (Pot Shots From a Popgun.)
There's a nimble Russian General,
Fine arrest than a set kin.
He'll stop, perhaps, when stopped by
But tany cannot Kure opatkin. (Town Topics.)

May—I wish I knew whether the duke intended to propose.

Pamela—Why don't you inquire of his soil
"Am I to wish."

But they cannot Kure opatkin.
Kouroontkin Solus:

What's up with me. I've no more luck

Than the fribetan Liama:

"Am I to wish."

Cyama.

STATISTICS OF THE NEGRO. Death Rate in this Country No. That of the White.

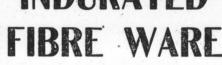
The final census bulletin on the negro population shows that there are 9,294,531 negroes in the United States, including Alaska, Hawaii and Porto Rico. Half of this great number are under 19 years of age and from 11 to 16 per cent. of them have white blood in their veins. The center of this black population is De Kalk county, Alabama, it having moved from Dinviddie county, Virginia, northeast 476 miles, since 1790.

Thus the negro population constitutes about one-fifteenth of the city population and one-seventh of the country population of continental United States. This proportion, although still large, is the regult of a stendy decline during the mineteenth century. The death rate of negroes approximates 30 per cent. of the negroes live in the southern states and 77 per cent. of them reside upon farms. But the northern migration to the big cities has been noticeable during the last two decades and is in a large measure responsible for the excessive death rate among them. Bad habits, poverty and disease make terrible inroads upon negroes living in the big cities.

The largest numbers of negroes living in compact masses are found in certain urban counties, several of which lie outside the great cotton-growing states. The four each having 75,000 negroes are District of Columbia, co-extensive with Washington; Shelby county, Tennessee, containing Miemphis; Baltimore City, Md., and Orleans parish, Louisiana, co-extensive with New Orleans. The negroes form one-third of the population of the entire south and 48.6 per cent. of the southern whites, but these figures apparently in favor of the southern black men are accounted for by the prevalence of female labor among the negroes. Among females at least 10 years of age 4.7 per cent. of the negroes and only 11.8 per cent. of the negroes and only 11.8 per cent. of the southern whites report money-getting occupations. — Kansas City Journal. (New York Press.)

Japan is no longer the land of cheap living. Rents have advenced from 200 to 300 percent. Europeans who used to pay from 30 to 312 for a whole house now content themselves with a single room. Prices of food, drink, etc., are a long way beyond those of Europe. A bottle of beer costs from 18 to 25 cents. A 2-cent cigar fetches 13 cents. The only eneap article is French champagne, owing to the low duty paid. Germany's trade with Japan is falling off; America's and England's is increasing.

INDURATED



There is nothing in the market approaching the quality of

# EDDY'S

make of this ware. See that EDDY'S name is on the bottom of each pail and tub.

LIFE OF A CHILD IN CHINA.

NOURATED FIBRE WARE

DURABLE ...

MO HOOPS, SEAMLES ST.

Boys Have Many Presents and Feasts and May Have Three Names.

At birth it is supposed that many spirits, both good and evil, attend the Chinese child. Red candles are lighted in the birth chamber, as for a wedding, and attendants must speak only good words. The little one must not be frightened, but it is to be received with joy. The baby boy's head is shaved on the twenty-eighth day, but the ceremony is on the thirtieth if the baby is a girl, and in either case this is done before the ancentral tablets or the shrine of the goddess called "Mother case this is done before the ancentral tablets or the shrine of the goddess called "Mother case this is done before the ancentral tablets or the shrine of the goddess called "Mother case this is done before the ancentral tablets or the shrine of the goddess called "Mother case this is done before the ancentral tablets or the shrine of the goddess called "Mother case this is are not altogether forgotten, the gifts taking the form of gay little caps ornamented with tassels and belie, and gold, sliver or copper images or Buddha, to hang about the neck at the sample for school, he receives an other when he is married, and if he succeeds at the examinations, which may not happen before middle age, he receives a third. Often such names as vagabond, dog, cat, good for nothing, ugly, are given the baby, that the spirits may think the parents do not love him. By the time he is old enough to go to school it is supposed that the spirits have forgotten about him, and he may be given a better name. When a child is a year old there is a feast, always with a difference in favor of the boy. These feasts for the boy are repeated every ten years.—Good Housekeeping.

Most people think too lightly of a cough. It is a serious matter and cough. It is a serious m needs prompt attention. Take

# Shiloh's Consumption Cure The Lung

when the first sign of a cough or cold appears. It will cure you easily and quickly then—later it will be harder to cure. Prices, 25c., 50c., and \$1.00. 311

Appalling Japanese Bravery.

Appalling Japanese Bravery.

(Cleveland Leader.)

According to official Japanese reports, one regiment which went into one of the most desperate assaults upon the defenses of Port Arthur with more than 3,700 effective men lost 2,500. Only six officers and 200 non cannes back from one of the most terrible struggles in the history of war. Such fighting as this is disheartening to the most stubborn antagonists which any army can encounter. It reveals a willingness literally to conquer or die, which is appailing to officers commanding opposing forces.

He Was Unable to Work, and Becor ing Destitute, Before He Used the Great Canadian Kidney Remedy.

Tyndall, Man., Nov. 14,—(Special.)—
Unable to work because of Kidney Disease, pronounced incurable by the doctors, and fast becoming destitute, Mr. J.
J. Perkins, of this place, found new life
and health in Dodd's Kidney Pills. In
his gratitude he wants all the world to
know of his cure, and that he owes it to
Dodd's Kidney Pills. Mr. Perkins says:
"After two years of Kidney Trouble I
got so bad the doctor said I was incurable. I got still worse, and at times
had such terrible pains in my back and
kidneys that I thought I would die.
"I was unable to work and was becoming destitute when a friend persuaded
me to try Dodd's Kidney Pills. Five
boxes cured me completely." Tyndall, Man., Nov. 14,-(Special.)-

# Cocoanut Oil for Toothache.

Mr. Consul Werner's report on the trade of Kiungehow for 1903 says: With regard to cocoanut oil it may be useful to mention that it is used by the natives as a specific for toothache, and it is said to be a never failing remedy. The directions for use are as follows: Procure a fresh cocoanut, cut it in half, place one-half with the concave side facng upwars on a large cup containing some cotton wool, and inside the cocoanut put some live charcoal. When the oil exudes on to the wool, take the latter out, and insert it with the aid of a blunt needle into the aching cavity. Care must be taken not to let the oil drop on to the tongue or skin, since it raises a most painful blister.—Indian Review.



# The Telephone Ear.

A peculiar development of the ser of hearing has been discovered as being the result of the use of the telephone. Most people when using the instrument held the receiver to the left ear because it comes more natural to adjust the mouthpiece with the right adjust the mountpiece with the right hand. So it happens that from an ex-tensive use of the telephone the hearing of the left ear is sharpened at the ex-pense of the right. In the majority of cases the difference between the two is not very great, but in some persons it is alarmingly so. The sensitive nerves are so irritated by the sound coming di-rectly on them, and in a tone which is strange, that it sets up a reaction which

Minard's Linimani tyres Colds, etc.

# Homeopathic Power.

Natrum muiaticum, a homeopathic re nedy, is common table salt. But in the f process of dynamization, homoepathieally, its particles are sub-divided they approach the infinity. A German druggist once bet \$50 that he could take a certain number of doses of it every day for a month, reasoning that in that time he would not take as much salt as time he would not take as much sait as could be held on the extreme point of a delicate penknife. But he had not calculated on the power of homoepathic doses. Before the month was half passed he willingly paid the bet. He had made "proving" of parture musicijum and a "proving" of natrum muriaticum and did not like it. "Affections of the inner head, headache as though a thousand little hammers were knocking at the brain, etc.," is the way Guernsey gives

# Advertising and Prices.

A prominent shoe manufacturer pre sents the side of advertising in this succinct and convincing way: "A store paying \$20 a day rent and selling twenty pairs of shoes, without advertising, must charge one dollar a pair for rent alone. By spending \$20 a day for advertising the same store can sell 200 pairs and then rent and advertising combined would cost only twenty cents a pair." The store which advertises is the store to deal with.

"Pure soap !" You've heard the words. In Sunlight always be used soothe the child colle and is the it

# REDUCES EXPENSE

The Corean Flag.

The Corean ensign and merchant flag is a white flag bearing the great monad in blue and red. This is a monad in blue and red. This is a symbol of great antiquity. It is to the Mongolians what the cross is to the Christian. To them it is the sign of deity and deity, while the two parts into which the circle is divided is called the Yin and the Yan—the male and female forces of nature. Some three thousand years ago one of the writers, speaking in reference to it, said: "The illimitable produces the extreme. The great extreme produced the two principles. The two principles produce the four quarters, and from the four quarters we develop the quadrature of the eight diagrams of Feuhhi." This means little to us, though the writer may have exto us, though the writer may have ex-plained the matter to his entire satis-faction. But so much we know—that the symbol had a mathematical as well as an occult meaning. There is a little puzzle connected with the Corean flag which may or may not be perplexing to the novice. Divide the great monad by a straight cut into two pieces so that each half of the circle may contain an equal share of the Yin and the Yan.

Lever's Y-Z(Wise Head) Disinfectant Soap Powder is a boon to any home. It disinfects and cleans at the same time.

## To Care for Plents in Winter.

Give plants all the fresh air you can. Open doors and windows at some dis-tance from them on pleasant days and give them a chance to breathe in pure oxygen in liberal quantity. Give all the sunshine you can. And aim to keep the sunshine you can. And aim to keep the temperature of the room between 70 degrees by day and 55 at night. It will probably exceed these figures in both directions, but try to regulate it in such as way as to avoid the extremes of intense heat and dangerous cold.

Use water liberally on the foliage of your plants. By weshing off the dust.

your plants. By washing off the dust it keeps open the pores of the leaves through which they breathe, and it tempers the hot, dry atmosphere usually pre-vailing in the living room. The only way to modify this condition is to keep water constantly evaporating on the stove or register and make frequent use of the sprayer.—Lippincott's Magazine.

I believe MINARD'S LINIMENT will ure every case of Diphtheria. Riverdale. MRS. REUBEN BAKER.

I believe MINARD'S LINIMENT will produce growth of hair.

MRS. CHAS. ANDERSON. Stanley, P. E. I.

I believe MINARD'S LINIMENT is the best household remedy on earth.
MATTHIAS FOLEY. Oil City, Ont.

# Deepest Gold Mine.

The deepest gold mine in the world is said to be at Bendigo, Australia. It is called the New Chum mine, and its main shaft is sunk to a depth of three thousand nine hundred feet, or only sixty feet short of three quarters of a mile. The most difficult problem of working a mine of such a depth is how to keep the tunnels and general workings cool enough for the miners to work. The temperature is usually about 103 degrees, and this is, of course, terribly enervating. To make it possible for the men to work at all a spray of cold water is let down from above and kept con-tinually playing on their bodies. They are naked from the waist up.

Where Doctors do agree!-Physicians no longer consider it catering to "quackery" in recommending to practice so meritorious a remedy for Indigestion and Nervousees as South American Nervine.
They realize that it is a step in advance in medical science and a sure and permanent cure for diseases of the stomach. It will cure

# THE CLOTHES BUSINESS

The effect of advertising on many different kinds of business has been noted by a well-known writer. "Wearing apparel of all kinds," ha says, "is now liberally advertised, and the result, according to recent statistics, has been to increase the sales all the way from 300 to 800 per cent.-without increasing eth price to the consumer or reducing the profits to the manufacturer, but the reverse."

# ENGLISH SPAVIN LINIMENT

Removes all hard, soft or calloused lump and blemishes from horses, blood spavin curbs, splints, ringbone, sweeney, sprains; cures sore and swoolen coughs, etc. Save \$50 by the use of one got-tle. Waranted the most wonderful Blemish Cure ever known.

Question of Politeness, Not Opinion. Representative Cooper, of Texas, tells a story about Gen. Sam Houston, of his State, and a practising physician, who did not like the old General, being strenuously opposed to him positically. One day, after a heated political discussion, the physician said: "General, I-like you well enough socially, but politically I would not believe you on orth."

would believe you, doctor," was the reply of the General. "I would believe you, doctor," was the quiet reply of the General.
"Then, sir," vehemently exclaimed the doctor, "you have a much better opinion of me than I have of you."
"Not a better opinion, doctor, but I simply have a little more politeness than you have."

Minard's Lin ment Cures Diphtheria.

Due Precaution Taken. (New York Herald.)
"I should think you be afraid your little boy run your littlembill."
"Oh no! I have it insafed." ISSUE NO. 48 1904

LADIES' \$4.50 Pall Suits and up to \$12.00, also Skirts, Cloaks and Waists. Send to styles and cloth samples.
THE SOUTHGOTT SUIT CO., London, Car

ough butterflies and moths are widely distributed all over the found widely distributed all over the globe, they are by far most abundant in the tropics. For instance, Brazil can show to the collector not less than 700 different species within an hour's walk of Para. There are not half as many in all Europe. In Britain there are 67 spe-cies, and in all Europe there are 300 dif-ferent kinds. They are found as far north as Snitzbargen on the Alpa to a north as Spitzbergen, on the Alpa to a height of 9,000 feet and on the Andes up to 18,000 feet. As there are some 200,000 species, it is easy to see why butterfly hunters are great travellers.

## HOW'S THIS?

We offer One Hundred Dollars' Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

arrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. P. J. CHENET & CO., AVENUE.

We, the undersigned, have known P. J.
Cheney for the last 15 years and believe him
perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any
obligations made by this firm.
Walding, Kinnan & Marvis, Wholesale
Druggists, Toledo, O.

Druggists, Toledo, O.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, so ing directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent frea Price—Töc ner bottle. Sold by all druggists. Take Hall's FamilyPills for constipation.

A Birthday Mystery. Here is a strange little puzzle, which has the same answer, independent of the fact that no two people solving the puzzle were born the same year and consequently use the same figures. Write down the figures of the year you were born, and from this take away four. born, and from this take away four.
Add your age at next birthday if it
comes before January, otherwise your
age at your last birthday. Multiply the
result by 1,000 and from this deduct
685,423. Substitute for the figures corresponding letters of the alphabet, as A
for 1, B for 2, etc. The result is a Chinese table delicacy which is used in this
country for electioneering purposes.
Strike out the first letter and transrose those that remain to form a word. pose those that remain to form a word

Like Tearing the Heart Strings. -"It is not within the conception of man to measure my great sufferings from heart disease. For years I endured al-most constant cutting and tearing pain; about my heart, and many a time would have welcomed death. Dr. Agnew's Cuw for the Heart has worked a veritable mir-acle."—Thos. Hicks, Perth, Ont.—60

# A Question of Age.

A Question of Age.

How old are you? The adage says that women are as old as they look and men at old as they feel. That is wrong. A man of woman are as old as they take themselved to be. Growing old is largely a habit of the mind. "As a man thinketh in his heart, sei he." If he begins shortly after middlinge to imagine himself growing old he will be old. To keep oneself from decreptitude is somewhat a matter of will power. The fater are kind to the man who hangs on to ill with both hands. He who lets go will go Death is slow only to tackle the tenacious Ponce de Leon searched in the wrong place for the feuntain of youth. It is in one's self "One must keep oneself young inside; st that while "the outer man perjahes the inner man is renewed day by day." When the inher man ceases to exert itself, when there is no longer an active interest in the affairs of this lifte, when the human stops reading and thinking, and doing, the man, like a blasted tree, begins to die at the top. You are a old as you think you are. Keep the harness on. Your job is not done.

# FLORIDA AND THE SUNKY SOUTH

Winter excursion tickets now on sale by Lehigh Valley Railroad

and its connections via Washington or New York, to Florida, Virginia, Carolinas, Geor-gia, Nassau, Havana, Cuba, and all winten resorts in Florida and the South. Connecting lines, Atlantic Coast Line, Seaboard Air Line Southern Railway. For rates of fare, maps time tables, illustrated literature, etc., cal-on or address

# Matrimony and Longevity.

(Kansas City Journal.) (Kansas City Journal.)

The ancient minstrel Joke as to why married men live longer than beachelors, and the reply that it only seems longer, was conceived in a spirit of fun, but it is now scientifically asserted that matrimony is conducived to longevity. A certain learned professor has calculated that the mortality among bachelors from the age of 30 to 45 years is 27 per cent., while among married men of the same age it is 18 per cent. For forty-one bachelors wno ettain the age of 40 years there are seventy-eight married men whereach the same age. The difference is still more striking in persons of advanced age At 60 years there remain but twenty-two bachelors for fortye-ight married men. At 70 eleven bachelors for twenty-seven married men, and at 80, three bachelors for nine married men.



NEW PATENT
Folding Seat.
This seat is the only one of its the only one the fact that the seat drops. There spring and it cannot get out of order. of malleable iron with a plano stool top. Largely used in depratmental store any place where space is an object. per seat. 31.25. If a larger number squired write for special terms. Novelky Co., 219 Queen street east, Toronto, Ob

# Bayaria's Mad King.

There is a rumor that King Otto of Savaria is dangerously ill. The made monarch, who is now fifty-six years old, monarch, who is now fifty-six years old, has been insane for more than half his life. He was publicly declared insane in 1872. Fourteen years later he succeeded his brother, Ludwig II., who had been deposed on account of insanity. Otto has never realized his royal position, except in so far as it pleases him to be addressed as "Your Majesty."

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows

# A Laughing Plant.

Travellers from Arabia tell us of a Travellers from Arabia tell us of a plant which grows there called the laughing plant on account of the peculiar property of its seed. If these be dried, ground to a powder and eaten the effects arising therefrom are similar to those produced by the excessive use of liquors. The consumer shouts, laughs, and performs wild anties for an hour. Then exhaustion sets in and be falls into a deep sleep, from which he wakens up with no recollection of his strange performances.