### THE JOURNAL OF COMMERCE

### LOCAL GRAIN.

In both Canada and the United States the option market for oats has been somewhat disturbed owing to the prospects of larger deliveries at American centres in the near future. Prices have fluctuated to some extent, but on the whole show little change with a week ago. The market for cash oats was strong and prices closed 1/2 c to 1 c per bushel higher. A fairly good business has been done in car lots and the market closed firm with No. 3 Canadian western and extra No. 1 feed quoted at \$1.01 to \$1.01 ½; morning, and dark about 9 at night. The average No. 1 feed at 98c to 981/2c; No. 2 feed at 95c to 951/2c; Ontario No. 2 white at 97c to 971/2c; No. 3 at 96c to 961/2c, and No. 4 at 95c to 951/2c per bushel, exstore. For No. 2 Canadian western oats as high as \$1.12 per bushel was paid last week and even at this figure very few were available. The trade in American corn last week was quiet, there being only sales of a few cars of No. 5 grade made at \$1.70 per bushel. ex-track Montreal, for shipment from Chicago.

Fluctuations in grain on Saturday at Winnipeg WZ OTO:

		1
Oats:	per	bushel.
No. 2 C. W		0.89 5/8
Do., No 3 C. W		
Do., Extra No. 1 feed		0.79%
Do., No. 2 feed	• • •	$0.76_8$
Barley:		

No. 3 C. W. ... ... ... ... ... 1.56½ No. 4 C. W. ... ... ... ... ... 1.511/2 Rejected and Feed ..... 1.28 Flax:

No.	1	N.	С.	W.		 •			• •		8	 •	•	3.2434
														3.20%
No.	3	С.	W.					8		• •	3	÷	•	$3.03\frac{2}{24}$

### LOCAL STOCKS OF GRAIN IN STORE.

The following table s				
flour in store in Montre	eal on the	dates men	ntioned:	
		Jan. 26,	Feb. 3,	
	1918.	1918.	1917.	
Wheat, bush	2.293.650	2,952,568	729,598	
Corn, bush	16, 106	15,821	17,450	
Oats, bush	454,800	661,720	3,787,793	
Barley, bush	59,665	58,418	147,038	
Rye, bush	19,479	17,737	18,280	
Buckwheat, bush	31.175	31,675	4,570	
Flax, bush	1,108	5,857		
Flour gooke	34.084	30.350	44.729	

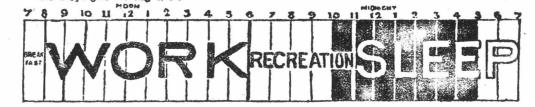
The above diagrams illustrate what the Daylight Saving Measure would accomplish. In these days when fuel needs conserving, the country could well afford to adopt some sort of daylight saving. The white spaces represent hours of daylight; the black ones hours of darkness. The first diagram represents an ordinary summer day, with clocks running as at present. It becomes light about 4 o'clock in the man in the towns and cities rises about 7 o'clock, works from 8 to 6, and retires at about 11. Of the five hours he devotes to rest and recreation, three are daylight and two darkness.

# What Daylight Saving Would Do

Under the new system, illustrated by the second diagram, the clocks would be moved one hour ahead. The average man would still rise at 7, according to his clock-though it would really be at 6. His work would begin an hour earlier and end an hour earlier, and for his recreation time he would have four hours. of daylight, instead of three. Exactly the same amount of time as at present would be spent in work, recreation and sleep. The effect of the change would be to steal an hour's daylight from one end of the day-where it would be spent in bed-and to add it to the other end, where it can be spent in healthful recreation. The total saving of light would be, on an average 153 hours a year.



The diagram above shows how the average man divides his day now-and the diagram below shows how he would gain an hour of sunlight under the Daylight Saving Bill.



### RECEIPTS OF GRAIN AND FLOUR.

### The receipts of grain and flour in Montreal for the week ending February 2nd, were:-Wheat, bushels ... ... ... ... ... ... Oats ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... Barley, bushels ... ... ... ... ... Flax ... ... ... ... ... ... ... Flour, sacks ... ... ... ... ... Hay, bales ... ... ... ... ... ... ...

Straw, bales ... ... ... ... ... ... ...

RECEIPTS OF BUTTER AND CHEESE.

The following table shows the receipts of butter and cheese in Montreal for the week ending February 2, 1918, with comparisons:

89,238	· · · ·	Butter, pkgs.	Cheese, bores.
100,002	Week ending Feb. 2, 1918	758	437
12,777	Week ending Jan. 26, 1918	3,613	1,592
3.534	Week ending Feb. 3, 1917	1,632	7,000
18,673	Total receipts May 1st, 1917 to		
	to Feb. 2, 1918	353,412	1,828,340
16,102	Total receipts May 1st, 1918,		
691	to Reh. 2 1917	498,425	2,231,240



**B. MITRE 427** 

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