After luncheon, Mr. Bryce and myself were shown into a small reception room which adjoins the dining room at the White House. The President withdrew with Mr. Bacon for a few minutes. On his return Mr. Bryce remarked that he was pleased to see that the President had been directing attention again to the matter of preserving the beauty of Niagara, and with after this remark, the President outlined his interest in this question and that of reforestration. After a moment or two of silence, the President said: "Mr.Bryce, have you seen an "article in the last number of the American Magazine, dealing "with the negro question in the New England States, in which "it is pointed out that the negro, though velcome when present "in limited numbers has given rise to considerable race "prejudice because of the increase in his numbers? It is "nothing but an increase in numbers." Mr. Bryce replied that he had not seen the article, but could guite understand what the President had said might be so; that he had seen when at Chicago. are bask seagh six a parallel case in connection with negro students the vere attending the University. We had asked if there was any objection to their attending lectures in the regular way, and had been told that there was none, but that if they were to come in very large quantities it would probably give rise to some question. The Prosident remarked. "Precisely." The President then turned to Mr. Bryce and said: "Mave

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I ever discussed with you, Mr. Bryce, this Japanese question?" Mr. Bryce replied, no, that he had not, excepting that some months ago something map have been said at the time of the troubles in California, but that they had not discussed the question since then. The President then replied: "I am much interested in a message which Sir Wilfrid Laurier has sent by Mr. King. I cannot but feel that both Canada and the United States have the same problem to

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