

\$1.45

Hamilton.

pybody

conomic Store.

oods.

ial per garment 79c
 30c
 \$1.25
 2.75
 pecial 1.95

ices on super-bone Corsets
 ney will be refunded. Reg.
 \$2.79
 \$5. One lot sample Waists,
 brodered fronts, very latest
 \$2.95

es, Neolin soles, reg. \$5.50,
 \$4.00 to \$4.50, special pr.
 \$2.35
 rown and Grey Shoes, Louis
 heel, special \$3.50
 zes from 11 to 2, reg. \$4.00
 \$3.35
 of goods.

69c
 50c to 75c
 65c
 69c

ore
 er, Ont.

Ford
 MADE IN
 CANADA

Ford Roadster
 slightly used
 good as new. Will sell cheap.

Thompson & Firth
 14 College Street, Phone 55

es on all our
Felt Shoes

if you are in need of any
 in and see the wonderful

iring. Our motto: "Quick

shoe and Clothing
 Merchants.

id 44 King St., E.,
 ner.

RSAL

ey are machine-moulded from
 tal patterns.
 e Dodge Universal Hanger may
 had in "drop" and "post"
 ies. Large stocks ready for
 micable shipment are carried
 our factory, branch warehouses
 d stocks. Phone orders care-
 fully attended to.

GE
 Co., Ltd.
 King Street,
 and District.

Member of the
 Audit Bureau of
 Circulations

THE NEWS RECORD

PROBS.
 FRIDAY: Fair and mild.

FORTY-FIRST YEAR

KITCHENER, ONTARIO THURSDAY, JANUARY 16, 1919.

8 PAGES, PRICE TWO CENTS

THE ENTIRE ITALIAN CABINET HAS RESIGNED

PEACE CONFERENCE IS TO OPEN FORMALLY SATURDAY

Shall Sessions Be Open To The Press?

CANADA IS TO HAVE TWO DELEGATES

PARIS, Jan. 16. (By Wm. Phillip Simms).—The associated delegates were working at full speed to-day to get everything in readiness for the formal opening of the full peace conference on Saturday afternoon.

Several of the most important problems upon which the initial session pings remained unsolved. Among these are: acceptance of the French outline for a method of operation; fixation of precise number of delegates for all nations; determination of whether the Russian soviet government shall be represented; decision as to the manner of acquainting the world with what transpires in the conference.

The French prefer that the conferences be of the star chamber order and that all information be confined to a daily official communication. This created consternation among the newspaper correspondents, who lost no time in going on record with their objections. It was explained that only such information would be omitted as would be considered injurious to the interests under treatment. The correspondents fear this would prevent acquisition of the views of peace delegates and would tie up all the sidights, which might be of interest to the public. They organized a special committee of British and American correspondents, who made formal protest to President Wilson and Premier Lloyd George against the alleged violation of the first of the fourteen points: "An open convention of peace, openly arrived at."

Although the five principal powers adopted a resolution to limit the news of the sessions to an official communiqué, it was believed to-day that, in view of the concert of protests, the matter would be reopened and possibly modified. Certain delegates are understood to favor the publication of the entire conversation on all questions, but Premier Clemenceau, foreseeing the danger of the conference stringing out over a period longer than the war itself, interposed and won his point, that only interested nations should be present for the discussions. This proposition undoubtedly will be formally adopted when the program is definitely decided upon.

WILL RUSSIAN SOVIETS BE ADMITTED

The question of the representation for Russian soviets is not considered to be entirely disposed of, as Lloyd George appears to continue favoring the plan. The newspapers report that Premier Lenin has directed the Moscow soviet to send a request to Paris to be allowed to send a delegation. The press supports Foreign Minister Pichon's view, that the soviets should receive no degree of recognition but in many quarters it is believed that a compromise may be reached.

The league of nation proposal naturally will be held in abeyance until the conference proper begins. France is thoroughly behind the league in some form. Lord Cecil the British authority, declares that the French scheme, as outlined by Senator Bourgeois, is the "hardest of the lot" and that most thoroughly worked out.

The French are eagerly awaiting publication of the American plan, which it is believed, the President himself will present at the opening of the session, after Clemenceau starts the ball rolling.

The preliminary sessions have been under way just long enough for everybody to realize the stupendous task ahead and the infinite details to be worked-out. All necessitating both plain speech and tact.

The official communication issued last night announced that in course of yesterday's two meetings, examination of the rules of the conference was continued and almost completed.

Regarding representation the communiqué said that under the status Great Britain, United States, France, Italy and Japan will have five delegates each. The British Dominions, including India, will have two delegates each, except New Zealand which will have one. Brazil will have three delegates.

Belgium, China, Greece, Poland, Portugal, Rumania, Serbia and the Czech-Slovak republic will have two delegates each.

Siam, Cuba, Guatemala, Hayti, Honduras, Liberia, Nicaragua and Panama one each. Montenegro also will have a delegate, but his status will remain unfixd until the political situation in his country is cleared up.



THE TERRITORY SOUGHT BY GREEK PREMIER.—On the accompanying map the shaded areas suggest the territory that may be added to Greece. In the early stages of the war the allies offered Greece Southern Albania in return for her aid and there is little question that Greece's aspirations in this particular will be realized.

Ebert Gov't Sends An Appeal To Its People

Says Bolshevism Means Death of Peace, Freedom and Socialism

LAMENTATIONS OF RUSSIAN ANARCHY

LONDON, Jan. 16.—Order has been restored in Berlin, it is announced by an official wireless appeal to the German nation, sent out by the German government and picked up here.

The appeal, which was signed by Premier Ebert and Philip Scheidemann, Herr Landsberg, Gustave Noske and Herr Wissel, members of the cabinet, says that government is determined to prevent, by every means at its disposal, a repetition of "similar abominations."

The appeal refers to the coming election, under the "freest suffrage in the world, to determine the constitution of the German state" and adds that the present government is preparing a draft of a constitution, "which protects the free right of self-determining of the nation" against all counter revolutions or efforts at the restoration.

Efforts are being made it is said, to "arrive at a peace, safeguarding the freedom of the German nation and which will render possible the foundation of a union of nations, which will give protection against the danger of fresh war."

After declaring that there is a necessity of defending the nation against Polish annexationists, the appeal concludes: "No less is it our task to protect our frontier against fresh Russian military despotism which wants to force upon us, by means of war-like power, its anarchistic conditions and unchain a new world-war, of which our country would be the theater. Bolshevism means the death of peace of freedom and of socialism."

CABLE NEWS

In Tabloid Form

POLES TAKE OVER GOVERNMENT OF LITHUANIA

LONDON Jan 16.—The Polish government has provisionally taken over the administration of Lithuania to protect country from the Bolsheviks. This action was taken at the request of the President of the Lithuanian republic.

WILL CONSIDER WHETHER PARIS PRESS IS TO GO ON

PARIS Jan 16.—The Supreme war council today, after considering the matter of the relations between the Conference and Press decided to call meeting to be attended by members of Press and representatives of various nations, to exchange views on publicity methods.

BRAZILIAN PRESIDENT DIED TODAY

RIO DE JANEIRO, Jan 16.—Dr. Rodrigues Alves, president elect of Brazil died today. He had been critically ill for some time.

U.S. HAS VOTED ITSELF DRY

WASHINGTON Jan 16.—The United States has voted itself completely dry. Nebraska has ratified the federal constitutional amendment, being the thirty-sixth state to make this decision. The U.S. Congress will now vote general prohibition for the entire nation.

DR. LIEBKNECHT HAS BEEN CAPTURED

BERLIN (Wednesday)—Dr. Karl Liebknecht (Bolshevik) Spartacian leader has been captured and handed over to the government police (mounted troops) which have just arrived here. Liebknecht was captured in a fashionable hotel in this city.

CANADIAN INFANTRY REACHES VLADIVOSTOK

OTTAWA Jan 16.—The Military department reports the safe arrival in Vladivostok of the troopship Proteus, with Canadian infantry troops aboard.

She was recently reported in distress.

Clearing The Way For German Elections

NO INTERFERENCE TO BE PERMITTED

AMERICAN HEADQUARTERS IN GERMANY, Jan. 16.—American army officials were preparing a proclamation to-day, ordering that neither Germans nor Americans hinder the forthcoming national elections. It will be explained that the elections must be a free expression of the people's will.

American Army Seizes a Quantity of Stores

INCLUDING NEARLY 200 FIELD GUNS

AMERICAN HEADQUARTERS IN GERMANY, Jan. 16. (By Webb Miller).—Nearly two hundred thousand field guns, several thousand shells and more than 1,000,000 worth of harness and equipment, not surrendered by the German government under the armistice terms, were discovered in an isolated work-house near Coblenz to-day. The Americans immediately seized the whole store. Inasmuch as it was not mentioned in the German inventories and not given up as provided by the armistice, these munitions become the property of the United States. A request for \$12,000,000 to pay the third army's expenses during February has been sent to Berlin.

Motorization of the heavy artillery of the entire third army, is nearing completion. All guns of more than three-inch calibre are being equipped with heavy trucks and tractors.

TALK OF GENERAL STRIKE AGAINST IT

CHICAGO, Jan. 16.—A resolution calling for a general strike in protest against the national "bone dry" amendment was before the Labor congress meeting here to-day. This measure was presented by the radicals.

SINN FEINERS SELECT TWO PEACE DELEGATES

DUBLIN Jan 16.—Count Plunkett, and Edmund Lora have been selected as the Irish delegates to the peace conference it was announced today.

They were picked at yesterday's meeting of Sinn Fein parliament.

Big Wholesale House to Locate in the City

LEWIS-MCLAIN CO. OF WINNIPEG OPENS EASTERN CANADA OFFICES.

Mr. C.A. Kern The Manager.

The City will secure another wholesale house. The Lewis-McLain Company of Winnipeg have definitely decided to locate its Eastern Canada branch here.

Quarters have been secured at the rear of the Bank of Toronto in the Potter Block and a complete line of new stock will be installed. Mr. C.A. Kern of this city, the sales manager for Ontario, will be the manager. The company expects to begin business here on about February 15th.

The Lewis-McLain Company carry aluminum wares and hardware and household specialties. They handling the largest assortment of aluminum wares in Canada. Heretofore all the Canadian business was transacted at Winnipeg but the business grew to such proportions that it was deemed necessary to open an Eastern branch. The local branch will take care of all Ontario business as far west as Port Arthur; Quebec and the Maritime provinces. All shipments to retailers in this territory will be made from here. Several commercial men will go on the road out from here in the near future.

The fact that the company is opening a second office is a sign of progressiveness and also indicates that by the company's location here the city has secured another valuable asset. While the Company suffered a severe fire in Winnipeg sometime ago, it is proceeding not only to re-stock its Winnipeg branch with a complete new line, but also to enlarge facilities for carrying on its business.

The decision to locate in this city goes to the credit of Mr. Kern. His work as sales manager for Ontario has brought good results and also has been able to induce the company to come here.

Five Great Powers Sit TO DISCUSS PEACE PRINCIPLES

PARIS, Jan. 16.—The Supreme Council of the five greater powers resumed its session at 10:30 o'clock to-day, with a full attendance of members. There were present for France, Premier Clemenceau and Foreign Minister Pichon; for the United States, President Wilson and Secretary of State Lansing; for Great Britain, Premier Lloyd George and Foreign Secretary Balfour; for Italy, Foreign Minister Sonnino; and for Japan, Viscount Chinda and Baron Matsui Vittorio.

Orlando, the Italian Premier, is still detained in Rome.

Vancouver Organizes a Moderation Party

WANT SALE OF BEER AND LIGHT WINES

VANCOUVER, Jan. 16.—The Peoples Moderation Party has been organized here to-day with object of securing modifications in the liquor legislation of this province. Officials of the organization say that representations would be made to the provincial government to allow the sale of light wines and beer and the sale of liquor by the government under proper regulations. It is intimated that plans are under way for the preparation of a monster petition to the government.

A Library for the Freeport Hospital

Mr. C.H. Mills, M.P.P., Took up the Matter With Department of Education

The boy at the Freeport Hospital will soon have a library and will have a good selection of books to read. After the efforts of Mr. C.H. Mills, M.P.P., the Department of Education has decided to include the hospital at Freeport among those which will secure libraries.

The following letters to Mr. Mills show what promptness the matter is being attended to and that it is a matter of only days as to when the library will be installed.

Toronto, January 14th, 1919.

My dear Mr. Mills:

In regard to your letter about a library for the Military Hospital at Freeport, I am asking our Superintendent of Public Libraries to take up and deal with the matter at once. I am sure we can meet the needs of the boys in that hospital.

Believe me,

Yours sincerely,

H.J. Cody.

Toronto, January 14th, 1918.

Dear Mr. Mills,

The Honorable Dr. Cody has handed me your letter of January 9th.

If you will be good enough to tell me the number of men there are at Freeport, and the average number you expect to have there, I will see that a library is sent for them. If I receive your answer by return mail, I think we will be able to send the books by the end of this week.

We are pleased to receive this

IF GREECE CANNOT GET CONSTANTINOPLE ITSELF

Would Make It Capital of League of Nations

VENIZELOS IS A SHREWD STATESMAN

PARIS, Jan. 16. (By Henry Wood).—If Greece cannot get Constantinople for its own seat of government it wants that ancient city to be set aside as the permanent capital of the league of nations.

This developed to-day, during the discussion of Premier Venizelos' presentation of Greece's policy and territorial aspirations. Greek delegates pointed out that the establishment of Constantinople as the capital of the league of nations would automatically result in its internationalization, together with the Dardanelles.

It was further suggested that the immediate hinterland, on both sides of the straits, should be placed under control of the league. This the freedom of the Dardanelles and elimination of the Turk from Europe, two important problems of the peace settlement, would be simultaneously settled.

Venizelos, who is the most remarkable statesman that the Near East ever produced, seeks not only to complete the unification of the Greek people but the permanent settlement of all Balkan and Near Eastern problems in the memorandum he has submitted to the peace conference.

His claim to Greece's right to Constantinople is based on both historic and economic grounds. The city was the Greek capital for centuries. Its request and to be able to serve the boys at Freeport.

Yours truly,
 W.O. Carson,
 Inspector of Public Libraries.

present population includes 300,000 Greeks and there are 237 Greek schools with 30,000 scholars.

The Greek premier, in his memorandum, takes up four regions which he desires to incorporate into the Greek mould: Northern Epirus, Thrace, Constantinople and the Asia Minor littoral. Venizelos would divide Northern Epirus between Greece and Albania. He would have the Greece-Bulgarian boundary follow the Arda and Maritza rivers, thus cutting off Bulgaria from the Aegean sea, and giving Greece a great portion of ancient Thrace. Armenia should, he suggested, be made a separate state, but the vilayets of Brusa, Aidin, Sadajanks and Ismid, with the adjacent islands, should be annexed by Greece. The city of Brusa, however, he would turn over to the new Turkish government, together with its Mar-mar port.

This settlement would still leave more than 100,000 Greeks in Turkish Armenia but Venizelos to-day suggested a reciprocal emigration, these Greeks moving into Aidin and Brusa while Turks within Greek provinces move into Turkish territory.

Venizelos also reminded the allied delegates that the Entente promised Greece important territory concessions in Asia Minor for her military intervention, which offer the allies later turned down when Venizelos was in a position to offer it.

Bremen Was Declared a Socialist Republic

LONDON Jan 16.—Bremen has been declared an "Independent Socialist Republic" and will adhere to the principles of Bolshevism, so a Cologne dispatch reported to-day.

The dispatch said that the proclamation was issued by a self-appointed dictator, who placed the city under military law. Bolshevik disturbances were reported to have occurred on Monday in Munich, Stuttgart, Regensburg, Friburg and Nurnburg.

AMSTERDAM Jan 16.—The pro-Spartacian president of the Oldenburg republic has been interred by the Workmen's and Soldier's council of Wilhelmshaven. It was reported in dispatches received here today.

D. G. McPherson Succeeds E.P. Clement

OWING TO THE LATTER'S ILLNESS

TORONTO Ont. Jan 16.—C.G. McPherson of Stratford has been appointed Benecher of Ontario Law Society to succeed E.P. Clement of Kitchener who has been in ill health for some time.

In 1918 Minnesota produced a corn crop of 108,000,000 bushels, the largest in her history.

More School Accommodation Will Have To Be Provided

Mr. E. D. Lang, the New Chairman of the Public School Board Said in His Outline of the Board's Work.

SEVERAL OTHER PROBLEMS

The New Chairman of the Public School Board is Mr. E.D. Lang, who was unanimously chosen for the honorable office at the inaugural meeting of the Board held last evening. Mr. Lang, who for some years has been the vice chairman, in acknowledging the recognition shown him by his confere on the Board and in outlining the work for 1919 remarked:

"I appreciate the honor, but I accept the position reluctantly for I am conscious that there are those around this board who are more worthy and certainly more capable. I am pleased that the proposed arrangement for a one year term of Chairman is to be carried out and with your help I will do my best to carry on the business during this present year.

I want to congratulate all who have been re-elected, most of you by acclamation which shows that the citizens appreciate your services of the past years. Mr. DeBus had what might be called a close shave by one who was many miles away. We are pleased to see him returned for he is a most interested trustee. Mr. Detweiler, the new member, we welcome and he will be a good addition to this board. He replaces Mr. A. Pequegnat who retired after a quarter century of splendid service to this city in the interests of Education. Time forbids my saying what I would like about his splendid spirit and determination that the best in building and equipment is none too good for the children. We all regret the loss of Mr. Pequegnat to the Board, but pleased that in Mr. Detweiler we have a good successor.

The Year's Work.

"In giving a little fore cast of what is our task for the present year and future I would remind you that as Trustees we are the custodians of the School properties and it is our business to see that sufficient Class room is provided and that a competent staff of teachers is maintained. We are responsible to a certain extent for the program of what is being taught, for there is now provision made by the provincial Government for supplementary subjects which may be introduced by the trustees in any community where the need is felt for special work.

"The most urgent need which the trustees will look to face and that very soon is that of more school room accommodation. During the past six years which is the length of my experience on the board we have added ten Class rooms, practically two rooms each year. We were fortunate in being able to add these to this (Victoria School) building at a cost of only \$32,000. A new building in another part of the city would have cost \$50,000 to \$60,000, thus there was effected a saving of \$20,000 to \$25,000.

"What the requirements will be for Kitchener in the future is somewhat of a speculation, but I know we are all optimistic enough to believe and hope that the growth of this city will continue and that there will be the same need for more room in the future as was in the past.

"There are other questions which are bound to come before the trustees of this progressive city, such as the providing of greater opportunities in Manual Training, Industrial Training for the boys and Domestic Science for the girls. Personally I am not in favor of fads and frills but there are practical things knocking at the doors of trustee boards which must receive attention especially in such an industrial centre as Kitchener. We should all acquaint ourselves with these things and tackle the new problems with the same intelligence and interest that we would new problems in our own business.

"In conclusion I am sure we are pleased to meet in the comfortable room in this school and I trust we will endeavor to transact all our business this year in this business like manner which has been our custom in former years."

Italian Imperialistic Dreams Are Fading

Its Entire Cabinet Retires From Office

CORRESPONDENTS OBJECT TO BEING EXCLUDED FROM CONFERENCE

PARIS, Jan. 16. (By Henry Wood).—Italy has abandoned her imperialistic program and definitely accepted the British and American ideas of a democratic peace settlement.

This was the interpretation at some of the diplomatic quarters to-day based on the resignation of the entire Italian cabinet late yesterday.

Italy's territorial ambitions, resulting from the concessions understood to have been granted by Great Britain, France and Russia in the London pact, have constituted one of the stumbling blocks in the peace conference. The old school of Italian diplomats stolidly clung to their determination that the entire program of political and territorial expansion should be carried out. The more democratic members of the government counselled various degrees of modification. This led to a ministerial crisis, which reached its climax yesterday.

In the meantime, the storm of protest against confining news of the conferences to the official communiques was increasing. In addition, the announcement was made that correspondents would not be permitted inside the foreign office building, as they were on Sunday a French flunkey wore himself out to-day exclaiming, "Defendu" (forbidden). The correspondent (for given the liberty of standing in the courtyard and watching the delegates arrive and depart in their automobiles.

Manitoba Wets Active

WILL INVOKE DIRECT LEGISLATION ACT

WINNIPEG, Man., Jan. 16.—Anti-Prohibitionist forces in Manitoba will invoke the aid of the Direct Legislation Act to obtain the repeal of the McDonald Act, and to allow the free sale of beer and wines.

Six Months in Prison Inflicted on Man

WHO HAD BANNED LITERATURE IN HIS POSSESSION

OTTAWA Jan 16.—Harry Cheeseman, carpenter was this morning sentenced to six months in Burwash prison farm for having banned socialist literature in his possession. He was convicted a week ago when Watson, the former policeman, was also convicted and given three years of imprisonment.

Spartacans on Top In Dusseldorf City

SOME FIGHTING IN BERLIN YESTERDAY

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 16.—Street fighting continued in Berlin yesterday, according to dispatches received here to-day. Spartacian forces attacked the Stettin railway station and railway headquarters but were repulsed.

SPARTACANS CONTROL IN DUESSELDORF

LONDON, Jan. 16.—Duesseldorf is in control of Spartacans and independent Socialists, according to information received to-day. Two thousand Spartacian troops are reported to be terrorizing the city.

The uprising followed a large Catholic demonstration against the Spartacans on Sunday. Counter-demonstrations were started by the radicals. In the resultant clashes, forty persons were killed and many injured. The Spartacans fortified the public buildings and seized the city administration.

The Turks drink their coffee while it is boiling, and swallow the grounds with the liquid.

Nebraska Adopts the Federal Amendment

U. S. GOES DRY NEXT YEAR

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 16.—The United States has decided to go bone dry. Nebraska, home state of William Jennings Bryan, to-day ratified the federal prohibition amendment. It was the thirty-sixth and final state necessary to make prohibitive part of the constitution of the United States. One year from to-day, under the law, liquor in the country will be dissolved.

The United States today completed the legislative process of voting itself dry. When the word was flashed over the wires that the 36th state, Nebraska, had ratified the prohibition amendment prohibition leaders declared that the accomplishment was the greatest piece of moral legislation in history of world.

The amendment to the federal constitution, prohibiting the manufacturing and sale of intoxicating beverages, becomes effective one year after the date of its final ratification. Meanwhile the nation goes dry on July 1 next by a prohibition proclamation as a war measure, unless the president rescinds it before that date.

TALK OF GENERAL STRIKE AGAINST IT

CHICAGO, Jan. 16.—A resolution calling for a general strike in protest against the national "bone dry" amendment was before the Labor congress meeting here to-day. This measure was presented by the radicals.

SINN FEINERS SELECT TWO PEACE DELEGATES

DUBLIN Jan 16.—Count Plunkett, and Edmund Lora have been selected as the Irish delegates to the peace conference it was announced today.

They were picked at yesterday's meeting of Sinn Fein parliament.

Robert Low Is Dead

OTTAWA, Jan. 16.—Colonel Robert Low, aged forty-four years, who attained fame as the constructor of Camp Borden and the reconstruction of Halifax, died this morning, following an operation for blood poisoning.