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WEATHER—FAIR

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## RUSSIANS AND TEUTONS AT GRIPS IN FIERCE FIGHTING IN VOLHYNIA

### Enemy's Trenches Stormed After Terrible Battle—Germans Counter Attack With Bayonet, but Driven Off—British and French Gain Ground on the Somme.

## ALLIES IN NEW THRUSTS TAKE FIRMER HOLD ALONG SOMME

### British Capture Two Lines of German Communications While French South of the Somme Strengthen their Footing on Enemy's Territory and Capture Over 1,100 Prisoners.

Berlin admits that the British north of Thiepval gained a firm hold on the German trenches, and that the French south of the Somme have won a footing in the sugar refinery at Genesmont. The French, in Saturday's fighting in the Ablaincourt-Belloy sector, made 1,100 German prisoners.

Paris, Oct. 14.—The French official communication issued tonight follows: "South of the Somme we made two attacks which succeeded brilliantly, one to the Santerre which put us in possession of the German first line on a front of more than two kilometres. The other placed us in possession of the hamlet of Genesmont and the

## Violent Fighting Resumed Between Russians and Enemy on Eastern Front

Petrograd, Oct. 15, via London, 2:15 p. m.—Russian troops, after a stubborn fight with German forces north of Korytnia, in Volhynia, have stormed the Teuton trenches there, says the Russian official statement issued today. Two machine guns were captured and a number of prisoners taken. The Germans counter-attacked fiercely with the bayonet several times, the statement adds, but they were repulsed with heavy losses. The text says:

"In the evening of October 13, after a bombardment of our positions in the region of Skorobov, the enemy launched an attack on our first line trenches, but was repulsed with great

## Roumanian King to Take the Field At Head of Own and Russian Troops

Bucharest, Oct. 14, by wireless to London.—King Ferdinand of Roumania, it was announced today, will personally take command of the Russian and Roumanian armies. Considerable Russian reinforcements are expected to arrive in Roumania.

Although the Roumanians in Northern Transylvania continue to fall back before the Austro-Germans, from this region all along the battle line to the vicinity of Orsova, on the Danube, they not alone are giving battle to their adversaries, but at several points, by violent counter-attacks, have gained an advantage over them.

## Two Lines of Communication Trenches And Over 300 Prisoners Taken by British

London, Oct. 15 (2:36 p. m.)—Enterprises undertaken yesterday by British troops in the neighborhood of the Stiff and Schwaben redoubts, in the river Somme region, were highly successful, says the official statement issued today by the British war office. More than 300 Germans were taken prisoner. The text says: "Further reports show that the enterprises undertaken yesterday in the neighborhood of Stiff redoubt, were highly successful. North of Stiff redoubt two lines of enemy communication trenches were cleared for a distance of nearly two hundred yards. Nearly 300 men were taken prisoners in the course of these operations, which were carried out by a single company.

"At the Schwaben redoubt our gain was greater, and our line was advanced well to the north and west of the redoubt. Heavy losses were inflicted on the enemy."

London, Oct. 14 (11:43 p. m.)—The official report from British headquarters in France tonight says: "In local attacks today south of the Ancre we improved appreciably our position in the neighborhood of the Schwaben redoubt (Thiepval region) and have taken about 200 prisoners. Elsewhere there is nothing to report."

German Guards on Belgian Frontier Going to Roumania.

London, Oct. 14—Reuter's Amsterdam correspondent reports that the

## MORE CANADIAN TROOPS ARRIVE IN ENGLAND

Ottawa, Ont., Oct. 15—It is officially announced, through the chief press censor's office, that the following troops have arrived safely in England: 151st and 175th Alberta Battalions; 152nd Saskatchewan Battalion; 179th Highlanders, Winnipeg; 183rd Winnipeg Battalion; drafts for field and heavy artillery, cavalry, infantry (Royal Canadian Regiment), Army Service Corps and C. A. D. C.

## ALLIED NOTE NOT WHAT U.S. LOOKED FOR

### Washington Officials, However, Realize Entente Governments Intend to Stand Pat on Mail Censorship.

Washington, Oct. 15.—Examination of the Allies' note on the censorship of mails, summarized by the Canadian Press last Thursday and officially made public this morning, has brought a feeling among officials that it does not satisfactorily meet the protests set forth in the American note of May 24, which said that "only a radical change, restoring to the United States its full rights as a neutral power, will satisfy this government."

The state department has watched with interest, however, the informal arrangements made by British authorities, through their trade department and through such conferences as that of Sir Richard Crawford in New York recently, and is understood to feel that resentment among American citizens over the Allied censorship has been greatly lessened. It is thought unlikely that any reply will be made in the three weeks before election. In this connection diplomatic circles attach much significance to President Wilson's declaration at Long Branch yesterday that "it is almost impossible to do anything positive" in the fields of foreign affairs during the campaign.

## Electric Current Passes Thro' Gun Killing N. S. Man

### Charles Smith Victim of Peculiar Accident—Gun he was Carrying Came in Contact with Live Wire.

Special to The Standard. Yarmouth, N. S., Oct. 15.—Charles Smith, a former resident of Upper Port LaTour, met with a tragic death yesterday near his home in Cape Forchu here. He had been gunning around the bar and breakwater, and shortly before four o'clock left to cross the breakwater on his way home. He was carrying his gun across his arm, and as he stepped off the breakwater, it came in contact with a live electric wire hanging close to the ground. He was killed instantly, the current being intensified by his wet clothing and boots. The wire which supplies the cottages at Markland is not insulated, and the day before it had grounded on the pole and burned off allowing it to drop to within three feet of the ground. The high wind and storm of Saturday kept it swaying and no doubt that was the reason it struck the gun.

An inquest was held this afternoon and a verdict of killed by an electric current owing to the carelessness of the Yarmouth Light and Power Company, or some of its employees, was found. He leaves a widow, two children, two brothers and three sisters, and was about 35 years old. One of the sisters is Mrs. William Logan, of Halifax.

predded, Sir Wilfrid Laurier referred to the bi-lingual school affairs in Ontario sympathetically. The Liberal chief expressed the belief that bi-lingual schools, where the coming generations could be versed in both the English and French languages, were of vital interest to the people of the country. He said that while French-Canadians were willing and glad to speak the English language, they demanded the right granted them by the constitution to have their children educated in the maternal tongue.

## FRENCH TAKE CONTROL OF PIRAEUS, SEAPORT OF ATHENS

### Serbian Troops Advance Along Left Bank of Cerna River in Macedonia—French Troops Cut Enemy's Railway Line South of Serres—British and Bulgars Clash in Balkan Theatre.

In Macedonia the Serbian troops have made a further advance along the left bank of the Cerna river, while the French have cut the railway line south of Serres. The fighting throughout the region consists mainly of artillery duels, only isolated infantry attacks having been reported.

Athens, Oct. 15, via London, Oct. 14.—Control of the port of Piraeus, the seaport of Athens, has been taken over by the French.

No manifests from this port will hereafter be valid without visa by the Allies.

Serbia Push Forward. London, Oct. 15.—Serious fighting occurred Saturday along the entire Serbian front, according to a Reuter despatch from Saloniki. The Bulgarians were expelled from some of their trenches on the left bank of the Cerna, and Bulgarian counter-attacks were repulsed.

British and Bulgars Clash. Saloniki, Oct. 15, via London.—British patrols yesterday came in contact with the Bulgarian forces on the railway south of Serres, in Greek Macedonia, says an official statement issued at the headquarters of the Entente Allies today.

Italians Pushing Forward. Rome, Oct. 15, via London.—Italian troops in the Trentino yesterday made further progress in their advance toward Monte Roteo, according to the Italian official statement issued today. In the region of Cosmagnon an entire Austro-Hungarian battery, composed of four guns, and a large amount of ammunition, were captured by the Italians. The text of the statement reads:

"On the slopes of Monte Passubio further enemy attacks were driven off by our troops."

King Constantine believes himself King by the grace of God. This conception is diametrically opposed to the mind of the nation, which admits of a regime of royalty, but desires that royalty shall be democratic. Our people regard the King as the first servant of the state. They attribute to the King, not the right to impose his personal will, but the duty to guard, without respite, the sovereignty of the people, in order to prevent them suffering from prejudice. Our constitution leaves no doubt regarding the unquestionable sovereignty of the people.

"Today we all have accomplished our efforts for the purpose of organizing ourselves militarily without delay to expel our hereditary enemy from our territory, and to fulfill our duty as an ally toward a friendly people, whose heroism and ardent love for the fatherland and indomitable perseverance have won the admiration of the whole world."

Yenios resumed his seat amid loud cries of "long live Selim," "down with cowards and traitors," and "down with the Kings."

## G.P.R. LINERS PRETORIAN AND GRAMPAN REACH QUEBEC DAY OVERDUE

Quebec, Oct. 15.—After being delayed for a day by very unfavorable weather the Canadian Pacific ocean service steamers R. M. S. Grampian from Liverpool, October 6, and the steamer Pretorian from Glasgow, Oct. 4, arrived in port between 5:30 p. m. and 6 p. m. today. Among the passengers on the Grampian was Colonel Adami, of Montreal, who is back on short leave. He is medical recorder and Canadian A. D. M. S. at headquarters in London. He said that there was general satisfaction with the tactics the Allies are employing in wearing down the enemy, which he thinks will take a year or two before the Germans cry quits.

The Grampian carried 524 passengers and the Pretorian 224.

## "Now Have Germans By Ears", Joffre's Chief of Staff Says

### Encouraged by Heroic Efforts of British, French Will Fight to Final Victory Which is Certain, Gen. Castelneau Says—Pays Tribute To British Troops.

Chantilly, France, (From a staff correspondent of the Associated Press), Saturday, Oct. 14.—"We now have the Germans by the ears, and will continue to shake their heads until their brains are addled and they will be compelled to give in."

These words were spoken today by General Edouard Castelneau, chief of staff of all the French armies in the field, to the American and British war correspondents. The great question at issue, continued Gen. Castelneau, "was whether we should be the slaves of the Germans. We shall not be; we will die on the battlefield, but we never shall be their slaves."

Gen. Castelneau had just witnessed a review of the first infantry regiment which, despite over two years of constant campaign, during which it had distinguished itself on many battlefields, and today had had its regimental flag decorated by General Joffre, appeared on parade as though fresh from the barracks room. Many of the officers and men were personally decorated by the generalissimo, General Joffre, who embraced them.

Final Victory Certain. General Castelneau, who has a more intimate knowledge of General Joffre's plans than anyone else, and, roughly, spoke with great feeling of the fraternity between the officers and men. He pointed with pride to the veteran soldiers who had just passed

three long years of the most heroic fighting which has ever been known in the history of the world. "It is to men like these that we owe thanks for causing the disastrous failure of the great effort of the Germans at Verdun. Encouraged by the immense efforts made by our British comrades, we shall go on to the end, and to the final victory, which is certain."

Admirally General Castelneau referred to the new British armies, saying: "They are formed of splendid material and entered the fight with a keenness which surprised the Germans, and have become a feature of overwhelming importance in the war. The main pre-occupation of the Germans at present is the British army. They already know the French army. They had hoped to exhaust its strength but they have learned otherwise. Now they find themselves faced by strong, well trained British armies, which they find too much for them."

Three Sons Killed. "The effect on them of the new situation can be seen best from the speech of Herr Scheidemann, one of the German Socialist leaders, in the Reichstag, who has greatly changed his opinion since the beginning of the war."

General Castelneau, like General Joffre, is not a talker, but a man of deeds. He is much loved by his soldiers, despite his stern discipline. Since the beginning of the war three of his sons have been killed, while a fourth is seriously wounded and a prisoner.

## ARRIVES IN BOSTON WITH GUN MOUNTED LEYLAND LINER CAMBRIA IN PORT WITH 4 INCH GUN MOUNTED ON AFTER DECK.

Boston, Oct. 15.—The second armed merchantman to enter this port this year arrived early today, when the Leyland liner Cambria, with a four-inch gun mounted on her after-deck, came in from London. The gun, which was installed as a protection against submarines, was manned by two members of the ship's crew, and on the way across barrels were thrown overboard and used as targets to give the men practice. Members of the crew said that two weeks ago they saw a Zeppelin brought down in flames over London.

## GREEK CABINET RENEWS OFFER TO JOIN ALLIES

Athens, Saturday, Oct. 15, via London, Oct. 16.—The cabinet of Spyridon Lambros has officially renewed to the Entente Powers the proposals for Greece's entry into the war, on the side of the Allies, which were made by the cabinet of M. Kalogeropoulos September 18.

London, Oct. 15.—P. Verhaegen, the son of a deputy of Ghent, has been condemned to twelve years' confinement in a fortress, says a report published by the Belgian Dagblad, of The

## TRAIN CRASHES INTO CABOOSE, KILLS 10 MEN

### Eleven Others Seriously Hurt When Train Runs Into Cab in which they Were Riding.

Elwood, Neb., Oct. 15.—Ten men were killed and 11 others seriously injured when a train on the Burlington Railway crashed into the freight caboose in which they were riding, 12 miles east of here today. Five other men, standing on the rear platform of the caboose saw the approaching train soon enough to jump to safety. The trains in collision were sections of a regular stock train.

## RABBIT INOCULATED WITH PARALYSIS GERM CONTRACTS THE DISEASE

Baltimore, Oct. 15.—A rabbit used in the pathological department of Johns Hopkins Hospital to determine the method of transmission of the infantile paralysis germ, has developed the disease, it was announced tonight. Dr. Monroe T. Burrows, of the hospital, who discovered that the germ is taken into the system by the mouth, said that the experiment with the rabbit means another important advance toward solving the whole problem of poliomyelitis. One of the legs of the rabbit has become paralyzed. Transmission will be next attempted through two monkeys.

Hague, and forwarded by Reuter's Amsterdam correspondent. Verhaegen had opposed the conversion of Ghent University into a Flemish university during the German occupation, the report adds, and published a pamphlet calling attention to the danger of German measures.

## SON OF DEPUTY OF GHENT SENTENCED TO TWELVE YEARS IN FORTRESS