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JOIN HUNT -- Three Governments Aid in Pursuit of New Westminster Thieves -- Escaped in Chicago

JORDAN DIES -- Paid Extreme Penalty of Law This Morning for Murder of His Wife

THREE GOVERNMENTS JOIN THE HUE AND CRY FOR BANK ROBBERS

U. S., England and Greece Seeking Criminals

LOOTED BANK AT NEW WESTMINSTER

Gang Got Away with $272,000 and Afterwards Evaded Arrest in Chicago -- How Police Lieut. Burns' Plan Failed to Work.

Chicago, Ill., Sept. 23.—The United States authorities, the English Government, and the police department of Greece joined today in the effort to run down the missing members of the band of safe robbers who looted the Bank of Montreal at New Westminster, B. C., of $272,000 and after making their way to Chicago flooded the underworld of the city with Canadian bills. The escape of the men created one of the greatest police scandals in the history of the Chicago department.

The Greek government was brought into the search by the disappearance of Louis Coloves, who is said to have known secrets concerning the robbers' escape. Coloves is an interpreter for Miles J. Devine, attorney for aJmes Sidles, the Greek saloon keeper, in whose place Police Lieut. Burns says he was knocked unconscious in a single-handed attempt to arrest two robbers. Police efforts today were devoted largely to tracing clues in connection with the large quantities of Canadian bills of large denominations which have been offered for exchange in Chicago since the robbery. A $20,000 note of the New Westminster bank was offered at one bank by two Greeks the day before Burns was overpowered in Sidles' saloon.

Sidles was questioned today by the police about the $10,000 in Canadian money which recently came into his possession.

The story of Lieut. Burns' encounter with the two safe blowers was told today by a bar tender in Sidles' saloon, "I knew Burns was a policeman as soon as I saw him," he said. "The two men we tried later to arrest had been in the back room for several hours. They looked to me like farmers. Burns had on no coat and had the sleeves of his shirt rolled up. He drank at the bar several times and walked into the back room and looked around more than once. He had plenty of chance to take the men, because he was behind them and could have covered them with his gun before speaking."

"After a while he went in and sat down with them.

"Who are you?" I heard one of them ask. Burns said "I'm the big Dick (slang for detective), and I'm going to take you to the station." Then the fight began. Burns drew an automatic pistol but he seemed not to have the strength to pull the trigger. The men then gave him a good trimming. They took their time about going out. I would know them again. They spent only small change here, buying beer. I did not see them spend any Canadian money.

Acting Chief of Police Schuettler said that Sidies is the only person now held by the local police in connection with the escape of the bank robbers. He denied in positive terms that any Chicago police officials are under suspicion of graft in the case.

WILL WAR BE THE RESULT?

Russian Ministers and Sir Edward Grey Confer With King George—International Complications Feared.

New York, N. Y., Sept. 23.—A cable from Aberdeen, Scotland, says: "Despite angry protests from the anti-Russian press, Foreign Ministers Sazanoff of Russia, and Sir Edward Grey of England, and the Russian ambassador, Count Benekendorff conferred with King George at Balmoral today. There is widespread suspicion that an agreement will be reached calculated ultimately to involve Great Britain in war.

HAD ACCESS TO RECORDS IN BANK CASE

Police Inspector Duncan of Toronto in Hot Water Over the Farmers' Bank Matter.

SHOWED PAPERS TO NEWSPAPER MEN.

Non-officials Had Use of Private Documents Say Witnesses.

Toronto, Sept. 23—Some interesting evidence was given today at the opening session of the police commissioner's enquiry into the conduct of Inspector of Detectives Walter Duncan in connection with the Farmers Bank case.

At the enquiry before Sir William Meredith, Duncan had sworn that no unauthorized person had had access to the papers in the case. Today several witnesses testified that they had handled the papers. Several of Duncan's associates on the force testified that his reputation for veracity was not good, and that he had accused them of giving out news which he himself had divulged.

Two witnesses swore that J. P. Haverson, a World reporter, who was exceptionally friendly with Duncan had given them to understand that he had committed and would commit perjury to help the inspector.

Stewart Lyon, managing editor of the Globe, testified that he had been shown certain Farmer's Bank papers by Inspector Duncan. Mr. Lyon declined to divulge publicly the name of the person who suggested that he should see the papers, but informed the commissioners privately.

Magistrate Denison remarked: "That makes one more non-official person who had access to the papers."

James P. Haverson, a reporter on the World, was asked why he had told several people he had committed perjury on Inspector Duncan's behalf. "I did not say that," he answered. "What I said was that one might go the length of committing perjury for the police and still get no thanks for it."

THE EXECUTIVE OF THE SCOTIA CAR COMPANY'S BOARD

The Management of New Car Building Company at New Glasgow Will Have Expert, Practical Management.

One thing among many that commend the securities of the Eastern Car Company, Limited, now constructing a car building plant at New Glasgow, to the attention of careful investors, is the character of the personnel of the company's board of directors. This is comprised of the executive of the Nova Scotia Steel and Coal Company—that is, the men on that board who are the real moving and directing force of "Scotia," are the men who are entrusted with the management of this allied car building industry. Here are their names: James C. McGregor, president; Robert E. Harris, K.C., vice-president; Lieutenant Governor Jas. D. McGregor, George F. McKay, R. E. Chambers and Thomas Cantley.

The plant is being built under the supervision of the engineers and experts of the Nova Scotia Steel and Coal Company.

No element is more vitally important in bringing success to a manufacturing or any commercial or industrial enterprise than is that of management.

The general manager of the new company has been selected with the utmost care and one of the best known car building experts in the whole industry has been secured to take charge of operations and assume the direct management.

The Eastern Car Company directors have taken $250,000 of the six per cent. preferred shares and the balance of $500,000 is offered by J. C. Mackintosh and Company, Halifax, at 90 per cent. of par. The offering is being well received by the investing public.

FIGHT FOR UNIVERSAL SUFFRAGE

Belgian Socialists Project General Strike to Wrest Desired Legislation from the Government.

BLOODLESS WAR WILL BE WAGED.

Workmen Securing Arms, But Leaders Say They Will Not Be Used.

Brussels, Sept. 23.—A great general strike is projected by the Socialists of Belgium in support of a universal suffrage amendment to the constitution. Hostilities against the government which has resolutely set its face against the desired legislation will begin in November. Half a million workers, it is calculated, will be involved in the strike, which it is proposed shall last six weeks at a cost to their funds estimated at ten millions of dollars.

The railways, the postal and telephone services, mines, docks, arsenals factories and workshops of all kinds are to be involved in what its promoters contend will be a bloodless campaign. Women seem as earnest as the men in the propoganda which reaches throughout Belgium. Promises of substantial financial support have been received by the committee officials from the United States, France, England, Germany, Sweden and elsewhere, and arrangements have been completed, according to the same authority to send forty thousand children to temporary homes in the north of France on the declaration of the strike.

The thoroughness of the Socialist leaders who are engineering this movement is in evidence on all sides. All extra work in the mines has been strictly avoided so that there shall be no accumulation of coal stocks against the evil day. Similar fiction has been taken in factories, and workers are limiting the output strictly to the quantities necessary to meet requirements from day to day. Any attempt to depart from this rule is prevented by the workmen. In the homes of the workers the strictest economies are being observed so that funds may be available when the weekly wages cease to come in and the men and women are saving up their money as though for their annual holiday.

In spite of the announced desire of the committee that the peace shall in no way be disturbed during the strike, such vast numbers of revolvers have found their way into the hands of workmen that the government has issued instructions to burgomasters, police and gendarmes to institute a general round up of warlike weapons. The government is making arrangements to repress any attempt at excesses with an iron hand, and troops will be rushed into all the industrial centres the moment the strike is declared.

WEST FAVORS DEFENCE PLAN

Premier Flemming Found Sentiment Strongly in Favor of Canada's Participation in Empire's Naval Expansion.

Ottawa, Sept. 23.—Premier Flemming, of New Brunswick, who is here today en route home from the Canadian Forestry Convention in Victoria, told the Canadian Press in an interview that he had found in the west a very strong feeling that Canada should do something in a practical way toward the general defence of the Empire.

"The west is taking a very keen interest in the navy problem," he said. "Most of the talk of divergence of sentiment between east and west is merely talk. Those responsible for it forget the steady influx from Eastern Canada. We have deplored losing our best, but in the end it is going to be a good thing in that it will promote unity of sentiment that could not be obtained in any other way."

BANQUET TO MR. BORDEN IN TORONTO

Twenty-two Hundred Guests and Spectators Attended to Do Honor to Canada's Able Premier.

CONGRATULATED ON GOVERNMENT'S WORK.

Dignity and Prudence Displayed Since Accession to Office.

Toronto, Sept. 23.—The banquet to the Right Hon. R. L. Borden tonight was an immense success. The new arena, which occupies almost a whole city block, was elaborately decorated for the occasion in red and royal purple, the scheme being worked out in lights and bunting, while an immense metal crown, studded with lights, was suspended over the head table, which was occupied by leading citizens, representative not only of Toronto but of Ontario and the whole Dominion. Every seat of the 1,500 at the tables was occupied, while fully 7,000 spectators filled the immense galleries.

The chair was occupied by G. T. Somers, president of the Board of Trade. He congratulated Mr. Borden on the prudence and dignity shown in his negotiations with the home government.

"We welcome you," said Mr. Somers, "in certain confidence that if, through intercourse with British ministers you feel that Great Britain is at a crisis in its fortunes, you ask the parliament of Canada for such an immediate and such an adequate contribution towards naval defence as will at least discharge some portion of the long and great obligation of Canada to the mother country and which will finally convince the world that the overseas dominions will not flinch from any duty or any sacrifice necessary to maintain the absolute unity and security of the Empire."

Sir James Whitney, premier of Ontario, proposed Right Hon. Mr. Borden's health in an eloquent speech, paying a tribute to the Prime Minister's masterly conduct of public affairs since his accession to office and to the manner in which he had impressed Great Britain with the importance of Canada's place in the empire.

A Great Reception.

Mr. Borden was given a magnificent ovation on arising to reply. He first expressed his appreciation of the fact that so many not associated with the Conservative party had been broad-spirited and generous enough to join in the welcome extended to him. It was a token that the members of both parties were inspired alike by the one desire to see Canada take her place among the nations of the world.

Like other Canadians, Mr. Borden said, he had realized the progress and the possibilities of the Dominion, but in visiting the Motherland, he had become impressed with the thought that, however, great the heritage of Canada may be, the heritage of the Empire is greater. He had come back to Canada inspired with even a firmer faith than before in the future of the Empire and in the ability of British statesmen in the Motherland and in the dominions over the seas to work out the Empire's problems.

"The people of the old land," said Mr. Borden, "are as much convinced as are the people of Canada that the unity of the Empire, nay the very existence of the Empire is dependent upon a sure path across the seas and they are determined to maintain for themselves and for you a sure path across every ocean where British dominions lie. That which is not essential to other nations is the very life of this Empire.

"It is not for me tonight to make any announcements to you, although before a great audience like this it is a sore temptation to any man to be indiscreet for the time, but I must follow the good old constitutional rule that announcements with regard to great subjects should be made first to parliament."

I. C. R. SCHEDULE.

Moncton, Sept. 23.—Two girls of tender years who belong here but have no home and have given the police a lot of trouble were today deported to Boston. A distant relative in Boston wrote Chief of Police Rideout enclosing money for their transportation.

A joint committee of B. R. T. O. R. C. composed of N. Grondin, River du Loup; J. Robbins, Levis; W. Kingston, St. John; J. H. Hughes, Charlottetown; J. W. Hibert, Halifax; J. Keyes, Sydney; L. G. Kennedy, Truro; J. B. Dube, St. Flavie; E. White, Amherst, arrived in the city today and convened this afternoon. Tomorrow they will meet the I. C. R. board of management. It is understood revision of the schedule will be brought up. The suspension and discharge of railway employes a few months ago will be taken up and discussed.

DRIFT OF THE EVIDENCE TURNS AGAINST WALDO

Responsibility for Appointment of Unfit to Police Force Brought Home to Commissioner

President Creelman, of N. Y. Civil Service Commission Before Aldermanic Committee Investigating Police Conditions -- Other Witnesses State Waldo's Objections were Withdrawn Before Enquiry was Made.

New York, Sept. 23.—Inquiry by the Aldermanic committee into police conditions was marked today by heated words from the principal witness, James Creelman, president of the Municipal Civil Service Commission, upon which Police Commissioner Waldo in earlier testimony had placed the responsibility for the fact that many men alleged to be unfit for duty received appointments to the police force.

In the midst of cheers from some of the auditors and hisses from others, the witness denounced the committee's work as "petty political trickery of the Republican ring," and declared that he would leave the witness stand unless its counsel, Emory R. Buckner, ceased "putting lies in his mouth." Scenes of confusion and uproar accompanied practically all of the afternoon's proceedings.

Testimony elicited from President Creelman and his two associates, Alexander Keog and Richard Welling in effect turned the responsibility back upon Commissioner Waldo. The question has mainly been how it was that some forty men on the civil service list who had been rejected by former Police Commissioner James C. Cropsey as unfit for duty had been appointed to the force shortly after Commissioner Waldo took office. Commissioner Waldo has declared the Civil Service Commission had certified to the fitness of these men even after the commissioner had referred them back to the commission for investigation.

Mr. Keog declared today that only a few of these men were actually summoned before the commission for the reason, he said, that the rejections were withdrawn by Commissioner Waldo.

In the examination of Mr. Creelman, during which Attorney Buckner experienced many setbacks by the witness' denunciation of the committee's procedure, the committee's counsel considered one by one the cases of men whom Mr. Waldo appointed although they had been found to have committed perjury in applying for positions and some to have had accusations of crime against them on record. Mr. Creelman declared that the district attorney's office had been advised of instances of perjury but the police prosecutor had declined to act. He also declared that Mr. Waldo was in possession of the records of the alleged undesirables, and that in some instances the names were placed on the recertified list at the commissioner's request and others certified to because the commission considered Mr. Cropsey's objections baseless. Mr. Cropsey will be a witness when the hearing is resumed tomorrow.

M'GORTY TRIMS JACK HARRISON

Strengthens Claim to Middleweight Championship of the World by Defeating English Champion in Two Minutes.

New York, N. Y., Sept. 23.—Eddie McGoorty of Oshkosh, who claims to be the top notcher among middleweights, added strength to his argument tonight when he made short work of Jack Harrison, champion of England, who holds the Lonsdale belt. After knocking out Dave Smith, the Australian champion, in the first round at Madison Square Garden, three weeks ago, in the same ring tonight he knocked out the British champion in two minutes 55 seconds.

The men agreed to weigh in at 6 p. m. at 160 pounds and both were under weight at that hour, but at the ringside McGoorty weighed in at 165 and Harrison at 163. McGoorty opened up with a right and left to the face and then staggered the Englishman with a left hook on the jaw.

Keeping his man continually on the defensive he sent right and left blows to the head and after a smashing right to the face and a right uppercut under the chin, he hooked Herrison's jaw with his left, sending him down for a count of nine. The Englishman got up groggy and McGoorty chased him around the ring, landing three rights and three lefts on the head, and with another left hook put the Englishman down for a second time for a count of nine.

As soon as Harrison was on his feet McGoorty landed two straight lefts to the face and a right across on the ear, rocked him with right uppercuts and then repeated with a left hook which sent the Englishman to the floor for the third and last time. He lay on his back in the middle of the ring while he was counted out, and had to be dragged to his corner. It was several minutes before his seconds were able to resuscitate him sufficiently to leave the ring.

SCHOONER BOUND FOR THIS PORT, ON FLATS FOR REPAIRS

New London, Conn., Sept. 23.—Schr. Calabria, which went ashore on a reef off Fishers Island last Saturday, while bound from St. John, N. B., for New York with lumber, has been floated and towed here. She has two holes in her bottom and has been hauled on to the mud flats to await inspection.

WILL BANQUET HON. J. D. HAZEN

Liberal Conservative Association of Sorel Plan Tribute to Minister of Marine on Occasion of Official Visit.

Montreal, Sept. 23.—Hon. J. D. Hazen is to be tendered a banquet by the Liberal-Conservative Association of the Town of Sorel, on October 2nd. The Government has extensive shipyards at Sorel and Mr. Hazen in his capacity of Minister of Marine will pay an official visit of inspection on the day of the banquet. Additional interest is lent to the affair by the fact that the seat in Parliament for the County of Richelieu is now vacant.

ENDORSATION OF COVENANT

Ulster Unionist Council Approves Text of Document to Which Followers Will Subscribe on Saturday.

Belfast, Sept. 23—The Ulster Unionist Council today confirmed the text of the covenant against Home Rule to be signed by the Unionists throughout the province on Sept. 28.

The document declares that Home Rule would be disastrous to Ulster and Ireland, subversive to civil and religious freedom, and perilous to the unity of the Empire. It pledges the signatories to stand by one another in defending for themselves and their children their position of equal citizenship in the United Kingdom and in using all means which may be found necessary to defeat Home Rule in Ireland. In the event of an Irish parliament being forced upon them they solemnly and mutually pledge themselves to refuse recognition of its authority.

HOUSE TO MEET NOV. 14th.

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, Sept. 23.—It is expected that Thursday, Nov. 14, will be selected for the opening of Parliament. A good deal of preparatory work must be done, and there seems to be little likelihood of an earlier date being decided upon.

IS EXECUTED FOR MURDER OF HIS WIFE

Chester S. Jordan Pays Full Penalty of the Law After Spending Four Years In Prison.

INSANE JUROR CAUSES DELAY.

Murderer's Cabman Responsible for the Discovery of Crime.

Boston, Mass., Sept. 24.—Chester S. Jordan paid the full penalty of the law at 12.14.30 o'clock this morning when for the murder of his wife at their apartments at Somerville, on Sept. 1, 1908, he was electrocuted. This case presented one of the most peculiar technical difficulties that has ever stood in the way of justice.

A suspicious cabman was responsible for the discovery of the murder of Mrs. Chester S. Jordan, for which Jordan was executed this morning. The murder was committed at their apartments in Somerville, on Sept. 1, 1908. During a quarrel with his young wife, an actress, Jordan struck her and knocked her down a stairway. The next day he dismembered her body, placed the head and some other parts in a stove in an unsuccessful attempt to burn them, and packed the remainder of the body in a trunk.

His actions in driving about the city with the trunk aroused the suspicions of his cab driver, who reported to the police that he believed his passenger had stolen the trunk. While the police were investigating Jordan attempted to jump from the window of his room. Later he admitted that the body was that of his wife, whom he had killed during a quarrel two days before.

Jordan was born 33 years ago in Indianapolis, Ind., and while on the stage married Honorah O'Reilley, known in vaudeville as Irene Shannon. Jordan was brought to trial on April 20, 1909 and found guilty of murder May 4, 1909. Four days later one of the jurymen became insane and was committed to an asylum. The State Supreme Court refused to grant an appeal for a new trial and Jordan was sentenced to die during the week of March 12, 1911. A writ of error being granted an appeal from the decision of the state court was taken to the United States Supreme Court, but the appeal was denied on May 27, 1912, nearly four years after the commission of the crime, and Jordan was sentenced a second time to die.

LENGTHY SESSION OF PARLIAMENT SEEMS PROBABLE

The Cabinet Will Sit Daily Until November When Busy Session of the House Will Commence.

Ottawa, Sept. 23.—Almost daily sittings of the cabinet will be held from now on until the house opens in November and orders have been issued to all departments of the civil service to prepare estimates at once.

The decision to call parliament together in November, as announced by the Premier in Montreal, is taken to presage a long session. Aside from the navy policy the legislative programme is quite heavy, including as it does Bank Act revision, redistribution, probable tariff changes to be announced in the budget speech, control of western lands and the administration of the outside civil service by a commission.

FIRST FRUITS OF NEW ARRANGEMENT WITH OLD COUNTRY

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, Sept. 23.—The current issue of the weekly report issued by the Department of Trade and Commerce contains the first fruits of Mr. Foster's arrangement with the British Governments. The British consular reports which by the agreement, were to be available for Canadian use already are accessible, and the weekly report contains a report by the British Consul General on the trade and navigation of Kobe, Japan.