

80 MINUTES OVERTIME IN COLLEGE GAME

U. N. B. And Acadia Struggle For Two Hours And A Half In Titanic Conflict With Score Tied.

GAME ENDS WITH MEN EXHAUSTED

Woolville, N. S., Feb. 10.—The ice was in good shape and enthusiasm ran high tonight when about six hundred people saw Acadia and U. N. B. lined up. The game ended in a draw after eighty minutes over time play, the score being 2 to 2, and was characterized by considerable mixing up.

Of the visitors, Sterling, Feeney and Babbitt starred, while Bars, Murray and Richmond were the pick of Acadia. In the first half play tarried around centre, Machum carried the puck to Acadia's end, and was checked by Bars, who got one minute. Potter and Forry carried the puck to U. N. B.'s end and Curry sagged the net with the first goal after two minutes' play.

Events The Score. In one minute Feeney evaded the score. Bars and Potter net a minute for checking. Sterling got five minutes for tripping. After ten minutes' play Feeney finds Acadia's net, making the score 2 to 1 for the visitors.

In the second half Murray took Curry's place, who got injured in the first half. From the face off play went to U. N. B.'s end, and Richmond got one minute for tripping. Barry and Feeney combined, but failed on the shot. Richmond carried the puck to U. N. B.'s end, and passed to Curry, who shot Acadia's second goal.

Play lingered around U. N. B.'s goal and Blinney stopped some hot ones. Potter gets two minutes for tripping. Barry gets hurt and causes a delay of ten minutes of the game. Black rushed and Machum tripped and went off. Play ended with puck in centre ice. Score 2 to 2.

Continued Play. After twenty minutes delay play continued in ten minute periods, Potter and Machum got off for roughing it. For five minutes U. N. B.'s goal was guarded by Curry, Murray and Richmond. Babbitt made a pretty rush, but Bars blocked; Murray made pretty dribble, but Sterling tripped and got three minutes. Murray dribbled and caged the net, but the whistle had blown for off side.

At the end of forty minutes over play, the score still stood 2 to 2. After sixty minutes over play the captain tossed the puck to decide whether they play further or not. Play continued. After eighty minutes over play the score still stood 2 to 2. The men being too tired to continue, the game ended in a tie.

Standard Sends a Representative to Commission Cities

Mr. H. V. Mackinnon Will Make Independent Report on Conditions in Cedar Rapids and Des Moines With Object of Giving Citizens Fair Idea of New Plan of Government.

The Standard takes pleasure in announcing that Mr. H. V. Mackinnon, formerly editor of the St. John Star and now business manager of this journal, is on his way to Des Moines, Cedar Rapids and other cities which have adopted the commission form of civic government, for the purpose of obtaining, at first hand, full and accurate information on a subject which for the next two months will be of much interest to the citizens of St. John. Government by commission is being advocated for this city, but opinions differ as to its adaptability to our special needs and requirements.

The Standard has taken the ground that changing the entire system of government is too radical a move and that commission rule has some disadvantages. Support has rather been given to a reform movement to reduce the number of aldermen, provide for more frequent meetings and make such necessary changes in the management of the departments as experience may suggest. These measures properly carried out will, we believe, meet the case.

On the other hand, the advocates of commission, who have asked for a plebiscite on the question, are satisfied that their plan is the best and the only form of government St. John should adopt. Much additional information seems to be necessary before the citizens should be asked to decide. Mr. Mackinnon's intimate knowledge of conditions in St. John, his training and experience as a newspaper man and his well known capabilities as a writer, render him peculiarly well fitted to report on all phases of the question.

For the past week he spent much time at City Hall, obtaining facts and figures which will be useful for comparison, and as far as possible, at this distance, the line of investigation which he will follow has been marked out. Through the courtesy of Mr. Sherman, who recently delivered an address in the Opera House on Commission Government, Mr. Mackinnon, as the special representative of The Standard, goes armed with letters of introduction to people in Des Moines and Cedar Rapids and other cities which will materially aid him in his work.

It cannot be too clearly stated that Mr. Mackinnon goes with a free hand, and is not in any way bound by the opinions The Standard has expressed. Further, should the result of Mr. Mackinnon's investigations show that a commission is all its supporters claim for it and that it is the form of government best suited to conditions in St. John, The Standard, which has not been engaged in any factious opposition, is prepared to give the movement hearty support. The first of a series of articles from Mr. Mackinnon's pen will probably appear in The Standard next Saturday.

Among those who gave their opinions on the sheep raising industry were Mr. Moore, Scottish Lake; Hon. Geo. J. Colter, Keswick; Wm. McKay and A. D. Thomas, Fredericton; Thos. Illingsworth, Kingsclear; James Mitchell and Henry Wilnot, of Lincoln. Their opinions seemed to be very largely that the dog nuisance had interfered very largely with sheep raising in New Brunswick, and some of the witnesses were of the opinion that there were other branches of farming more profitable.

HON. MR. KING UNDER FIRE YESTERDAY

Labor Minister Makes No Effort To Settle One Strike And Fails In Another—Reciprocity Memorials.

LIE PASSED BY LIBERAL MEMBER

Special to The Standard. Ottawa, Feb. 10.—In committee of supply on the labor estimates in the Commons today, Mr. Rhodes said that the department should have dealt with the strike at Springhill, N. S., in the same manner in which the Grand Trunk strike had been dealt with. Similar efforts should have been made he thought, to bring about a settlement.

Houghton Lennox expressed the view that the settlement of the Grand Trunk strike had been both unsatisfactory and unfortunate, because the company had declined to recognize the claims of old employees to their pensions. Hon. MacKenzie King pointed out that it was not the policy of the department, once a strike had been dealt with under the industrial disputes investigation act, to endeavor to settle a strike by other means.

Shortly before noon a serious situation developed such a serious situation that he had determined to endeavor to bring about a settlement even if it were to cost him his position as a minister of the Crown. He did not desire any particular credit, but had the government not interfered there would have been disaster all around and in the end probably several hundred employees would have lost their places.

Opposed to Reciprocity. J. D. Taylor, New Westminster, read a telegram from the fruit growers of the British Columbia inland board urging the appointment of a commission to report upon conditions before passing upon the reciprocity agreement. Mr. Burrell said he had a great many messages to the same effect.

Mr. Black, of Hants, N. S., declared he could bring a sheaf of communications from the fruit growers of Nova Scotia who to a man were in favor of reciprocity. Hon. Geo. P. Graham stated that the clerk in the I. C. R. office who had refused to sell excursion tickets for the attempt to report upon conditions before passing upon the reciprocity agreement, was a man in favor of reciprocity.

Bitter Scene. Tonight, there was a scene in the Commons reminiscent of the public accounts committee. The word "lie" was used towards another member by the opposition. A contemptuous adjournment a contemptuous adjournment a contemptuous adjournment occurred between Mr. Madin (Cape Breton) and D. D. MacKenzie (North Cape Breton).

1500 FRUIT GROWERS PLEAD AGAINST RUIN

Huge Delegation Present Demand for Revision of Reciprocity Agreement Affecting Their Business Sir Wilfred Laurier Seeks to Temporize by Quoting Demands of Western Farmers—Deputation Most Representative One and Use Strong Argument—Progress Made at Washington.



Veteran Admiral Retires From Active List of British Navy On Reaching Age Limit—Career Eulogized.

London, Feb. 10.—Lord Charles William de la Poer Beresford is 65 years old today, and by virtue of the age limit clause is retired from the active list of the British Navy. He has held no appointment since his surrender on March 24th, 1909, of the command of the Channel Fleet.

There were no official formalities, but most of the daily papers take occasion to eulogize the Admiral's notable career. The Radical press criticizes his political activities. Lord Charles William de la Poer Beresford was born in Ireland, Feb. 10th, 1846.

He entered the Navy in 1859 at the age of thirteen, and earned his spurs in the Crimea, where he was promoted to the rank of captain. Later, he served in the South Cape, and commanded the Naval Brigade at the battle of Abu Klea; while the Secretary of the Admiralty, speaking of his rescue of Sir Charles Wilson (who had got into difficulties in the attempt to save Gordon at Khartoum), said that it was a feat of arms equally remarkable for the skill and gallantry displayed; and Lord Wolsey in despatches described him as "an officer whose readiness of resource and whose ability as a leader are only equalled by his daring."

Entered Parliament. In 1885 Lord Charles entered Parliament as member for East Margate, and in the following year he was appointed a Lord of the Admiralty—the only administrative appointment he has held. He resigned in 1888, in consequence of a difference with his superiors as to the provision made for general staff work. He re-entered Parliament as a member for York in 1898, retaining his seat until 1906, when he resigned in order to hoist his flag under Admiral Fisher as second in command of the Mediterranean.

A month after hauling down his flag, which he did in February, 1902, he was elected member for Woolwich, later to resign his seat twelve months later to take command of the Channel Fleet. When the Home Fleet was disbanded in 1905, Admiral Sir A. K. Wilson remained in command of this force, while Lord Charles went as commander in chief to the Mediterranean a post which he held two years later to take command of the Channel Fleet. He handed down his flag for the last time in March, 1909, when the Channel Fleet was absorbed in the Home Fleet and Sir William May took chief command of the naval forces in home waters.

Lord Charles was elected to Parliament for Portsmouth in January, 1910 and again in the recent elections. Halifax, Feb. 10.—Earl and Countess Grey who one year ago, renounced the solemnity of the wedding of Mr. and Mrs. William Dunlop at Middle Stewiacke, sent yesterday morning another message of congratulation to the happy couple. Both were given at 24 to Mattie Fisher, aged 25, the couple have had no children.

Ottawa, Feb. 10.—A huge delegation of fruit and vegetable men from the Province of Ontario and the Niagara district in particular, numbering about 1,500, waited on the government this afternoon, protesting in no uncertain terms, against reciprocity as it is proposed in connection with the fruit and vegetables. The vegetable growers from Quebec were also represented. The deputation was received in the Commons chamber and was the largest seen here since the western farmers. The premier with Messrs. Fleming and Patterson, received them.

Mr. Johnson, president of the fruit and vegetable growers' association, read the memorial setting forth the main contentions. Messrs. W. H. Bunting, St. Catharines; Thomas Dalwell, secretary of the Ontario vegetable growers; Thomas Rowley, Leamington; A. W. Pearl Burlington and J. McEvey, of Montreal, also spoke.

Premier's Reply. Sir Wilfred Laurier did not begin his reply to the delegation until after two o'clock. He began by pointing out the difficult position of the government in a country where there were such varied interests in tariff matters. As an instance of this the farmers and fruit growers of the west demanded not only free grain, but free fruit and vegetables, while today's deputation wanted just the opposite. How was the government to know who was right in face of this? In any case he did not see how American competition could effect superior Canadian fruit, especially when the seasons were different.

Moreover, the Maritime Province growers wanted the barriers removed. Compromise was the only thing left and the government had done its best. "No tariff," said Sir Wilfred in conclusion, "can in the face of conflicting demands, be acceptable to all. For the common good of the country we must make concessions."

Wording of Memorial. The memorial presented the premier reads: This memorial presented by the fruit and vegetable growers of the Province of Ontario, humbly sheweth: Whereas, the Government of Canada has for many years fostered and encouraged the development of fruit and vegetable growing in this Dominion and has evidenced by their action in the past, been justly guided by the voters and opinions of many prominent men and organizations in close touch with the conditions surrounding these industries, and has given such assistance as has resulted in great activity and progress in the extension of orchards and vineyards producing a rapidly increasing supply of Canadian fruits;

And, whereas in connection with this movement, systems of transportation have been developed, along certain lines, and an extensive work has been undertaken to fully supply every part of Canada with seasonable fruits at moderate prices; And, whereas the attention of the outside world has been drawn to this country largely through the medium of the fruit industry, whereby many thousands of new settlers from Great Britain and other countries have been induced to invest their capital in fruit lands;

And, whereas it is desirable to encourage rather than discourage the increase and sub-division of our extensive areas of valuable fruit lands, settling them with a thrifty and intelligent population; And, whereas the government proposed to admit to American tender fruit and vegetables free of duty, of the varieties grown in Canada; And, whereas we believe that such action will most seriously upset present conditions and compel Canadian growers to seek other markets to their great detriment and financial loss; and whereas there never has been, nor from the conditions surrounding the industry, are likely to be any combine of the scattered interests of these fruit growers to advance prices; situated as they are, over a wide extent of territory, and numbering many tens of thousands of people; And, whereas many millions of dollars have been invested in this industry in the firm belief that the present or equally satisfactory duties would continue to be charged on imported fruits and vegetables; We would therefore most earnestly and respectfully urge that your government may, after due consideration of the points we have ventured to bring to your notice, and after full inquiry, into all the conditions, reconsider the duties now levied on the interchange of fresh fruits and vegetables, and that you may then be enabled to place our industry on a commensurate footing with its great importance to the development of this country.

Progress in Congress. Washington, Feb. 10.—The Canadian reciprocity agreement made some progress in Congress today, through discussions of the ways and means committee and a conference of Democratic senators, but action in both cases was deferred, the committee adjourning until tomorrow morning. The Democratic senators adjourning until Tuesday. At the ways and means committee session, Chairman Payne was absent, but sent word that he would like to be present when the vote is taken. He is ill at home with the grippe, and hoped to improve sufficiently to attend the session tomorrow, though some of his colleagues believe he will be too ill to come to the capital. Most of the committee's time was devoted to a discussion by Representative Mann of Illinois, of the phraseology of the McCall bill which embodies the provisions of the agreement. Secretary of State Knox will make a speech in Chicago next Wednesday evening, when it is understood he will devote his remarks to advocacy of reciprocity. Not Impressed by Taft. Columbus, Ohio, Feb. 10.—Upon the heels of President Taft's speech at the national convention yesterday, favoring reciprocity with Canada, about 300 members of the Ohio corn improvement association in session at the exposition, adopted a resolution favoring the proposed reduction in the tariff on farm products. The resolutions read: "We doubt the wisdom of throwing open unreservedly our ports to Canadian farm products. By so doing the American farmer will be unable to obtain a fair compensation for the time and labor which he invests in his business and we recommend that no action be taken by our national government that shall be detrimental to his interests."

PRaise FROM AN OPPONENT NEW BRUNSWICK MEN OFFICERS

Farmer Commends Agricultural Policy At Meeting Of Sheep Commissioners At Fredericton. Hon. W. C. H. Grimmer Vice-President, And Premier Hazen On Executive Of N. American Fish and Game.

Fredericton, Feb. 10.—Messrs. Dryden and Ritch, the members of the Federal Sheep Commission, held a session here this afternoon according to arrangements made by the provincial department of agriculture. W. W. Hubbard, secretary for agriculture in New Brunswick, presided, and there was a good attendance of farmers and others interested in sheep raising.

Among those who gave their opinions on the sheep raising industry were Mr. Moore, Scottish Lake; Hon. Geo. J. Colter, Keswick; Wm. McKay and A. D. Thomas, Fredericton; Thos. Illingsworth, Kingsclear; James Mitchell and Henry Wilnot, of Lincoln. Their opinions seemed to be very largely that the dog nuisance had interfered very largely with sheep raising in New Brunswick, and some of the witnesses were of the opinion that there were other branches of farming more profitable.

C. E. Gunter, of Bear Island, paid the provincial government a warm tribute. He declared that he had not been a supporter of the present administration, but he wanted to speak in the highest terms of what the present government had done for the farmers of New Brunswick, and the aid they had given to the sheep raising industry. The commissioners left tonight for Bathurst where they will hold a meeting before proceeding to Quebec.

MONCTON ALDERMAN WAS IN MINORITY Unofficial Recount Of Votes Showed Ex-Ald. Whelpley Had One More Vote Than Ald. Nickerson. Moncton, Feb. 10.—At tonight's meeting of the city council it was decided by a vote of four to three not to proceed with a recount of the votes cast in Ward 3 at the recent civic election when Ald. Nickerson was returned as elected over Ex-Ald. Whelpley with a majority of four to satisfy the council, however, the ballot box was opened and a count made showing that Whelpley had a majority of one over Nickerson. It is uncertain what action will be taken, but it is likely the law in regard to contested civic elections, which is not now very clear, will be amended.

OTHER OFFICERS OF CANADIAN CONTINGENT Report That Lt. Col. Williams And Lt. Col. Woods Will Be Associated With Lt. Col. McLean.

Cambridge, Mass., Feb. 10.—Sir Wilfred Thomaston Grenfell, the well known medical missionary of the Labrador coast, has been elected as the William Bolden Noble lecturer at Harvard University for 1911-12. Dr. Grenfell, who was recently knighted by King George, has practically isolated himself from the world in order to minister to the needs of the fishermen and their families on the coast of Northern Newfoundland and Labrador.

NOVA SCOTIA COUPLE 70 YEARS MARRIED

Halifax, Feb. 10.—Earl and Countess Grey who one year ago, renounced the solemnity of the wedding of Mr. and Mrs. William Dunlop at Middle Stewiacke, sent yesterday morning another message of congratulation to the happy couple. Both were given at 24 to Mattie Fisher, aged 25, the couple have had no children.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 10.—Owing to the strike of students announced on February 8th, the universities of St. Petersburg and Moscow have decided to close their doors for two days.

JAIL SENTENCE FOR SMUGGLER

Society Woman Sent To Tombs Over Sunday As Warning To Her Sex—\$2,000 Fine Paid. New York, Feb. 10.—As an example to women who have no qualms against smuggling, Judge Martin, in the criminal branch of the United States district court today, sentenced Mrs. Roberts G. Hill to the Tombs from tonight until 8 o'clock Monday morning and fined her \$2,000. The fine was promptly paid and Mrs. Hill was led away sobbing hysterically. She is the daughter of Morris Menges, a well known Brooklyn horseman, and the divorced wife of Captain James Hill of the British Army.

Counsel for Mrs. Hill made a strong plea for the courts mercy, but Judge Martin said that he felt that a jail sentence was necessary as a lesson. "I regret to say," he added, "that women are much more prone to attempt smuggling than are men."

SYDNEY JEW FIRES SHOTS AT INTRUDER

Sydney, N. S., Feb. 10.—Louis Sodosky, a Hebrew, put two bullets into the person of Antonio Aristotok, a Poleander, today. Sodosky found a man entering his house through a window early this morning holding a glittering object like a revolver in his hand. Sodosky secured his own revolver and thinking to scare the intruder fired twice, both shots taking effect, one entering the head and the other breaking the hand. The Jew was the first to acquiesce the authorities of the affray. He was released on \$1,000 bail.

SAY UNIONISTS ARE DIVIDED ON VETO

Lord Lansdowne Said To Be Ready To Introduce Bill Of Which House Leaders Do Not Approve. London, Feb. 10.—Apparently the Unionist leaders in parliament have been unable to agree upon lines of action in opposition to the government's policy. On the eve of the meeting of parliament it was intimated that Lord Lansdowne, the leader of the opposition in the House of Lords, was ready to introduce a bill for the reform of the Upper House, while the Times stated that the Unionist leaders had decided that it would be undesirable to introduce such a bill. Both these statements lack confirmation in responsible Unionist quarters.

Lord Curzon of Kedleston, in a speech here tonight deprecated the presentation of a strike-provoking vote bill at a moment when preparations for the coronation were being made, and urged the importance of both parties seeking to arrive at a permanent settlement of the problem.

\$100,000 INCENDIARY. Wilmington, N. C., Feb. 10.—Fire believed to have been of incendiary origin caused a property loss of \$100,000 early today at Wadesboro, N. C., partly covered by insurance.

SECURED CREW. Liverpool, Feb. 10.—The British steamer Zermatt arrived here today with the crew of the Spanish steamer Archandis, which foundered off Cape Finistere, France. The lost crew sailed from Port Tampa Jan. 2 for Rona.