

LOCAL AND PROVINCIAL

News of the Day Selected from Tuesday's Evening Times.

Medical Examination. The next examinations of the B. C. Medical Council will be held at Vancouver on September 5th at 10 a.m. Dr. G. L. Milne, secretary and registrar, will supply any information required.

Were Long Parted. Samson Hart of Montreal arrived in the city last night on a visit to his brother, D. Hart. The meeting was a pleasant one, for it was the first time since 1855-58 years. They have, of course, corresponded regularly but have never met. The visiting brother is a prosperous manufacturer of cigars in Montreal. He will spend some time here.

"Class in Ancient History Bids." The Colonist of this morning sold the skins of the schooner Penelope to Turner, Beeton & Co. for \$15 a skin, saying the sale took place shortly after the schooner's return. As a matter of fact, the skins taken by the Penelope were contracted for at the figure named before the schooner sailed, and the impression should not be allowed to go forth that \$15 is the market price now.

Will Skip B. C. Henry Irving and party are expected from the east on Friday next. They will leave for San Francisco on Wednesday, beginning their engagement in that city on September 4th. After the San Francisco engagement they will come north, appearing in Portland, September 19th and 20th, Tacoma, 21st, and Seattle 22nd. Winnipeg will be the next place visited, both Victoria and Vancouver being skipped.

The Artillery Band. As will be seen by reference to the advertisement in another column, Captain Smallfield, acting adjutant of the B.C.B. G.A., is calling for the services of 22 bandmen to form a regimental brass band for the artillery, under the leadership of Mr. Finn, late bandmaster of the Victoria City band. The artillery corps in future will be able to match to the stirring music of its own band, and be independent of the precarious assistance of civilian and outside organizations.

Mining at Cameron Lake. Several days ago, a party of fishermen who were at Cameron Lake on the Albern road, heard blasting in the vicinity of the lake. Going to the place where the blasting was being done, they found a party of Ross miners at work, sinking a shaft out of which they were taking a large amount of very good looking gold quartz. The Finns had located a ledge of quartz and had been quietly working at it for some time. The property is considered to be a good one.

The Hebrew Synagogue. The annual meeting for the election of officers of the Congregation Emanu-El was held last evening and resulted as follows: President, D. Hart, re-elected; vice-president, J. Isaacs; treasurer, F. Landsberg; secretary, N. E. Reinhardt; trustees, E. Frank, Gus Leiser, S. Hartman, M. Marks and H. Bornstein. Before the meeting adjourned the relief society, which will aid all poor, was organized. The sum of \$40 in cash was raised at the meeting and there will be a monthly guarantee of 25 or 30 cents from every member. It is believed every Israelite in the city will join the society.

The Umatilla's Passengers. The steamer Umatilla sailed for San Francisco this morning with the following cabin passengers from this port: W. Tracy and wife, Mrs. W. Johnson, Mrs. E. Frank, Miss M. Frank, M. C. Duschek, G. C. H. Tennant, John Michie and wife, Mrs. John Reid and child, Mrs. E. Johnston, Wm. Murray and wife, H. H. Flowerden, wife and family, Miss A. Kayne, Miss M. Wilson, I. R. Smith, Mrs. W. Fitzgerald, J. S. Phillips, John Crandall and wife, B. F. Butterfield and wife, Miss Butterfield, J. W. Hasse, F. F. Harvey and wife, A. L. Pearce, Wm. Kent and wife, J. W. McLellan, John Murray, James Murray, W. Holker, M. Scott and H. Howe.

SHIP RATHDOWN HERE.

She Has 1600 Tons of Steel Rails Aboard for the Victoria & Sidney.

The British ship Rathdown, Capt. Morrissey, laden with steel rails principally for the Victoria & Sidney railway, arrived in the Roads last night. She has 3,000 tons of cargo aboard, made up of 1,600 tons of steel rails for Victoria, 1,100 tons of the same for Vancouver, and 300 tons of fire brick, pig iron and other freight for Tacoma. She came consigned to Turner, Beeton & Co., and will discharge at Sidney, from which end it is regarded as most convenient to begin track-laying. A Times man saw Capt. Morrissey at the customs house at noon. Said he, speaking about the voyage: "We have had beautiful weather ever since leaving Maryport. In the 150 days we have been out from there we have not had any bad weather at all. There were only two incidents of note during the voyage. Jacob Simmons, a negro seaman, died on Aug. 16th of heart disease and was buried at sea. His body was consigned to the deep in latitude 42 north, longitude 134 west. In the south Atlantic, in 46 south 59 west, we saw a large number of immense icebergs. It is unusual for them to be there at all. We will go to Sidney and unload immediately, then we will be towed to Vancouver and then go to Tacoma. At the latter place, after discharging, we will take wheat for home again."

THE MUNICIPAL MUDDLE.

Case Opened in Supreme Court and Adjourned Until Thursday. A small array of contractors assembled at the court house, Easton Square, this morning, to hear the argument in the injunction proceedings taken against the corporation of Victoria and Aldermen Baker, Henderson and Miller at the instance of contractors Coughlan and Mayo. At 11:45 Mr. Justice Walker took his seat on the bench. Mr. Bodwell appeared for the plaintiffs, Coughlan and Mayo; Hon. A. N. Richards, Q. C., and Mr. Helmcken for Ald. Baker, Mr. Gregory for Ald. Henderson, and D. M. Eberts, Q. C., for the corporation. Ald. Miller, having resigned his seat at the council, was not represented by counsel.

and Mr. Bodwell intimated that no further proceedings against that gentleman would be taken. Mr. Bodwell explained to the court the circumstances of the case by reading the several notices of motion and affidavits served on the defendants and pointing out the law bearing on the matter. The writ of summons is endorsed as follows: The plaintiffs' claim is against the defendants, the corporation of the city of Victoria, for a declaration that the action of the council of the corporation on the 9th and 14th days of August, 1893, which resulted in the awarding of the contract for the Spring Ridge surface drain to H. H. McDonald & Co., was illegal and void, and for an order restraining the defendant, the corporation, from executing or further proceeding with the said contract; and as against the defendants Baker, Henderson and Miller, the plaintiffs claim a declaration that the said defendants and each of them are and were on the 7th, 9th, 11th and 14th of August, 1893, disqualified to act, sit or vote as aldermen of the city of Victoria, and an order restraining the said defendants and each of them from acting, sitting or voting as such aldermen. The law is laid down in sections 32 and 33 of the Municipalities Act, 1892. Section 32 is as follows: "If the mayor or any of the aldermen, or any person on his or their behalf, or any person in partnership with him or them, shall enter into any contract, directly or indirectly, in any contract entered into by or with the corporation, such mayor or alderman shall be immediately disqualified from continuing to be mayor or alderman as the case may be." Section 33 fixes the penalty for voting when thus disqualified at \$2500. Sections 30 and 31 are to the effect that if any person acts, sits, or votes as a mayor or alderman who after his election becomes disqualified by reason of his having, directly or indirectly, any contract with the municipality, he shall incur a penalty of \$50 for each time he shall so act, sit or vote.

Mr. Bodwell stated that an affidavit by Ald. Baker had been filed this morning and some of the allegations in it required answering. Moreover, from further information in the possession of the plaintiffs, it would be necessary to file additional affidavits, and to enable the plaintiffs to do this it would be better to adjourn the hearing for two or three days. When the usual objections had been taken an adjournment until Thursday next at 10 a. m. was ordered.

C. P. R. and Salmon Shippers. The deadlock in the fresh salmon exporting business still continues, the shippers being unable to get the C.P.R. to come down to what they consider a reasonable arrangement. Yesterday the company offered to restore the old rate of 15 per cent. less weight was put in each car. Fifteen per cent. means 40 pounds in each box, and that quantity of ice less the fish would melt during the present warm weather. If the ice were left the same and the 40 pounds less fish sent in every box, the shippers would be bringing the cost of the car, which extra the business cannot stand, the exporters unite in affirming.

On the 8th instant the Port & Winch Company shipped a carload of salmon to New York, the fish being packed in nine tons, which was iced as usual. The car was laid off several times owing to hot boxes, and only reached Prescott, Ont., yesterday. From the latter point the shippers sent the salmon by rail to the company forthwith the car would be sidetracked. As the Port & Winch company had paid \$650 to the railway before the car left Westminster and the \$2000 was not paid, the cost of the carriage to a sum nearly equal to the value of the fish (provided they reached New York in prime condition, which is doubtful, owing to the delay en route), the shippers replied that the railway company might do as they pleased with the car. The sum of \$1258 to carry exports of salmon to New York seems exorbitant. The whole trouble, of course, arises out of the quantity of ice required in packing, but the fish cannot be shipped without the proper amount of ice to preserve them.

The Port & Winch company had a carload of salmon packed and boxed, intending to ship to-day if the railway company would agree to a reasonable rate, not exceeding \$650 per car. The rate, however, went for nothing, as no satisfactory terms could be arrived at, and the fish were unpacked and sold to one of the canneries. Although anxious to maintain their eastern business, it is useless, they say, doing so at a heavy loss.—Columbian.

From Wednesday's Evening Times.

Married in London. Thos. Lett Stahlschmidt, eldest son of the late Thos. L. Stahlschmidt, formerly a resident of Victoria, was married in London on Aug. 15th to Matilda, only daughter of the late George Kingston, of Dartmouth, Kent. Best man, G. M. Kingston, B. A., brother of the bride, officiated.

Funeral of Mrs. Patterson. The funeral of the late Mrs. Margaret Patterson took place yesterday afternoon from the residence of Mrs. B. Bailey, Chambers street. Services were conducted at St. Barnabas church by Rev. G. W. Taylor. The pallbearers were—J. F. Smith, Thomas Haughton, W. H. Burkholder, R. Bennett, W. Whittaker and H. Jewell.

Prof. Pfertner's New Band. All interested in the formation of a new band under the leadership of Prof. E. Pfertner are requested to attend a meeting at the V.A.C. at 8 this evening. It is expected a sufficient number of musicians can be secured to form a band creditable to Victoria. Prof. Pfertner is a hard worker and will undoubtedly succeed with his project.

Election for Aldermen.

Alderman Harry Munn has this notice on the board at the city hall—"I hereby give notice that at the next meeting of the council I shall move the following resolution—Resolved, that the nomination of a candidate to fill the vacancy in the municipal council caused by the resignation of James Munn, Miller, be held on the day of August 26th, from 12 o'clock noon to 2 p.m., at the council chamber, city hall, and the polling, if any, on the third day succeeding that of the nomination, and that notice thereof be given by publication in the city daily papers, and by notice posted on the bulletin board at the city hall, and the places named in section 48 of the Municipalities Act, 1892; that Mr. William King Bull be hereby appointed the returning officer to hold the election and to act in accordance with the provisions of the Municipalities Act, 1892, and the Election Act Amendment Act, 1893, and the Election By-law, 1893, and the Election Amendment By-law, 1892."

The Walls Walla's Passengers. San Francisco, Aug. 23.—Passengers by the Walls Walla for Victoria: J. P. Oliver, Mrs. L. H. Chapman and daughter, Harry Arnold and George Harper. Two Hackmen Killed. Antonio Lynn, a hack driver, was convicted in police court this morning of an infraction of the "Hired Vehicles Act," and fined \$2. After a short period William Comma, another hackman, was convicted of an infraction of the "Street By-law," and a fine of \$2 was imposed. The police are giving the hackmen who do not live up to what the law requires, their attention at present.

The First Guests.

The new polo mounds were thrown open to-day to receive guests. The first ardent accommodated was a common drunk, who was gathered in by Constable McDonald. The drunk did not seem at all proud of the honor of being the first occupant of one of the mounds. He was taken down to make room for the jail fard.

Serious Accident.

Michael Sparrow, employed as truck driver for the Victoria Truck and Dray Co., met with a serious accident this morning. He was placing car wheels on his truck at the C.P.N. wharf, when two of them fell over and struck him on the foot just above the instep. Several bones of the foot were broken. Dr. McKechnie was called and, in attending to his patient, it is feared the foot will have to be amputated. Sparrow is a married man and has several children.

TWO JUDGMENTS.

Convictions in the Liquor Case and Chinese Peddlers' License Case. Police Magistrate Macrae to-day delivered judgment in the above cases as follows:

Re M. C. Brown.—In this case Michael C. Brown, holder of a retail liquor license in respect of hotel premises forming part of Duck's building on Broadway street, was charged on Wednesday last with having unlawfully disposed of a certain liquor, to wit, beer, in his licensed premises on Sunday, 6th inst., contrary to the "Liquor license regulation act, 1891." The two witnesses for prosecution, who gave evidence with great reluctance, testified that they had been in the bar room of defendant's hotel from about midnight of Saturday, 5th inst., until daybreak on Sunday; that a bartender, known to them as "Jim," was in charge; that they drank each of them nearly a bottle of beer; the one saying that he got his bottle from a glass and beer bottle with the cork drawn on a table in the saloon and drank two glasses of the beer; and that there at least other persons—they were not prepared to say how many—in the bar room while they were there.

The defendant, in answer to his counsel, stated that the bartender had been in his employ for about three months; that he had not applied for a license during prohibited hours, and admitted to him (the defendant) that he had given two bottles of beer on the morning of the 6th inst. to two young men "to get clear of them." On cross-examination defendant would not say that liquor had not been drunk in his premises between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. on the same Sunday, when he was himself in charge of the bar.

Although to my mind the charge laid was proved beyond all doubt, I reserved judgment at the request of defendant's counsel, who contended that the master cannot be held criminally responsible for the acts of his servant, unless such responsibility is imposed in expressed words by statute, and handed in a list of authorities in support of his contention. Having carefully considered the cases, I think it necessary to refer to only one of them, that on which counsel seemed chiefly to rely, Chisholm vs. Dulston, 58 L. J., M. C. 133. There at p. 135, Cave, J., says: "It has always been a principle of common law that the master cannot be held criminally responsible for the act of his servant." And these words were forcibly pressed upon me by counsel. The learned judge (at p. 136) qualifies this somewhat broad statement by saying that it is subject to the qualification that the master is held responsible for the acts of his servant, where the act is one which the master is bound to prevent, or which the master is bound to prevent by the exercise of his duty. I think it necessary to refer to only one of them, that on which counsel seemed chiefly to rely, Chisholm vs. Dulston, 58 L. J., M. C. 133. There at p. 135, Cave, J., says: "It has always been a principle of common law that the master cannot be held criminally responsible for the act of his servant." And these words were forcibly pressed upon me by counsel. The learned judge (at p. 136) qualifies this somewhat broad statement by saying that it is subject to the qualification that the master is held responsible for the acts of his servant, where the act is one which the master is bound to prevent, or which the master is bound to prevent by the exercise of his duty.

Re Ah Sim, Ah Mee, and Jock Ting.—These three defendants were severally charged with having on certain days during the current month unlawfully carried on the business of a peddler in the city of Victoria, in violation of section 22 of the "revenue by-law, 1892." In the absence of statutory definition of the words "hawker" and "peddler," I adopt those contained in Burns, Justice: "A hawker is an itinerant trader who goes about from place to place carrying with him and selling wares." "A peddler is a hawker in small wares." The evidence adduced at the hearing leaves no doubt in my mind that the defendants have, as charged, been acting as peddlers without a license for the current half year.

From the view I have taken it is not necessary to discuss the cases, which Mr. Fell and Mr. Helmcken were good enough to submit for my consideration, and which I have read with interest. In my opinion section 204, sub-section 22, of the "municipal act, 1892," is within the extensive powers conferred upon the provincial legislature by the B. N. A. act, 1867, section 92, sub-section 9, and the city council has, in section 13 of the "revenue by-law, 1892," duly exercised the power conferred upon it by the municipal act.

I therefore convict the defendants severally, and, as their cases are admittedly test cases, fine them severally one dollar, together with the amount of the license fee, twenty dollars, which penalty of twenty-one dollars in each case is, if necessary, to be recovered by distress; and in default of distress in any case I adjudge the defendants to be imprisoned for one week. One month is allowed in each case for payment of the fine.

California Exposition.

The international exposition to be held at San Francisco, Cal., from January 1st to June 30, 1894, will be located in Golden Gate Park and will cover an area of about 100 acres. There will be five principal buildings for the Midwinter Fair: (a) Main and General; (b) Agricultural and Horticultural Arts; (c) Mechanical Arts; (d) Fine Arts and Decorative Art; (e) Administration Building. Applications are being received daily for separate and special exhibits, such as state exhibits, restaurants, reproductions, side shows, etc. M. H. de Young, vice-president of the national commission, World's Columbian Exposition, Chicago, will act as director-general and president of the exposition committee. The Midwinter Fair; the other members of the administration and officers are: Irwin C. Stump, vice-president; P. N. Lienthal, treasurer; Col. A. Andrews, R. B. Mitchell, Hon. Eugene J. Gregory, Sacramento; Jacob H. Nelson, Colfax; Fulton G. Berry, Fresno; J. S. Slauson, Los Angeles; Alexander Badlam, secretary; R. Cornely, assistant director-general. Information for intending exhibitors, maps of the grounds, buildings, etc., may be obtained by applying to the Department of Publicity and Promotion, California Midwinter International Exposition, Mills Building, San Francisco, Cal.

Marine.

Steamer Isabel has been taken off the Port Angeles route and laid up. Schooner W. P. Hayward was in Barclay Sound this morning. She had 300 tons of cargo on board. Steamer North Star came off Turpel's wharf last evening and is acting as tender for the quarantine vessel, the Albatross. The new tug boat, Mary O'Hare, will be ready by September 1st. Her predecessor, the Badger, is to be converted into a scow.

Don't you like pills? Eberly's Liver Lozenges are better for you. 25 cts. at drug-gists.

GOVERNMENT OF FRANCE.

New Ballots Necessary—Cabinet Resigned—The People's Appeal. Paris, Aug. 22.—It is now known that the reballots will have to be taken in 16 districts. The results of these reballots will mostly be favorable to the Royalists, whose gains now reach a total of sixty-three seats. The majority of the several ministers in their respective districts, aggregate nearly 25,000 more than their combined majorities, while standing for election to the Chamber, 1889. In this last general election the Boulangists returned thirty-five seats. The defeat of the Royalists is caused by much significant comment, and is predicted that it means the ultimate extinction of that party. Their strength has been wrested from them by the Boulangists, who are jubilant.

The Chamber of Deputies is composed of 584 members and is elected every four years by universal suffrage. The reballots will be held September 3. The last chamber was elected in 1889. In the midst of a Boulangist crisis, the struggle was fierce, and in every part of the country public excitement was at its white heat. M. Constans was at the head of the government, and the sure he brought to bear was of a kind until then unknown in French politics. The result was that the Boulangists were completely defeated. In the present elections complete victory was throughout the length and breadth of France. Were it not for the many colored electoral posters that cover every available inch of wall, no one would know who the men were who asked to be elected the representatives of the country. The indifference of the people as to the result was almost complete, except in a few departments. The Dugué ministry, although exercising as much influence over public opinion as it could, had not resorted to the means employed by Constans in 1889. Everywhere in the district of Vaar, however, meetings were held at which all the parties attacked Clemenceau with accusations, having sold himself to England.

France would like to see new men govern, but wants them to be as good as the old. The Boulangists are managing the government. As the fact of government of the country is not to stake the mass of the people take no interest in the struggle. The election was free from disorder and even excitement. Excepting a disturbance in the Vaar, where M. Clemenceau, the radical leader, had a fight, no trouble was reported. In Paris the poll, although larger than usual, was Republican-Radical, and M. Deneuchet, editor of the Radical, has been elected. Milledan, Barodet and Lacroix sat in the last chamber.

Charles Floquet, who resigned the presidency of the chamber because he was beset by the Panama scandal, has headed the list in his district, but will be obliged to try his fortune in a rebalot for Cochin China; Baron de Meaux, member of the last chamber of the Assemblée nationale, has been returned. One of the most notable results is the defeat of Count Demoulin, leader of the Catholic party, in a rebalot in the district of the Loire. The result in Lille is regarded as particularly significant. There M. Loez, a Catholic who belongs to the so-called party of "the Rallied," was elected over a socialist by over 2000 votes.

Pelix Jules Melline, the French M. Kinley, who in the last chamber represented a district in the Loire, was re-elected by 11,500 votes. Charles Ferry was returned from the same department. Later returns from the eleventh arrondissement show that Lecroy will not be elected, and that a new ballot will be necessary in the nineteenth.

Enemies of the Chinese.

San Jose, Cal., Aug. 23.—The sheriff was notified this morning that a gang of tramps were organizing near Los Gatos with the avowed intention of raiding Hame's orchard to-night and driving away 40 Chinese employed there. Many men composing the gang of tramps are of the lawless element and have given the police trouble before, and it is feared if the raid is made the Chinese will receive rough treatment. Police are going out to Hume's place this afternoon and prepare for any attack. Sheriff Bellinger is determined to see that no violation of the law is attempted, and will exhaust every means to prevent it.

Indian Curiosities or CURIOS.

Of any and every kind, whether Victorian or from any other country. Mineral specimens, old arms, or armor, old watches, shells, old California gold coin, etc., wanted. Address: Joseph N. Mast, San Francisco, California, who will visit Victoria September 7 next and purchase curiosities of all kinds. He is a member of the Victoria Club and has several articles for sale. He is a member of the Victoria Club and has several articles for sale. He is a member of the Victoria Club and has several articles for sale.

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News in Brief From Various Parts of the World.

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Richmond, Va., Aug. 19.—The police officers went on a class joke on Gen. Fitzhugh Lee. While at the Democratic state convention, which met here Thursday, the ex-governor heard that Grover was the father of a prospective president, and amidst the wildest applause he announced the event. Gen. Fitzhugh Lee was determined to do the proper thing, and so he proposed that the congratulations of the convention should be wiped to the chief executive at Gray Gables. This was done, but to-day the general was sadder and a wiser man.

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GOVERNMENT OF FRANCE.

New Ballots Necessary—Cabinet Resigned—The People's Appeal. Paris, Aug. 22.—It is now known that the reballots will have to be taken in 16 districts. The results of these reballots will mostly be favorable to the Royalists, whose gains now reach a total of sixty-three seats. The majority of the several ministers in their respective districts, aggregate nearly 25,000 more than their combined majorities, while standing for election to the Chamber, 1889. In this last general election the Boulangists returned thirty-five seats. The defeat of the Royalists is caused by much significant comment, and is predicted that it means the ultimate extinction of that party. Their strength has been wrested from them by the Boulangists, who are jubilant.

The Chamber of Deputies is composed of 584 members and is elected every four years by universal suffrage. The reballots will be held September 3. The last chamber was elected in 1889. In the midst of a Boulangist crisis, the struggle was fierce, and in every part of the country public excitement was at its white heat. M. Constans was at the head of the government, and the sure he brought to bear was of a kind until then unknown in French politics. The result was that the Boulangists were completely defeated. In the present elections complete victory was throughout the length and breadth of France. Were it not for the many colored electoral posters that cover every available inch of wall, no one would know who the men were who asked to be elected the representatives of the country. The indifference of the people as to the result was almost complete, except in a few departments. The Dugué ministry, although exercising as much influence over public opinion as it could, had not resorted to the means employed by Constans in 1889. Everywhere in the district of Vaar, however, meetings were held at which all the parties attacked Clemenceau with accusations, having sold himself to England.

France would like to see new men govern, but wants them to be as good as the old. The Boulangists are managing the government. As the fact of government of the country is not to stake the mass of the people take no interest in the struggle. The election was free from disorder and even excitement. Excepting a disturbance in the Vaar, where M. Clemenceau, the radical leader, had a fight, no trouble was reported. In Paris the poll, although larger than usual, was Republican-Radical, and M. Deneuchet, editor of the Radical, has been elected. Milledan, Barodet and Lacroix sat in the last chamber.

Charles Floquet, who resigned the presidency of the chamber because he was beset by the Panama scandal, has headed the list in his district, but will be obliged to try his fortune in a rebalot for Cochin China; Baron de Meaux, member of the last chamber of the Assemblée nationale, has been returned. One of the most notable results is the defeat of Count Demoulin, leader of the Catholic party, in a rebalot in the district of the Loire. The result in Lille is regarded as particularly significant. There M. Loez, a Catholic who belongs to the so-called party of "the Rallied," was elected over a socialist by over 2000 votes.

Pelix Jules Melline, the French M. Kinley, who in the last chamber represented a district in the Loire, was re-elected by 11,500 votes. Charles Ferry was returned from the same department. Later returns from the eleventh arrondissement show that Lecroy will not be elected, and that a new ballot will be necessary in the nineteenth.

Enemies of the Chinese.

San Jose, Cal., Aug. 23.—The sheriff was notified this morning that a gang of tramps were organizing near Los Gatos with the avowed intention of raiding Hame's orchard to-night and driving away 40 Chinese employed there. Many men composing the gang of tramps are of the lawless element and have given the police trouble before, and it is feared if the raid is made the Chinese will receive rough treatment. Police are going out to Hume's place this afternoon and prepare for any attack. Sheriff Bellinger is determined to see that no violation of the law is attempted, and will exhaust every means to prevent it.

Indian Curiosities or CURIOS.

Of any and every kind, whether Victorian or from any other country. Mineral specimens, old arms, or armor, old watches, shells, old California gold coin, etc., wanted. Address: Joseph N. Mast, San Francisco, California, who will visit Victoria September 7 next and purchase curiosities of all kinds. He is a member of the Victoria Club and has several articles for sale. He is a member of the Victoria Club and has several articles for sale.

GENERAL DISPATCHES.

News in Brief From Various Parts of the World.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 22.—An alleged conspiracy has been discovered in Kharov, capital of the government of that province, 420 miles southeast of Moscow. It is said that the object of the conspiracy was to bring about the separation of Ukraine from Russia. The Ukraine was an old subdivision of Russia, and southeast Poland, which now forms the governments of Kiev, Poltava and Kharov. Twenty-six arrests have been made in connection with the conspiracy. One of the conspirators is a Mlle. Pulawsky, who was employed as a governess.

London, Aug. 22.—A special dispatch to the Times from Zanzibar says that the Arab soldiers stationed at the relieving port of Kismayo on the island of north field. En route they will be entertained at St. Paul, Minneapolis, and Grand Forks. Accompanying the commissioners will be several representatives of newspapers in different parts of Australia and Europe.

Richmond, Va., Aug. 1