

APRIL 16TH, 1900.

1. Explain (a) Luke XVI. 9.
(b) Luke XVII. 20, 21.
2. What testimony does Jesus claim for Himself in John v 31-47?
3. What is distinctive in the respective accounts of Luke and John of the death of Christ?
4. Parse: *φάγεσαι, ἀρθῶσιν, τεταραγμένοι, ὀδυνᾶσαι, ἀπεστάλκατε, βληθεῖς.*
5. When did Jesus begin to foretell His Death and Resurrection?
6. (a) Give the representative MSS. of the most important family of New Testament texts.
(b) What do you regard as the six most important doubtful passages of the Textus Receptus?
7. Write short notes on the Essenes, Sanhedrin, Levites.

NEW TESTAMENT EXEGESIS.—SENIOR.

JANUARY 26th, 1900.

1. Outline the doctrine of Hebrews, as to the Person and work of Jesus Christ as given in the first five chapters.
2. Trace the course of thought in Heb. v : 1-10.
3. Write brief notes on these verses from Hebrews :—
ii 16, iv. 2, v 14
4. (a) Give the most important points of apostolic chronology to which approximate dates can be assigned
(b) What religious types of the older life of Judaism were blended in the early apostolic church?
5. Write brief notes on *πρόγνωσις* (I Pet i : 1), *προγνωσκω* (I Pet. i : 20), and on I Pet i : 17

APRIL 16TH, 1900.

1. Comment on, (a) Heb. VI.: 13-18.
(b) Heb X.: 5-10.
2. What is the significance of the comparison of Jesus Christ with Melchizedek?
3. (a) Discuss the use of the term *χριστιανός* as it occurs in Acts XI.: 26.
(b) Compare the account of Paul's first two visits to Jerusalem in Galatians with that in Acts.
4. Explain :—
(a) I Peter II.: 12.
(b) I Peter III.: 21.