

LOT FOR SALE

\$125 PER FOOT. Southeast corner Warren Road and Lonsdale...

PROBS—Fresh to strong southwesterly winds; unsettled and mild, with occasional rain.

FOR RENT On Railway Siding. Carlaw Avenue, North of Queen...

THE WORLD. ITALIANS INCREASE SEVERE ATTACKS TOWARD TRIESTE. BRITISH WIN SUCCESSSES IN AN ATTACK ON PICARDY HEIGHTS.

CANADIANS IN HEROIC FIGHT LOSE HEAVILY

Retirement Necessary After Gallant Advance on Two Mile Front.

UNDER WITHERING FIRE

Ontario and Western Battalions Add Lustre to Canada's Name.

Ottawa, Oct. 12.—Canadian troops have enhanced their glorious reputation in the fighting on the Somme front within the past few days...

The Canadian representation at the front does not inhabit the section in which the fighting took place...

Casualties 52,000. Up till Oct. 11 the total number of casualties among officers and men of the Canadian expeditionary force...

Formidable Obstacles. The despatch from the Canadian War Records Office reads as follows:

Early Sunday morning, Oct. 8, the Canadian troops attacked the German position upon a frontage of 3500 yards...

The enemy at this point occupied particularly strong entrenchments, some of which were so placed as to reverse slope that close direct observation by day was impossible.

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GERMAN AGENT TRIES TO KILL MAJOR BALFOUR

Recruiting Officer in Windsor District Has Twice Been Fired Upon.

Windsor, Ont., Oct. 12.—The authorities are investigating what appears to have been a deliberate attempt, supposedly on the part of a German agent, to murder Major T. B. Balfour, recruiting officer at Amherstburg, on Thursday night.

Major Balfour, with his wife, was dining at the home of Levi Wright when a shot was fired into the window, just missing Major Balfour's head.

The major rushed outside and saw an automobile darting away. Two months ago Major Balfour, who has secured hundreds of recruits by personal work, was fired on late one night while sitting alone in the barracks at Amherstburg.

BRITISH ASSAULT PICARDY HEIGHTS

Gain Important Successes in Action to Reach Peronne-Bapaume Road.

FRENCH ALSO GAIN

Movement Begins to Envelop Teuton Defences at Bapaume.

Special Cable to The Toronto World. London, Oct. 12.—Acting in conjunction, the British and the French have begun an action near the point where their advanced lines meet in order to secure a further portion of the Peronne-Bapaume road.

The French also moved forward from their new lines east of Verdun and penetrated further into the village of Ablancourt two miles northeast of Chaules.

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FRENCH SHOVE LINES ON FOR FRESH EFFORT

Allies Advance West of Saily-Saillize and in Ablancourt.

TO USE CAVALRY SOON

Germans Will Have to Build Trenches Several Miles Apart.

BY ARTHUR S. DRAPER. Special Cable to The Toronto World.

London, Oct. 12.—The French pressed forward north and south of the Somme today, making progress in their drive against Bethune road and Chaules.

By advancing west of Saily-Saillize, Foch's troops have repeated against the position the pocketing movement that brought about the fall of Comblès and other places.

This success has also opened the way for a joint operation south of Transloy for the purpose of driving the Germans out of their positions on the two-mile stretch of the Bethune road lying south of Transloy.

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BANKS ARE AUTHORIZED TO ENTER NEGOTIATIONS

Agreement Not Yet Before Finance Minister for His Ratification.

By a Staff Reporter. Ottawa, Oct. 12.—The announcement that Sir Thomas White has sanctioned the purchase of the Quebec Bank by the Royal Bank is premature, according to officials of the finance department.

Sir Thomas White has come to Toronto. Sir Thomas authorized the banks to enter negotiations, but the agreement of sale has not been made before him yet for ratification.

The case is not parallel with that of the Hamilton Bank, which the Royal Bank, which came before the minister some time ago. In that case the sale of the Bank of Hamilton would have been made at the head office of a bank from Ontario to Quebec.

In the present case the head offices of the two banks concerned are in Quebec.

ALLIES TO KEEP ON CENSORING MAILS

France and Britain Reject the Demands of President Wilson.

MAKE SOFT ANSWER. Note Also Claims United States Admits Right of Examination.

Washington, Oct. 12.—Identical memorandums from the British and French Governments replying to the American protest against seizures of neutral mails were delivered today to the state department by the embassies.

The text was not made public, but the allies are understood to have renewed promises that every effort will be made to minimize delay and annoyance caused by examination, but to insist upon certain legal rights in regard to mails which the United States has denied.

The principal complaint of the American Government is based on the contention that many vessels have been diverted from the high seas into British ports in order to give British censors jurisdiction. There is no indication that the new memorandum makes any concession of principle on that point.

Reply is made in the memorandum to the American note of May 4th characterizing the allied treatment of mails as a "radical practice" and saying that "only a radical change in the present British and French policy regarding the U. S. to its full rights as a neutral power will satisfy the government."

The allies claim that as the U. S. admits the right of censorship for purely war purposes, it cannot rightly object to reasonable delays inevitable to that censorship. The new communication is the second to come from the allies in the mails controversy which began January 4 with the U. S. entering a protest against "unwarranted interference with inviolable mail" which was regarded as "excessively inquisitorial."

WOMEN'S BOARDS THRUOUT CANADA

Their Duty Will Be the Registration of Female Labor.

PLAN OF EXEMPTIONS. Directors of Districts Will Decide in Cases of Individuals.

By a Staff Reporter. Ottawa, Oct. 12.—Committees of women to be known as "Women's National Service Boards" are to be organized in all parts of the Dominion by the directors of national service, who have been meeting in Ottawa for the past few days.

The duty of these boards is to be the registration of women labor and the securing where possible of the employment locally of such labor. Where considered desirable advisory committees composed of prominent employers and others are to be created to co-operate with the boards.

In reference to the exemption of military age from enlistment because their services in the employment in which they are engaged are of more value to the state than if they were enlisted, the directors state that any man of military age, who will offer in writing to enlist will be exempted if the director of the district is satisfied that his services are of more value to the state by continuing in his employment, and he will be given a badge and a certificate. The wearing of such a badge, the directors state, shall entitle him to enlist and that he has been exempted.

BREAK UP BATTALION.

Brantford, Oct. 12.—Advices from Brantford are to the effect that the 15th Battalion is to be used as other Canadian battalions have of late been used, as a depot of supply in sending reinforcements to France.

BIG RESOURCES OF MEN STILL TO BE TAPPED

Lloyd George Says Exemptions Are Far Too Numerous in England.

ASSIST ROUMANIA

Allies Do Utmost to Support Armies Against Vicious Attacks.

London, Oct. 12.—Replying to Sir Edward Carson, who again raised the question of man-power and Ireland's contribution in the commons today, the war minister, Mr. Lloyd George, said there was no doubt whatever about the country's available man-power and reserves, but it was necessary to get them. The exemptions, "we declared, had been far too numerous, and if he gave the figures, he would startle the house. The exemptions had run into millions.

The minister believed the government had power to deal with the exemptions, but if not, they would consider the question of successful measures. "We must lay the foundations for a war extending over a prolonged period," said Mr. Lloyd George. "That is the only way to insure victory."

Pleas for Roumania. John Dillon complained that France had given assistance that the utmost resources would be employed to help Roumania in the hour of her trial, but that she had not done so.

"If we allow Roumania to be overrun," said Mr. Dillon, "maybe we will never beat Germany. There have been rumors that the British Government regards the Saloniki expedition with an evil eye."

He expressed the belief that the war would be decided in the Balkans, and asked for a plain assurance from the war secretary that the allies would strain every nerve to assist Roumania by a strong counter-offensive in Macedonia.

Allies Do Utmost. Mr. Lloyd George said that obviously he could not enter into details, but he could assure Mr. Dillon that the allies were doing their utmost to support the brave Roumanian armies against vicious attacks.

"We have not the least doubt," said the minister, "that Germany is concentrating her strength in order to crush Roumania, not merely in her own interest, but in a desperate attempt to gain a brave people dared challenge her power."

Perfectors of Tanks. The British public has displayed unbounded interest in the doings of the "tanks" at the front and curiously regarding their history. The subject was raised in the house of commons tonight when Mr. Winston Churchill gave primary credit to Col. Winston Spencer Churchill, former first lord of the admiralty, whose energy and enthusiasm, he added, was mainly responsible for bringing the idea into practical operation when he was head of the admiralty by making the necessary experiments and appointing a committee to carry out suggestions.

Mr. Lloyd George said he hoped that with further experience the efficiency of the "tanks" would become greater. Among the admiralty experts and others deserving of credit, he mentioned Eustace H. W. Tennyson, director of naval construction, Sir Maurice Hankey, secretary of the war committee, and Col. Swinton and Stern, who had previously been named in this connection.

Nevertheless, he added, the suggestions would never have been put forward but for Col. Churchill's enthusiasm.

HUGHES RAPS WILSON IN CASE OF LUSITANIA

Would Have Broken Friendly Relations With Germany at Once.

Louisville, Ky., Oct. 12.—Charles E. Hughes, Republican presidential candidate, answering a question here tonight as to what he would have done when the Lusitania was sunk, declared that he would have "made it known in terms unequivocal and unmistakable that we should not tolerate a continuance of friendly relations" when notice was published "with reference to the threatened action."

MURDER SUSPECT HAS FARM BUILDING DESTROYED BY FIRE

Special to The Toronto World. Belleville, Oct. 12.—The residence of Joseph Montgomery, of Madoc Township, the man who is under arrest suspected of murdering his brother, Walter Montgomery, was on Tuesday night destroyed by fire together with the greater portion of its contents.

The origin of the fire is not known. The loss on building and contents will be considerable.

GOVERNMENT SOON TO OPEN AVIATION SCHOOL

Factory for Construction of Aeroplanes Will Be Erected.

By a Staff Reporter. Ottawa, Oct. 12.—An aviation school will shortly be established in Canada by the Government and in connection with this proposal arrangements will be made for the establishment of a factory for the construction of aeroplanes, including the motors which hitherto have not been built in this country.

The school will be under the direction of the imperial authorities, who have agreed to provide a competent staff for the purpose. It is likely that the imperial munitions board will be entrusted with the duty of establishing and operating the factory.

Orders from the British government for the output of the factory have been assured during the continuance of the war.

GREECE PROTESTS BUT SURRENDERS

"Imperative Necessity" Mentioned in Explanation of Yielding Attitude.

WARSHIPS TURNED OVER. Allies Now in Complete Control of the Port of Piraeus.

Athens, Oct. 11, via London, Oct. 12. The Greek Government today issued a statement in which, after reciting the demands set forth in the ultimatum of Vice-Admiral Dartige de Fournet, commander of the Anglo-French fleet, that the entire Greek fleet, except the armored cruiser Averoff and the battleships Lemnos and Kiklis, be turned over to the allies, it says:

"Besides these measures, the delivery of the fleet to the commander-in-chief of the allied forces declares it indispensable that the Greek fleet be accompanied by all batteries of Piraeus, which batteries he proposes in part to occupy."

"The admiral declares he will exercise control of the port of Piraeus through officers he will name. Finally, to guarantee France's orient advance, the admiral demands that the exercise through the police and the service of the Piraeus-Larissa railway."

The government's statement then adds:

"The Hellenic Government before the terms of a few hours were allowed to expire, replied that it considered its duty to protest against the exigencies formulated, to which, however, it will submit in the circumstances, making of it an imperative necessity."

On the arrival of the crews of the abandoned ships in the capital they were wildly cheered by the populace.

GIRL DRIVING CAR KILLS OLD WOMAN

Sarah Horn Meets Death When Amateur Driver Loses Control.

JUMPS SIDEWALK. C. H. Short Was Teaching Bertha Morrison to Run Machine—Both Arrested.

Sarah Horn, 64 years of age, of 119 Epsa avenue, was fatally injured about 10 o'clock last night, when run over by a motor car owned by Charles H. Short, 130 Leslie street, and driven by Bertha Morrison, 563 Pape avenue, at the corner of Danforth and Carlaw avenue when Miss Morrison lost control and it jumped the sidewalk knocking down Mrs. Horn, who was on her way home. The wheels of the car passed over her body.

Mrs. Horn is the eighth person to be fatally injured or killed outright by motor cars since the first of the year.

Pte. J. J. Bristow is Among Prisoners Exchanged. Special to The Toronto World. Brockville, Oct. 12.—A letter received here today from Pte. J. J. Bristow, one of the Brockvillians who left with the First Canadian Contingent for overseas service, was written in Switzerland on his way to England. He was taken prisoner during the battles of St. Julien and Langemarck, and was exchanged by the Germans on account of his ill health. He says he had a hard time of it during the six-month he was a prisoner in Germany.

BRITISH COLUMBIA'S SOLDIERS' VOTE IS NOW BEING COUNTED

Victoria, B.C., Oct. 12.—Enumeration of the soldiers' vote in the recent British Columbia election will commence tomorrow. Four thousand British Columbia soldiers voted in Canada. Nearly 8,000 voted in England and France. For the latter, the count will begin next Tuesday in Sir Richard McBride's office in London.

DINEEN'S POPULAR HATS.

Friday is the first day of the week end shopping for men's hats at Dineen's. There has been assembled under the Dineen roof every good wearable variety of a hat from all the sources where good hats are procurable. The fall styles in hard and soft felts are unusually varied in shapes and shades this season. All marked at the popular prices—but every Dineen hat at the popular price is an infinitely better hat for the money. Dineen's, 140 Yonge street, Toronto.

ITALIANS DRIVE TEUTONS BACK IN BIG BATTLE

Ally Enlarges Ground Captured in Fighting Toward Trieste.

GUNS CONTROL TOWN

Seventeen Hundred More Prisoners Come in After Fight.

London, Oct. 12.—As a result of further fighting on the Carso plateau and in the zones of Sober and Gorizia, the Italians completed the tactical plan on which they acted in the opening stages of their renewed offensive towards Trieste. An Carso plateau alone they took 1771 additional prisoners. This brings the total number taken by them in two days of fighting to well over 8000 and the total number taken on the front of the Julian Alps since Aug. 6 to 30,881 prisoners, including 736 officers.

The Italians also considerably enlarged their territorial conquests, besides capturing the positions they set out to reduce in further actions on the slopes of Hills 144 and 43 to the east of Novigrad Village.

The fighting on the whole front of the Julian Alps was marked by artillery duels. At first the density of the fog impaired the effectiveness of this fire.

The Austrians hurried up their reserves and they made a series of counter-attacks on the most important points in the line, east of Verbolzina on the Carso. These were all repulsed by the Italians with heavy losses to the enemy.

This latest Italian success has brought their lines to within seven miles of Trieste, and the Italians have opened a bombardment of the city with their long-range artillery and heavy guns.

The Italian advance on Mount Parnaso in the Frontino provoked heavy Austrian counter-attacks, especially at the Dornomits. These were all repulsed by Bersaglieri and Alpina troops. These advanced and counter-attacks the advancing Italian line, the enemy with the bayonet, cutting them up severely.

HUGHES DID NOT KEEP BIG STEAMER WAITING. General Says Toronto Newspaper Story is Silly and Malicious.

By a Staff Reporter. Ottawa, Oct. 12.—The report published by a Toronto newspaper today to the effect that the steamer which carried Sir Sam Hughes across the Atlantic last week had been delayed at Liverpool by Sir Sam for sixteen hours, thus entailing a considerable loss to Canada, which has been under charter, is without foundation.

The fact is that General Hughes boarded the steamer an hour and a half before the scheduled time of departure. The vessel was delayed for twelve hours by admiralty orders, which he had nothing whatever to do. General Hughes described the story tonight as particularly silly and malicious.

Applicants for Civil Service Are Required to Show Badges. By a Staff Reporter.

Ottawa, Oct. 12.—During the war no man of military age may be appointed to either the inside or the outside civil service unless a badge has been issued to him. It is the significant statement in an order-in-council which was issued today. The possession of such a badge means that the possessor has offered to enlist and has been exempted from military service.

British Columbia's Soldiers' Vote is Now Being Counted. Victoria, B.C., Oct. 12.—Enumeration of the soldiers' vote in the recent British Columbia election will commence tomorrow. Four thousand British Columbia soldiers voted in Canada. Nearly 8,000 voted in England and France. For the latter, the count will begin next Tuesday in Sir Richard McBride's office in London.

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Advertisement for shoes and boots, including 'All Shod', 'Kid Lace', and 'G Boots'.

Advertisement for 'Velvet' and 'Flannel' fabrics.