

We take occasion here with gratitude the universal liberality of the officers of the way and Steamboat Company the country towards our countrymen scarcely an exception, they free passes while engaged of the work, and have, in manifested their interest are especially due to the Great Western, Canada Vermont, and South E Canada, and to the Rochester and Ogdensburg, Northern and Maine, Boston, Lowell, Boston, Concord and Lowell, and the New England and Maine Railroads in the State of Maine, and to the Canadian Navigation Co. and the Ottawa and St. Lawrence Co.

PTIVE MEMOIRS.

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PHIV AND PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY.

st paper on the Topography and Geography of the Province of Ontario Quebec is by Dr. T. Sterry who acquired the high scientific position which he now enjoys during the years or more that he was engaged first to the Geological Survey of Canada. He has recently resigned that position to take the chair of Geology in the Massachusetts Institute of Technology at Cambridge. The paper, though brief, is comprehensive, and presents in a bold outline all the prominent features of Canadian topography, as seen from a geologist's point of view. It finely illustrates the intimate relation between the geology and topography of a country.

GEOLOGY.

There are several papers upon the Geology of the different Provinces. The first by Mr. Robert Bell of the Geological Survey, describing the rock formations of Ontario and Quebec. It gives a résumé of the results arrived at through the laborious searches of the Survey during the past forty years. During nearly all of this period the Survey was carried on under the direction of Sir Wm. E. Logan, who, though retiring in 1869 resigned his directorship, still continues to manifest great interest in, and devotes much of his time to the researches connected therewith. The present Director of the Survey, Mr. Alfred R. C. Selwyn, formerly of the British Geological Survey, and for many years Director of the Geological Survey of the Province of Victoria in Australia, succeeded Sir William in 1869.

Robert Barlow, Chief Draughtsman,	} Office
G. R. Grant, Accountant,	
John Marshall, Clerk,	} and
Thomas C. Weston, Lapidary and Collector,	
Christian Hoffman, Assistant Chemist,	} Museum
Joseph White, Librarian,	
Michael McFarren, housekeeper,	} Staff.

Referring to the paper of Mr. Bell, it will be seen that all the rocks of Upper and Lower Canada, except those belonging to what is called the Superficial Geology, are of very remote antiquity, no later rocks than those of Devonian age being found.

Within the boundaries of the Dominion, and extending towards its northern limits—the Arctic Ocean—are found the oldest rocks in the known world, with evidences that here was the land which became earliest elevated above the level of what was then, probably, an universal ocean. The earliest remains of animal life, the “Eozoon,” together with some strong indications of vegetable life, are found in these ancient Laurentian rocks, and have excited intense interest among geologists.

The sketch of the Geology of Nova Scotia by Hugh Fletcher gives an interesting description of the formations of that Province, which include the Carboniferous rocks and many valuable beds of Coal. Some account is given of the Iron and Coal deposits, already very important sources of wealth, and the Gold deposits, which bid fair to become so in the future.

New Brunswick Geology is represented in a sketch by Mr. M. H. Perley, who describes the general formations, with some account of the Mines, Minerals and Quarries of the Province.

A valuable set of tables giving Mining Statistics for the entire Dominion, prepared by Mr. Chas Robb of the Geological Survey, completes the series of Geological Papers.

GEOLOGICAL MAP.

This map, which will be found on pages 14 and 15, has been prepared from information furnished by Mr. Selwyn, the Director of the Geological Survey. The map covers all of the British Possessions in North