1931. The number of graduate students varies in the thirteen schools from one to 23. During the year 1930-1931, 24 graduate degrees were conferred for study in dentistry, as follows: Master of Science, 9; Master of Science in Dentistry, 8; Bachelor of Science in Dentistry, 6; Doctor of Dental Science, 1. Seventeen dental schools reported a total of 352 postgraduate students for the year 1930-1931.

In addition to the work indicated by the enrollment data above, the dental schools provide other courses, as follows:

1. Undergraduate summer courses in clinical dentistry	20	schools
2. Courses for training dental hygienists	14	schools
3. Extension courses	7	schools
4. Courses for training dental technicians	3	schools
5. Courses for training dental assistants	3	schools

The amount of previous training of the first-year students enrolled in the regular undergraduate curriculum of the dental schools in the fall of 1931 is illustrated by the following data:

One year of college	783	students	
Two years of college	944	students	
Three years of college	350	students	
Four years of college	257	students	
Graduate work in arts and sciences	24	students	
Total	2358	students	

Approximately seven per cent of these first-year students took their predental work in the dental schools in which they later enrolled for dental study, and 33 per cent received their predental training in the colleges of arts and sciences of the universities in which they later enrolled for dental study. Sixty per cent had their predental education in colleges and universities other than those in which they enrolled for the study of dentistry.

The 8340 undergraduate students enrolled in the regular dental curriculum in the fall of 1931 represented all the states of the United States and all the provinces of Canada, as well as some of the terri-