

Questions

Course in Business Administration. Approximately nine years Penitentiary Service from Stenographer to Assistant Superintendent.

(d) Assistant Superintendent (Services and Supplies) L. L. Burke: Junior Matriculation, Grade 12, Nurses' Training at Kingston General Hospital to Registered Nurse; Penitentiary Officer's Training Course in Business Administration; Personality and Behaviour Course, Institute of Psychology—1960. Thirty-one years Penitentiary Service from Correctional Officer to Assistant Superintendent.

2. Yes. The Superintendent and the Assistant Superintendent Services and Supplies; neither hold degrees.

3. Yes.

LIAISON WITH UNIVERSITIES ON FORMULATING PROGRAMS FOR STAFF TRAINING

Question No. 1,086—**Mr. Orlikow:**

Have the recommendations of the Archambault Report of 1938 and the Fauteux Report of 1956 in relation to establishing liaison with universities to formulate programs for staff training been followed and, if so, how is this put into practice?

Hon. G. J. McIlraith (Solicitor General): The recommendations of the Archambault Report of 1938 and the Fauteux Report of 1956 in relation to universities and programs for staff training are being followed, the implementation of which includes:

(a) Participation by staff members of the federal correctional services in the development of programs in criminology and other social sciences through direct liaison with university officials and as members of consulting boards of various organizations such as the Canadian Corrections Association and the Quebec Corrections Association.

(b) The grant of university scholarships (ten per annum) to students pursuing graduate or post-graduate studies in criminology or related fields, and who have signified their intention to apply for entry into the correctional field of the public service on completion of their studies.

(c) Authorization for up to 15 staff members of the correctional services per annum to be given leave of absence to pursue university training in criminology or other social sciences related to corrections at public expense.

(d) By arrangement, practical training in federal penal institutions for selected students in criminology of up to one day per week during their course of studies for which they may be granted university credits.

[Mr. McIlraith.]

(e) The engaging of university professors on a part-time employment basis for specialized work within federal penal institutions and, in turn, the engaging of professionally qualified correctional services officials by universities as part-time lecturers.

(f) The exchange of information with schools of criminology both in Canada and abroad.

(g) The sponsoring of research programs relating to corrections and corrections training programs; eight projects of this nature being sponsored with Canadian universities at the present time.

FEMALE TREATMENT STAFF, FEDERAL PENAL INSTITUTIONS

Question No. 1,089—**Mr. Orlikow:**

1. What proportion of staff in a federal penal institution for women is for treatment?

2. What are their positions?

3. How many female staff in the Penitentiary Service have professional training?

4. How many female staff have graduate training in the behavioural sciences?

Hon. G. J. McIlraith (Solicitor General): 1. Prison for Women, Kingston, 21 per cent; Matsqui Institution (Female Unit), 19 per cent; Average 20 per cent.

2. Positions: superintendent, deputy superintendent, recreational supervisor, teacher, arts and crafts instructor, vocational instructor (hair dressing), home economics instructor, sewing instructor, classification officer, chaplain, medical doctor, psychologist, psychiatrist. Total (both institutions), 40.

3. Professional training, female employees, 24.

4. Graduate training (behavioural sciences), female employees, 10.

KINGSTON ONT.—PRISON FOR WOMEN STAFF PROMOTIONS

Question No. 1,090—**Mr. Orlikow:**

1. How many of the correctional staff members have been promoted in the past six months in the Prison for Women at Kingston?

2. What are the *criteria* for promotion?

3. Is promotion of staff dependent on a progressive non-punitive attitude towards inmates?

4. Is promotion of staff dependent on efficiency in operating an institution?

Hon. G. J. McIlraith (Solicitor General): 1. None.