Legislature, that such measures may be adopted by them, as shall be best fitted to satisfy the claims of the Presbyterian Church of Canada, in connection with the Church of Scotland, to secure an equitable settlement of this important question, and put a good and put an end to a source of most unhappy discussion; an they recommend to the Presbyteries and congregations, if they see meet, to petition the Legislature to the same effect."

LENT

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University Question .- We have some reason for believing that the University Bill introduced last session originates the necessity (in part at least) of dissolving the Parliament sooner than was originally designed. The principal question to be decided at the Elections will be that concerning the University of the principal question to be decided at the Elections will be that concerning the University of the principal question to be decided at the Elections will be that concerning the University of the principal question to be decided at the Elections will be that concerning the University of the principal question to be decided at the Elections will be that concerning the University of the principal question to be decided at the Elections will be that concerning the University of the principal question to be decided at the Elections will be that concerning the University of the principal question to be decided at the Elections will be that concerning the University of the principal question to be decided at the Elections will be that concerning the University of the principal question to be decided at the Elections will be that concerning the University of the principal question to be decided at the Elections will be that concerning the University of the principal question to be decided at the Elections will be that concerning the University of the principal question to the principal question to be decided at the Elections will be the principal question to the principal question to be decided at the Elections will be the principal question to the princ versity of King's College. It is a subject on which political parties may join issue.

If Mr. Baldwin and his party succeed at the elections, there will be one great, "Godless" University at Toronto, where Mr.

If, however, the present Ministry should succeed in obtaining nentary majority, the country will get a University

Bill which will give the

Church of England, Church of Scotland, Roman Catholics, Wesleyan Methodists, Presbyterian Free Church,

and every other considerable denomination, the means of a acation for their youth. every District there will be a High Classical Seminary, so that a superior education can be obtained at home, by such as prefer it, without resorting to either of the distant Colleges. Also, each district will have established a Model Farm, as a

school for teaching and exemplifying the best principles and school for teaching and exemplifying the nest principles and latest discoveries in the science of Agriculture.

These are the benefits of the measure proposed by the Ministry, and which they will appeal to the country to support them in carrying out. This is the excellent measure which has been denounced by the Sun, and is denounced by the Radical press in general.

To carry the measure without mutilation, the

in general. To carry the measure without mutilation, the Ministry need a stronger support in Parliament. Could they be certain of carrying the measure triumphantly through the ssembly, we believe the present Parliament would meet again. Now, the Government is compelled to appeal from a factious opposition to the discernment and good sense of the people. Let it then be well understood and carefully rehat the question to be answered at the polls is, Shall we have the Government measure for settling the long agitated University question? or shall we have the Radical bill for a "Godless" ersity in Toronto? - Prince Edward Gazette.

University Question. - The University Question is another most important matter, and one which will require to be handled with the greatest care and caution. Spoliation is now the grand outery, but the great difficulty to the various parties is how to is how to apportion the spoil when once they have it. Base and contemptible as are the motives of the enemies of King's College, unhallowed as is the crusade against it, they would similar likely in the contemptible as a second contemptible as a signify little if the means adopted were not of the most shame-ful character. No falsehood is too gratuitous; no calumny is too base, for these parties to employ. They may be divided into two classes. One cries out, "Give us the University entire as to the Faculties of Arts, Law and Medicine, but banish religion. eligion utterly and in every form and shape; let us employ every exertion to instruct our sons in worldly sciences and lit-erature, but as to Religious instruction let that be picked as it may, we care not if it be taught or not."

The other class say, "We make religious instruction a grand object: we wish to teach it before, or at least along with other bjects of instruction. We do not choose that our sons should run the risk of being taught principles which we hold to be erconcous; therefore, we wish to divide the funds: give each of us a share, which we may do with as we like."

The first class we utterly repudiate; the second speaks conscientiously. The address of the Kingston Roman Catholic Clergy puts the question, so far, in a true point of view. Nevertheless they indicate plainly, and in as many words say, that all they want are funds; whether they come from King's College or the Jesuits' Estates, or from any other source, they care not. Is this right principle? Certainly not not. Is this right principle? Certainly not.

We put it to the most strenuous opposers of King's College as it is actually carried on, whether they can point out a single stance of any attempt being made to interfere with the faith of any of its alumni. Can the son of Mr. Roaf (who by the way was one of the most eloquent, in his own way, against any tests being employed) say that his being a Congregationalist, was the least bar to his attaining the medal, prizes and honors at King's College? Were any tests offered to him? His straight-forward answer would be—No. Or can any one else say it? No. We might extend this matter but have not time.—Patriot

THE UNIVERSITY.—The Wesleyan Methodist body have revived the University Question, which has so long remained untalked of, by the circulation of a petition to the House of Assembly, for the adoption of the bill for the settlsment of that question which was before the house last session, with one expension. reption—they are of opinion "that a disproportionably small sum is proposed to be granted" to the Methodist College. This action on the part of the Methodists has aroused the ire of Mr Baldwin's admirers, who appear exceeding desirous that so admirable a bone of contention should be preserved for their special amusement. That the charter of King's College should be can be advanced on this already thread bare subject, it can only be for the purpose of raising political capital that its discuss is at this time resumed.—Monarch.

(From the Montreal Gazette.)

EDUCATION-COUNTY OF TERREBONNE. Our readers will recollect that some few weeks ago, we published a letter from W. O. Stephens, Esq., of St. Martins, communicating the fact of his resignation of his commission as Justice of the Peace being accepted. Mr. Stephens, at the same time. time, promised to communicate to us his reasons for the step he had taken, and we promised to publish them. Mr. Stephens's letter to his Excellency will be found below. It is certainly a matter of much regret that these unhappy differences in the county should have deprived it of the services of so independent and spirited a magistrate:

(Copy.) Secretary's Office, Montreal, 3rd Nov., 1847. Sir, Having had the honour to lay before the Governor General your letter to Mr. Secretary Daly, of the 6th ultim I am sommanded by his Excellency to inform you in reply, that he is pleased to accept the resignation which you therein your appointment as a Justice of the Peace for the Montreal.

I have the honour to be, Sir, Your obedient serv't,

E. PARENT.

W. O. Stephens, Esq.

To his Excellency the Right Honourable James, Earl of Elgin and Kincardine, K. T., Governor-General of British North America, and Captain-General and Governor-in Chief in and over the Provinces of Canada, &c. &c. &c.

My Lord,—It may be in the recollection of your Excellency that a Statute is in existence, for the purpose of raising by assessment a sum equal to a certain allowance from Government and the state of t ment, for the purpose of establishing parish schools, and for proiding for elementary instruction therein. It may also be in the recollection of your Excellency, that a various parts of the province there was, and still is, consider-

ce to that law, and by those persons for whose beneat it was solely intended; and, that some few educated persons still more strenuously opposed the law, among which was a magistrate residing in this place, A. B. Papineau, Esq., who at the first meeting, at the church door, for the purpose of electing commissioners, openly denounced the law as vexatious, tyrannical, and oppressive, and advised resistance, owing to which no nomination of commissioners then took place, but they were subsequently named by your Excellency, in December last.

This said Magistrate refused to give to the assessors the designation of his lands for the purpose of adding the opinions of this court to those of other hodies. I allude to the hordes of squalid, eau tendered his amount together with costs, and ascended e judicial bench to adjudicate the other cases, using insulting Suage to me because I was a British-born subject,—and, lough objected to by the interested parties, insisted upon

It is well known to your Excellency, that his conduct has Deen the means of paralizing, in this and the surrounding parishes, the efforts of those men whom your Excellency called to fill the the efforts of those men whom your Excellency, in consequence, so place of school commissioners, who, in consequence, en rendered odious, and loaded with the vilest epithets, and in the midst of their usefulness.

And after all, the very few individuals of this mass of human And after all, the very few individuals of this mass of human and industry.

mation of the above persons, that Mr. Papineau has been in cannot be guarded against. It is to be hoped the magistrates,

Yours, &c. &c., D. DALY.

To Messrs. Drummond and Loranger, Advocates.

The person to whom your Excellency has thus extended The person to whom your Excellency has thus extended "indulgence" for "once more," has already been "indulged," when he was openly armed against her Majesty's Government, leading on the misguided "through no error of judgment" to slaughter, and then deserting them; who left his profession for the manufacture of wooden cannon, the hoops of which are deposited as trophies in the closets of the Government House

The tears of the widow and orphan, for those that then The tears of the widow and orphan, for those that then perished, are scarcely yet dry, when this man has once more dared openly to trample upon the laws, and set them at defiance, and has been the cause of an immense expenditure of money in law suits, taken from the misguided "habitant," and may have been the means of leading the inhabitants of St. Joseph de Beauce to take shelter in the woods, fugitives from justice, while "indulgence" is granted to the man whose guilt is in your Excellency's opinion only "an error of judgment."

Such, my lord, is the conduct pursued by your Excellency towards Mr. Papineau; but let me entreat your lordship to extend that "indulgence" to the misguided "habitants" of St. Joseph, and recall them to the bosoms of their sorrowing families, resting assured that their faults may have been "an error

Joseph, and recall them to the vocals of the lies, resting assured that their faults may have been "an error of judyment," from seeing others "indulged" who are by the highest tribunal declared guilty. Recollect, my lord, that the high attribute of mercy must be tempered with justice, and nothing will detract so much from your lordship's acquired good

name, as "indulgence" to the guilty.

I trust your Excellency will banish from your mind anything that I may have said of Mr. Papineau as being personal. I can state that his private life is without reproach, and it is on public ground alone that the "indulgence" is misplaced. For ifty years I have served my country to the best of my ability, and am still ready; but never will I submit to be associated with a magistrate (nor do I think there is any man of honour who would) who will dishonour the Bench, and who will sub mit to the humiliation of asking for and receiving "indulgences"

for wilful opposition to the law. In closing, my lord, (at least for the present) I cannot but express my feelings at the injustice done to great numbers of persons who have acted in obedience to the law, and which I feel would not have been the case had a Seaton, a Sydenham, or a Metcalfe held that once to Gracious Majesty to place you.

I am, my Lord, with profound respect,

Your Lordship's obedient humble servant,

WM. O. STEPHENS. or a Metcalfe held that office to which it has pleased her Most

To the President and Board of Police of the Town of Cobourg. The undersigned, inhabitants of the Town of Cobourg, beg respectfully to represent to your worshipful body that having seen the accompanying handbill purporting to be a Programme of a Concert to be held at the Globe Hotel in this Town on Thursday evening the 25th inst., (this evening,) by persons denominating themselves Seceders from the Society of Shakers, they are decidedly of opinion that it is a document replete with

they are decidedly of opinion that it is a document replete with the grossest impiety and blasphemy and that the exhibition it refers to cannot but be calculated to overturn the highest and holiest principles of morality and religion.

With these impressions the undersigned feel it their duty to solicit from your Worshipful Body the interposition of its legitimate authority for the prevention of such an outrage upon public decency and the respectability of the Town.

Signed by the Rev. A. N. Bethuue, Hon. G. S. Boulton, and 40 others.

To the Rev. A. N. Bethune, Hon. G. S. Boulton, &c. &c. Gentlemen-I have the honour to acknowledge the presentation of your Petition praying that a certain concert advertised

tation of your Petition praying that a certain concert advertised for exhibition this evening may be prohibited.

In reply I beg to state, that early in the day the members of the Board of Police having learned the nature of the affair, met, and resolved that the tendency of such an exhibitition being immoral and irreligious, it should not be allowed to take place, and the order for its suppression was delivered to the Bailiff previous to the reception of your Petition.

I am to convey to you, however, that the members of the Board of Police feel most highly grateful for the assurance thus conveyed to them, that in the exercise of their authority for the suppression of vice, and for the preservation of the morals and character of the town, they are so promptly and generally sus-

acter of the town, they are so promptly and generally sustained by the voice of the commu Signed by order and on behalf of the Board of Police.

Cobourg, Nov. 25th, 1847.

signed with without the consent of that institution first obtained were consider both unjust and impolitic; but if it is to become a subject for legislative interference we would infinitely prefer the division sought for by the Methodist body, than the heterogeneous Babel Mr. Baldwin would have it. As nothing new was highly moral, and on the authority of two extracts purportions are from the Montreal Courier, and the other The above is highly creditable both to the gentlemen who ing to come, one from the Montreal Courier, and the from the Argus, we noticed the performers somewhat favorably in our Editorial columns, but the profane, and to British subjects, insulting "bill of fare," having been pointed out to us by our esteemed fellow-townsman, R. D. Chatterton, Esq., we immediately suppressed our notice of the Concert.—Cobourg Star.

COURT OF APPEAL .- The Court sat on Wednesday last. Mr. Turner requested the direction of the Court as to the amount of security to be given for costs, on the appeal of the case of Smith v. Simpson to the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council in England: settled at £500. This case, it will be remembered, was decided after two arguments in appeal here, and the ultimate decision was against the right of Smith the mortgagor to redeem. It is reported in the Upper Canada Jurist. The case will now be carried to the above-mentio

The case of Steed v. Hubbell was named to the Court as standing for argument, and fixed for the 15th December, to which day the Court adjourned. Some reserved question of costs in Crooks v. Torrance, and in Smith v. Simpson, will on that day be disposed of .- British Canadian. COURT OF REVIEW IN BANKRUPTCY .- In this Court, his

Honour the Vice Chancellor presiding, an appeal from the decision of Judge Burns, Commissioner in the Court below, was argued. This was in the well-known case of ex parte Street in re Richardson. The learned Commissioner, on the 6th of April last, pronounced the decision, of which the following is

the digested note:—
"Construction of Deed.—It is not usury for a person to take a covenant from his debtor to pay four per cent. for insuring a debt, at the same time subjecting the debt to a contin-gency, unless it should appear that the transaction was only a contrivance to obtain more than six per cent. for the loan of money. Moneys advanced to a bankrupt, for which security has been subsequently taken, and which security has been pro-nounced to be void, may be proved upon the estate of the bank-

The sum sought to be proved, and on which the question was raised, was £5,518 9s. 4d. For the assignees appealing Mr. Sullivan, Mr. Hagarty, and Mr. Macdonald. For the creditor—Mr. Baldwin, Mr. Esten, Mr. Gwynne, and Mr. Galt. When the final decision in this case is pronounced, we shall endeavour to obtain some idea of the amount of costs, already enormous, which have been incurred in consequence of the transactions involved, and publish the result for the benefit of all litigants who approve of the Usury Laws,—Ibid.

NIAGARA QUARTER SESSIONS .- We learn from the Niagar Mail, that Judge Campbell, in addressing the Jury at the Dis-trict Quarter Sessions, expressed himself as follows, respecting the immigration of the present year, and the reckless way

openly refused, at the church door, to pay his assessment, accusing the commissioners of extortion, and insulting the collector when he called for the payment of the rates. Subsequently proceedings were instituted by the commissioners are considered as the commissioners of extortion, and insulting the collector when he called for the payment of the rates. Subsequently proceedings were instituted by the commissioners of extortion, and insulting the collector when he called for the payment of the rates. Subsequently proceedings were instituted by the commissioners of extortion, and insulting the collector when he called for the payment of the rates. Subsequently proceedings were instituted by the commissioners of extortions are considered. famished diseased and crippled creatures that have been forced upon this Province by the selfishness of landlords; or by some Utopian views of their own, or of others, they have been induced to appear amongst us, to add to the number of those proceedings were instituted by the commissioners, for the recovery of the said rates, and Mr. Papineau was sued, with seventeen or eighteen other persons, for the payment of the said rates, at the only said rates at the only said rates. ent sections of the District. On nearing of the districts of the Districts of the District. On nearing of the districts of the District. On nearing of the districts of the flood of disease, poverty and wretchedness is almost sufficient to annihilate the most liberal and enthusiastic charity.

Were this all, severe as it is, it might be borne without a murmur; but, with abject poverty and its attendant miseries, disease and death have stalked along, and here and there have insidiously stolen into the healthy and happy domiciles of the inhabitants of the Province, and carried off many of their most valued inmates. Numerous clergymen, physicians, and others, have been suddenly taken away in the full vigour of

and who have tendered to your Excellency their resignation, completely disgusted with the affair, seeing the law is no longer respected, but trampled upon with impunity.

A petition was presented to your Excellency about six months ago, signed by about fifty persons of this parish preferring certain charges against the said magistrate, who denied the charges, and asked an inquiry which your Excellency was pleased to

em proper; - resolve to petition the different branches of the orders from the Governor-General, to inform you, for the infor- a climate which is to them unknown, and which, if anticipated, mation of the above persons, that Mr. Papineau has been informed by his Excellency, that he cannot but disapprove of the conduct that he has followed, as regards the operation of the School Act; but hoping to believe that his conduct was the result of error of judgment, and seeing that he has acknowledged his error, and that he regrets the imprudence that led him to commit it, His Excellency is disposed to grant him his indulgence for this once.

I have the honour to be,

Gentlemen.

Cantlemen. cipate their wants, and endeavour to prevent them from perishing; for, notwithstanding the cruel injuries they have brought upon us, it must not be forgotten that they are all members of pres

LAUNCH.—On Wednesday, the 1st inst., was lauched from the Starch Factory Wharf, Palace-street, a large vessel of upwards of 400 tons burthen, called the Western Miller, constructed for a propeller. Her dimensions are as follows:—

Length of keel 132 feet. Breadth of beam..... 25 feet 8 inches. 10 feet 6 inches in the clear.

Depth of hold...... 10 feet 6 Entire length over all 136 feet. This vessel is intended for the the direct trade between To ronto and Montreal, and, although built of very heavy timbers, and great strength, her displacement when light, and on an even keel, is only 2 feet 9 inches of water. Her draught of water, when the engines, boilers, and machinery, masts, equipment and wood are on board, will not exceed 3 feet 4 inches, including the keel, which is 5 inches in depth-she is, therefore admirably adapted for carrying a heavy load in shallow water and has been constructed for that purpose, so as to carry a full cargo to Montreal, down the St. Lawrence Canal without cargo to blocked, the load, when drawing 8 feet 6 inches of water, will exceed 4,000 barrels of flour. Although so very burter, will exceed 4,000 barrels of flour. thensome she has an excellent entrance and good run, and is an extremely handsome vessel on the water. in a state of forwardness by the Niagara Harbour and Dock Company, where she will receive them on board so as to be rea-

dy for the earliest spring business. She moved from off the stocks in a particularly gentle and easy manner, and, as the distance she had to run was consideraable, her launch afforded a very pleasing sight to a number of

For this effort, in a new branch of business, Toronto is indebted to her spirited proprietors, among the principal of whom, we understand, are Messrs. Gooderham & Worts, and the several establishments of B. Thorne & Co., and to the indefatigable al exertions of Mr. John A. Cull.

We hope that this is only a commencement of a new line of usiness, which must prove a great source of benefit to our cood city, as well as to the individual profit of all more imme-It is by such vessels as this, capable, by their great capacity,

of at once relieving, in the spring, our overburthened store rouses from their accumulated winter's load, and getting it direct on board ocean-going ships at Montreal and Quebec, that the advantages of our splendid inland navigation will be displayed. The favorite vessels for loading flour at Montreal are played. The favorite vessels for loading flour at Montreal are ose which carry from 4 to 5000 brls., as they do not run so much risk of souring their cargoes as ships of greater burthen—they also will enable our millers and flour dealers to get a large portion of our fall crop to market, in Britain, the same n, thus relieving all from the heavy risk and loss of a protracted waiting on markets till the ensuing spring, when the alteration of a few days fine or favourable weather often causes great fluctuations in the British market. In short they will render certain a quick return for our produce, an advantage which cannot be too highly appreciated. With a number of such vessels, sufficient for an internal trade, we need fear nothing from the canals of our neighbours, as produce can, by these vessels, be taken in large masses, and at a small expense, direct from Chicago to Quebec without the loss of time or la bour, and the risk of damage in transhipment, which must take e on every other route.

Before ten years are over we boldly predict that flour will be carried from Chicago to Montreal, and shipped direct on board an ocean going vessel, for 2s. currency per barrel, and yet leave a handsome return to the ship owner .- Colonist.

It affords us pleasure to state, that our fellow citizen, Wm. Architect, has received the premium for the Thomas, Esq., Architect, has received the premium for the best design of a Gaol and Court House, to be erected at Chatham, County of Kent, preparatory to the County being set apart as a separate District, under the Act passed last Session

We understand that Mr. Thomas has been equally fortunate with his designs in competing for the Suspension Bridge across the Niagara River, in the vicinity and within view of the magnificent Falls; and that he has, moreover contracted for the erection of certain parts of that grand undertaking,—Mr. Chas. Ellet, Jr., of Philadelphia, being the Engineer. The Directors of the Suspension Bridge Company are sanguine in their expectations that the Bridge will be completed by the month of May 1849, and that the cost will not exceed 190,000 dollars.

Further items by the Acadia.

We take the following from various sources:-The failure of the Union Bank of Newcastle has excited

much consternation in the district, and is calculated to produce the worst cons quences to its trade and industry, by utterly

kers, one a large and highly respectable house in the Drug and Colonial Trade, Messrs. J. P. Howard & Co., the other C. Sutherland & Co., of Mincing Lane,—the latter, however, is about to resume business. I have also to notice the failure of Messrs. Kilgour & Leith, of Glasgow, extensively engaged in

Messrs. Kilgour & Letin, of Glasgow, extensively engaged in the West India Trade.

The [Roman] Catholic Bishops have met and memorialised the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, on the present state and future prospects of the labouring population of Ireland. The Right Rev. gentlemo's memorial is a very formidable document, extending to great length, but its substance, may be summed up. Rev. gentemen's attendards is a very formulate document, ex-tending to great length, but its substance may be summed up in a few words:—It foretells deep and dire distress, it proclaims the inadequacy of the Poor Law, laments the abolition of Monastic establishments, and calls upon the Imperial Government to support the destitute people.

To this Lord Clarendon has replied that the Poor Law shall

not be left to the caprice of the Guardians, but that it shall be well and efficiently administered, that he holds an opposite opinion to the Bishops as to the value of the Monastic in tions, and that before the Irish have any moral claim on the assistance of England, they should endeavour, by industry and perseverance, to assist themselves. A painful sensation has been caused in Dublin by the suicide

of Mr. James M'Cullagh, Professor of Natural Philosophy, in the University of Dublin, for the representation of which he was a candidate at the last election. Mr. Albany Fonblanque, the able Editor of the Examine

has been appointed to an office in the Statistical Department of the Board of Trade. Sir Donald Campbell, Bart., is appointed Lieut. Governor of

Prince Edward Island. Prince Edward Island.

The most important Foreign intelligence is from Switzerland.

Public affairs there are in a deplorable state, and a civil war Seems inevitable. Both France and Austria are assisting the Sonderbund or Jesuit party, but the other side (though unsup-

ported by foreign aid) is very powerful.

General Narvaez is as yet going on successfully in Spain, having brought about the appearance of a reconciliation between the King Consort and the Queen, and finding no very formid-

abble opponent.

The Cholera is committing fearful ravages in the Ports of the Black Sea, and the different European powers are taking active measures to prevent its further spread.

Last Monday things were a better appearance in Mark Lane. Foreign Corn rose 2s. per quarter, with the prospect of a fur-ther increase in price. Canadian is from 51s. @ 53s. per qr. ther increase in price. Canadian is from 51s. @ 53s. per qr. American Flour is in good request, at 24s. @ 28s.; Canadian at 23s. to 27s. per barrel. Indian Corn was held 1s. dearer.— Oats and Beans are higher priced. Peas and Barley cheaper.
At Liverpool a fair business has been done in American Flour at 28s. @ 29s., prices having risen rapidly on receipt of the

(From the New York Courier & Enquirer.) The most important item of news, is, doubtless, that of the The most important item of news, is, doubtless, state interposition by the Government for the relief of the country from its Commercial distress. By the Washington we received an account of the interview, on the 19th ultimo, between the Liverpool deputation and the Chancellor of the Exchequer, at which the latter firmly refused, on the part of the Government, any interference whatever. On the 23d, a deputation, consisting of Mr. Masterman, Mr. Abel Smith, Mr. Glyn, Mr. Bevin, Mr. Barnett, and others, waited upon the Prime Minister and urged the suspension of the Bank Charter Act, as a means of relief. The Minister promised to lay their request before the Cabinet, and to give them an answer on Monday. Mr. Rothschild also visited the Minister, and at about noon on Monday, the 25th, the publication of the following important correspondence created very general excitement throughout the city:— " Downing Street, Oct. 25, 1847.

"Gentlemen,-Her Majesty's Government have seen with the deepest regret the pressure which has existed for some weeks upon the commercial interests of the country, and that this pressure has been aggravated by a want of that confidence which Life—to grant or purchase Annuities or Reversions of all kinds; is necessary for carrying on the ordinary dealings of trade.— They have been in hopes that the check given to transactions of a speculative character, the transfer of capital from other countries, the influx of bullion, and the feeling which a knowcan asked an inquiry, which your Excellency was pleased to grain the said magistrate, who denied the charges were well founded, and recommended his dismissal, of which the Executive Council approved; but as soon as this report was known, Papineau sent a petition to your Excellency, dated August last, avowing his guilt, asking pardon for his faults, and promising to behave better in the future. Here followeth the answer to the solemn farce of an investigation, the costs of which was ordered to be paid by the parties, although the charges against the accused were proved, and he a magistrate:—

Gentlemen,—In reference to certain accusations against A. B. Papineau, Esq., made by certain inhabitants of St. Martin, relative to his conduct as regards the Act of Education, and also in putting in execution thereof, and also the petition of A.

Chas hitherto unknown and price to degree the control of the sales and industrious man is always made welcome, and each of the such as I have described are totally unsuited to this Province, and cannot be considered in and considered in and considered in and considered in an excellence of the such as the such as I have described are totally unsuited to this Province, and cannot be considered in and considered in and considered in any other light than a public nuisance. The thousands and industrious man is always made welcome, and connidered in the such as I have described are totally unsuited to this Province, and cannot be considered in and considered in and considered in and considered in the such as I have described are totally unsuited to this Province, and cannot be considered in control and considered in the such as I have described are totally unsuited to this Province, and cannot be considered in the such as I have described are totally unsuited to this Province, and cannot be considered in the such as I have described are totally unsuited to this Province, and cannot be considered in the such as I have described are totally unsuited to this Province, and cannot be conside ledge of these circumstances might have been expected to produce, would have removed the prevailing distrust. They were encouraged in this expectation by the speedy cessation of a similar state of feeling in the month of April last. These hopes have the Mistrick of the undersigned, together with any required informatic the forms of application.

s Government will be prepared to propose to Parlia-its meeting, a bill of indemnity. They will rely upon etion of the Directors to reduce as soon as possible the of their notes, if any extraordinary issues should take ithin the limits prescribed by law. Her Majesty's nent are of opinion that any extra profit derived from asure should be carried to the account of the public, bu se mode of doing so must be left to future arran esty's Government are not insensible to the evil of any from the law which has placed the currency of this upon a sound basis; but they feel confident that, in the circumstances, the measure which they have proposed safely adopted; and that, at the same time, the main ons of that law, and the vital principle of preserving the tibility of the bank note may be firmly maintained.

"We have the honour to be, Gentlemen,

"Your odedient humble servants,

(Signed) "JOHN RUSSELL, "CHAS. WOOD. 'I Governor and Deputy-Governor of the Bank of England."

Wm. E. T. Corbett David McDougall James McHattie (Copy of Reply.) John H. Willson Thomas Rolan John Reid Sam. Matchell "Bank of England, Oct. 25, 1847. -We have the honour to acknowledge your lette of this day's date, which we have submitted to the Court of Directors, and we enclose a copy of the resolutions thereon,

(Signed) "JAMES MORRIS, Governor.
"H. J. PRESCOTT, Dep. Governor. To the First Lord of the Treasury and the Chancellor of the Exchequer."

Resolved-That this Court do accede to the recommenda- Wm. Shepherd tion in the letter from the First Lord of the Treasury and the Levi Bostwick Ch cellor of the Exchequer, dated this day, and addressed to the covernor and Deputy-Governor of the Bank of England, which has just been read. "That the minimum rate of discount on bills not having George Foster

"That the minimum rate of un be at eight per cent.

"That advance be made on Bills of Exchange, on Stock Exchange Bills, and other approved securities, in sums of not less than £2,000, and for periods to be fixed by the Governors, at the rate of eight per cent. per annum,'

for the old soldiers of the British Army are at length in a fair John S. Wilkin trais for delivery. The following is the copy of a letter received by Major Richardson by the Acadia, which we are permitted Joseph Penrose to give for the information of all interested in the question :-Office for Military Boards,

1st Nov., 1847. Sir,—In reply to your letter of the 13th ultimo, I have the pleasure to say, that the Board of General Officers found your Medal claim properly established, and have included it in their

Tononto Markets, December 9.—Fall Wheat, per 60 lbs. 4s. to 4s² 24.; Spring do. do. 3s. 6d. @ 3s. 9d.; Oats, per 34lbs. 1s. 3d. @ 1s² 44.; Barley, per 48lbs. 2s. 3d. to 2s. 5d.; Peus, 2s. @ 2s. 6d.; Flours sperfine. per bbl., 23s. 9d.; do. flue, 20s. @ 21s. 3d.; Beef, per lb., 2d. @ 3½d.; do. per 100 lbs., 12s. éd. @ 18s. 9d.; Pork, per lb., 3d. Ø 3½d.; do. per 100 lbs., 15s. @ 20s.; Hams, 40s. @ 45s.; Bacons. 3s. @ 40s.; Potatoes, per bushel. 4s. @ 5s.; Turnips, do., 1s. 3d.; chious, do., 4s. to 5s.; Rutter, fresh, per lb., 8d. @ 10d.; do. salt, do. 5½d. @ 7½d.; Cheese, do., 3d. @ 3½d.; Lard, do. 5d. 6d.; Eggs. pt doz., 1s.; Turkeys, each, 2s. @ 3s.; Geese, do., 1s. 3d. @ 1s. 1½d.; Ducks, per pair, 1s. 6d. @ 2s.; Fowls, do., 1s. 3d.; @ 1s. 6d. @ 2s.; 5d.; Hay, do. 35s. to 40s.; Fire Wood, per cord, 12s. 6d. to 16s. 2d; Bread, per 4lb. loaf, 5d. to 6d.

NOTICE.

The next Quarterly Meeting of the Gore and Wellington District Branch of the Church Society will be held in the Suncay School Room, Hamilton, on Wednesday the 15th December, at 12 o'clock, A. M. Arrangements for the Parochial Meetings, and also for the Annual District Meeting, will be read on this creations a full attendance of the Committee made on this occasion; a full attendance of the Con J. GAMBLE GEDDES, Secretary.

JUST RECEIVED

AT THE DEPOSITORY OF THE CHURCH SOCIETY OF THE DIOCESE OF TORONTO, THE

PARISH CHOIR,

CHURCH MUSIC BOOK. Published by the Society for Promoting Church Music. ALREADY PUBLISHED-20 PARTS.

MOTICE.

HE Subscribers being appointed Executors in the Will of the late BURRAGE Y. McKYES, of the Town of Peter-

CHAS. MERIGOLD. D. MoKYES.

Cobourg, 6th Dec., 1847. R. HUNTER,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, CHURCH STREET, OPPOSITE THE ROMAN CATHOLIC CATHEDRAL

REMOVAL. MR. G. W. STRATHY, PROFESSOR OF MUSIC, bas REMOVED to CHURCH STREET, North end, nearly opposite the Palace of the Roman Catholic Bishop. Toronto, Dec. 2, 1847.

JUST PUBLISHED. ROWSELL'S DIARY: OR.

Law & Commercial Remembrancer, FOR 1848. PRICE, FIVE SHILLINGS.

T is the size of letter paper, and substantially half bound, and contains a blank space for memoranda, for every day of the year, with the day of the week and month printed at the head of each space. The Calendar, together with a great variety of other useful information is prefixed. For Sale at the Booksellers in the Cities and Towns of

Canada, East and West. HENRY ROWSELL. King St., Toronto.

JUST PUBLISHED. ROWSELL'S SHEET ALMANAC, For 1848, EMBELLISHED with a SPLENDID STEEL EN-

The Royal Naval Hospital at Greenwich. And containing a great variety of Useful Information.

Price Two Shillings and Six-pence. For Sale at the Booksellers in Montreal, Kingston, Co-bourg, Hamilton, Niagara, and at the Publisher's, HENRY ROWSELL, King Street, Toronto

JUST PUBLISHED THE CHURCHMAN'S ALMANAC,

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Price Fourpence. FOR SALE at the Booksellers in Montreal, Kingston, Cobourg Hamilton, Woodstock, London, and at the usual places throughout the Province; at the Depository of The Church Society, Toronto, and at the Publisher's

HENRY ROWSELL, King Street, Toronto. N vember 12th, 1847.

LIFE ASSURANCE. THE CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY is

Survivorships and Endowments. The Company is, from its system, enabled to offer to the n public various advantages of a peculiar and important in, including local management, and most material refoot, and a prompt settlement of claims.

attention is invited to the Prospectus, which may be

and the forms of application. pal Office-Hamilton. al Referee - GEORGE HERRICK, Esq., M.D. t for Toronto, EDMUND BRADBURNE,

Albany Chambers, King Street West 540-JAPE SAUNDERS, of Manorhamilton, County Leitrim, Ireland, is anxious to hear from her relatives in Canada, Address the Rev. W. AGAR ADAMSON, Montreal.

uld lead to any infringement of the existing law, her FOURTH RIDING OF YORK.

REQUISITION TO HUGH SCOBIE, ESQUIRE.

W E, the undersigned, Electors of the Fourth Riding of the County of York, understanding that a General Election is about to take place, and being anxious that our interests in the next House of Assembly should be represented to the contract of the contr by an independent individual, unconnected with either of the extreme political parties, who will devote his energies to the promotion of our Internal Improvements and Local Interests, as well as the general Agricultural and Commercial Prosperity of the Province; and entertaining a confident expectation that you would devote yourself to these objects, respectfully request you to come forward as a Candidate for the Representation of our Riding, at the ensuing Election, when we promise ro render you all the support in our power to secure your return.

Aaron Playter

David Boag Raus. McCarty, George Larmont John Selby George Bell Edward Randall James Lloyd William Miller Benj. A. Ellison Alex. McKinley Wm. Michardson John Evans Henry Playter William Selby James Gamble Robert Bethun G. F. Hughes Neil Murray K. Cameron John Cameron George Rosr William Ross ARMY MEDALS .- We are glad to perceive that the Medals Robert Fidell Wm. R. Osborne Angus Cameron Francis Gsborne Norman Leslie Nicholas Dilman David Willson Wm. McLean John Murray Hugh T. Willson

John Reid

Wesley Dunham John Dunnington Donald McIntosh L. M. Cameron Jacob Wells George Proctor Hiram Dunham

Ph. J. Browne Robt. McTagga Wm. Bain John Glasford Francis Hair William Reid Neil McPhee Wm. Hacking Donald Came David Ross Duncan Harvey Donald McRae Fawn Mudd Angus McDougull Alex Campbel Hector McDonald James White James Campbell Finnan McDonald James Galloway Donald Logan Henry Westcoatt John McDougall.

Thos. Fleming

Donald Cameron

Alex. Cameron

James Ellis

John Ross

Henry White

Thomas Edgar

To the Electors of the Fourth Riding of the County of York. GENTLEMEN: - I sincerely thank you for this manifestation

Were I to consult only my own feelings and convenience respecting the propriety of offering myself as a Candidate for the suffrages of so large and respectable a Constituency, as that of the Fourth Riding of the County of York, I should certainly hesitate before accepting the very flattering invitation now presented to me. But, opposed, as I have always been, to extreme political parties, and to a system of legislation, that, unfortunately for this Province, has been occupied too much in pro-

moting factious objects; and coming, as this invitation does, from Gentlemen having large stakes in the Fourth Riding, I consider that I would not be acting in accordance with a sense of public duty if, on the present occasion, I declined to merge all personal considerations in a desire to render my humble services in such a way as shall be most conducive to the further. ance of your views. I, therefore, lose no time in signifying my entire compliance with the terms of your requisition, and my readiness to act with such advice as, from your knowledge of

local circumstances, you are best able to recommend.

Having been long before the public, in a capacity that afforded opportunities to judge of my opinions on most, if not all, of the popular questions affecting the interest of the Province, it is not necessary that I should enter, at this time, one a statement of the province of th it is not necessary that I should enter, at this time, on a statement of what my sentiments are on particular measures that are likely to occupy the attention of the Legislature. I hope to have opportunities of doing so when I shall meet the Electors of the Fourth Riding personally to solicit their suffrages. In the meantime, I may be allowed to state, in a general way, that on all questions affecting Agriculture, Manufactures, and Commerce, I consider any policy erroneous, that promotes one of these interests at the expense of the other two; and while advocating the most unlimited freedom in our foreign trade, I shall continue to insist that our liberality to foreigners, in the admission of foreign goods, should be regulated by a reciprocal liberality on their part, to take our productions in return, on equally favourable terms. On questions of a purely Provincial mature, I conceive that most part of our unfortunate dissensions arises from the habit of making these questions a means for the arises from the habit of making these questions a means for the accomplishment of sectional objects. In your own locality, I destroying connidence, and putting a stop to commercial interchange.

The following are the London failures:—Messrs. Scott, Bell & Co., East India Merchants; Mr. P. Cruiksbank, West India Merchant; Messrs. Coates & Co., a large American house, having liabilities to the extent of £100,000; two Produce Brohams and bighly respectable house in the Deug and Licence and highly respectable house in the Deug and Licence and highly respectable house in the Deug and Licence and L believe you have had tangible experience of the extent to which in our spirit of enterprise, our general progress, and the state of our Public Works. The interests of Canada I regard as a sin-

our Public works. The interests of Canada I regard as a single interest—as a unity, diverging into minute ramifications, but forming, altogether, in the eye of the Legislature a perfect whole, having no part that can be supposed to exist in antagonism to another, in a properly constituted state of society.

But, at the same time that I feel disposed to render all parameters. tial views and interests subservient to the general good, and to oppose all manifestations having a contrary tendency, I am fully alive to the important duty which devolves on a Parliamentary Representative, to consult the peculiar wants, and anvance t local interests of the constituency he represents. Nor am I aware of any circumstances that could palliate a neglect in securing a share of the moneys appropriated to local improvements, more particularly of the late very large expenditure of £1,500,000 sterling, for local purposes; when, for example, in the case of bad and insufficient roads, the want of the required improvements entails seriour loss and hardship on every individual living in the settlement; and when, besides no excuse can be advanced to show that the Government is trawilling to receive or attend to local applications.

In responding to your requisition, I confess that I am actuated more by public duty, than by any latent aspiration to enter the arena, and incur the responsibilities of public life. Should the Electors of the Fourth Riding of the County of York, be the Electors of the Fourth Riding of the County of York, be pleased to honour me with their approbation, and appoint me their Representative, I shall spare no exertion, and neglect no opportunity to serve them to the best of my ability, and, by so doing, to secure their future confidence.

To you, Gentlemen, who have thus frankly complimented me with your favourable opinion. I beg to express my heartfelt gratitude; and, at the same time, to acknowledge how much this meak of your record will stimulate the exertions of

this mark of your regard will stimulate the exertions of,

GENTLEMEN,

Your very obedient

and very humble servant,

HUGH SCOBIE. BRAMPTON, Chinguacousy, 4th Dec., 1847.

MAKKIED.

On the 9th instant, by the Rev. Hy. Esson, Mr. Jas. Leask, Merchant, Toronto, to Jane, daughter of the late John Ogilvie, Esq., of Renton, near Glasgow, Scotland.

On Wednesday last, at Trinity Church, Galt, by the Rev. M. Boomer, Mr. Alex. Chapman to Miss Jane Hanley, both of Galt.

On Saturday, the 6th Nov., by the Rev. M. Boomer, Minis-

As you have been misinformed on this subject, I beg you will have the kindness to publish this contradiction to the above statements. In the first place, Mr. Duggan is not personally any nopular in the Riding, but on the contrary, his manly and consistent public career has secured to him the confidence and best wishes of the Conservatives, and he has not been thrown overboard. I believe the only objections made to Mr. Duggan by the Conservatives of this Riding, were the two simple facts, that he was a Lawyer, and not resident within the Riding—there being a feeling with some in favor of returning some person living within the Riding: this was a considered and the residual to th there being a feeling with some in favor of returning some per-son living within the Riding; this was expressed candidly to son living within the Riding: this was expressed candidly to Mr. Duggan, who admitted it quite reasonable, and always held himself in readiness to make room for any person in the Riding whom the Conservatives would unite in supporting. Under these circumstances, just previous to the last Election, a large Committee was formed, of which I was a member, and upon the most full consideration and enquiry it was apparent that the great body of the Conservatives were in favour of Mr. Duggan. This being so, Colonel Thomson, the other Conservative Candidate, retired; and no "condition was made that Mr. Duggan This being so, Colonel Thomson, are center Conservative Candidate, retired; and no "condition was made that Mr. Duggan
should not present himself again," on anything of the kind,
either upon that or any other occasion that I am aware of. I
believe that Mr. Duggan's constituents, with perhaps some few
odd individual exceptions, are well satisfied with his Parliamentary conduct,—as I think they have good reason to be; and I
know that his gare and attention to the local interests and imknow that his care and attention to the local interests and improvements of the Riding have commanded the approbation both of Conservatives and Reformers. As to myself being a Candidate, I never consented to become one, though frequently solicited, nor shall I if Mr. Duggan will present himself to be the solicited of the solici gain-in which case, I have no doubt he will meet with his

I write this explanation to correct the error you have fallen into, and to prevent my name being used either to mislead my friends or the public, or to the injury of the Conservative cause, to which I claim to be a true friend. Your Obedt. Servt.

GEO. WRIGHT. JAMES BICKET. ACCOUNTANT,

538 Nov. 26, 1847.

A LL PERSONS having in their custody or possession any MONEYS, GOODS, CHATTELS OR EFFECTS heretofore belonging to DECEASED EMIGRANTS, or now belonging to SICK EMIGRANTS, are hereby required. without loss of time, TO DELIVER THE SAME to the undersigned. who has, by Order of His Excellency The Governor General in Council, dated the 25th day of October instant, been duly empowered to receive such Moneys, Goods, Chattels and Effects. JOS CARY

Deputy Inspector General.

Montreal, 26th October, 1847. TORONTO HOSPITAL TRUSTEES' OFFICE,

ORDERED, that Students of Medicine be permitted to attend the Practice in the Hospital, for the period of Six Mouths, on payment of the sum of £2 10s.; or for Twelve Months, on payment of £3 10s.; subject to such rules and regulations, as the Trustees may from time to time adopt.

GEORGE RYERSON.

Secretary to the Trusteen NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY,

OF LONDON, ENGLAND. A Savings Bank for the Benefit of the Widow & Orphan Empowered by Act of Parliament, 2d Victoria

Royal Assent 27th July, 1838. CAPITAL, £500,000 STERLING. Besides a Reserve Fund (from surplus premiums) of about £37,000 Sterling.

T. LAMIE MURRAY, ESQUIRE. George Street, Hanover Square, London, CHAIRMAN OF THE COURT OF DIRECTORS, LONDON

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FDWARD GOLDSMITH ESQUIRE. EDWARD GOLDSMITH, Esquire, Agent. Pamphlets, Blank Forms, Table of Rates, &c., can be ob-

tained at the Office, corner of Church and King Streets, Toronto, or from either of the Sub-Agents throughout the W. C. ROSS, Managing Agent.

Toronto, 39th October, 1847. AN IMPROVED FARM FOR SALE,

West of Murontario Street, Chinguacousy, No. 25, FIRST CONCESSION, Within Nine Miles of the Village of Brampton CONTAINING 100 Acres, 65 of which are Cleared and under first-rate Cultivation; a Creek of good water runs through the Farm; there are also two good Wells. There is

on the Farm a Log Dwelling House, and a Log Barn, 76 feet long, with other out-houses attached. Also, a Young Orchard, with choice trees. For further particulars, apply to Mr. S. B. CAMPBELL, Brampton Post Office. If by letter, post-paid. Nov. 12, 1847. T. BILTON

BEGS to state to the Gentry of Canada West, that he has by the late arrivals been in receipt of his regular Supply of Choice SEASONABLE GOODS, rendering his Assortment complete as usual.

No. 2, Wellington Buildings, Toronto, Oct. 18, 1847. BOARDING. RS. BURKE respectfully informs the Parents of Pupils attending College, that she can accommodate SIX Young Gentlemen as FAMILY BOARDERS.—Her house is situated near to the College. Reference permitted to the Lord Bishop's Building Addited Street.

Bishop's Buildings, Adelaide Street, Toronto, Sept. 16, 1847.

RUILDING SOULL

NOTICE. A Ta Special Meeting of the Board of Directors, held on Tuesday, the 9th November, 1847, it was Ordered— That from and after the Loan Meeting of the above Society, in January next, all New Subscribers shall pay, in addition to the instalments due to that period, a premium of £1 10s. per share A. B. TOWNLEY,

Secretary & Treasurer Toronto Nov. 10, 1847.

WANTED,

SITUATION AS GOVERNESS, by an English Lady, A SITUATION AS GOVERNESS, by an English Lady in a Private Family. She is capable of giving instruction in Vocal and Instrumental Music, French, and the usual of the Company of the Compan tion in Voca an English Education. She would prefer residing branches of an English Education. She would prefer residing in the country. References given. Direct, post paid, A. B., Post Office, Upper Black Rock, Near Buffalo, New York.

RESPECTABLE FAMILY, residing convenient to A RESPECTABLE FAMILI. residing contents to Upper Canada College, will receive three or four Colegians, under sixteen years of age, as BOARDERS. Address Champion Esq. at this Office. ost paid) Thomas Champton, Esq., at this Office.

Coronto, 17th Nov., 1847. MORPHY & BROTHERS. WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELLERS

CITY BUILDINGS, (Opposite Saint James's Cathedral,) AND AT 98, YONGE STREET, TORONTO, MPORTERS of Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, Silver and

Plated Ware, Fancy Goods, Accordeons, Musical Boxes, c. &c. Clocks, Watches and Jewellery, Repaired & warranted. Accordeons and Musical Boxes tuned. Jewellery and Silver Accordeons and Musical Boxes tund.

Ware made to order. Gilding, Silvering and Engraving, 533-52 Gold and Silver bought, BIRTH. At Quebec, on Monday, the 29th ult., the lady of the Rev.

Dr. Mackie, of a son.

MARRIED.

again." Also, "He has however no chance of success. The other Candidates mentioned are Colonel Thomson and George Merchant, to Miss Mary Ann, only daughter of John Grum-

Suddenly, on the morning of the 27th Nov., deeply regretted by her family and friends, Miss Irinda Buck, affed 25 years.

On the 24th Nov., in Woolwich, Jane Crooks, daughter of Mr. Thos. Crooks, aged 2 years and 7 months.

In this city, on the 29th Nov., James Chapman, Esq., aged 76 years formerly of Her Majesty's Customs London, Eng.

76 years, formerly of Her Majesty's Customs, London, Eng-

In this city, on Sunday evening last, George Perkins Bull, Esquire, senior Proprietor of the Hamilton Gazette, and one of the Coroners for the Gore District, aged 53.

The deceased gentleman was, we believe, with a single exception, the oldest member of the Upper Canada Press, and mong the earliest inhabitants of this city. Few men indeed, have departed more universally regretted, and none could possess higher claims to those attributes which distinguish THE MAN in every sense of the word. Although connected with the Press from his earliest youth, and a determined Conservative in politics, we can say with confidence that among a multitude of

was as much esteemed by his Roman Catholic fellow-tows as by those who worshipped in the same Church with himse and among the immense concourse that attended his remains to

sonic honours .- Hamilton Spectator. LETTERS received to Thursday, December 10:

J. W. Godfrey, Esq; Rev. J. Mockridge, add. sub.; Capt. Levescomte; Rev. W. F. S. Harper, parcel sent to Kingston; No. 2, City Buildings, King Street East, Toronto. 540-52 Rev. Dr. Lyons, rem.

the grave, were men of every persuasion and party.

The Members of the two Lodges of Free Masons were in attendance to the grave, and the interment took place with Ma-

opponents, he had not a single enemy.

A Protestant and a leading member of the Orange Society, he