ST. ANN'S CHURCH, MONTREAL.

Yesterday being the day appointed for laying the foundation stone of the new Church of England Chapel in Griffintown, the Clergy and others who were to take part in the proceedings assembled at the Free Chapel to march in procession to the site of the new building. Before the arrival of His Excellency, we are informed that some of the workmen had very foolishly stuck a King William's flag on a pole, but being observed by the Contractor it was ordered to be taken down, and a large union Jack hoisted in its place. The men, however, fixed narcissuses and other yellow flowers about the building, which gave offence to some Roman Catholic Irishmen employed on the works, and created a little excitement, in which one of the men was thrown over a portion of the wall, six feet or so high. Some females who had assembled to witness the proceedings, took fright at the scuffle, and crowded together upon a low scaffolding on which the triangle and windlass stood for hoisting the stone that was to be laid as the foundation stone. Some of the planks, not being sufficiently supported at the ends to sustain so great a pressure, tipped up, and destroying the equilibrium of the logs which formed the triangle, caused the whole to fall. We regret to say that Mrs Spooner, wife of the beadle of Christ Church, had her leg broken completely asunder, Mrs. Hall (Hall and Tilton) was severely hurt, and Mrs. McDonald, of Gananoque, was also hurt, but slightly. His Excellency upon his arrival, learning the unfortunate accident, drove off again with his suite. Another day will be appointed for the ceremony. We are told that the idea of hoisting the Orange flag, and of decorating the walls with yellow flowers was acted upon from their having seen green flags and shamrocks used for a similar purpose on the laying of the foundation stone of St. Patrick's Church last spring. What folly in men to carry with them to a foreign soil all the causes of misery and bloodshed which afflict their native land!—*Montreal Herald, July* 10.

There appears to be hardly any limit to the private munificence of His Excellency the Governor General. We have to record another instance, in the fact, that on being waited on by the Rev. D. Robertson, minister of St. Martin, and by W. Stephens, Esq., and Dr. Smallwood, Churchwardens, His Excellency contributed £10 towards the expenses of the new church recently erected in that place. Canada has never before been blessed with such a Governor—and if men would only consider a little they would find that it is a good thing to have a Governor thus inclined to do good in a *practical* manner, even if he is not inclined to allow them the unlimited exercise of their theoretical nonsense about government.—*Montreal Courier.*

From our English Files.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DEATH OF MR. THOMAS CAMPBELL.—The bright galaxy of effulgent genius which shed a lustre over the commencement of the present century is gradually being dimmed by "Time's effacing fingers"—Scott, Byron, Shelley, Southey, have all been swept away, and now we have to add another name to the list of deceased poets—the author of the "Pleasures of Hope" and "Gertrude of Wyoming," who expired on Saturday last. He had for some time past been in a declining state of health, and had retired to Boulogne in the hope of deriving some benefit from the change of air and climate; but his constitution was completely undermined, and he sunk under an accumulation of disease on Saturday last at Boulogne. Wordsworth and Rogers are the only poets of the present age now remaining to us.

UNIVERSITY OF EDINBURGH.—Professor Gregory of Aberdeen has been elected by the Town Council of Edinburgh to the Professorship of Chemistry in the University of Edinburgh, vacant by the death of the late Dr. Hope. Mr. Pearson, the son of the Ven. the Dean of Salisbury, has also been elected to the vacant Chair of Music. Both Mr. Gregory and Mr. Pearson are members of the Church.

Colonial.

PROVINCE OF CANADA. } C. T. METCALFE.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of GOD, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c. &c. &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may concern—GREETING:

WHEREAS, at a Session of the Parliament of Our Province of Canada, holden at Kingston in Our said Province, on the twenty eighth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and forty three, and prorogued on the ninth day of December then next ensuing, in the seventh year of Our Reign, a certain Bill, intituled, "*An Act to incorporate the Church Societies of the United Church of England and Ireland in the Dioceses of Quebec and Toronto,*" was passed in the Legislative Council and Assembly, and was, at the prorogation of the said Session, on the ninth day of December aforesaid, presented to the Right Honourable SIR CHARLES THEOPHILUS METCALFE, Our Governor General of Our said Province, for Our Assent thereto, who in pursuance of the authority vested in him by a certain Act of the Parliament of Great Britain and Ireland, passed in the Session held in the third and fourth years of Our Reign, intituled, "*An Act to reunite the Provinces of Upper and Lower Canada, and for the Government of Canada,*" and according to his discretion then and there declared that he reserved the aforesaid Bill for the signification of Our Pleasure thereon; NOW KNOW YE, that the aforesaid Bill, intituled, "*An Act to incorporate the Church Societies of the United Church of England and Ireland in the Dioceses of Quebec and Toronto,*" having been laid before Us in Council, on the twenty third day of May now last past, WE HAVE been pleased to Assent to the same; and WE DO by these presents, and according to the provisions of the said Act of Parliament of Great Britain and Ireland, passed in the said Session held in the third and fourth years of Our Reign, Assent to the said Bill, of which our loving subjects will take notice, and govern themselves accordingly.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, WE have caused these our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Our said Province of Canada to be hereunto affixed: WITNESS, Our Right Trusty and Well Beloved, The Right Honourable Sir CHARLES THEOPHILUS METCALFE, Baronet, G. C. B., one of Our Most Honourable Privy Council, Governor General of British North America, and Captain General and Governor in Chief, in and over our Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and the Island of Prince Edward, and Vice Admiral of the same, &c.&c.&c.: at Our Government House, in Our City of Montreal, in Our said Province of Canada, this Twenty-seventh day of June, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, and in the eighth year of Our Reign.

C. T. M.

By Command, D. DALY, *Secretary.*

ORANGE COMMEMORATIONS.—The following letter has been addressed to the Editor of the the *Kingston Chronicle* by the Venerable the Archdeacon of Kingston:—

Kingston, 8th July, 1844.

Mr. Editor,—The Archdeacon of Kingston having observed a notice in your paper of the 6th instant, that he will deliver a Sermon before the Orangemen of the City of Kingston and its vicinity, on Friday the 12th inst., at 11 o'clock, A. M., in St. George's Church, begs to communicate through your paper to the Public of the City and its vicinity, that he is precluded from performing that Service, except on the Festivals appointed by the United Church of England and Ireland, and enjoined under its discipline. As the object of the notice given—and also in handbills circulated by the Orange Association, is to commemorate an Anniversary connected with a political event, and not sanctioned by the authority of the United Church of England and Ireland, the Archdeacon of Kingston under the circumstances of the case, cannot meet the assembling of the Orange Association on their Anniversary in St. George's Church, nor deliver the Sermon contemplated in the public notice given, and the handbills circulated by the Orange Association.

GEORGE O'KILL STUART.
Archdeacon of Kingston.

To the Editor of the Kingston Chronicle. }

ORANGE PROCESSIONS.—Some exceedingly indiscreet persons from the country, we regret to say, must needs give themselves notoriety, by walking in procession on Friday, with music playing and banners flying, in open violation of the law passed last session to discountenance such doings. Alderman Gurnett promptly interfered, and some of the parties who resisted were taken into custody.

Whether the law referred to is a partial and arbitrary enactment is not the question—it ought to be sufficient with good subjects that it is the law of the land, and as such, entitled to be observed.—*Toronto Herald.*

THE KIRK IN CANADA.—A split has taken place in the Kirk in this Province. At the late meeting of their Synod in Kingston, 21 Ministers and 19 Elders seceded, and formed themselves into a body designating itself the Presbyterian Church of Canada, and repudiating all connection with the Establishment in Scotland as at present constituted. The majority was 39 Ministers and 17 Elders. The seceders have put forth a long protest, from which we make the following extract:—"And further also, we Protest, in behalf of ourselves and those of the people of this Church, who may now or hereafter adhere to us, that we hold ourselves entitled to all the property and emoluments, of whatever kind, now in our possession."

RETURN OF MR. CARTWRIGHT.—This gentleman returned from Europe in the *Britannia*, and arrived in Kingston on Saturday last. He was received and welcomed on his return by a large concourse of friends and acquaintances. We were pleased to observe that Mr. Cartwright was looking much better than previous accounts had led us to anticipate. As we foresaw and observed at the time of his departure, Mr. Cartwright suffered much from sickness while in London, which is indisputably the most unhealthy city in the universe for an American constitution.—*British Whig.*

NEW CONSERVATIVE PAPER.—We have received the Prospectus of a new paper, to be published at Toronto by Messrs. Watson & Stanton, under the title of the *British Canadian.* The Prospectus states that "the politics of the paper will be Conservative, and its principles strictly in accordance with the simple but expressive motto which they have selected, and which the policy of His Excellency Sir Charles Metcalfe is so eminently qualified to maintain—'British Connexion.'"

CANADA FLOUR.—Extract of a letter from an eminent Corn Factors' house, in London, received per last mail:—*Montreal Courier.*

"There is no doubt but Canada Flour has commanded apparently a better price in Liverpool than with us, but we think it applies only to inferior qualities and that which may be sour, both of which descriptions, we doubt not, may meet with a better market in Liverpool,—but with superior qualities, both of Wheat and Four, she cannot compete with us as regards prices, and if the Canadian millers and shippers of flour would place us in a position so that we could warrant the flour of the same quality as that received via New York, we will undertake to make the same prices; but if the warranting should be abused, the character of Canadian flour will be lost entirely: it is owing to the great variety of qualities that its reputation stands as it now does. Shippers would find it to their advantage to confine their consignments to the very best descriptions for the London Market, and take care that the parcels are uniform and not mixed."

United States.

PHILADELPHIA RIOTS.

(*From the Philadelphia Sun, Sunday night.*)

Our city is once more the scene of riot and bloodshed—of civil war—and of fearful outrages upon the laws and resistance to the constituted authorities. The State House bell is tolling the alarm, and the streets are filled with an alarmed multitude, whose features exhibit every variety of feeling, from deep indignation at the utter hopeless and lamentable inefficiency of our municipal government, to lamentation at the sad nature of current events. A mob at our present writing has complete possession of the lower part of the city.

At half-past three o'clock, the crowd had swelled to thousands. Mr. Johnson, cabinet maker, was addressing the people in part of the church, begging them to desist. Some groaned and some cheered. Drunken men and boys were in abundance. Messrs. Grover and Levin were inside doing all they could to allay the excitement. A few stones were thrown at the windows of the frame house next to the church on the west side, and in a moment Colonel Jack appeared from said window and spoke for some time. A large battering ram was now aimed at the door, but the blows were averted by Mr. Johson. Just at this time, some boys got over the breast-work near the rear of the church, and a few people now poured in and forced an entrance through the door. The brick-work on the top of the aperture now fell with a tremendous crash, and strange to relate, the people who were passing through did not get hurt. The prevailing words which ran through the multitude were "no fire!" "no fire!" "no fire!"

Just at this time the State House bell struck for the riot, and immediately (it being generally known that it was for the riot) the firemen repaired to the church, thinking it had been set on fire. When they found out their mistake, they soon returned to their respective locations.

The ringing of the bell, however, was the signal for the military of the city and county, to beat to quarters and it caused much excitement to prevail among the inhabitants thereof. Bodies of armed citizens are now parading the streets, under regular military discipline, and getting ready to prevent a general riot.

At this time, which is five o'clock, Mr. Perry is addressing a meeting in Queen street above Second, and the natives there assembled seem to be determined in their efforts to preserve the church from destruction. An Irishman it was said, was found secreted in a closet in the church. This we believe was not true; he had behaved rather improperly in front of the church and was told to keep quiet—he would not, and was then arrested by Mr. Charles Strine, and taken to the lock up under the Hall. While on the road the mob made a rush and beat him, and kicked Mr. Strine several times in the ribs. The man was considerably beaten about the head, and the blood streamed from him profusely. He was at length taken to the Hall, and his wounds properly attended to.

WHOLESALE MURDER.—8 o'clock P. M.—Up to this hour the citizens who had possession of the church preserved the utmost order in and about Queen street, until the arrival of the military, about a quarter past 7. Gen. Cadwallader rode up to the church and demanded from Mr. Grover the possession of it. The Church was immediately given into the possession of the military, and the Captain of some company, we do not know his name, commenced saying, "Clear out, clear out, clear the street," when a boy, apparently about 16 years of age, said something like "give us time and we will." He said something else, when the officer became much enraged, and made an attempt to stick him with his sword, and when he was about to do it, the citizens rushed to the boy's rescue, and just at this moment the city Light Guards fired upon the citizens, and a number of them fell, four we learn, were killed. One young man, named Rees or Reeves, residing near Fifth and Parsh streets, was wounded. The consternation which prevailed at the time was so great that we cannot tell how many were wounded, though we happened to be in the crowd at the time it was fired upon. We saw, while running, some women falling in the street; we believe one female was wounded. We did not hear any timely warning given; no time was given to the multitude to disperse; and thus, every man who pulled a trigger on that lamentable occasion is a murderer. We do say, as a reporter and a citizen, that some of the officers acted more like drunken men than anything else.

As a matter of course the people fled in all directions—men, women, and children, much frightened, seemed as if they did not know which way to run. The great body of the people when they saw their fellow citizens butchered in cold blood, as they were, retreated, and obtained several field pieces to battle with the military—but up to this time of writing, 8 o'clock, they have not retaliated.

About 11 o'clock the citizens rallied in numbers, and having provided themselves with an old ship cannon, commenced an attack on the military, discharging their piece loaded with stones and other missiles, several times. In the affair Captain Scott, of the Cadwallader Greys, was mortally wounded, and several of the soldiers are reported to have been killed or maimed.

From the *Philadelphia Chronicle Extra*, dated half-past 4, P. M., Monday:

The firing between the rioters and the military continued, at intervals, from 9 o'clock, Sunday evening, until 2 o'clock, Monday morning, when it ceased. During this time, there was more destruction of life than was ever before known in this country—while the damage to property from balls, slugs, &c., was very great.

The rioters had four pieces of cannon, which were worked by sailors and watermen with unexampled tact and ability.—Their mode of attack was to load at a distance, with pieces of iron and other metals, such as nails, pieces of chains, stone-cutters chisels, knives, files, spikes, broken bottles, &c. The wheels of the cannon were muffled, and three of them were with great effect. One of the most fearful shots was that fired from all three cannons at once, in the following manner. One was placed on Queen st. wharf, unknown to the military—one in Queen street, between Sixth and Seventh—one in Third st. about four squares south of Queen. Slow matches were applied, and, as if previously understood, all three were fired at once, making great havoc. They were no sooner fired than dragged off into hiding places unheard and unseen. Long drag ropes had been attached to them, and they were whirled off in an instant before the military could return the fire with any effect.

No sooner was the tramp of cavalry horses heard, than ropes were extended across streets, which tripped the horses, and in most instances, threw their riders, when the rioters pelted them with stones and other missiles from their hiding places.

The rioters fired one of their pieces of cannon, loaded with round shot, from a distance over the houses with wonderful precision in Queen st., near the church, where, but a few minutes before, military had been standing.

The rioters possessed a great advantage over the military by their position, being in a hollow, while the latter were at the top of a hill—the fire from the rioters, which was directed with great precision, raked the men from the waist up while that from the military invariably passed over the rioters.

All along Queen street, above and below the church for some distance presents a truly warlike appearance. Window shutters, doors, fronts of houses, trees, tree boxes, awning posts, lamp-posts, pumps, water boxes, &c. are all indented with balls and shot; and the pavement gutters, streets, steps and door jams stained with blood. In some places it flowed down the gutters—this was mostly the blood of the military, drawn by the rioters.

IMPORTANT FROM NAUVOO.—DEATH OF JOE AND HIRAM SMITH.

Death of the Prophet!—Joe and Hiram Smith are dead!—The steamboat Boreas, just in from Warsaw, brings shocking intelligence from the scene of the Mormon war. The following slip from the office of the Warsaw Signal explains the dreadful tragedy:

"Joe and Hiram Smith are dead—shot this afternoon. An attack from the Mormons is expected every hour. Will not the surrounding counties rush instantly to the rescue?

"Warsaw, June, 27, 1844."

It seems that the circumstances attending the killing of the Mormon Prophet and his brother Hiram are as follows: on yesterday Governor Ford left Carthage with about 120 soldiers for the purpose of taking possession of the Nauvoo Legion, and their arms. They arrived at Nauvoo about noon, and called for the assembling of the Legion.

About 2000 men with arms immediately responded to its call. These troops were put under command of Col. Singelton of Brown County, who accompanied Gov. Ford to Nauvoo.

The Governor finding all quiet, left Nauvoo about 5 o'clock, with a company of 60 men, for the purpose of encamping about seven miles from the city.

At about the same time that Governor Ford left Nauvoo, the Prophet and his brother were killed at Carthage, under the following circumstances, as near as we can ascertain them:

Joe and Hiram were both confined in the debtor's room of the Carthage jail, awaiting their trial on a charge of treason.—The jail was strongly guarded by soldiers and anti-Mormons, who had been placed there by the Governor.

A Mormon attempted to rush by the guard, for the purpose of forcing his way into the jail. He was opposed by the guard giving him a slight wound.

A general confusion ensued in the crowd around the jail.—Joe and his Mormon fellow-prisoners, it seems had provided themselves with pistols, and commenced firing upon the guard from within. He then attempted to escape from the window, when a *hundred balls* entered his body, and he fell a lifeless corpse.

His brother Hiram shared the same fate.—Richards, a leading Mormon, was badly wounded. There our intelligence ends.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

Massacre of the Mormon Prophet and his Brother—Fate of Mormonism.—According to the last accounts from the West, and those most to be relied on, Joe Smith and his brother were actually massacred in the midst of a cizilized community.—The first accounts from that quarter came from sources hostile to the Mormons, and hence a representation was made that an attempt was made by Joe to escape and that in this attempt he was destroyed. But it appears from other and subsequent accounts, that a mob, disguised in all possible ways, entered the prison, and actually massacred, in cold blood, the Mormon chiefs. Such a brutal, bloody, and dark tragedy perhaps never before took place in any civilized country.

Instead of sealing the fate of Mormonism, we are now rather inclined to believe that this revolting transaction may give only additional and increased strength to that sect. Joe and his brother will be regarded as martyrs to their faith, and but little knowledge of human nature and the history of the past, is necessary to inform us of the fact that violence, opposition, and bloodshed strengthen instead of subduing fanaticism.—*N. Y. Herald.*

HOME DISTRICT CLERICAL ASSOCIATION.

The next meeting of this Association will be held, D. V., on Wednesday and Thursday the 31st of July and 1st of August, at the residence of the Reverend H. J. Grasett, M. A., Toronto.

ALEX'R SANSON, *Secretary.*

York Mills, 1st July, 1844.

UPPER CANADA COLLEGE.

THE ANNUAL PUBLIC EXAMINATION will commence *on Monday, the 29th of July*, and the Recitations and Distribution of Prizes will take place *on Wednesday, August 7th*, at half-past One o'clock, P.M.

J. P. DE LA HAYE,
Collector, pro. tem.
Toronto, July 1, 1844. 366-3

BRITISH AMERICA
FIRE AND LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Annual Court of Proprietors of this Institution, at which the Election of Directors for the ensuing year takes place, will be held at the House of Business of the Corporation, George Street, *on Monday, the Fifth day of August next.*

The Chair will be taken at Twelve o'clock at noon precisely.

By order of the Board,
T. W. BIRCHALL,
Managing Director.
Toronto, July, 1844. 366 3

WANTED,

A LADY competent to teach Music, Flower and Landscape Drawing, and the usual branches of Female Education. Apply at the office of THE CHURCH.
July, 1844. 3-w

WANTED,

IN a Clergyman's family, resident in Canada West, as governess to three girls between the ages of nine and fourteen years, a lady accustomed to tuition, competent to teach the usual branches of a good English education and to instruct likewise in French, Music, and Drawing. Apply (post paid) to the Rev. Alexander N. Bethune, Cobourg.
July, 1844. 366-tf

J. G. JOSEPH,
Optician, Spectacles & Mathematical Instrument Maker,
No. 2, Victoria Buildings,
ADJOINING BRITISH NORTH AMERICAN BANK,
KING STREET, TORONTO,

IN returning thanks to the public generally for the liberal support he has received since his commencement, would state that he has opened, in addition to his former Stock, an extensive assortment of SPECTACLES, adapted to every sight within the reach of artificial assistance. Compasses, Theodolites, Levels, Thermometers, Barometers, Hydrometers and Sacchrometers, Phantas and Magic Lanterns, Compound and Botanical Microscopes, Prisms, Telescopes and Spy-Glasses, and various other articles in his avocation. In connexion, he has on hand and will make to order WATCHES, JEWELLERY, and SILVER WARE.

All articles in the above line made and repaired to order.
Toronto, 17th July, 1844. 366-tf

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

THE undersigned begs leave to announce to the Clergy and Laity of Montreal, and of the Diocese of Quebec generally, as well as the inhabitants at large, that he has commenced business as a Bookseller and Stationer, opposite the Recollet Church, Notre Dame Street, Montreal, where he has on hand a large assortment of Books and Stationery, which he is enabled to sell on very favourable terms.—Among the books will be found Bibles, Prayer-Books, Church and Altar Services, Standard Divinity, Burns' Books for the Young, &c. &c., and he trusts to receive from the members of the Church, that support which it will be, as well his duty, as his interest to merit. JOHN WALTON.
Montreal, 8th July, 1844. 305

H. & W. ROWSELL,
BOOKSELLERS, STATIONERS, AND PRINTERS,
163, King Street, Toronto,

ARE now receiving their SPRING IMPORTATIONS from England, comprising a large and varied assortment of

Account-books and Stationery
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

Which, for quality and cheapness cannot be surpassed; and also, a great variety of Works, by *late* and *Standard* Authors, including all those in use at the *University of King's College.*

Their stock of SCHOOL-BOOKS is very extensive, and comprises all such as are in use in *Upper Canada College*, and the various *District Schools* in the Province.

H. & W. R. respectfully invite the attention of Bankers, Merchants, Forwarders, and others, to their large and varied stock of

Ledgers, Journals, Day-books, Bill-books,
AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
ACCOUNT BOOKS.

Letter-papers, Foolscap, Pott, and all sizes of Writing-papers, plain and ruled, of the best and cheapest qualities. Sealing-wax, Wafers; Office-tape and Ribbon; Quills, Steel Pens, in great variety; Pencils, Envelopes, Drawing-papers, of all sizes and qualities; Drawing-pencils, Bristol-boards, Colour-boxes; Tinted, Gold, and Silver Papers; Embossed Drawing boards, &c. &c. &c.; and every variety of Plain and Fancy Stationery.

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING

Neatly executed, and on the most reasonable terms.

BOOK-BINDING, IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

Copper-plate Printing & Engraving, &c.

Orders for ACCOUNT-BOOKS, Ruled and Bound to any desired pattern, promptly and carefully attended to.

N. B.—A liberal Discount allowed to Schools and Teachers.

☞ A few **Mahogany Writing-Desks,** *(London made)* of a very superior description, and of better manufacture than are usually imported, have just been received.

Toronto, June 17, 1844. 362-tf

NEW WORKS,
JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE BY
H. & W. ROWSELL,
163 KING SRREET, TORONTO.

THE Warden of Berckingholt; or Rich and Poor; by Paget, M.A.	7s.	6d.
Tales of the Town; by Henry W. Bellairs, M.A.	8	0
Theophilus Anglicanus; or instruction for the young Student concerning the Church and our own Branch of it; by Christopher Wordsworth, D.D.	12	10
Popular Evidences of Christianity; by W. Sewell, B.A.	11	3
The Weapons of Schism; by Rev. E. A. Stopford	5	6
The Primitive Church and its Episcopacy; by the Author of "Doctor Hookwell."	13	9
A Day in the Sanctuary with an Introductory Treatise on Hymnology; by the Rev. R. W. Evans, B.D.	9	0
The Nursery Rhymes of England; collected by Jas. Oubard Halliwell	2	4
Bernard Leslie; a tale of the last ten years; by the Rev. W. Gresley, M. A.	6	10
The History of our Blessed Lord in easy verse for young children, Illustrated with coloured Plates.	6	10
The Distant Hills; by the Rev. W. Adams	3	9
The English Church and Roman Heresy; by Walter Blunt, M.A.	1	6
A Companion to the Services of the Church of England for every Sunday in the year. 2 parts	7	6
Lecture Sermons preached in a Country Parish Church; by William Hind, M.A.	9	0
Short Sermons for Children, illustrative of the Catechism and Liturgy of the Church of England; preached in the national Society's School, Westminster, by Rev. C. A. Johns, B.A. F.L.S.	5	4
The Family Altar or a Series of Prayers suited to Domestic Worship for every day in the Month with occasional Prayers and Meditations; by the Rev. W. Dalton, A.M.	9	0
A System of Family Prayer for each Morning and Evening of the Week; by the Rev. J. Slade, M.A.	3	9
Family Readings from the gospel of St. John, applied also to the use of Teachers in Sunday schools; by Rev. J. Slade, M.A.	8	4
The New Irish Pulpit; or Gospel Preacher. 5 vols.	41	0
Sermons &c.; by the late Rev. William Howels with a Memoir by Charles Bowdler. 2 vols.	36	0
A Course of Practical Sermons; 4 vols. expressly adapted to be read in Families; by the Rev. Harvey Marriott. per vol.	16	0

Just received, and for sale by the Subscribers,

PLAIN and beaded GOTHIC FONTS.
Magdalene.....do.
St. Mary's.....do.
Which they offer at reduced prices.

H. NORRIS & Co.
157 King-st. Toronto.
June 17th, 1844. 364tf

N. G. HAM,
BARRISTER AT LAW.
Office over the Post-Office,
COBOURG. 365-3m

MR. BEAUMONT,
Professor of Surgery in the University of King's College,
FELLOW OF THE ROYAL MEDICAL AND CHIRURGICAL SOCIETY OF LONDON, &c. &c
REMOVED TO BAY STREET,
NEAR TO FRONT STREET,
At home for consultation from 10 a.m. till 12 daily.
Toronto, April, 1844. 353-tf

British America Fire and Life Assurance Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Dividend at the rate of Eight Per Cent. Per Annum, on the Capital Stock paid in, for the half year ending the 30th instant, was this day declared, and that the same will be payable on and after the 15th day of July next.

The Transfer Book will be closed accordingly from the 1st to the 13th day of July inclusive.

By order of the Board.
T. W. BIRCHALL,
Managing Director.
British America Assurance Office,
Toronto, 24th June, 1844. 364-3

BRITISH AMERICA
FIRE AND LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY,
Authorized by Act of Parliament to grant
INLAND MARINE ASSURANCE.

AS AGENT for this Institution, the Subscriber gives notice that he is authorised to grant ASSURANCE either in the Fire or Marine department, in the name and on behalf of the Company.

R. HENRY.
Cobourg, 3rd June, 1844. 360-tf

NOTICE.

WILLIAM HITCHINS having removed, intends continuing his business as a

Soap-boiler and Tallow Chandler,

next South of Mr. George Stephens's Furniture Ware-rooms, Division Street, and trusts to merit support.

☞ WANTED—a Man perfectly acquainted with the business, and who can command a character for general good moral conduct.
Cobourg, June 18, 1844. 362½tf

FOR SALE,

A NEW and well built Stone Cottage, with five Acres of good land, beautifully situated in the romantic and thriving village of Ancaster, and distant but seven miles from the important town of Hamilton, District of Gore.

The Cottage is neatly finished and is, with the Stable, Coach House, Poultry House, Shed &c., in excellent repair.

Being in the immediate vicinity of Churches, Schools, and the Post Office, it offers a desirable residence for a genteel family. The road to Hamilton is Macadamized, and is one of the best in the Province.

Apply to Mr. H. E. Nicholls, Land Agent, Victoria Row, or to the Proprietor,

LEWIS MOFFATT.
Toronto, June 22, 1844. 364tf

FOR SALE,

THAT very valuable property, beautifully situated on the Shore of Lake Simcoe, Township of Georgina, being "THE BRIARS," the property of the late CAPTAIN BOURCHIER, R.N.

The Estate contains 200 acres of very good land, of which there are 70 under good cultivation, and fenced in a very superior manner; the House is of Brick, well built, and not only comfortably arranged for a gentleman's family, with all necessary and fitting offices, but also well and completely finished in every particular.

"THE BRIARS" is within a mile of the Church, Post Office, excellent Grist Mill, Saw Mill, and Store, and a few minutes walk from the Steamboat Wharf at Jackson's Point, the cove of which is one of the most perfectly sheltered boat-harbours of that beautiful piece of water, Lake Simcoe.

To any person visiting the picturesque scenery of the Lake, or desirous of settling on its healthy banks, this property can be pointed out by Capt. LAUGHTON, the intelligent commander of the Steamboat *Beaver*, who is acquainted with the place, and on whose information every reliance may be placed.

For terms and particulars apply to EDWARD G. O'BRIEN, *Land Agent, &c., No. 4, Victoria Row, King Street, Toronto.*
April, 1844. 353-tf

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

THE Sale of the Eleven (say Sixteen, as per hand-bills,) BUILDING LOTS, on the East bank of the River Don, near the City of Toronto, advertized in the fourth page of this journal, will be sold by AUCTION, on TUESDAY EVENING, the 11th day of June next, at EIGHT o'clock precisely, at *Mr. Wakefield's Auction Mart.*

TERMS:—Only £2 10s. on each lot required down, the remainder can be paid in four equal annual instalments.

NOTICE.

These Lots are larger, (being from one-fourth to three-fourths of an acre each,) cheaper, (*see hand-bills,*) and upon easier terms than any lots now offered for sale. The soil is well adapted for Pasture, Orchard, or Garden; and those lying at the Margin of the River, are well adapted for the erection of any kind of Machinery propelled by Steam, and would answer well for a Brewery, Distillery, or Tannery.

N.B.—Purchasers wishing to have a Deed at once, can have one, by giving a Mortgage.

It may be well to remark, that such a Deed will entitle the holder to a VOTE in the First Riding of the County of York.
Toronto, May, 1844. 357-tf

PORT HOPE SEMINARY,
(PARSONAGE HOUSE,)

WILL close for the MIDSUMMER VACATION, on Saturday, 15th June, and re-open on TUESDAY, 15th July.

TERMS:

Board and Tuition, including Writing, Arithmetic, Botany, History and Geography,.....(per quarter)...	£5	0	0
Music.....	" " ...	1	0	0
Drawing and Painting	" " ...	1	0	0
French	" " ...	1	0	0
Painting upon Velvet.....	" " ...	2	0	0
Wax Flowers.....	" " ...	1	0	0
Ornamental Needlework.....	" " ...	0	5	0
Washing.....	" " ...	0	15	0

References—The Rev. J. Shortt, Port Hope; J. T. Williams, Esq'r., M.P.P., Port Hope; D. Smart, Esq'r., Port Hope; C. Hughes, Esq., Port Hope; E. Hill, Esq., Port Hope; Wm. Sisson, Esq., Port Hope; G. S. Daintry, Esq., Cobourg; E. Clarke, Esq., Bond Head. 360

EDUCATION,
BY Mrs. KING,
Bishop's Buildings, Newgate Street, Toronto.

TERMS PER QUARTER:

For Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Grammar, Geography, History, Biography, Plain and Ornamental Needlework, &c. &c.....	£1	10	0
Drawing, in Pencil and Water Colours.....	1	10	0
Music—Piano and Guitar, each	1	10	0
Dancing.....	1	10	0
French	1	10	0
First Rudiments	1	5	0
Board.....	6	0	0

Payable Quarterly in advance.

N. B.—Six Young Ladies can receive Board and Education in the above branches, for £40 per annum,—Dancing extra.

The following Gentlemen have kindly permitted their names to be used as references:—

Rev. Dr. McCAUL, V. P. K. C. U.
Rev. H. J. GRASETT, M.A.
Hon. Mr. Justice McLEAN.
Messrs. H. & W. ROWSELL.
Toronto, March, 1844. 348-tf

WANTED,

IN a family resident in the country, a Lady, who has been accustomed to TUITION, to Superintend the Education of three children. The ordinary branches of an English Education would be required, with French and Music.

For particulars apply (if by letter, post-paid) to Mr. CHAMPION, Church Depository, Toronto.
May, 1844. 357-tf

Nursery Governess Wanted,

COMPETENT to take charge of a family of young Children, and instruct them in the usual branches of an English Education. One who understands Music, and of the Established Church, would be preferred.

Apply to THOS. CHAMPION, *post-paid,* 'Church' newspaper office, Toronto.
May 1st, 1844. 355-tf

EDUCATION.

A LADY experienced in Teaching, will give daily instruction to a limited number of Pupils. For particulars apply to Mr. CHAMPION, Church Depository, King Street.
Toronto, 5th February, 1844. 343-tf

DENTISTRY.

DR. COWLES has removed his Office to his intended residence, on King Street, the house formerly occupied by Mr. Sisson, nearly opposite Messrs. Gravely and Jackson's Store.
Cobourg, June, 19, 1844. 362-tf

Land and General Agency Office.

JAMES HENDERSON respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has removed his Office from Kingston to Montreal, where, in addition to his engagements as a General Land Agent, he will attend to any money transactions connected with Government and Receiver General's Offices, on the most moderate terms, and trusts by strict attention and integrity, to merit a continuance of their patronage.
Montreal, June 19th, 1844. 363-6

General Agency Office.

WILLIAM HEPBURN (late Registrar of the Court of Chancery, Canada West) has opened an Office at No. 7, RUE ST. LAURENT, Montreal, where every description of business connected with the Public Offices, Land Agency, and otherwise, and also Commercial Agency of every kind, will be promptly attended to.

Opinions on Chancery Cases given, Petitions, Acts of Parliament, Conveyances, Leases, Wills, Contracts, Copartnership Deeds, Charter Parties, and every description of Legal Instrument, drawn.

N. B.—All letters must be post-paid.
Montreal, 1st June, 1844. 362-6m

J. M. GROVER

RESPECTFULLY announces to his Friends and the Public generally, that he has just received, direct from New York and Montreal, and is now opening at the premises lately occupied by J. D. GOSLEE, Esq., the best assortment of

GOODS

ever offered to the Public in this section of the country, consisting in part of the following:—

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods; Groceries; Hardware; Crockery, &c.; Drugs, Patent Medicines, and Perfumery; Paints, Oils, Dye-Woods, and Dye-Stuffs; Books, Stationery, and Paper-Hangings; Boots and Shoes, Sole Leather, and Calf Skins; Grass and Cradle Scythes; Iron, Steel, Nails, Glass, &c. &c.; with many other articles which it is needless to insert here.

All of which have been carefully selected by himself from the very best houses in New York and Montreal, and every pains taken to make his assortment the most complete of any in this part of the country; and as he is determined to sell at a very small advance, for CASH or MERCHANTABLE PRODUCE, he confidently anticipates a share of public patronage.
Colborne, 6th June, 1844. 361-tf

CARVING, GILDING,
LOOKING-GLASS & PICTURE-FRAME MANUFACTORY,
A FEW DOORS WEST OF THE MARKET,
King Street, Cobourg.
SIMON MUNRO

RESPECTFULLY begs leave to announce, that he has opened, in the TOWN OF COBOURG, an establishment for the above Business,—such as Carving, Gilding, Looking-glass and Picture-frame Making; House, Sign, and Ornamental Painting; Glazing, Graining, Marbling, Paper-hanging, &c. &c.

Gilt Window Cornices; Rich Ornamental Frames for Oil Paintings; Plain Gold, and Walnut and Gold Frames for Prints,—made to order, and on the shortest notice.

Prints, Maps, and Oil Paintings, Cleaned and Varnished in the best style.

Gilt Mouldings, for bordering rooms, always on hand.

☞ *Orders from the Country punctually attended to.*
Cobourg, 12th June, 1844. 361-tf

LOOKING GLASSES.

THE Subscriber has just opened a new Show Room at his Cabinet Manufactory, in Division Street, Cobourg, for the sale of Looking Glasses of every size and description, with elegantly Gilt, Mahogany, Walnut, and other frames, consisting of Drawing Room, Parlour, Cheval, and Bed-room Glasses, which he is enabled to sell as low as any House in the Province.

GEO. STEPHENS.

All kinds of Cabinet Furniture

on hand for sale, or manufactured at the shortest notice.

Also, in a few weeks, another supply of PIANO FORTES.—UPHOLSTERY done as usual. Funerals furnished,—Hearse provided for any part of the Province.

☞ Cabinet Warerooms up stairs.
Cobourg, June 11, 1844. 361-tf

191, KING STREET, TORONTO.
THOMAS WHEELER,
(FROM MARLBOROUGH, ENGLAND.)
CLOCK AND WATCH MAKER,
ENGRAVER, &c.

RESPECTFULLY solicits a share of Public Patronage. Duplex, Lever, Horizontal, Vertical, French, and Geneva Watches and Clocks, Cleaned and Repaired with accuracy and dispatch—and warranted.

Arms, Crests, Cyphers, Brass and Silver Seals, Door and Number Plates, Window Tablets, and Coffin Plates Engraved.

Coats of Arms Emblazoned.

Stencilling and Marking