

7. Give instances in which self-serving evidence will be admitted.
8. A witness is called to prove that he heard the defendant say that he had written a letter to a third person admitting that he owed the debt sued for. The letter is not produced. Is this evidence admissible?
9. When may affidavits and depositions be used as evidence at a trial, and when not?
10. How may the opposite party be compelled to give evidence at the trial? What are the consequences of his failing to appear?

CONSTITUTIONAL HISTORY AND LAW.

Examiner: A. C. Galt.

1. When were the Provinces of Upper and Lower Canada united, and what was the form of government adopted for the united Provinces?
2. What is the position of Canada as a political entity with relation to British sovereignty, the Provinces of Canada, the Northwest Territories?
3. What are the powers of a Colonial Legislature with respect to its own privileges, and over its own members, and what are the powers of the House of Commons of Canada with respect to privileges and immunities?
4. What are the primary rules laid down in *The Citizens Insurance Co. v. Parsons* as to the interpretation of the B.N.A. Act for the purpose of ascertaining whether an Act fall within Dominion or Provincial jurisdiction?
5. A corporation was formed by the Parliament of the Province of Canada, having its head office in Toronto, with power to hold land in Upper and Lower Canada, and to carry on business therein. After the B.N.A. Act it was desired to modify its charter as to the holding of property in Ontario. What Legislature has jurisdiction?
6. A., being a British subject, married, residing in Canada, leaves Canada with intent to marry, and does marry, a woman in Michigan. On his return to Canada he is indicted for bigamy under the Criminal Code, section 275, which is as follows: "Bigamy is the act of a person who, being married, goes through a form of marriage with any other person in any part of the world." "No person shall be liable to be convicted of bigamy in respect to having gone through a form of marriage in a place not in Canada unless such person, being a British subject resident in Canada, leave Canada with intent to go through such form of marriage."

Can he be convicted? Why?

7. What jurisdiction, if any, has the Dominion Parliament got over the constitution, maintenance, and organization of courts, and over procedure therein?

COMMERCIAL LAW.

Examiner: M. H. Ludwig.

1. On a sale of goods by public auction, when will the signature of the auctioneer bind the purchaser, and when will it not? Answer fully.
2. "An assignee of a chose in action takes it subject to all equities." Explain clearly the above quotation, and point out to what extent it does not correctly state the law, and illustrate your answer by examples.